This Is the Only Sunday Paper Published in Colorado Springs. If You Don't Read It You Miss Today's News.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER. Scattered showers Sunday and Monday; warmer

NO. 9369 35TH YEAR COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1906—THIRTY TWO PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE REAL ISSUE

PATTERSON A GRAVE MENACE TO STATE'S WELFARE.

DEMOCRATIC BOSS IS SCORED

PEACE AND PROSPERITY KEYNOTE OF BIG RALLY

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN ENDS

Hundreds Attend Enthusiastic Meeting at Temple Theater. Hamlin, Babbitt and Cranston the Speakers. Jackson Presides.

The Temple theater was filled last night to its capacity by an audience that listened with interest and enthusiasm to three of the best speeches that have been delivered in Colorado Springs during the campaign. The audience showed its approval by frequent applause during the speakers' remarks, and when the name of Buchtel and Roosevelt were mentioned the cheering was hearty and long-continued.

W. S. Jackson of Colorado Springs presided. The speakers were United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston of Denver, District Attorney C. C. Hamlin and K. R. Babbitt of Colorado Springs.

Mr. Jackson, in opening the meeting, said that when he had been asked to preside he had declined at first on the ground of "age limit," but when he gave the matter a second thought he decided that a man could never be too old to aid in every possible way in a movement for right, and he therefore accepted. His introduction of the speakers gave him an opportunity of saying a few things which were very much to the point and which were received by the audience with applause.

Hamlin Speaks.

"The paramount issue in this campaign now closing is, and has been, Patterson and Pattersonism," said District Attorney Hamlin, the first speaker. "The issue in this state is Patterson and Pattersonism, just as the issue in New York state is Hearst and Hearstism. They both stand for the same thing, and both are as dangerous to peace and stability of the government as anything based upon the same principles or rather lack of principle—could be. Pattersonism represents boosism in its worst form. It represents discord, discontent and disorder. It has for its keystone the appeal to the basest passions of men and women, and seeks to build up a distrust and disrespect for everybody and everything which can not be made to serve the ends of the unscrupulous men who rule the Democratic organization in the state of Colorado. The practices of these men have lead to anarchy and loss of life within the borders of the state. The yellow press, which is the handmaiden of these men, has, through its sensational and criminal practices, sought to incite the citizens of the state against every institution which makes for law, order and peace and prosperity. When the cry of discontent and disorder has ceased, then Patterson's prestige will cease. It is simply a question at this time whether the people of the state prefer constructive policy or the destructive policy whether they want to go ahead with Buchtel, or go back with Patterson."

A Debt to Peabody.

Mr. Hamlin reviewed the conditions that existed in the state at the time Governor Peabody declared martial law, and said that that action was indorsed by every patriotic citizen in the state. Nothing else could have brought about peace and peaceful conditions, and the people of the state owe a great debt to Governor Peabody. Business has been paralyzed by the conditions that have prevailed since that time. The week has never been so prosperous, nor has there been a greater demand for labor at better prices, he said. This he contrasted with the condition of affairs that existed prior to the action of Governor Peabody.

Mr. Hamlin characterized the independent movement as a scheme to bewilder the voters on the real issues of the campaign, and chiefly as a scheme to give an opportunity to perpetual office seekers, who failed to win in recognition within their parties, to exploit themselves under the guise of reform before the voters. He spoke of Judge Lindsey and his association with Judge Mullins, of Denver, whom he characterized as a "pernicious type of political judge." He said that Lindsey was simply a party to the movement established by the so-called Independents to delude the voters. He spoke of the fraud known by everybody to have existed in Denver for years and years, and which was curtailed only when the supreme court took a fearless stand on behalf of the people. There was no doubt in his mind, the speaker said, that Senator Patterson and Senator Teller were holding their seats by virtue of the fraudulent vote cast in Denver.

The Local Situation

Mr. Hamlin reviewed the local situation at length, and paid particular attention to the judicial ticket. He made the sweeping charge that City Attorney W. C. Robinson candidate for district judge on the Independent and Democratic tickets, is in alliance with the worst elements in the territory over which the jurisdiction of the district court extends. He pointed out that on the same ticket with Robinson is one Hamill of Teller county who, he could prove, had been in

(Continued on Page Fo

HUNTERS KILL GAME WARDEN

Discovered While Slaughtering Elk for Their Teeth.

[illegible]

LEAVE WASHINGTON TO VOTE

Officials Depart for Their Homes to Cast Ballots.

[illegible]

BRYAN TALKS DREAMS

ANSWERS CHARGES OF SENATOR BEVERIDGE.

Concludes His Political Campaign in Lincoln, Making Most Notable Speech of State Canvass.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 3.—Speaking at the Auditorium tonight to a crowd that filled the hall to the doors, W. J. Bryan concluded the political campaign in Lincoln and made what is regarded as the most notable speech of his canvass in Nebraska. Aside from slight hoarseness, Mr. Bryan was in excellent voice, and the sympathy of the audience was apparently with him. His subject was "Dreams," being an answer to Republican orators who have spoken in Nebraska this fall in criticism of him and more especially in reply to Senator Beveridge in Lincoln several weeks ago. Senator Beveridge at that time said Mr. Bryan was a splendid man, but in politics an impracticable dreamer.

Mr. Bryan began by saying he had been too busy with politics to pay much attention to criticisms, but since so many Republican speakers had accused him of dreaming, he searched for the justification. He said Jefferson had been called a dreamer, and in his day they had a Beveridge in the person of Alexander Hamilton, one of whose policies was that presidents should be elected for life.

"I do not like that plan," said Mr. Bryan. "Roosevelt is only a year and a half older than I, and he is in perfect health. What chance would a man of my age have to be president? If such a plan were in vogue you never would have had Roosevelt, Grover Cleveland still lives, my friends."

Some of the dreams of Democracy were described by Mr. Bryan as being the election of United States senators by direct vote, tariff reform, arbitration and trust regulation. These were dreams, he declared, which would in time come true.

Mr. Bryan said that considering his treatment, President Roosevelt had done well, but that there had been no trace of his popularity that had not been gained from his advocacy of Democratic principles. He said he considered it a compliment to have the president call the Democratic platform to that [illegible] Mr. Bryan said the Republican [illegible] Hall is [illegible] mayor.

[illegible] personality, but because of the things [illegible] for.

Mr. Bryan made two speeches at [illegible]

TAFT APPEALS TO THE VOTERS

Urges Gooding's Election in Idaho, in Second Term, in Interest of Law and Order.

BOISE, Nov. 3.—Before a large [illegible] in Boise tonight Secretary Taft [illegible] the voters to sustain President Roosevelt by electing the Republican ticket for congress, and to elect Governor Gooding for a second term in the [illegible] of law and order. His expressions [illegible] were very similar [illegible] made by him at Pocatello last [illegible]

[illegible] Governor Gooding be defeated, [illegible] this issue would be heralded [illegible] over as a repudiation by the people [illegible] state of Idaho of the governor [illegible] he stood for law and order. The [illegible] of law overshadows every [illegible] and it [illegible] affection of the [illegible]

[illegible] story were made by the secretary [illegible] speeches from Pocatello and [illegible] number of short speeches. At [illegible] he addressed himself to the Democratic [illegible] Voting for [illegible] all the rail [illegible] and conduct them [illegible] institutions". What an ad[illegible] arrangement for the perpetuation [illegible] political power! Is it for Hearst, whom [illegible] indorsed in New York?

[illegible] tonight [illegible] Secretary Taft [illegible] a public reception at the Commercial club.

QUOTED HIM RIGHT

MAYOR HALL SAYS THE GAZETTE WAS CORRECT

ISSUES A SIGNED STATEMENT

HAS DEMANDED EXPLANATION FROM EVENING PAPER.

TELEGRAPH THE OFFENDER

Says Its Report Was "Substantially Incorrect and Misleading" and Hopes Reparation Will Be Made. Charges Misrepresentation.

The interview with me in this morning's Gazette, while not verbatim, is substantially correct and could mislead nobody. I so stated to the representative of the Telegraph this morning. The report in the evening paper is substantially incorrect and misleading insofar as it relates to anything I said about The Gazette article. I am asking explanation from the Telegraph and trust that due reparation will be made.

The constitution and the registration act of 1905 do not in terms refer to Colorado Springs or the general election of November 6, 1906, but as they do specifically refer to any city of the first or second class, and any general election, they obviously apply to this city and this election.

HENRY C. HALL.

November 3, 1906.

This signed statement was issued last evening by Mayor Henry C. Hall, when a story in an evening paper under the caption, "Mayor Hall Misquoted in an Effort to Mislead the People," was called to his attention. The story in the evening paper purported to be an interview with Mayor Hall regarding a statement published in The Gazette yesterday in which the mayor pointed out very clearly what the law is relating to taking and certifying the vote on November 6, on the charter convention, and what the duties of the judges are under the provisions of the law.

Service Clearly Explained.

Mayor Hall said that The Gazette article expressed his opinion in the [illegible] of the charter convention, and there were no grounds whatever for the story published in the evening paper.

The article in the evening paper was a quibble from beginning to end. It contained, hidden away in the body of the story, almost the exact statements regarding the duties of the judges and the law bearing on the charter convention vote that appeared in the interview with Mayor Hall published in The Gazette. In black face type, however, it sought to convey the impression that the mayor had not made the statements attributed to him. Mayor Hall's statement, over his signature, verifying the correctness of the interview, is sufficient answer to the misleading and absolutely incorrect story published in the evening paper.

When the question was first raised as to the course to be followed in taking the vote on the charter convention, and the law governing the matter, a representative of The Gazette sought information from the mayor as the proper person to give such information. Mayor Hall quoted the constitutional and statutory sections governing the question. Before anything was printed in The Gazette on the subject, however, the opinion of another authority was sought, and, without knowing that Mayor Hall had given an opinion, he promptly referred to the same section of the constitution and registration law [illegible] mayor.

[illegible] Attorney General N. C. Miller was interviewed by telephone, and when the question was put to him relating to the vote to be taken on the charter convention he gave his opinion which coincided with those of the two already obtained. He stated most positively that if the city council had complied with the provisions of the law, no question could be lawfully raised about taking the vote on the charter convention at the general election on November 6. When the attorney general gave this opinion he had no knowledge that an opinion had been given by the mayor or anybody else. He also quoted the same sections of the law that had been cited by the others.

Within an hour after Attorney General Miller had expressed himself on the question John A. Rush, of Denver, author of the section of the constitution having specific reference to charter conventions for cities of the first class, was asked for a statement, and expressed an opinion identical with that of Mayor Hall, Attorney General Miller and the local attorney above referred to.

The interview printed in The Gazette yesterday morning, which the evening paper sought to discredit but which received the indorsement of Mayor Hall, who has demanded an explanation from the evening paper, for its misstatement of fact, is as follows.

The Interview.

"If the judges of election do not certify the ballots cast on the question of the charter convention in this city next Tuesday, they will find themselves charged with a violation of the oath they have taken to perform the duties prescribed by law, and one of the duties prescribed is 'the certification of this vote,' said Mayor Hall last night, when his attention was called to a story in an evening paper to the effect that the judges would use their

(Continued on Page Three)

A Letter Which the Telegraph Didn't Print

The following signed letter was sent to the Evening Telegraph for publication in yesterday's issue but not published:

To the Editor of the Telegraph:

In your issue last evening you say: "Those who believe that the nonpartisan city administration should be placed in charge of the new charter will please say." Are you doubtless know when you print that the present administration is out of office before a new charter can become effective, but with a determination to earn your salt as a public censor, vicious may be your disregard for the welfare of the community, as well as for the truth, you unload such [illegible] ant, malicious misstatements upon your readers.

You know doubtless that the party leaders are opposed to this charter movement, not because they consider it lacking in merit, but because they do not want a reform administration to have the credit of it, but want to reserve it for a time when they will be in power and can prove it as a thing of their own. You know doubtless that orders have been issued from headquarters to all party canvassers to oppose this charter movement tooth and nail. You know doubtless that there are others opposed to it because, being uninformed, they fancy it will rob them of the pleasure of getting even with this administration and of restoring to office such as B[illegible] R[illegible] for instance. B[illegible] R[illegible] may be all right, but the spirit that moves those who are willing to sacrifice a community's welfare to gratify their spite will get its reward sooner or later.

In almost every issue of your paper of late you have assured the taxpayers that they were overburdened, that taxes were too high, but that they had better let well enough alone, and in last evening's issue you capped the climax by saying that our present method of city government is "the best and most economical system that can be devised for a small community like ours." Do you suppose for a single instant that any one of your readers is so simple as to be deceived by such contradictory statements as these? Do you suppose that such assertions on your part can lead the [illegible] to overlook the fact, for instance, that the corruption in the construction of Reservoir No. 4 alone has cost the city $15,000 or more, enough to have paid for years for the services of a competent engineer of proved integrity to look after the city's interests, who would have secured for the city a better reservoir for less money, other reservoirs for less money, more work within less time at less expense; who would have secured water rights free from dispute; who would have been competent to recommend the propriety of purchasing the water rights on the north side of the Peak when they could have been bought for $20,000, when as they are now held at twenty times that?

Is there a single member of the water committee of the board of aldermen at the time that reservoir No. 4 was built who will say that he was competent to approve the construction of that reservoir as being in accordance with the plans and specifications, or that he was competent at the time to detect that those plans and specifications were deviated from to such an extent as has been shown by the recent examination made, because this, our largest and most expensive reservoir will not hold water? Certainly not; they were men without any previous education or training in such engineering, would probably stay in office but two years, and therefore took the supervising engineer's salary (?) at [illegible]. The graft worked, the contractor saved money, the city footed the bill and will foot a few more before the hole will hold water.

[illegible] are right; let well enough alone, and the patriot in the [illegible] where "they also serve who only stand and wait," all right! Let us stand, content with defective [illegible] inefficient service, graft, content to see our money and receipts lavishly wasted for poor reservoirs, poor roads, poor electric lights, badly constructed ditches, limited police protection, content to see valuable franchises given away, as we have all seen prior to this administration, content to follow your leadership.

But this happens to be a vigorous community, healthy enough to recognise the fact that it is competent to frame its own laws and to govern itself in its own way, and that it has grown tired of the incompetency and mismanagement that has dissipated its resources and prevented it from obtaining full value for its expenditures. It will therefore probably at the coming election proceed to vote in favor of the charter convention. If not, then it will not be long before it will do so, and the present campaign will bear fruit sooner or later in securing for us all, you included, a better, purer and more efficient form of city government.

Yours truly,

W. K. JEWETT.

Colorado Springs, Nov. 3.

JAPS FIGHT DUEL TO DEATH

Use Pistols in Small Room 10 by 15 Feet.

WALSENBURG, Colo., Nov. 3.—In a room 10 by 15 feet, at Pictou, a coal camp in this county, Y. Sakuma and M. Sato, Japanese coal miners, last night fought a duel to the death. Sakuma is dead and Sato is at death's door from bullet wounds through the head and body.

The trouble originated in the old country, and although but few knew the real nature of their grievances, all their fellow countrymen were aware that the two were bitter enemies.

EXPOSE PROMISED

INQUIRY INTO COAL FRAUD IS ORDERED.

ROOSEVELT TAKES INTEREST

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS ARE TO BE INSTITUTED.

UNION PACIFIC IS CONCERNED

President Indorses Report of Interstate Commerce Commission and Instructs Department of Justice to Proceed With Prosecutions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—It is reported that wholesale criminal prosecutions are to be begun immediately by the department of justice against high officials of the Union Pacific railroad, the Union Pacific Coal company and others who, it is alleged, are mixed up in the fraudulent acquisition of vast coal lands in Utah and Wyoming.

Indictments for Perjury Sought.

Indictments will be sought for perjury, subornation of perjury and for violations of the land acts under which coal lands valued at many millions of dollars, it is claimed, have been stolen from the government. It is expected in this thorough inquiry in the courts the government will uncover land frauds which will stagger the imagination in their aggregate magnitude, and that the expose will be the greatest of its kind in the history of the country.

Chiefly Concerned.

The Union Pacific Railroad company is believed to be one chiefly concerned. Evidence is to be presented before federal grand juries in at least two places.

Indictments will be sought for perjury, subornation of perjury and violation of the land acts under which the coal lands, valued at many millions of dollars, are claimed to have been stolen from the government by the railroad company for the use of the coal company which it owns.

The evidence upon which prosecutions will be based was obtained by the interstate commerce commission in recent hearings in Denver, Omaha and Salt Lake City. These hearings are to be followed by others which will soon be begun and which will be directed against other big railroad systems in the west.

The case resembles the land fraud cases in Oregon in connection with which the late Senator Mitchell was found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary. Unlike the railroad cases, however, the Mitchell frauds were not perpetrated with a view to obtaining a monopoly of a great industry in a certain section, nor with a view to restricting commerce and throttling competition.

PROGRESSING SATISFACTORILY

General Palmer Passes Comfortable Day, Doctors Are Said to be Satisfied Operation.

"There is no difference in the situation. General Palmer passed a fairly comfortable day and is progressing tolerably satisfactorily."

The above bulletin was issued at 11 o'clock last night by the physicians in charge of General Palmer.

From the cheerful aspect of the general's closest friends it is apparent that the patient is recovering more substantially than was anticipated early in the week. The doctors are not known to have made any positive statement as to the final outcome or the extent of the success which they expected [illegible] the operation, if performed, will consist [illegible] which were partly broken by the fall [illegible] alysis of the limbs by coming into contact with the spinal cord.

FOUR KILLED IN MINE

BODIES CAUGHT IN CAGE AND CRUSHED.

Two Other Men are Seriously Injured. Sen Toy is the Scene of the Accident.

CORNING, O., Nov. 4.—Four men were killed and two seriously injured in an accident at mine No. 1 at Sen Toy, today, the men being crushed in a mine cage and their bodies hurled to the bottom of the shaft, 150 feet below.

Dead:

CASPER WEAVER

JOHN HINDS

Two foreigners, unknown.

The injured

John Wright, both legs broken.

Archie Williams, body crushed.

The men were ascending in the mule cage, when the door caught against the sides of the shaft and sweep them off the cage.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 3.—The state campaign closed tonight with rallies by both parties. Neither chairman Gallinger of the Republican state committee nor Chairman Medigan of the Democratic state committee would make any claims tonight. The election of Republican congressmen is considered.

ALL CHILDREN ARE SAVAGES

President Hughes of Ripon College Says Every Boy and Girl Is a Savage Some Time.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Janesville, Wis., says:

"Every boy and girl is a savage at some time or other, according to President Hughes of Ripon college, who made such a declaration yesterday to addresses by local teachers and members of the Southern Wisconsin Teachers' association. Furthermore, every child must be treated as a savage, President Hughes said.

"The child nature of the race who does not kill the child, for the child must be educated with a view to weeding it out.

"To say that the new program is crowded, no doubt is a curtailment. All that is necessary is to give the savage, for all ages must be developed in order that the complete man will result. We must respect childhood."

COMES WITHOUT REQUISITION

William P. Harmon Admits Having Stolen Diamonds.

DENVER, Nov. 3.—William P. Harmon, a railroad clerk, charged with the theft of several thousand dollars worth of diamonds from a jeweler in Baltimore, was arrested here today. He admitted his identity and said he would return to Baltimore without a requisition.

RESERVE FUND MISSING

DISAPPEARS WITH TREASURER ESKILSON.

Danish Brotherhood of America May Be Victim of Embezzling Officer.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Jas. Christian Eskilson, of Chicago, thrice supreme treasurer of the Danish Brotherhood of America, is missing, and simultaneously it is found that from $40,000 to $50,000 of the order's funds is gone. Eskilson has not been seen since October 20.

H. H. Vogt, of Davenport, Iowa, supreme president, and Martin Iversen, of Racine, Wis., supreme vice president, yesterday concluded an examination of Eskilson's account, which officials say, the immense shortage. They declare that practically all of the reserve fund is gone.

Eskilson's whereabouts is unknown. It is reported that no trace of him has been found.

Seven thousand dollars of it is said to have been lost in the failure of Paul O. Stensvold's bank.

Mrs. Eskilson was seen at her home last night. She said that she could repay all the shortage that may be or has been found in her husband's accounts, if it takes her a life time. According to reports from Racine, where many prominent members of the order reside, she already has turned over $17,000 worth of Chicago property.

Eskilson, who has been a resident of Chicago for more than forty years, was a business partner of John J. Wheeler, doing a general roofing business. According to Wheeler, Eskilson complained on Oct. 20 of being ill. He left a note saying:

"I am sick and tired. I will go to a sanitarium for a short time to rest and recuperate until I get my strength back."

PEARY WILL TRY AGAIN

WILL MAKE ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO REACH POLE.

Arctic Explorer Encounters Unusual Difficulties in Trip.—Homeward Bound.

[illegible] the north pole was indicated in a telegram received today by Morris K. Jessup, president of the Peary Arctic club.

[illegible] ship without coal, his dogs poisoned by impure food; and a portion of the interior vessel torn apart to provide fuel for the boilers, were some of the trials which the explorer was forced to face. The most significant portion of the telegram, however, was that containing an intimation that Commander Peary would again try to find the north pole. The telegram follows:

Hopedale, Labrador, via Twillingate, Newfoundland.

Steamer Roosevelt now here. Repairing rudder and stern, taking ballast and awaiting arrival mail steamer to secure coal. Return voyage incessant struggle with ice to Cape York, September 26. Two storms and head winds to Labrador [illegible] October 25, carried away two bladders, stern post and two blades of propeller, foretop mast and spanker boom, lost one boat, burned all outer and some interior beams, using wood and blubber as coal. Expect to communicate again from Chapeau bay. All progress will be slow. Have no anxiety for our safety and give no credence to exaggerated reports. Roosevelt is returning this year. [illegible] tional supplies and repairs. Several tons of whale meat and dog food thrown away last fall after poisoning a number of dogs. Other supplies lost by breaking of ice in April. PEARY.

Mr. Jessup declined to comment on the telegram stating that it speaks for itself.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—H. L. Bridgman, secretary of the Arctic club of America, today received a telegram from Commander Peary, dated Battle Harbor, via Cape Race, November 3.

Battle Harbor is just north of the straits of Belle Isle on the southeast coast of Labrador and about 250 miles south of Hopedale in an airline.

"HIGH PRESSURE"

ATMOSPHERE FRAUGHT WITH EXCITEMENT.

POLITICS TOPIC OF THE DAY

FINAL CLAIMS MADE COVERING WHOLE AREA.

END ONLY TWO DAYS OFF

Campaign Practically Closed in Majority of States—Activity in New York Will Continue Until Late Monday Night.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—With but two full days intervening before the country will elect the Sixtieth congress, there is decidedly a general area of "high pressure" in the political atmosphere. The expert prognosticators have stopped analyzing local conditions. They have made their final claims, covering the whole area, and are sitting tight and waiting for Tuesday.

The Republican claim emanating from the headquarters of the Republican congressional campaign committee in New York is this:

Republican Majority of 56 in House.

The Republicans will have a majority of fifty-eight in the next house of representatives.

The analysis of this claim from the same source is:

"Sure Republican districts, 222; sure Democratic districts, 130; doubtful, but probably Republican, 21; doubtful, but probably Democratic, 13."

The Democratic congressional committee, with headquarters in Washington, has figured out sixty-seven Democratic gains over its present representation in the house. Chairman Griggs of this committee thinks this claim is rather too conservative. In analyzing the claim to show where the gains are expected, Mr. Griggs is quoted as saying:

[illegible] claims.

"The claim of a Democratic gain in New York of ten is safe. The claim of a gain each in Massachusetts, North Carolina, Kentucky, Montana, Delaware, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Idaho and Virginia is good. The same may be said of the claim of a gain of six in Illinois. We will get eight in Missouri. Conservatives are [illegible] of five or six in Ohio, but we will do better than that. The computation that puts us down for only [illegible] in Indiana is in error. New Jersey is to be counted on a gain of three, while gains will be made in Iowa, Nebraska and California."

Should the Democratic prediction of a gain of sixty-seven be realized, that party would have a majority of twenty-two in the Sixtieth congress.

While from a national standpoint the congressional election is regarded as emphatically important, in some localities it has been thrown in the background by state politics. Twenty-three states elect governors Tuesday; twenty elect legislators; ten choose minor state officers or justices of their supreme court. Oklahoma will pass upon her state constitution. Arizona and New Mexico will decide the question of joint statehood.

Situation in New York.

New York, with its fight between Hughes and Hearst for the governorship, has furnished the spectacular feature of the entire country. Here the red fire will not cease burning until the dawn of Tuesday, when the white heat of battle will take its place. Perhaps the most notable feature of the campaign in all of its ramifications has been the extent to which the personality of President Roosevelt has been injected [illegible] "We can support that better than you," was the defiant answer of some of the leaders of the Democracy [illegible]

President Roosevelt has made it known that he wants a Republican congress. All but [illegible] his cabinet officers have taken the stump to further this desire. In New York the president was personally represented by Secretary Root. [illegible] will vote at Oyster Bay, Tuesday. He will reach the White house to receive the returns in the evening.

Washington, which has been the one spot devoid of political turmoil, has only watched the battle. No banners, no red fire, no speeches have disturbed the even tenor of the government clerk. On election day he will go quietly to his voting booth, cast his vote and return to his task. The indications are that a large percentage of the government forces will go home to vote.

ALL PARTY LINES ARE BROKEN

Situation [illegible] Analysis of Telegrams.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Today practically closed the most extraordinary campaign for governor in the political history of the state, although both candidates will continue speechmaking until Monday night. It has been a campaign of personalities, rather than policies, of men instead of measures, and it has stirred the interest of the voters of the Empire state to its extreme boundaries. For vigor and vituperation, it has been without precedent, and for persistency of appeals for votes by the two candidates it stands alone.

National issues, aside from the so-called "trusts" have been entirely ig-

(Continued on Page Ei[illegible])

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

9x12 Axminster Rugs 23.50

Third Floor.

These rugs have a long, woolly surface, making them very serviceable, and the large variety of patterns and colors gives you a wide opportunity for selection. They can be used anywhere that good rugs are desired, and you'll find our prices very low.

8-3x10-6 Axminster Rug $21.75
36x72 Axminster Rug $4
27x54 Axminster Rug $2.25

We save you money on rugs of all sizes.

Kaufman's
EVERYTHING FOR EVERYBODY.

Ladies' Home Journal Patterns

leave the style of the design in the patterns and give satisfaction in a degree never before obtained by home dressmakers. It has eliminated guesswork. Every size fits. The pieces go together like clockwork. The skirts hang and balance so perfectly that they are the constant admiration of women. There is no waste of material. The seam allowance is simple and uniform in width, requiring no outlets and no useless perforations.

20% off---Thanksgiving Sale of Table Linens---20% off

OUR Thanksgiving Sale of all kinds of Table Linens saves you one-fifth or twenty per cent, and comes just at the right time. We include everything in snowy bleached table cloths ready to use and napkins to match, table damask by the yard with napkins to match, center pieces, tray cloths, scarfs, squares of all kinds and doilies, all from the best foreign makers and fresh and crisp in their newness.

EVERY COLORADO SPRINGS WOMAN KNOWS KAUFMAN LINENS—KNOWS THE SUPERIORITY OF THEIR QUALITIES AND KNOWS THAT OUR PRICES ARE MATCHLESS. BUT NOTWITHSTANDING THIS NOR THE FACT THAT WE COULD TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE GREATLY INCREASED MARKET PRICES WE WILL ALLOW YOU A DISCOUNT OF 20 PER CENT FROM OUR REGULAR LOW MARKINGS.

This sale means the time of all times to buy the Thanksgiving and Christmas table linens. It means that you choose from the most representative showing in the city and buy a regular $1 article for 80c—regular $2 article for 1.60 and so on because we want to offer our customers something unusual and give everyone an opportunity to fill their linen closet with these choice qualities. Read the items below and bear in mind that you save 20 per cent.

20 per cent off

Damask scarfs
CUT WORK AND APPLIQUE PATTERNS.

Size 18x54 at 75c
Size 18x54 at 1.48

Tray cloths
Size 18x27 at 35c

Hemstitched squares
Size 7x7 at 10c
Size 10x10 at 12½c
Size 12x12 at 15c
Size 14x14 .... 18c
Size 18x18 at 25c
Size 20x20 at 29c
Size 24x24 at 35c
Size 30x30 at 50c
Size 36x36 at 60c

Scarfs to Match Above Squares.
Size 18x27 at 25c
Size 18x36 at 35c
Size 18x45 at 45c
Size 18x54 at 50c

Damask squares
Size 30x30 .... 35c
Size 32x32 .... 35c
Size 32x32 .... 50c
Size 32x32 .... 65c
Size 32x32 .... 1.25
Size 32x32 .... 62c
Size 34x34 .... 75c
Size 36x36 .... 1.75
Size 36x36 .... 85c
Size 36x36 .... 1.69

Table damask
72-inch damask in rose pattern, fine quality at, yard 2.75
72-inch chrysanthemum pattern at the yard 2.50
Napkins to match, dozen $6
Above quality in carnation pattern at same prices.
72-inch scroll and tulip pattern at, the yard 1.75
20-inch napkins to match, per dozen 3.50
24-inch napkins $5
72-inch carnation and vine patterns at, yard 1.50
20-inch napkins to match, per dozen $4
24-inch napkins 4.50
72-inch pansy, plain center with carnation border and rose patterns with double border at, the yd 1.50
Napkins to match, dozen $3
72-inch damask in floral designs, tulips, chrysanthemums, gladiolas and polka dots, the yard 1.25

72-inch satin damask in snowdrop, shamrock, clover, fleur de lis, daffodils, pansy, daisy, etc., patterns at, yard $1
70-inch German damask, silver bleached in rose, coin spot and lily designs at, yard $1
66-inch satin damask in tulip and rose patterns at, yard 85c

20 per cent off

70-inch satin bleached damask in wild rose, maple, scroll, ivy, etc., patterns at, yard 75c
64-inch silver bleached damask in fern, ribbon, fleur de lis, etc., patterns at, yard 75c
70-inch Irish half bleached damask in coin spots, fleur de lis, etc., patterns at, yard $1
64-inch bleached mercerized in scroll, fleur de lis and ribbon designs at, yard 69c

Fine quality hemstitched squares
Size 18x18 at 35c
Size 24x24 at 50c
Size 30x30 at 60c
Size 36x36 at 75c
Size 45x45 at $1.35

SCARFS TO MATCH ABOVE SQUARES.
Size 18x27 at 50c
Size 18x54 at 75c
Size 18x72, twenty-five dozen white fringed scarfs, each 35c

Table cloths
Ready to use table cloths in all sizes.
Hemstitched and faggot stitched damask cloths in 8-4 size at 1.25, 1.75, 1.85, 2.25, 2.50 and 2.75
Damask cloths in 10-4 size at 1.50, 1.75, 2.25, 2.50 and 2.75
Hemstitched cloths, full bleached, in 8-4 size, wild rose and ribbon designs at $5
Hemstitched cloths, full bleached, in 8-4 size and 12-4 size at 6.50

Hemstitched napkins
15x15 snowdrop, tulip and tiger designs at, the dozen $3
16x16 leaf design, doz 2.50
18x18 coffee bean, carnation and scroll design, dozen 2.75
20x20 in rose, scroll, coffee bean, carnation, snowdrop, apple blossom, tulip, polka dot, etc., designs at, the dozen 4.25, 4.50, $6 and 6.50

20 per cent off

Hemstitched sets
Table sets in full bleached damask. Table cloth and 1 dozen napkins. Scroll and floral design sets, 8-4, at 3.75
Stripe design set, 8-4 or 12-4 cloths at 5.50

Extraordinary in women's kersey and broadcloth coats

THIS special showing and selling of those much-sought-after coats will interest every woman who has not already purchased the new winter garment. We are fortunate indeed to be able to present such a varied and exclusive line inasmuch as the present demand for these desirable fabrics is enormous and the present market exhausted. These designs bear marked individuality, guaranteed to be all wool, correct in style—the values speak for themselves. We are exceedingly proud to offer our patrons such models of distinctiveness and high art tailoring but can only expect to give you slight information in print—a personal visit and inspection is asked, knowing the surprise that is in store for you from our presentation of such remarkable values just when you need these garments. Suit Room, 2nd floor.

—3787— Black kersey coat, ¾ length, self strapping, velvet collarless effect, double breasted, skeleton lined, with pockets 10.00

—1054— Blue, castor, brown or black ¾ kersey coat, neatly trimmed with velvet soutache and buttons, box plaited back and front satin lining 15.00

—531— Heavy weight black broadcloth coat, lined with grey satin and appropriately finished with velvet, soutache and straps, for dress or street wear 18.50

—1005— Black kersey coat, inlaid velvet trimming collar and cuffs, double breasted, strap back, pockets and yoke lining, a serviceable, stylish coat 17.50

—900— M[illegible] tailored, full satin lined black broadcloth coat, velvet coat collar, four outside patch pockets, regulation coat sleeve with cuff, a swagger garment 18.50

—1143— Black broadcloth coat for evening or street, an exclusive garment in conventional braid design, pan velvet collar and cuffs and silk cord fastening, satin yoke lining 25.00

—1176— Castor, blue, black and red kersey coat, ⅞ length, fine quality cloth, military collar, medallion designs of soutache braid, with frog fastenings and new tucked sleeve 17.50

—300— Navy blue kersey coat, a cleverly tailored dressy coat with original designs of matched strap trimmings; fly front, velvet inlaid collar and cuffs, also in brown and black 20.00

—3785— Castor kersey coat, inlaid velvet and strap trimming down back with silk buttons and velvet 10.00

A week of significant pricing on up-to-date curtains and hangings

IN calling attention to these special prices in our Enlarged Curtain Drapery section we emphasize the fact that every piece is of such quality and style as we can absolutely guarantee. It is the most intelligently selected and representative gathering of Curtains and Hangings in Colorado Springs—all bought for this season.

BEFORE BUYING ANYTHING IN THIS DIRECTION WE URGE THAT FOR YOUR OWN SATISFACTION YOU INSPECT THIS IMMENSE SHOWING AS A VISIT WILL PLACE YOU IN TOUCH WITH THE MOST ADVANCED AND APPROVED IDEAS AND BETTER FIT YOU TO MAKE ANY SELECTION YOU MAY BE ANTICIPATING.

[illegible] held out by those who do not value their reputation we ask that in fairness to yourself you at least make comparisons before being tempted to purchase merchandise of unworthy character or choose from any season on season accumulation of odds and ends.

Curtain stretchers, with these new [illegible] curtains to a home in one day without tearing them, pins are rust proof, fold up without taking apart, regular 1.75, each 1.49

Remnants silkoline, now is the time to buy these for making [illegible] different colors and patterns, light or dark, regular 15c yards, all yard cuts for 89c
Door panels, best grade bob-

binet with hand made battenburg medallions [illegible] door looks like double, the piece, regular 75c 59c
Imported Scotch madras, most popular curtain goods today,

sheer light weight and durable, [illegible] in wide. Reg. 60c yard 48c
Couch covers, large enough for sanitary cots, extra wide, 3 yds

long, a new Persian pattern in [illegible] 1.58
Colonial nets, this fall's latest creations, never been shown in Colorado Springs before, a big variety of leaded and stained

glass patterns, 45 to 54 inches [illegible] yard 39c
Colored swisses, all colors, dots, figures and stripes, to harmonize with decorations in rooms, guar-

anteed fast colors, full yards [illegible] 12½c
Couch covers, all fresh new patterns for fall, full length, fringe all around, regular 1.25 each 89c

[illegible] rods, [illegible] 22 to 44 inches, with brackets complete, regular 5 cents 3c

Warm furs in qualities reliable

KAUFMAN FURS ARE NOT ONLY MORE AUTHORITATIVE IN STYLE BUT MORE DEPENDABLE IN WORKMANSHIP AND QUALITY AS WELL. EACH PIECE HERE HAS BEEN MADE UP ESPECIALLY FOR US AND BEARS THE STAMP OF INDIVIDUALITY AND CORRECTNESS. YOU TAKE NO RISK WHATEVER IN MAKING THE NEW SELECTION FROM THIS RARE COLLECTION.

Genuine far-eastern mink short boa. Neck piece trimmed with head and tails. Tabs natural tail trimmed. An exceedingly rich colored, durable and stylish neck piece 40.00

Isabella fox stole scarf, 45 inches in length, lined with best Skinner guaranteed satin, fastened with cords, tail trimmed 27.50

Four-in-hand tie scarf of mink, lined with figured satin and trimmed with 8 natural tails, a fur piece handsomely striped 25.00

A shawl scarf of real beaver, 12 inches wide in the back, tapering to narrow front which is trimmed with two tails. Heavy satin lined, a warm fur piece at 20.00

Isabella fox shawl scarf, trimmed with feet and natural tails, cord fastened, satin lined, a well striped, rich lustre, heavy fur piece 19.50

Sable fox flat boa, [illegible] satin, has head, feet and tail trimmings, a decidedly rich, [illegible] handsomely colored 18.50

Round fox boa, [illegible] inches long, trimmed with feet and natural tail, both Isabella and sable coloring 17.50

Stole scarf of [illegible] blended squirrel, [illegible] a neck piece suited [illegible] 16.50

Blue fox shawl scarf [illegible] lined with guaranteed [illegible] with 4 tails 15.00

Grey blended squirrel, [illegible] satin [illegible] and trimmed with silk ornaments and [illegible] cords 12.50

Black marten boa, round neck piece with satin lined tabs, trimmed with silk ornaments 10.00

Brown marten short boa trimmed with 4 tails, a good, serviceable neck-piece at 8.75

Two special basement sale days

MONDAY AND TUESDAY PRICES IN THE BASEMENT WILL APPEAL TO THRIFTY, BUSY HOUSEKEEPERS. MOST USEFUL HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES MARKED AT INTERESTING REDUCTIONS FROM OUR REGULAR ECONOMY PRICES. VISIT OUR BASEMENT EVERY TIME YOU'RE IN THE STORE. TAKE ELEVATOR.

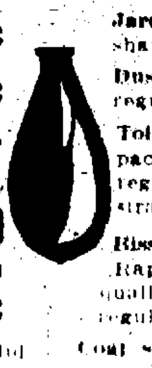
Electric light bulbs, Edison base, screw or push socket, regular [illegible] 12½c

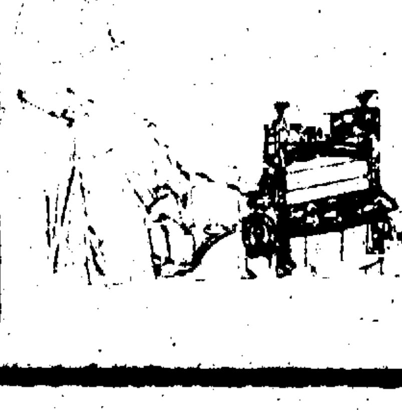
Shell engraved tumblers, 4 neat designs to choose, regular $1 dozen, dozen 69c

Galvanized wash tub, heavy corrugated bottom and sides, 2 strong handles, regular 60c 39c

Wood frame clothes wringer, 10-inch heavy rubber roller, guaranteed, regular 2.98 .... 2.49

Copper tea kettle, bright nickel plated, cold handle, regular stove size, regular [illegible] 99c





[illegible] student lamp, solid [illegible] bright nickel finish, regular $[illegible] 1.42

Perfection oil stove, fine heater, odorless, perfect [illegible] regular $[illegible] 3.48

Turkey roasters, self basting, steam exhaust, extra quality roaster, regular 62c 48c

Jardinieres, near Rookwood, fine glazed, 4 assorted shapes, regular $1, good size 69c

Dust pan, Japanese finished, riveted handle, regular 10c 7c

Toilet paper, 1000 sheets to pack, thin, sanitary tissue, regular 10c straight 7c

Bissell carpet sweeper, Grand Rapids Cyco bearing, extra quality brush, regular 2.50 .... 2.12

Coal scuttle, galvanized, corrugated coal hod, smooth [illegible], extra large and strong, regular 40 cents 29c

Dinner ware, 300 odd pieces in dinner ware to close [illegible] on separate table No. 1, choice .... ½ Price

Copper utensils, an assortment of aluminum lined copper cooking utensils, No. 2, choice .... ½ Price

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

What Sulphur Does

For the Human Body in Health and Disease.

Cost Nothing to Try.

The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us the early days when our mothers and grandmothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall.

It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," tonic and cure-all, and mind you this old-fashioned remedy was not without merit.

The idea was good, but the remedy was crude and unpalatable, and a large quantity had to be taken to get any effect.

Nowadays we get all the beneficial effect of sulphur in a palatable, concentrated form, so that a single grain is far more effective than a tablespoonful of the crude sulphur.

In recent years research and experiment have proven that the best sulphur for medicinal use is that obtained from Calcium (Calcium Sulphide) and sold in drug stores under the name of Stuart's Calcium Wafers. They are small chocolate coated pellets and contain the active medicinal principle of sulphur in a highly concentrated, effective form.

Few people are aware of the value of this form of sulphur in restoring and maintaining bodily vigor and health; sulphur acts directly on the liver and excretory organs and purifies and enriches the blood by the prompt elimination of waste material.

Our grandmothers knew this when they dosed us with sulphur and molasses every spring and fall, but the crudity and impurity of ordinary flowers of sulphur were often worse than the disease, and cannot compare with the modern concentrated preparations of sulphur, of which Stuart's Calcium Wafers is undoubtedly the best and most widely used.

They are the natural antidote for liver and kidney troubles and cure constipation and purify the blood in a way that often surprises patient and physician alike.

Dr. R. M. Wilkins, while experimenting with sulphur remedies soon found that the sulphur from Calcium was superior to any other form. He says: "For liver, kidney and blood troubles, especially when resulting from constipation or malaria, I have been surprised at the results obtained from Stuart's Calcium Wafers. In patients suffering from boils and pimples and even deep-seated carbuncles, I have repeatedly seen them dry up and disappear in four or five days, leaving the skin clear and smooth. Although Stuart's Calcium Wafers is a proprietary article and sold by druggists and for that reason tabooed by many physicians, yet I know of nothing so safe and reliable for constipation, liver and kidney troubles and especially in all forms of skin diseases as this remedy."

At any rate people who are tired of pills, cathartics and so-called blood "purifiers" will find in Stuart's Calcium Wafers, a far safer, more palatable and effective preparation.

Send your name and address today for a free trial package and see for yourself.

F. A. Stuart Co., 57 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

DEATH WAS ACCIDENTAL

Coroner Holds Inquest Over Body of F. Pease, Canon City Attorney.

SANTA MONICA, Cal., Nov. 3.—The coroner's inquest over the body of F. Pease, the Canon City, Colo., attorney, who was found dead in the surf here yesterday morning, resulted in a verdict of accidental death, which, according to the jury, was probably caused by the deceased falling from the wharf and striking his head on the rocks of the breakwater.

"SIGNATURE" LAW IS REVIVED

Almost Forgotten Section of Penal Code Brought Up in Libel Proceedings.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—An almost forgotten section of the penal code known as the "signature law," which provides that all newspaper articles tending in any way to impeach the honesty or integrity of any person must be published with the writer's signature thereto, has been revived by the filing yesterday of two suits for $1,000 each against R. A. Crothers and Fremont Older, publisher and managing editor respectively of the Bulletin.

The suits were filed by Bertram M. M... and are based upon editorials published in the Bulletin on October 5 and 9. The editorial of October 5, in which Abraham Ruef has already caused proceedings to be commenced against R. A. Crothers for criminal libel, connects Ruef with alleged graft in the acquisition of a municipal water supply and also mentions the name of Will S. Tevis, president of the Bay City Water company. The article of October 9 is headed "Boodlers cannot hide behind the shield of abuse."

Section 259 of the penal code, passed by the legislature in 1899, provides that all articles in which any dishonest acts are attributed to any person, or in which any suggestion is made which might be injurious to character must, when published in a newspaper, bear the signature of the author. A failure to do this, according to the law, is subject to a forfeit or penalty of $1,000 for each such article, which may be sued for and recovered through civil action by any person who wishes to bring such action regardless of personal connection with the case. If the forfeit is recovered the plaintiff retains half and is to pay the other half into the state treasury.

MAY BE SETTLED PEACEABLY

Recent Controversy Between Railroads and Their Switchmen May Be Adjusted.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Prospects of settling peaceably the present controversy between the railroads and their switchmen, became brighter yesterday when it became known that officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen next Monday will enter into further conferences with the road managements in Chicago.

The trainmen will present their original demands of an eight-hour day once more, but it is said there is no intention of standing irrevocably by this position. According to Brotherhood officials the Switchmen are dissatisfied with the compromise offer of two cents an hour wage increase proposed by the roads and an effort will be made to induce the companies to make a better proposition.

The outcome of the meetings on Monday in Chicago, it is said, will govern negotiations throughout the country. It is probable the conferences will cover a period of several days and until a ... while no radical move may be fea...

New Automatic Remington rifle at Strang's. Come and see the latest in guns.

QUOTED HIM RIGHT

(Continued From Page One).

own judgment in the matter, and that some would count the ballots and others would not.

"It has been intimated that the general election would be invalidated if the judges certified the votes cast on the charter convention question. I want to say most positively that if the judges do not certify the charter convention vote they will have failed to do their sworn duty under the provisions of the law and such action would place the validity of the whole election very much in doubt.

"There need be no misunderstanding in this matter. The law is perfectly plain. The constitution of the state provides that the vote on the charter convention shall be taken at the general election, and the registration act of 1905 specifically provides that the judges of this general election shall act also as judges on the votes cast for and against the charter convention. The city will furnish all the necessary supplies and accessories for taking the vote, and will bear the expense of an extra clerk to see that the vote is taken. If the judges of this general election seek to make their own law, they must suffer the consequences. If the election is invalidated it will be on account of the judges following such a course, and not because they have certified the vote on the charter convention."

HENRY'S MINSTRELS GOOD

End Men Are Clever and New Songs Catchy.

Hi Henry's minstrels gave two performances at the Opera house yesterday, both to large audiences. The first part of the show is expensively and handsomely staged, and the costuming is carried out on the same scale. The ballad singers are neither better nor worse than the average, but the company includes two excellent end men, Bob Baker and Charley Gano, especially the latter, who made a hit with a new topical song, "His Day's Work Was Done." There is a very clever first part finale entitled, "Chicken Jim," in which Gano has the leading role.

The cornet solos of Hi Henry were a notable feature of the program. Mack and Baxter did an effective song and dance act, and the program closed with a sketch called "Dixie Land," in which excellent light effects were introduced.

NAVIGATION LAWS DISCUSSED

Important Meeting, American Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots, to Be Held.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—An important meeting of the American Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots will be held in this city November 12 and 13. The laws governing the navigation of steam vessels will be discussed. The object sought for is to make recommendations, if possible, for amendments to the different laws governing the navigation of steam vessels. Addresses will be made by General George Uhler, United States supervising inspector-general of steam vessels; Ira Harris, United States supervising inspector of steam vessels for the second district; W. Irving Coons, the well-known marine underwriter; William S. Van Kureau, state supervising inspector of steam vessels for the inland lakes; John C. Silva, president of the American Association of Masters and Pilots.

The subjects to be discussed will include the international rules as laid down by the government and the responsibility of the masters and pilots to the board of underwriters.

NOT A GAME IN COLORADO

Only Contest Scheduled Called Off Because of Wet Grounds.

There was not a single football game played in the state of Colorado yesterday, the only game scheduled being an interscholastic championship contest between East and West Denver High schools, which was postponed on account of wet grounds. It is a long time since such a condition existed at this period of the football season in Colorado. It is also a strange thing to have a football game postponed on account of bad weather or wet ground conditions.

CORNELL DEFEAT WESLEYAN

Makes Every Score Possible to the Rugby Game.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Cornell defeated Wesleyan University of Pennsylvania, 23 to 0, today. Cornell's points in the first half were decided by a safety, a touchdown, a goal from touchdown and a goal from placement. In the second half two touchdowns and a goal kicked were added.

Sectional Bookcases

For Christmas Gifts

Are you planning to get an "Elastic" bookcase as a gift?

We advise you to make your selection at once.

Why?

BECAUSE there is a great deal of delay in freight shipments at this season.

BECAUSE our factory orders are not filled ...

BECAUSE we sell so many cases that our stock may be broken near the Xmas time.

THEREFORE come in now and make a selection.

You'll avoid a possible disappointment.

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

The Out West Printing and Stationery Co.

9, 11, 13, 15 Pike's Peak Ave.

SUPREMACY

Not only everything the tailoring world affords but the best of everything, and that at a cost which will make you a permanent customer. We want to see you in our store for the pleasure to show you our wide range of fabrics. ALSO A COMPLETE LINE OF FANCY VESTS just in.

NEWSOM & HOLMES,

Makers of the Kind of Clothes Gentlemen Wear.

108 East Pike's Peak Avenue.

Are You Hunting for COAL?

If so, there will be no need to hunt further—your

HUNT

is over when you get

PATTERSON LUMP

The Best on the Market.

Phone 1101.

The Central Fuel Co.

129 N. TEJON ST.

The Springs Store

DENIAL IS USELESS. Do you not hear the Springs Store quoted more and more? Do you not feel that it is gradually filling wants hitherto neglected? Do you not think it's well to pay more attention to it? Do you not think it ought to be considered when grave questions of style, quality and price are concerned? We know the tide is turning our way swiftly. We know that sentiments are changing in our favor daily. We know that our words carry more and more weight with the buying public. **How do we know?** If by nothing else, our business, which is the pulse and true indications of the situation. It's by the constant, generous gains in every department. The steadily increasing converts to the faith in this store. It is, however, no surprise to us, we firmly believed it would be thus. Yet we are immensely pleased and gratified. We want your business and appreciate it. We want your good will and will strive to merit it. We want your confidence and we will not abuse it.

Dress Goods

Special inducements in the Dress Goods Department for this week's selling.

32-in. all-wool Tricot Cloth, in full line of new fall shades; special at .... **29¢**

36 and 38-in. wool plaids, checks, stripes and novelty mixtures; a large assortment to choose from; special values at .... **49¢**

36 to 44-in. wool plaids and novelty checks in fine assortment of colorings at **65¢** and .... **75¢**

44-in. all-wool French taffeta in black, navy, cadet, cardinal, gray and reseda; extra value at **$1.00**

We are showing extensive assortments in panamas, homespuns, suitings, cravenettes and coverts, good values at **$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75** and **$2.00**

WAISTINGS.

We are showing a large assortment of waistings, also all wool challies, in dark grounds with polka dots and small figures, at .. **50¢**

CORDUROYS.

Received another shipment of corduroys, in cream, tan, navy, brown, green, cardinal, maroon and black; special value at .. **75¢**

CLOAKINGS.

56-in. all-wool coverts in tan, brown, medium and dark gray; specially priced at **$2.00**

Astrakans, 54-in. cardinal, navy, brown, cream and black, at **$1.50**

Bear skins, 50 and 52-in., at **$3.00, $3.50, $4.00** and **$6.00**. Cream, cardinal, brown, navy, green and black.

PLAID SILKS.

New plaid silks, in great variety of colors, many of them in single waist patterns, at, yd., **75¢, $1.00, $1.25** and **$1.50**

WAIST SILKS.

We are closing out at greatly reduced prices waist lengths in black, fancy stripes and checks, in the staple shades at, yd., **49¢, 50¢** and .... **69¢**

Millinery

Monday morning and to continue a

CLEARANCE SALE ON TRIMMED HATS.

at a discount of

33 1-3 PER CENT OFF

regular prices.

This will affect more than a hundred hats, including our earlier patterns, dress and street hats.

You that know the strictness with which we conduct our sales will appreciate the value of this opportunity.

Men's Underwear That Is Right

We mean the quality is right, the styles are right, the weights are right and the prices are right.

Men's all-wool union suits, in the celebrated "Munsing," in the natural gray **$2.50**

Men's all-wool double-breast and back garments, in natural gray, garments that have the weight and are already shrunk **$1.50**

Men's derby ribbed wool garments, in salmon and gray, good medium weights, each **$1.00**

Men's wool fleeced blue cotton garments, so soft and warm, the kind for hard wear. We have all sizes up to 48, at .... **50¢**

First showing of the new fall and winter mufflers ... city. Ask to see them anyway **50¢** to **$3.50**

Men's wool socks, in natural, black and blue, all weights ... **25¢**

Underwear, Hosiery

COTTON, SILK AND WOOL.

If we can't give you better garments, better fit and better prices than you are getting elsewhere,

DON'T BUY HERE.

But if we can save you money and give you better goods,

YOU SHOULD BUY HERE.

WE KNOW WE CAN and if you don't, find out.

GOLF GLOVES.

150 dozen golf gloves provided for your comfort, and we are justly proud of this assortment. If you don't need them today you will tomorrow, at .... **25¢**

All wool golf gloves, in fancy designs and colors. You will find they are the same or equal to any 35c glove on the market. The **50c** sellers are 65c and 75c values.

GINGHAM.

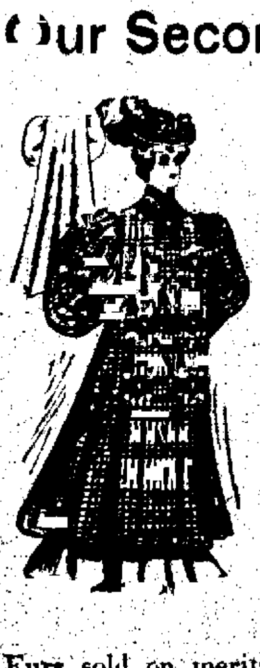
Looms working overtime making ginghams, and the entire output sold up at advanced prices for 1907. We offer you in face of this about 50 pieces—Toil du Nord and Red Seal Gingham—at, the yard .... **10¢**

OUTING FLANNEL.

Mill ends outing flannel, assorted dark colors, yd **5c**

30 pieces outing flannel, light and dark, desirable patterns; the yard .... **7½¢**

Our Second Floor Sales Rooms



READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS.

The last week has further increased the attraction here by so many new arrivals of garments with real merits. By this we do not mean the many re-orders that are coming in every day but something new, different; something you haven't seen, something you should see before buying, something on the more exclusive order, in both suits and coats.

We are showing a number of cloaks this week that we think are excellent values at **$3.95**. Another line at **$7.50**. It will be hard to match them at $5.00 and $10.00. If in market for an inexpensive medium or better garment, look ours over before you purchase.

FURS.

Furs sold on merits and under their right names. No imitations marked and sold as genuine. You get exactly what you pay for.

THE ANNIS FURS

sold, recommended and guaranteed by them and us. You are doubly safe in buying an Annis fur. Single pieces from lowest price up to **$50.00**; sets from **$2.50** to **$75.00**

SPECIAL ORDERS for anything not carried in stock sold on small commissions. Seal garments made to order and sent on approval by Annis.

SOME GOOD FUR SPECIALS.

Black Coney Scarf, each **59¢**; worth .... **90¢**

Black Coney Scarf, each **[illegible]¢**; worth **$1.25**

Black Coney Scarf, each **$1.49**; worth **$2.00**

Brown Coney Scarf, each **$1.79**; worth **$2.50**

Brown Coney Scarf, each **$3.95**; worth **$5.00**

Isabella Fox Scarf, each **$5.00**; worth **$6.50**

Our line is a very extensive one and includes all the best-known furs, such as French Squirrel, French Ermine, Isabella and Sable Fox, German Marten, Red Fox, Canadian Lynx, Silver Opossum, Nat. Lynx, Otter, Black ... Mink, Japanese Mink and Squirrel, Mink, Beaver, Angora, Tibet, Coney, Fitch, etc.

Full line of children's and misses' furs.

OUTING FLANNEL GOWNS,

made long and full, good patterns, our heavy material, for ladies, all sizes, at **50¢, 75¢, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50** and **$2.00**

Children's, white and colors, **50¢, 65¢** and .... **75¢**

Warm House Shoes for Winter Wear

We are well supplied with the kind of warm footwear you should have, the kind that is comfortable and gives the service required. Honest made and styles that appeal to you for their neatness, quality and moderate price.

Ladies' dong. kid shoes, pat. tips, lace, medium soles and all fleeced lined, all sizes .... **$2.[illegible]**

Ladies' hand-turned felt fur-ed shoes, the felt extending ... the insoles of the shoe make it very soft for the sole of the foot and guarantees against ripping, all sizes, lace, plain toe, pr **$2.00**

Ladies' beaver felt fur-ed shoes, plain toe, lace and ... all felt, with pieces of leather on the sides, all sizes, pr **$1.50**

Ladies' hand-turned felt fur trimmed ..., in black, green, brown, wine, red, blue and gray, buckle on front, all sizes .. **$1.50**

Ladies' fur trimmed Juliets, in all colors, good qualities, made of fine qualities felt, all sizes, pr **$1.00**

Special showing of the new Walk-Over shoes for men in the $5.00 ... glazed kangaroo on the Junior last, hand sewed, military heels, blucher cut, fine calf trimmings, all sizes and widths, pr. **$5.00**

... for the price **$4.00**

Ladies' pat. colt, blucher cut shoes, in the hand-turned soles, mat. kid top, Cuban heel; a shoe made to sell for $4.00. We have this shoe in all sizes and widths; as a special flyer we price it **$3**

Ladies' hand sewed pat. colt shoes, in button, plain toe, mat. top, high Cuban heel, the swellest shoe on the market; has no equal in $5 shoes. Ask for No. 422 at **$4.00**

Bedding

Substitute a nice soft cotton blanket for those cold sheets, the difference is great. Cotton blankets on sale now more reasonable than you could expect.

A 10-4 at .... **59¢**

A 11-4 at .... **79¢**

A 12-4 at **$1.39**

and some higher. Compare others with ours. Comparison has sold us more goods for this store then eloquence.

COMFORT SPECIAL.

Have just placed on sale 2 lots of comforts:

Lot 1—A good cotton filled, full size comfort; our regular $1.75 grade on sale this week at **$1.50**

Lot 2—A better cotton filled, extra size, regular $2.25 number on sale at .... **$1.9[illegible]**

Wool blankets, all superior values and assortments.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS DRY GOODS CO.

120-122 SOUTH TEJON STREET

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Campaign's Getting Sort of Interesting. But We Are Not Out Electioneering But Out to Save You Money on Your Fall Purchases

The people of Colorado Springs are quick to appreciate the CUT prices at "The May," which will continue for one week longer—owing to the disappointment in store space. All we ask is to show you and we will save you money. Read on:

$18 and $20 suits and overcoats for **$13.75**
$14 and $16 suits and overcoats for **$10.75**
$10 and $12 suits and overcoats for **$7.75**

Mothers, we can save you an extra pants on every suit you buy boys.

Two pant and cap suit, value $9.50 for **$6.50**
Two pant and cap suit, value $7.50 for **$5.00**
Two pant and cap suit, value $6.00 for **$4.50**

We want your trade, will save you money.

THE MAY COMPANY

HOME OF HIGH ART APPAREL.

versity. Congressional elections will be held in all of the districts and in some of them the fight has been hot.

Chairman West of the Republican state central committee said today that he expected the Republican party to carry the state by an overwhelming majority. He also predicted a victory for his party in Cook county, and asserted that the Republicans would carry the great majority of the congressional districts.

Chairman Boeschenstein of the Democratic committee declared that the Democrats will surely carry eight congressional districts, probably ten, and possibly fourteen. He also claimed that the Democrats will make substantial gains in the next legislature, which is to elect a successor to Senator Shelby M. Cullom.

RICHES AWAIT LIEUTENANT

Is Now Numbered Among Missing in America.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—A fortune, a true-blue sweetheart, a devoted sister and a rich father-in-law all await Albrecht Becker, a former lieutenant in the German army, but now numbered among the great army of the missing in America.

Becker won the heart of the girl, who is the daughter of a millionaire American silk manufacturer, about eight years ago in Berlin. He was then a lieutenant in the Kaiser's army, but the millionaire objected to him on account of his poverty. He immediately resigned, and left for America to earn his fortune.

Left behind was his sister, Baroness von Kaskel, who has inherited the entire family estates, the brother being cut off because of waywardness in his younger years.

Since Becker's departure for America, absolutely no word has been heard from him, save a short note to the effect that he was acting as translator for a firm in Chicago. He left this position and vanished from sight.

The sweetheart's health has been affected by Becker's absence, and now her father is ready to receive the young man into his family. The sister, Baroness von Kaskel, is so grief-stricken that she wants to give the estates she inherited to her brother, she having married a very wealthy landholder in the old country.

High-priced detectives have been employed to hunt Becker, his sweetheart standing the expense. The young woman's name is being withheld by the detectives until they are certain of Becker's fate.

WAS REMARKABLE CONTEST

Issues in Massachusetts Sharply Drawn—Fight in New Jersey.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—The Massachusetts campaign, which closed its last week with may rallies tonight, was the most remarkable political contest in the state in many years. The issues were sharply and unequivocally drawn, on one side being unique questions raised by John B. Moran, candidate for governor of the Democrats, Prohibitionists and Independence League, and on the other the pointed answers of Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., the standard bearer of the Republican party. Interest in the state ticket has almost eclipsed the contests for members of congress and state legislature.

Last year Governor Guild carried the state by a plurality of 2,578 over Charles W. Bartlett, the Democratic candidate.

INDIA'S RACE OF JEWS

Ancestors Migrated to Coast of Malabar Centuries Ago.

From the Chicago Chronicle.

A population of black Jews is to be found in the state of Cochin, in British Hindoostan, on the extreme southwest of that peninsula. Here a small section of the Jewish race constitutes a unique phenomenon of the Cochin seaboard. The descendants of the Jews who migrated to this coast have, it is said, all the marked characteristics of the race deeply ingrained in them, coupled with an intuitive sense of kinship with the ancient Israelitish nation. Their history can only be regarded as a product of oral tradition, for whatever records they had were destroyed three and a half centuries ago.

The elders of the white Jews of Cochin, however, have in their possession a charter in two copper plates, one written on both sides and the other on one only, in Vatelluttu character, the supposed date of which is 700 A. D., presumably a date subsequent to their settlement, according to some authorities, about two generations later. Others date the settlement of the Jews in Cochin as early as the first half of the third century.

There is little doubt that those who came here had for generations an enviable existence as compared with their coreligionists in Europe. They enjoyed the full privilege of citizenship and every path to distinction lay open to them.

White and Black Jews Foes.

The Mohammedans coming along disturbed their tranquillity some years later, for in the sixteenth century they slew large numbers of them, but when they next turned their attention to them the latter retaliated and drove out the aggressors. With the arrival of the Portuguese the Jews began to share the experience of their brethren in Europe, and the scourge which was visited upon them in Granganore was likened by them to the destruction of Jerusalem in miniature.

The black Jews claim to have been the earliest settlers, though the white Jews deny them the honor, asserting that the black section are pure natives, converted to the Jewish faith. In earlier years good feeling is said to have existed between the two sections of Israelites, white and black, but of late years their relations, from being strained, have become actually hostile.

It may be that they belong to two different tribes, for, as Froude remarked, on the authority of Isaac Disraeli, the Jewish people are not a nation, for they consist of many nations. They are Spanish or Portuguese, Mexican or Polish, and, like the chameleon reflect the colors they rest upon or like waters running through vast countries that are tinged in their course with all the varieties of soil over which they flow.

Opinions of Historians.

Historians differ in opinion regarding the relation of these white and black coreligionists. Dr. Buchanan, for example, remarks that it is only necessary to look at the countenances of the blacks to be satisfied that their ancestors must have arrived in India many ages before the white Jews—evidently attributing their complexion to long residence in the tropics.

Mr. Hough, the historian of Indian Christianity, who visited Cochin in 1820, observes that the black Jews appear so much like the natives of India that it is difficult at first sight to distinguish them from the Hindu. On a little closer inspection, however, the Jewish contour of their countenance cannot be mistaken.

Another authority believes them to be the descendants of slaves owned by Jews, half castes and proselytes, a mixed race of Dravidians and [illegible]

Of the total Jewish population only 180 are white, their characteristics generally are similar to those of the dark- [illegible] ...s and fasts. They [illegible] a long jacket of rich cloth, buttoned up to the neck, full white trousers and a skull cap which gives place to a turban when they go to the synagogue.

In some respects, however, the dress of the black Jew resembles that of the native Mohammedans, while some imitate the "Moraka Mojila." All wear wooden sandals; these and the locks brought down in front of the ears distinguish them from the other sections of the population. Hebrew is still their liturgical language and is studied as a classic among them, but the home language is Malayan.

Though they retain many strictly Hebrew customs both sections have adopted some of those of the Hindoos. In South India in past ages the Jews were most successful as missionaries, which implies a great deal. On the other hand, while the sons of Isaac in other parts of the world have made their presence felt by wielding considerable influence and making their mark in every walk of life, commercial, literary and political, their brethren in Cochin have remained but little influenced even by their progressive surroundings.

Happiness in a Tablet.

Perfect Health for Every One Procured at Small Cost.

How many times have you sat down at your meals absolutely disgusted at the thought or sight of anything to eat?

How many times have you sat down at your meals without the trace of an appetite, but just because it was "time to eat?"

How many times have you felt a gnawing, unsatisfied, "still hungry" feeling in your stomach, even after you were through eating?

How many times have you felt that "lump of lead" on your stomach after eating, whether your meal was well cooked or not?

And how many times have you suffered a whole lot of other things from your stomach that you couldn't explain, but that made you grouchy, miserable, out-o'-sorts and generally sour on everybody and everything?

It is safe to say you couldn't tell. You don't keep track of those things, of course, but you know you've suffered them. You probably have had them for so long that they've become a habit with you, and you have come to the conclusion that your fate is to suffer them indefinitely and perhaps forever.

And so men, much like horses, standing unhitched at the hitching post, think they're tied, and so their habit makes them prisoners.

But no one need have dyspepsia, nor indigestion, nor loss of appetite, brash, irritation, burning sensations, heartburn, nausea, eructations, bad memory, loss of vim and vigor and the happiness that comes from a healthy stomach and a good appetite if he will only leave his old hitching post and tie himself to a new one, one that will hold him to health, joy, ambition and a clear mind and memory, and the sunshine that goes with them.

That indeed is Heaven! And you can get it in a little tablet already prepared for the purpose. In Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, those little cherubs of health and delight found in thousands of homes today. Listen—one ingredient of one of these precious little tablets will digest for you 3,000 grains of food. This relieves your stomach of the work of digesting until your stomach can get strong and healthy again. Your stomach has been overworked and abused. It's fagged out. It needs a rest.

Let Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do the work of your stomach. You will be surprised how fine you'll feel after eating, and how lusciously good everything will taste to you. That's because the Tablets are thoroughly digesting the food which your stomach couldn't digest before.

Have these Tablets on your dining table, and take one or two after every meal without fail. Then you will realize as never before that the human stomach decides for every man whether he will go forward or backward—and besides, you'll forget you ever had a stomach to torment you.

REMODELING SALE

Carpenters will invade the rear of our store in a few days. *We must have room.* Large quantities of new goods are coming in every day—*We must have room.* We have marked all broken lines at prices to move them quickly—*We must have room.* Such price reductions just at the start of the season will do the business—*We will have room.* Don't fail to see these offerings. Additions to the various lines every day.

Suits Broken lines of new suits—the best $10.00 to $12.50 values in the town, this sale **$7.50**

Suits Broken lines of $20 to $25.00 suits, newest styles and most reliable quality, this sale **$17.50**

Coats Broken lines that have sold at $5, $6 and $7 each, now on sale at the low price of **$3.75**

Coats Long coats—new stylish models broken lines of $18 and $20 values, this sale **$15.00**

Hats Street or dress $10 values for $5.50—$5.50 values for $7—$7.50 values for $6—$5 values for $4 and $4 values for **$3.00**

New Goods

Large shipments of new things arriving every day—the result of our Mr. Wilbur's recent trip east. Among others we mention:

NEW FUR LINED COATS.
NEW PLAID AND CHECK COATS.
NEW COAT AND JACKET SUITS.
NEW JUMPER SUITS AND WAISTS.
NEW COSTUMES AND DRESS WAISTS.
NOVELTIES IN FURNISHINGS.

Teddy Bears | Wilbur's | Toilet Preparations

CONFIDENCE IN BOTH CAMPS

Republicans and Democrats Alike Claiming Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Nov. 3.—Tonight saw the close of the campaign in Nebraska. Political rallies were held all over the state, the fusion meeting at Lincoln being the most pretentious by reason of the presence of W. J. Bryan.

At Republican state headquarters here, serene confidence prevails in Tuesday's verdict. Chairman Rose predicts the election of the six Republican candidates for congress, the entire state ticket and a decisive majority in both houses of the legislature, which will elect a successor to Senator Joseph H. Millard. At Democratic headquarters there is more animation and enthusiasm than for many campaigns, and claims of success are given without reserve. Chairman Allen, of the Democratic committee, will not concede a single congressman to the Republicans; he has hopes of the fusion state ticket, and believes the fusionists will control the legislature.

Railroad legislation has been the dominant issue and the platforms of the two parties on this plank are similar in many respects.

There is some doubt as to how the Populist vote will go, two leaders in the party—former Governor Poynter and former Lieutenant Governor Harris ignoring the fusion agreement with the Democrats and coming out openly for Sheldon, Republican, for governor.

Drunkenness Cured

It will be gratifying to all lovers of temperance and a happy home to know that a simple and scientific cure for the whisky and beer habit has been discovered. Orrine never fails to cure drunkenness if it is used in accordance with the simple directions in the package, and the discoverer has so much confidence in the treatment that we are authorized to sell it with an absolute guarantee to effect a cure or the money will be refunded.

It is in two forms: No. 1, to be given secretly, and No. 2 for those who wish to be cured, $1.00 each. Mothers and sisters have told us of husbands and brothers who, since they were given Orrine, in many cases without their knowledge, have lost all desire for drink, and we are glad to recommend the remedy. Mail orders filled. The Orrine Co., Washington, D. C., or the D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

CANNOT FORCAST THE RESULT

Both Parties Making Strong Claim in State of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—The state campaign ended tonight with both Democratic and Republican parties putting forth such strong claims that the result of the election can not be forecast with any considerable degree of accuracy.

The ticket to be elected comprises two judges of the supreme court, a railroad and warehouse commissioner, state superintendent of public schools, 16 congressmen and a full state legislature with the exception of 17 holdover senators.

At the Democratic state central committee headquarters it is claimed the state will be carried by a Democratic majority of between 20,000 and 40,000 votes. A Republican majority of from 15,000 to 20,000 votes in the state is the claim made at the Republican state central committee headquarters.

Election results in Kansas City, St. Louis and St. Joseph are doubtful, but indications are that the Democrats will carry Kansas City and St. Joseph and that St. Louis will go Republican.

AN "OFF YEAR" IN ILLINOIS

Republicans Expected to Carry State by a Big Majority.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—The actual work of the state and county campaign was finished tonight with mass meetings in all parts of the city and state. The apathy which characterized the campaign in the early stage has vanished, and during the last three weeks much more fervor has been shown. It has been decidedly an "off year" politically, however. In the state the only officers to be elected are state treasurer, state superintendent of public instruction and three trustees of the state uni-

REPUBLICANS HAVE HOPE

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—The Republicans express hope of electing H. Clay Evans governor in the coming election, but Democratic managers assert that Malcolm R. Patterson will receive the usual Democratic majorities. Democrats claim that the representation, four Democrats and three Republicans, will be unchanged, while Republicans say that they have a chance to gain the Fourth and Eighth districts. The legislature will be Democratic and will elect as United States senator, Robert L. Taylor.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 3.—With the exception of a big rally in the Fourth district Monday night, the Arkansas congressional campaign closed tonight with every indication that the Democratic majorities in all even districts will be large. In the Fourth district, George Tiller, Republican, has made a hard fight.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 3.—The campaign in South Carolina closed in September with the second Democratic primary, at which Martin F. Ansell was nominated for governor and a full state ticket was named, which will be elected. Democratic nominees for congress will all be elected. Nominal opposition appears in two districts only.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 3.—The only important issue in this strongly Democratic state is the Everglades drainage question, warmly supported by the state government and opposed by many influential citizens. The result is in doubt.

Chairman Talbot of the Republican state committee tonight predicted the election of the Republican ticket by a plurality of from 45,000 to 50,000, providing that the full party vote comes out.

Chairman Feeney of the Democratic state committee claims that Moran will be elected by a plurality exceeding 36,000, and that the other Democratic candidates also will be successful.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—The congressional campaign in Louisiana has been quiet. Probably the only opposition is in the seventh district.

STUDYING IN PARIS

Alexander Harrison, the famous painter of marine pieces, has a studio in Brittany, and a young woman who met him there in the early summer said:

"Mr. Harrison's studio is in Concarneau, a little seaside town devoted to sardine fishing. His windows overlook the sea, and up and down pass continually, on the glittering water, the little sardine boats with their brown sails. Everywhere sardine nets hang drying—huge nets in weave as fine and frail as lace, in color a deep blue.

"I asked Mr. Harrison if he thought American art students did well to come abroad to study.

"He looked from his window at the picturesque scene, and he said that undoubtedly the atmosphere was more artistic in Europe than in America.

"He thought, though, that Paris, as a city to study and work in, was overrated. To illustrate his meaning, he said that a certain rich man's son, after three years in Paris, wrote home to his father in St. Joseph:

"'Dear Father: I have made up my mind to set to work. Please let me know at your earliest convenience whether it was painting, architecture, or music, that I came to Paris to study.'"

Is Disease a Crime?

Not very long ago, a popular magazine published an editorial article in which the writer asserted, in substance, that all disease should be regarded as criminal. Certain it is, that much of the sickness and suffering of mankind is due to the violation of certain of Nature's laws. But to say that all sickness should be regarded as criminal, must appeal to every reasonable individual as radically wrong.

It would be [illegible] unsympathetic, [illegible] under the heavy load of household cares and burdens, and suffers from weaknesses, various displacements of pelvic organs and other derangements peculiar [illegible] exacting demands upon the system, coupled with the care, worry and labor of rearing a large family, is often the cause of weakness, derangements and debility which are aggravated by the many household cares, and the hard, and never-ending work which the mother is called upon to perform. Dr. Pierce, the maker of that world-famed remedy for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ills—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—says that one of the greatest obstacles to the cure of this class of maladies is the fact that the poor, over-worked housewife cannot get the needed rest from her many household cares and labor to enable her to secure from the use of his "Prescription" its full benefits. It is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases, to meet with those in which his treatment fails by reason of the patient's inability to abstain from hard work long enough to be cured. With those suffering from prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion of the uterus or other displacement of the womanly organs, it is very necessary that, in addition to taking his "Favorite Prescription" they abstain from being very much, or for long periods, on their feet. All heavy lifting or straining of any kind should also be avoided. As much out-door air as possible, with moderate, light exercise is also very important. Let the patient observe these rules and the "Favorite Prescription" will do the rest.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound.

If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate and regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

For Over Fifty Years
An Old and Well-tried Remedy
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over 50 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other.

THE GAZETTE TO ANY PART OF THE CITY. 60 CENTS A MONTH.

WHO DOES YOUR THINKING?
Do You? Or Does Someone Else?

What would it mean to you to be well, to get out of the grunting habit? What do you think? [illegible] all these chronic diseases that are so prevalent? What causes catarrh, bronchitis, consumption, asthma, catarrh of the stomach, bowels and intestines? What causes rheumatism? What causes [illegible], paralysis, epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, shortness of breath? What causes dyspepsia and other troublesome stomach diseases? What causes diseases of the kidneys and bladder and diseases of the female organs? What causes diseases of the liver, spleen and appendix? What causes the various diseases of the skin? What do you think?

How can these diseases be cured? Suppose that YOU have contracted one or more of these chronic diseases, what are you going to do about it? Are you going to see a doctor, your family physician, have him look at your tongue, feel your pulse, charge you two dollars and write you a prescription? Are YOU going to take this prescription to a drug store and have it filled with something just as good? Will this procedure cure YOU? Has it ever been proven that the majority of chronic diseases will not yield to drug treatment alone? (Yes) Or will you go to Chicago or New York to a specialist who has all the up-to-date appliances to treat your case and who charges two dollars a minute for examination and five dollars a minute for treatment? Are YOU rich enough; have you the time to do that?

What's that? You ARE afflicted (or it is your wife or child) with some terrible, chronic disease, but can not afford to go to Chicago or New York because the expense is too great and the specialists there charge too much? You HAVE tried the family doctor, the faith healer, the patent medicine route, the hot springs treatment, etc., and are no better? What's that? There ARE no chronic disease specialists in Colorado Springs who are equipped as the Eastern specialists? What about the New York Doctors? Have they not been telling you through the columns of The Gazette for the past four years that they are SPECIALISTS and are equipped to treat all chronic diseases of men, women and children, and that their equipment contains all of the latest and up-to-date appliances for the administration of electricity, hot air treatment for rheumatism, and all mechanical instruments? Have you not read that they charge nothing for consultation, and that their charges for treatment are so reasonable that they are within the reach of all? Have you not read that they treat patients by the month and furnish all their medicines from their own laboratories, thereby assuring you that you get just what is needed in your individual case? Do you not remember that your neighbor, or was it your neighbor's wife, took treatment from the New York Doctors and was cured?

Now that you know this, don't you think that you had better call and consult them about your condition tomorrow morning and get their opinion? What do you think?

New York Doctors

308-9-10 Colorado Building. Hours 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m.

NOVEMBER

Is a particularly good month to have a telephone placed in your residence, the other months are February, August, March, September, [illegible]

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.

R. F. MORRIS, District Manager.

120 E. Kiowa St. PHONE MAIN 32

MAKE THE OLD HOME NEW

and cheerful with pretty pictures and choice art goods. You will be surprised at what we can do at small cost to you.

W. L. NISSLY, 113 N. Tejon St.

Your Credit Is Good

Accounts opened.

Our Motto: Fair Dealing, Money's Worth or Money Back.

Granville's

105½ No. Tejon Street

Everything to wear [illegible] goods and children [illegible] house furnishing goods [illegible] and tapestry curtains, [illegible] carpets, table linen, bedding.

Everything on credit at cheaper prices than spot cash stores.

We allow no house to undersell us, no matter what they advertise.

WE HAVE HAD A HAND in all of the best jobs of plumbing and heating installed in the city. We claim that our work is always painstaking, thorough and efficient. We personally superintend all work entrusted to us. We guarantee all work whether it be repairing or new work. We employ only competent workmen. You can rest assured that when your work is done by us it will be well done. Our prices are just as reasonable as is consistent with good work. Your patronage solicited.

ST. JOHN & BARNES,

The Prompt Plumbers.

Phone 11. 204 N. Tejon St.

CAN YOU BE COMFORTABLE IF YOUR UNDERWEAR ISN'T THE RIGHT SORT? OF COURSE YOU CAN'T. A MAN'S UNDERWEAR IS AS IMPORTANT AS ANY OTHER ARTICLE OF WEARING APPAREL. OUR STORE IS A MAN'S STORE WHERE EVERY KIND OF UNDERWEAR IS TO BE FOUND. ONE MAN WEARS WITH COMFORT THE HEAVIEST, COARSEST WOOLEN. ANOTHER CANNOT WEAR EVEN THE VERY FINEST, SOFTEST WOOLEN. TO PLEASE ALL IT'S NECESSARY TO CARRY A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT. OUR SHOWING OF UNION UNDERWEAR IS NO SMALL FACTOR. LET US SHOW YOU HOW WELL WE CAN PLEASE YOU. WE HAVE GOOD UNDERWEAR FROM 50C TO AS HIGH AS YOU WANT TO GO. HOLBROOK AND PERKINS.

PECK FURTHER DENIES STORY

Says He Would Know if Option Had Been Given on Portland Details of Alleged Negotiations

"There is no option . . . on . . . of the stock of the Portland Gold Mining . . . [illegible] . . . the stockholders . . . Portland company . . . offered the . . ."

At various times . . . offers have . . . for the purchase of the . . . company. The . . . but the matter . . .

Mr. . . . friend . . . option . . . Peck . . . secretary and . . . Portland Gold Mining company.

The . . . by Mr. Peck . . . in answer to the . . . published regarding . . . the Portland stock . . .

A Denver afternoon paper yesterday published . . . official confirmation . . . The statement was . . . deal for the option had been entered into and . . . by European capitalists . . . represented in Colorado Springs by President A. G. Sharp of the Exchange National bank of this city . . . the control on August 2.

It was also stated that an option had been given on 1,785,000 shares and that the arrival in New York of R. C. Shannon on Friday resulted in the latter's placing of his holdings aggregating 450,000 in the pool. A total of 2,235,000 out of 3,000,000 shares of capital stock is thus given under option according to the report. The quoted price of $2.25 per share would thus result in a deal involving nearly $6,000,000.

It was also stated that W. J. Miller, a prominent Denver mining expert, had examined the Portland property, the ore values of which he placed on April 21, 1906 as follows:

	Value
400,000 tons high grade ore in sight	$ 7,200,000
2,433,075 tons second grade in sight	5,046,150
1,000,000 tons in dumps	1,800,000
352,000 tons of tailings	877,600
Total available ore	$14,923,600

How to Cure a Cold

The question of how to cure a cold without unnecessary loss of time is one in which we are all more or less interested, for the quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger of pneumonia and other serious diseases. Mr. B. W. L. Hall of Waverly, Va. has used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for years and says: "I firmly believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be absolutely the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to my friends and they all agree with me." For sale by all druggists.

The point we want to make is, if you don't know our home made candies as we make them you don't know all you ought to. Call and try them. St. John Confectionery Co., 15 E. Bijou. Phone 1346.

OAK LODGE . . . MONEY

Will keep your clothes pressed. Hunter, 111 North Tejon street. Phone 1364.

Going hunting? Buy your shells of the Lowell-Meservey Hardware Co.

TALKING PIKE CENTENNIAL

W. W. Wood Says Springs Will Reap Benefits From Advertising.

"The beneficial effects of the advertising which this city received through the Pike Centennial are evident throughout the east," said W. W. Wood, city passenger agent of the Rock Island system, who has returned from a trip to Chicago and other eastern cities. "Everybody is talking of the big celebration and a great deal of favorable comment is heard on the successful manner in which this city managed the affair. It was something unique among the big celebrations of the last few years and apparently everybody visiting in the city at the time went away pleased. Much credit is due the newspapers of the country, both east and west for the splendid publicity they accorded the Centennial and in my opinion Colorado . . . will reap the benefit of it next season."

DR. GREGG ON FRANCE

Fourth Talk in Series of Travels in Europe.—Mrs. Briscoe to Play.

The congregations have filled the First Congregational church every Sunday evening since the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Gregg, has been giving his talks suggested by his summer vacation spent in Europe, and the quartet choir has been rendering special musical programs. Dr. Gregg's subject for this evening will be, "France in the Sixteenth Century and the Twentieth Century." All students of the city will find it worth while to attend these series, as they are instructive as well as interesting.

Mrs. Briscoe's violin solos have added greatly to the pleasure of the services, and this evening her number will be "Simple Aveu," by Thorne. Mr. Stevenson has been requested to repeat "Andantino," by Lemare, on the organ, and the quartet will sing two anthems and an unaccompanied response. Following is the full musical program to be rendered this evening:

Organ Prelude, "Andantino" (By request) . . . Lemare
Response . . . Shelley
Anthem, "Hark, Hark, My Soul" . . . Buck
Offertory, Violin Solo, "Simple Aveu" . . . Thorne
Mrs. Briscoe
Quartet, "Now the Day Is Over" . . . Tours
Organ Postlude, "Fughetta" . . . Lemare

MANY CANDIDATES SPEAK

Closing Rallies in El Paso County Towns Held Last Night.

The last of a series of meetings held throughout the county during the week by the Republicans took place last night at Monument and Ramah. Oliver P. Grimes, candidate for sheriff, and Robert J. Verner, candidate for the legislature, spoke at Monument. O. E. Collins, candidate for the legislature, and John B. Stephen, candidate for senator, addressed a rally at Ramah.

The meetings last night completed the circuit of the county towns, in all of which Republican rallies have been held during the campaign. The voters of the county districts have turned out in large numbers to all the meetings and the candidates say that more than usual interest has been manifested in the issues of this campaign. . . . from outlying districts . . .

"77"

Humphreys' Seventy-Seven Cures Grip and

COLDS

The display lines "77" for Grip and "77" for Colds are familiar to every newspaper reader and that's everybody—the story underneath changes every time—watch it for hints on the treatment of Colds and Grip, tells how to avoid taking Cold, how to check a Cold in the beginning, how to break up a stubborn Cold that hangs on, tells how to keep well—see also Dr. Humphreys' Manual—it's sent for the asking.

At Druggists, 25 cents or mailed.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., . . .

Abstract Trust BROKEN

There has been a great deal published of late in local papers regarding the COLORADO SPRINGS ABSTRACT TRUST.

That such a Trust has existed since May 1, 1904, we will admit; that the charges demanded by the Trust are exorbitant, excessive and unreasonable, we will admit.

Believing that present prices are unfair to our patrons and the public, we therefore beg leave to announce that we have readopted the old scale of prices which prevailed before the formation of the Trust . . .

Abstracts on mining claims, $1.00 per entry.

Abstracts on lands and city lots, first . . .

Additional entries, 50c each.

Certificates $1.00 each.

Extension same price as original abstract.

(Old rate $1.00 per entry for all entries and $2.00 for each certificate.)

We have a thoroughly competent man of wide experience in charge, who is second to none in the city.

Thanking you for past favors, and soliciting a fair share of your future patronage, we remain,

Yours for business

Colorado Springs Abstract Co.

122½ E. Pike's Peak Ave.
Opposite Postoffice

12½c Silkalines 5c yd

A choice lot of light medium and dark yard wide silkalines—just the thing for comforters and draperies. Warsop's price was 12½c yard, Sale Price.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE HIBBARDS 19 SO. TEJON ST. COLORADO SPRINGS

Swiss Curtains 50c pr

100 prs. of white swiss curtains, plain, corded and figured with ruffled and Battenberg looped edge, good assortment—Warsop's price was $1.00 and $1.25 a pair, Sale Price.

Tomorrow at 9 a. m. We Open the Sale

Warsop's Bankrupt Stock

At 1/4-1/3 and 1/2 Warsop & Co.'s Prices

We (C. A. Hibbard & Co., 19 South Tejon St.) have bought the E. W. Warsop & Co.'s Bankrupt Stock from C. T. Fertig the assignee, and will place same on sale at our store tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock at unheard of prices. Don't miss the opportunity 'twill be a most extraordinary value giving sale. Remember the sale begins promptly at 9 o'clock, so be on hand early.

E. W. Warsop & Co., at 208 North Tejon Street, have always had a reputation for handling the finest and best obtainable in the lines they handled—in fact their stock was comparatively new, owing to the short time they were in business in Colorado Springs. There isn't another similar stock in the city so new, fresh and desirable as this one.

The Warsop stock includes Lace Curtains, Portieres, Tapestries, Curtain Materials, Screens, Pillows, Rugs, Linoleums, Drapery Rods, Fixtures, etc.

Lace Curtains

Hundreds of pairs of white and Arabian lace, Swiss and net curtains—all kinds—some are imported goods, on sale as follows:

Warsop's Price 1.00 & 1.25 pr., now 50c
Warsop's Price 1.50 & 1.75 pr., now 75c
Warsop's Price $2.00 pr., now . $1.00
Warsop's Price $2.75 pr., now .. 1.50
Warsop's Price $4.50 pr., now . 2.50
Warsop's Price $5.50 pr., now .. 3.50
Warsop's Price $12.50 pr., now . 6.00
Warsop's Price $18.00 pr., now . 10.00

Fancy Portieres

Several styles of mission and cut leather portieres in green, red and brown; also a good assortment of rope and silk cord portieres on sale as follows:

Warsop's Price $3.75, now $2.00
Warsop's Price $4.25, now 2.75
Warsop's Price $7.50, now 3.75
Warsop's Price $10.00, now 5.00
Warsop's Price $17.50, now 6.50

Folding Screens

Fancy Japanese screens decorated by hand with brush and needlework handsome work; also a number of oak and white enameled silkaline covered screens as follows:

Warsop's Price $3.00, now $2.00
Warsop's Price $4.50, now 2.50
Warsop's Price $8.00, now 4.00
Warsop's Price $10.00 now 3.50

Linoleum Sale

First quality imported printed linoleums in pretty carpet and scroll patterns, Warsop's price was $1 yard, now.. **50c**

One lot of pretty "Saratoga" or bath room rugs three sizes, at about ½ price.

Tapestry Portieres

Not a large quantity of these but some excellent values for those who come early: Striped and figured tapestry curtains in rich colorings, as follows:

Warsop's Price $4.50 a pair, now $3.00
Warsop's Price $7.50 a pair, now 5.00
Warsop's Price $12.00 a pair, now 6.00

Bamboo Portieres

Bamboo and beaded portieres in various styles and colors at half and less than half price:

Warsop's Price $4.50, now..... $2.00
Warsop's Price $5.50, now 2.50
Warsop's Price $10.00, now 4.00
Warsop's Price $14.00, now 5.99

Tapestries, Etc.

Fine imported tapestries, reps, velours, plushes, etc., in silk, wool and cotton textures, beautiful patterns in figures, checks, stripes, embossed effects and plain colors—an immense variety:

Warsop's Price 1.00 & 1.40 yd., now 59c
Warsop's Price 2.00 & 2.25 yd., now $1.00
Warsop's Price 3.00 to 4.50 yd., now 1.50
Warsop's Price 5.00 to 6.00 yd., now 2.00

Net Bed Sets

Exquisite things in two-piece bed sets of lace and Brussels net bed and bolster covers, some are prettily trimmed with ruffles and shirring, while others are worked in colors, on sale as follows:

Warsop's Price $4.50, now $2.00
Warsop's Price $17.50, now 6.50
Warsop's Price $25.00, now 10.00

Brass and oxidized curtain and drapery fixtures at about.......................½ PRICE

By the Yard

Two lots of pretty figured and striped silkalines suitable for comforter and drapery purposes go on sale as follows:

Warsop's Price 12½c yd., now 7c
Warsop's Price 15c yd., now 8c

BURLAPS. Yard wide, plain colored, heavy burlaps in green, wine, blue and natural color. Warsop's price was 20c yard, now........ **10c**

SATEEN. A number of pieces of 36-inch art, drapery and comforter sateens in attractive flowered and figured designs, Warsop's price was 25c yard, now........ **8c**

CREPE DRAPERY. Several pieces of soft crepe drapery material for fancy work and curtains, Warsop's price was 40c yard, now........ **18c**

ART TICKINGS. Neat and pretty striped and figured art tickings for practical use and fancy work, Warsop's price was 40c yard, now........ **12½c**

SWISSES, MADRAS, ETC. A lot of imported and domestic curtain swisses, madras and muslins in embroidered, checked, figured, raised and openwork patterns—white and colored:

Warsop's Price 12½c to 20c yd., now 8c
Warsop's Price 20c to 40c yd., now 12½c
Warsop's Price 50c to 60c yd., now 25c

Couch Covers

Full size tapestry couch covers in fancy stripes and oriental designs, choice dark colors:

Warsop's Price $2.50, now $1.50
Warsop's Price $5.00, now 3.50

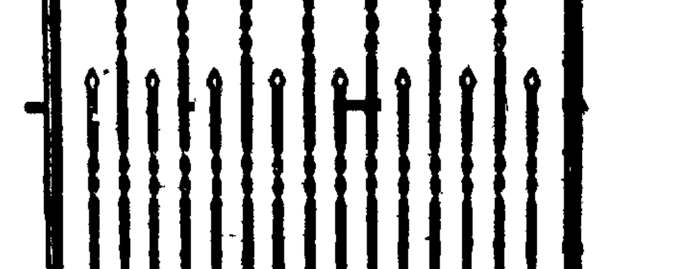
One lot of small size uncovered . . . Warsop's price was $1.25: now **50c**

Carpet Samples

Best Wilton velvet and Bigelow Axminster carpets with firm selvedged ends—. . . worth $3.00 to $4.50, now........ **$1.25**

Carpet Samples

. . . quality velvet, Axminster and body Brussels carpets with selvedged ends 1½ . . . regularly worth $1.25 to $2.50, now........ **$1.00**



Beautify Your Lawn With Iron Fence

HASSELL IRON WORKS CO. . . . Structural Iron, Brass and . . . Castings.

CRAPSER'S

10c 25c 50c — AT ALL DRUGGISTS

TRY THEM TO-DAY — THEY NEVER FAIL

THE RELIABLE FAMILY REMEDY FOR

CONSTIPATION BILIOUSNESS AND HEADACHE

They . . . and . . . natural . . . Purely Vegetable. Contain no injurious ingredients. Highly recommended and endorsed. A trial will convince . . . of their . . .

. . . CRAPSER REMEDY CO., Colorado Springs, Colo.

We Deliver the Goods

The Prompt Printery

14 East Kiowa Street
Telephone 636

MINERAL WATER

THE FAMOUS

Ute Chief, SODA and Manitou

MINERAL WATERS

Fresh From the Springs Daily
Colorado Springs and Pueblo
MINERAL WATER
for
MEDICINAL AND TABLE USE

When in need of Mineral Water Call Phone Main 583 or write us for rates. Free Delivery.

THE COLORADO

Mineral Water Co.

24 E. PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Special Sale GENUINE BRASS BEDSTEADS

COMPRISING OVER

40 DIFFERENT STYLES AND SIZES

ranging in price from $22 to $65, including the latest styles from the celebrated factory of Adams, Westlake. Our line of metal beds is very complete.

Metal beds at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, etc., etc., etc., up to $15. We manufacture all of the box springs we sell, as well as the finest hair mattresses, and supply the famous OSTERMOOR MATTRESSES AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES. See our winter stock now on sale.

The FRED S. TUCKER FURNITURE CO. 106-108 N. TEJON ST. COLORADO SPRINGS

. . . Oriental Rugs . . . cleaning . . .

Also Fluff Rugs made from old carpets. 436 E. Kiowa St. Phone 1377.

GAZETTE WANT ADS. MAKE BUSINESS HUM

Ladies Admitted Free

every afternoon and Monday and Thursday night

Ollinger's Roller Skating Rink

Band Music at Night

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

"Thomas Millinery"

We have secured a large line of

Fancy Tailored and Street Hats

Which we can place on sale at

25% Off Regular Price

These models are attractive in every detail—many being designed for the late Horse Show in New York.

Visitors will immediately appreciate the fact that such another showing of STIFF HATS has never been offered in Colorado Springs.

Phone 633 *13 S. Tejon St.*

"There's Health in Every Drop"

of clarified milk because it comes from healthy animals, housed in sanitary quarters, and is scientifically clarified under perfect conditions and delivered in sealed bottles at 16 quarts for $1.00

Ring 590 if your family's health is a consideration.

The Sanitary Dairy Co.

16-20 W. Verijo St.

Societies and Clubs

One of the charming social events of of the week was the fancy dress ball given by the Contemporary club. Miss Scott, the president of the club, received the guests, assisted by Mrs. Cowin, Mrs. Ahlers, Miss Loomis and Miss Tanner. The large gymnasium was decorated with a quantity of pennants, red and white, the colors of the club. The costumes were elaborate and the scene was altogether a charming one.

The Contemporary club of Colorado college gave an enjoyable musicale on Friday afternoon in the club house. The program included the following numbers: Violin solo, Miss Clara West; vocal solo, Mrs. Seldomridge; "Love Letters of a Musician," Miss Skinner; vocal solo, Mrs. Perry; piano solo, Mrs. Faust.

A meeting of the Garfield Kindergarten association will be held tomorrow at 4 p. m., in room 8 of the Garfield building.

Members of post No. 22, G. A. R., are requested to attend the meeting of the post Tuesday night. Officers for the coming year will be elected.

Pike's Peak lodge No. 48, I. O. O. F., will celebrate its twenty-sixth anniversary Thursday evening with appropriate exercises. A musical and literary program will be given. Past Commander C. D. Cobb, who established the lodge here, will deliver an address. Mr. Cobb is said to be an interesting speaker. All Odd Fellows are invited to be present. The members of neighboring lodges have also been invited.

At a recent meeting of the young women of the First Baptist church held at the home of Mrs. C. E. Emery, a chapter of the International Philathia society was organized. Officers were elected and a systematic course of Bible study planned. Mrs. Emery will have charge of the Bible study work, which will meet at 9:45 o'clock each Sunday morning in the pastor's study. Those interested in such work are invited to become members of the society.

A meeting of Colonial Dames who reside in Colorado Springs will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. W. T. Gauss, 2030 North Cascade avenue. Those attending are asked to bring some heirloom and give a story concerning it.

The Coburn Library Book club will hold its annual meeting in the board of trustees room at Palmer hall at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Dr. W. C. Sturgis will address the members of the Men's league of the First Baptist church at its first meeting today from 12:15 to 1 p. m.

Miss Blanche Schmitt delightfully entertained the Delta Sigma Phi on Halloween night. The spacious parlor was artistically decorated in the sorority colors, leaf green and white. The dining room table had as a centerpiece a large pumpkin heaped with fruit and fringed with autumn leaves. Yellow ribbons were stretched from the centerpiece to each cover where there were pretty place cards. Various Hallowe'en games were played during the evening, and refreshments were served by the hostess. Those present were Misses Eula Hamilton, Irma Hamilton, Helen Farr, Irene Clark, Luthelia Forcival, Mary Clark, Adah Shafer, Clyde Templeton and Ethel St. John.

The Beta Omega chapter of the Kappa Sigma fraternity gave an informal reception last evening in the fraternity house, 930 North Weber street. President and Mrs. William F. Slocum, Dr. and Mrs. Florian Cajori, Dr. and Mrs. George I. Finlay, and Mr. and Mrs. John Speed Tucker, assisted in receiving.

Among the guests were Miss Loomis, Mrs. W. C. Tegtmeyer, Misses Aiken, Scott, Laughlin, Cheley, Cowing, Holmes, Hayden, Kampf, Lattner, Lee, McLain, McKinnie, Parsons, Sweeney, Sullivan, Turner, Webb, Wilson, Prichard and Sinton.

More than 100 ladies were present at a meeting of the Woman's Federation of clubs at the residence of Mrs. M. L. Colburn on Wood avenue, yesterday afternoon. A delightful program was given, consisting of the following numbers: violin solo by Mrs. Briscoe, accompanied by Mrs. Hemus; vocal solo by Mrs. Perry, accompanied by Mrs. Sharer; talk on "Tennyson as a Pre-Raphaelite," by Miss Cora McDonald, of Denver. At the close of the program refreshments were served by Mrs. W. A. Anderson, assisted by Mrs. W. C. Robinson and Mrs. J. L. Harbaugh.

A Quick and Safe Remedy for Bowel Complaints.

Twenty years ago Mr. Geo. W. Brock discovered that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was a quick and safe cure for bowel complaints. "During these years," he says, "I have used it and recommended it many times and the results have never yet disappointed me." Mr. Brock is publisher of the Aberdeen, Md., Enterprise. For sale by all druggists.

HOOTEN'S BIG MUSIC SALE NOW ON

Regular 25c sheet music, 9c per copy. See window display with Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon.

BIRTHDAY PARTY—A party of about 75 members and friends of the First Congregational church gathered at the home of their pastor, the Rev. E. J. Spencer, 123 Cooper avenue, Friday evening to celebrate his sixty-fifth birthday. The party was a complete surprise to the Rev. Mr. Spencer. W. R. Brice with a few well chosen words, presented Mr. Spencer with a purse containing sixty silver dollars as a token of the esteem in which the recipient was held by his friends.

LEMAIRE PARIS

Opera and Field Glasses

THE BEST IN THE WORLD

Used in the United States Army and Navy

GOODALE REARRESTED

TAKEN BACK TO MISSOURI TO STAND TRIAL.

Prisoner Driven About Town for Three Hours to Avoid Habeas Corpus Service.

Marshall S. Goodale, the alleged seducer of his sister's 14-year-old daughter, was yesterday rearrested by the local sheriff's office and turned over to Marshal Vernon Downing of Jackson county, Mo., on an executive warrant and order issued by Governor Jesse F. McDonald, immediately after being released from the county jail on a remittitur from the state supreme court.

Marshal Downing, fearful of being served with a writ of habeas corpus at the instance of Goodale's attorney, J. W. Kriger, drove about town with his prisoner for nearly three hours in a closed carriage, leaving with Goodale at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Kansas City on the Santa Fe road.

Goodale was arrested several weeks ago in Colorado City and turned over to the sheriff's office on complaint of his sister, Mrs. Sarah Brown, of that town, who charged her brother with having forcibly raped her 14-year-old daughter in a Kansas City hotel. Goodale and his niece were en route on a visit to the former's other sister at St. Louis, and the girl claims that her uncle, after repeatedly abusing her, threatened her with death if she revealed his actions.

Mrs. Brown mortgaged her Colorado City home in order to raise funds to journey to Kansas City, where she swore out a warrant for Goodale's arrest. The latter had been arrested here meantime, and habeas corpus proceedings for his release had been started when the warrant arrived. The requisition papers issued to Gov. Jesse McDonald by Gov. Joseph Folk of Missouri were found to be defective, but a second set of papers arrived before Goodale was released, Judge J. W. Sheafor of the local district court having denied the writ of habeas corpus.

To prevent the officer from taking Goodale back to Missouri the supreme court was asked for a remititur on the ground that the warrant was faulty. The prosecution meantime sent for a second warrant. Yesterday the supreme court sustained Attorney Kriger's contention that the warrant was defective and ordered Goodale's release. The corrected warrant, however, arrived in time to secure Governor McDonald's executive order for Goodale's rearrest and transfer to Downing, with the result that the prisoner was again placed in custody at the entrance to the jail yard, 30 seconds after he left the door.

A pathetic feature of the case lies in that fact that Mrs. M. Goodale, the aged mother of the prisoner, has spent most of her savings in the legal defense of her son. The legal battles which have been waged during the pendency of the suit, together with the strategy employed on both sides, have made it one of the most interesting, from a law point, in the history of the local courts.

The vein of human interest which threads the case throughout renders it as pathetic from a personal standpoint as it is interesting in a legal sense.

TAX LEVY IS REDUCED

COMMISSIONERS FIX RATE FOR EL PASO COUNTY.

Is One-Half Mill Lower Than Last Year.—Evidence of Economical Administration.

The economy of the present Republican administration in county affairs is shown by the county tax levy, which was yesterday fixed by the board of county commissioners at 6½ mills on the dollar.

This is a reduction of one-half mill from last year's tax, and makes the levy in El Paso county probably the lowest in the state. In 1900 the county tax levy was twelve mills, and although the new county court house, costing approximately $450,000, has been constructed and paid for since that time, the levy has steadily decreased. The commissioners hope soon to reduce the tax levy to five mills.

The assessed valuation of property in El Paso county is approximately $24,160,000, slightly less than that of 1905.

COLLEGE "FRAT" INITIATION

Three Young Men Furnish Amusement for Down-Town People. Banquet Follows Fun

People passing the corner of Tejon and Pike's Peak avenue last night about 8 o'clock wondered at the strange antics of three young men, who seemed to be rehearsing some of the scenes which they passed through when in knee trousers. One of them, fantastically dressed in a costume of many colors, was riding a stick horse, and with exceptional skill guided his steed along the street. In the meantime, one of his comrades, who had also fallen prey to some strange fancy, was patrolling the space in front of Robinson's drug store. His tall paper cap was set far back on his head and on his shoulder he carried a wooden gun. Busily crying "Evening Gazette," the other member of the trio picked his way along the crowded street. At last he sat down on the curbing and ate his lunch.

About 9 o'clock the three young men, who had been amusing the people and incidentally fulfilling the requirements of the Delta Phi Theta fraternity, were taken in charge by a crowd of Colorado college students and escorted to Tucker's restaurant, where a banquet was served.

This is the second college fraternity initiation held since the beginning of school in September. The young men who were received into the Delta Phi Theta last night are John Burgess, Hugh Gilmore and Thomas Fuller.

The selling of furs at auction at the beginning of winter is unusual. Mr. Aiken's fur sale affords an opportunity to secure them cheap when most needed.

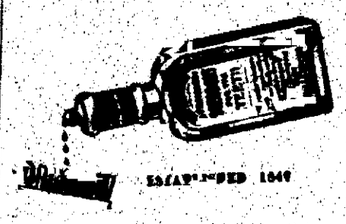
COG ROAD SEASON TO CLOSE

Last Train for Summit Will Leave This Afternoon.

The Pike's Peak cog road will close a prosperous season today, running its last train from Manitou to the summit of Pike's Peak at 1:30 this afternoon.

Following the custom adopted several years ago, the cog road has reduced its fare for the last two days of the season. Yesterday the fare was just half the regular fare and this will be the case today. The trip to the Peak and back will cost but $2.50 today. The first train leaves at 9:25 a. m. and the afternoon train at 1:30 p. m.

The scenery is unusually beautiful at this time owing to the early heavy fall of snow.



If people will experiment with imitations of SOZODONT, they must be willing to stand the pain and suffering resulting from teeth injured and perhaps ruined forever. Do not experiment.

Stand by the old honest Dentifrice and your teeth will stand by you.

Eyes to be fitted properly should be tested scientifically by someone who is an expert. Guess work is not safe.

J. H. NELSON

Optician

113 East Pike's Peak.

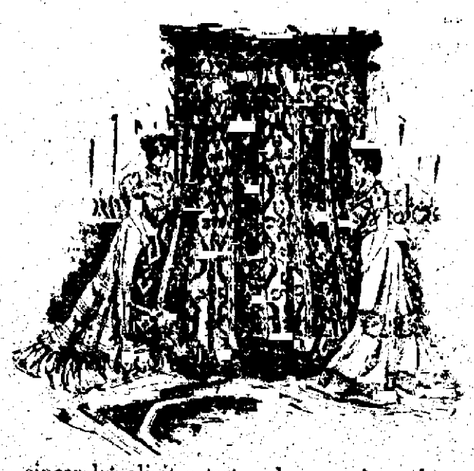
4 Doors west of postoffice.

Corosis Shoes

For Women and Children at

Robbins

We suit every idea of furniture buying



The Fairley store opens its doors to the "masses." It supplies the housefurnishing demands of the citizens of Colorado Springs and vicinity of every station. Taking an active interest in the welfare of its patrons this store is meriting the support of the entire community and has awakened in the minds of all loyal people the spirit of local pride. Nothing could indicate more clearly to you the preeminence of Fairley's as an economy and furniture style center than rigid comparison of our offers. Knowing the conclusion to which you are bound to arrive we sincerely solicit a test and comparison along any lines you may wish to investigate.

We have already put away several suites as well as single pieces that have been purchased for Christmas presents. In buying now your selection is better. A deposit secures any article until called for.

Fairley Bros. & Fairley

"COLORADO SPRINGS HOME FURNISHERS"

23 South Tejon Street

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Vote for Judge Ben. B. Lindsey for Governor

by writing the word "Independent" at the top of your ballot.

He stands for reform. He has already accomplished much. He will accomplish much more as governor. He is fighting graft and grafters. His chances of election are good. The best people from all parts of the state are sending assurances of support.

Vote for him and for the local reform candidates approved by him and by the good citizenship committees, by writing the word "Independent" at top of your ballot. If you do not vote a straight Independent ticket, then leave the name of the ticket blank and put a cross opposite his name and the name of each local candidate for whom you desire to vote. There is no possibility of spoiling your ballot in this way.

NEWTON S. GANDY

A Warm Room

at all times of the day in any kind of weather if you have a GAS HEATER.

Have you taken advantage of our Special offer?

1 Gas Heater 4 ft. Gas Hose for $1.25

This will not last long, so don't delay. Get One Now.

Order from The Gas Co.

Phone Main 23

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Piles Quickly Cured at Home

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—Trial Package Mailed Free to All in Plain Wrapper.

[illegible] sary.

There is just one other sure way to be cured—painless, safe and in the privacy of your own home—it is Pyramid Pile Cure.

We mail a trial package free to all who write.

It will give you instant relief, show you the harmless, painless nature of this great remedy and start you well on the way toward a perfect cure.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents and often one box cures.

If the druggist tries to sell you something just as good, it is because he makes more money on the substitute.

Insist on having what you call for.

The cure begins at once and continues rapidly until it is complete and permanent.

You can go right ahead with your work and be easy and comfortable all the time.

It is well worth trying.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 65 Pyramid building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home.

No knife and its torture,
No doctor and his bills.
All druggists 50 cents. Write today for a free package.

BALLOON MAKES RECORD TRIP

Covers 126 Miles in Two and One-Half Hours.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 3.—The balloon Centaur, having on board Leo Stevens, Captain Homer W. Hedge and Lieutenant F. M. Butler, all of New York, which made an ascension from Pittsfield at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, landed at Branford at 7 o'clock tonight. The speed attained has not been equaled in this country for the air line distance of 126 miles was covered in two and one-half hours. The aeronauts, after sighting Long Island, dropped the balloon 3,000 feet in one and one-half minutes. The balloon landed on the very edge of the sound.

RHEUMATISM CURED

The Circulation Stimulated and the Muscles and Joints lubricated by using

Sloan's Liniment

Price 25c 50c & $1.00
Sold by all Dealers

"Sloan's Treatise On The Horse" Sent Free
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

THE PEOPLE'S

Grocery and Market—S. James & Son.

115 E. Pike's Peak. Telephone Main 888.

Two Good Things

Richmond Creamery Butter, per lb ... 30c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz ... 30c

You are probably paying more and getting less value if you are accepting substitutes for these. We believe that they are the best and that's why we are selling them. A trial of these good things and the prompt and courteous attention your order will receive will convince you that this is the place to trade.

S. JAMES & SON

Excursion to Pike's Peak Saturday, Nov. 3, and Sunday, Nov. 4

Round Trip $2.50

Trains leave Manitou station 9:25 a. m. and 1.30 p. m. Returning arrive Manitou 1:13 p. m. and 5.15 p. m. Street car connections from Colorado Springs.

THE REAL ISSUE

(Continued From Page One)

[illegible] of a gambling house in the Cripple Creek district and who is [illegible] has been with [illegible] Cripple [illegible] self respect [illegible] have them.

Mr. R[illegible] said that the result that [illegible] from the independent ticket being in the field will [illegible] Democratic sheriff in [illegible] who had no hesitancy in [illegible] that if he was elected there [illegible] which [illegible] that the worst element [illegible] would be [illegible] and lawlessness in [illegible] would result. Robinson, he said, [illegible] he had bolted the Republican convention had seen fit for the sake of office to enter into an alliance with vice.

E. R. Babbitt Speaks

E. R. Babbitt, the second speaker of the evening, reviewed the phases of the law of the state which Patterson has taken on himself to use as a means of vilifying the supreme court. The speaker in a calm, impressive manner went into every detail of the argument that Patterson uses against the supreme court and explained to the audience in so lucid a manner the falsity of the Democratic senator's position that even those having little knowledge of the technicalities of the common law could understand it.

Mr. Babbitt's speech from beginning to end demonstrated that the speaker was appealing only to the calm reason of his hearers. As a campaign speech Mr. Babbitt's address was remarkable as it showed that while the speaker is enthusiastically in favor of the Republican candidates and their success at the election he would not let his enthusiasm prevent him from having his hearers understand just exactly the right and wrong of the questions involved in the campaign.

Denounces Patterson.

Patterson, whose source of income is derived from spreading the gospel of unrest and discontent, is the incarnation of the Democratic party in the state of Colorado. He is the dominating force which controls the Democratic party in this state. His yellow papers are howling about the crime of 1904 and we accept the issue and characterize this election this year as the unfinished business of 1904. The people on November 6 will, without a doubt, answer the question as to whether they prefer the conditions that exist now or those that were brought about in 1904 as the result of the loud cry of discontent that was kept up by Patterson. The conditions of the state have never been better, labor is employed whenever it wants to be, and the highest wages in the state's history are paid."

Mr. Babbitt said that Patterson had kept up a continual attack on the supreme court—on all courts, for that matter—for the purpose of building up class hatred. He had sought to make the people believe that the courts favor the corporations and the rich, and that they took advantage of the poor and unprotected. Mr. Babbitt challenged anybody to prove the truth of such statements, and insisted that if an examination of the records of the courts were made they would show that the courts had favored the poorer men who had sought justice at their hands if they had favored anybody.

Patterson's Methods

He said Patterson determined to get even with the supreme court after he had been fined by that body for contempt. He had been the direct cause of the nomination of Judge Seeds on the ticket for the supreme bench, and Seeds had pledged his word before the Democratic convention to do all in his power if elected to see that the wishes of his boss were carried out. No man is free from the vilification of Patterson, said the speaker. He has attacked Chancellor Buchtel because of his religion and because he is the president of a university.

"Did anybody ever hear of a candidate being nominated from a Patterson university or an Adams university?" asked Mr. Babbitt. "And yet both of these men have wealth enough to establish one far better than those who are now supporting the university of which Chancellor Buchtel is the honored head and for whom all those who have ever come in contact with him have the highest regard. Patterson and Adams have never founded anything but discontent and discord.

Headed the Wrong Way.

"The Democratic party is headed the wrong way. It is not going ahead. Its cry is always one of destruction rather than construction. It is well characterized by a verse from the immortal poet:

> 'The lightning bug is brilliant, but it hasn't any mind.
> It ambles through existence with its headlight on behind.'"

The speaker dwelt upon the "vindication" which is sought by Adams.

"The only vindication which Adams should seek is vindication for his brother who did all he could to steal the governorship for him. Adams is against corporations, and still he has to associate daily with the corporations in a business and money-making way. He is against the money power—he hates money—yet he spends much of his time as a banker counting it. He can't help it, of course, as it is shot into his hands by the muskets of Fate. It must be terrible for him to have to suffer so because he is rich. But he is not going hysterical over any attempt to part with his wealth. A good old friend once told me that the only member of the Adams family he ever knew to part with anything was when the head of the family, the original Adam, gave up a rib. And it is said that was taken from him when he was asleep.

Adams Insincere.

"Adams is insincere. He denounces others for doing the same things he does himself. He has been the willing recipient of positions which have been obtained by the political crimes of others. He and Patterson will probably never be happy until he has buried his money, and they have flung aloft the banner of Perplexity and Joy."

Mr. Babbitt said that after President Roosevelt had been in office a year or more Patterson, to a great extent, indorsed his policy, saying that he had done more for the people than the Democratic candidate if he had been elected would ever have done. He will probably indorse Chancellor Buchtel after he has been in office for a year, concluded the speaker.

Cranston Last Speaker.

The closing speech of the meeting was made by United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston. Mr. Cranston did not make an extended address, but from start to finish it was characterized by directness and demonstrated the speaker's thorough knowledge of the history of the legislation enacted by the Republican and Democratic parties since their inception, and the results obtained by their respective policies. He said that he had accompanied Chancellor Buchtel on his trip to several sections of the state, and that the Republican ticket would receive the largest plurality that it has for many years.

There has not been a single great principle evolved by the Republican party in its history that is dead," said Mr. Cranston, "and there has not been a single one put forth by the Democratic party in its history that is alive. Since the Republican party stood for and maintained the Union it has always upheld for the nation's integrity. It insisted that the just debts of the nation should be paid in the same money in which they were contracted. It created and maintained the great principle of protection, for American industries and American labor, and it has carried the flag of the nation into its newly-acquired territory with the result that the territories annexed and this country itself have been benefited in face of the cry of the Democrats that the nation is in danger [illegible] of imperialism.

Two Parties Contrasted

"So little has the Democratic party done for the country [illegible] election the Democrats [illegible] did not get enough votes [illegible] gun," he said. "The [illegible] learned the difference of the two parties [illegible] and doing [illegible] has been standing [illegible] out of its own.

The Democratic party [illegible] deal [illegible] press train. It howls because the [illegible] is going [illegible] definite point [illegible] definite purpose. [illegible] the same old story of [illegible] the train. The [illegible] Democratic party [illegible] that are denounced [illegible] with [illegible] of the Democratic party [illegible] epitaph upon the dead Democratic [illegible].

Mr. Cranston illustrated the difference between the Republican and Democratic [illegible] telling a story of [illegible] of which he saw a [illegible] bearing banners [illegible] sorts of mottoes of [illegible] content [illegible] a long [illegible] which read "The [illegible] Nothing." This was [illegible] procession. The other [illegible] to the breeze over the [illegible] of happy, hopeful [illegible] single banner on which [illegible] "Peace, Prosperity and Progress."

The speaker paid a [illegible] tribute to Chancellor Buchtel, who [illegible] was greeted with prolonged applause. He read a letter from President Roosevelt in which the president pointed out the necessity of the state of Colorado doing its share to elect the Republican representatives to the next congress which would have to take up the important work begun by the president. Mr. Cranston said that the result of the election in Colorado would have a direct bearing on the national prosperity and that he had absolutely no doubt that the result on November 6 would show a complete Republican victory.

Before the meeting the Midland band gave a concert and rendered several selections in the theater before the introduction of the speakers. The meeting last night closed the Republican campaign in Colorado Springs.

Boys' Suits and OVERCOATS $5.00 and up

A football or a Daisy air rifle will be given away free with every purchase of $5.00 or over.

THE HUB
18 AND 20 S. TEJON ST.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty

Costs Nothing To Try

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Send your name and address today for a free trial package and see for yourself. F. A. Stuart Co., 56 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Choice Cut Glass

There is a beauty of cut, a rare brilliancy and original design about our cut glass that defies imitation.

We believe it the best, that is the reason we carry it.

Johnson Jewelry Co.

26 E. Pike's Peak Ave

Kansas City and Return $18.15

Nov. 18, 19, 20 and 21.

Home Visitors' RATES

Round Trips to Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 30-day limit.

SANTA FE AGENT
Tell you about it.
C. C. HOYT.
18 N. Tejon St.

ASHAMED OF FRISCO

METHODISTS PASS RESOLUTIONS ON JAP QUESTION.

Deplore Municipal Act Which Discriminates Against Subjects of Great and Friendly Power.

BUFFALO, Nov. 3.—The general missionary committee of the M. E. church, assembled in Buffalo to make its annual appropriations to home and foreign missions, expressed itself in the strongest terms today with regard to the anti-Japanese agitation in California. The resolution presented by a subcommittee and adopted unanimously was in part:

With a sense of shame as Americans and a feeling of sorrow as Christians we have heard from time to time of the indignities, insult and even violence inflicted upon the natives of China, Japan and Korea by certain classes of persons who resent the presence of these particular foreigners on American soil.

The sentiment of humanity, not to speak of inhospitality or of the higher obligation of a great people to those whom they deem less favored, should found to be lawfully within our gates, even in the absence of obligations imposed by the solemn compacts of international treaties.

"We particularly deplore at this time the reported municipal act of San Francisco, which discriminates against the subjects of a great and friendly power, action which, if rightly interpreted by our government, is in violation of our treaty obligations, and the more to our discredit because directed against a people who have shown themselves humane even to their foes, a people in whose hearts there has been for decades a growing regard for the American nation, and under the strong protection of whose government Americans have found favor and safety.

"We are confident that we represent the entire communion of our church—three millions of Methodist Episcopalians—in our hearty approval of the prompt measures taken by President Roosevelt to make good the treaty pledges of the nation and to relieve our people at large from any appearance of complicity in sympathy with the conduct complained of by which subjects of Japan, while under protection of our government, have been humiliated—and this in the land that first bade their country to rise and be strong in the presence of the nations of the earth."

Appropriations for 1906-7 were made, amounting to $552,093, for foreign missions and $623,607 for home missions.

Sorosis Shoes

For Women and Children at

Kaufman's

STRIKERS MOB A STREET CAR

One Person Shot and Dangerously Wounded by Private Detective Special Assists.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Augustus Lambe, a striking chauffeur 21 years old, was shot through the neck and dangerously wounded tonight when a street car in which four strike breakers and an equal number of private detectives were riding, was mobbed.

Lambe was taken to a hospital and the strike breakers and detectives were arrested. The rioters escaped. The trouble began when the strike breakers boarded the car near the garage of the New York Transportation company, whose electric cab chauffeurs are on a strike. Strikers and sympathizers followed the car, pelting it with missiles. Men and women passengers jumped from the car in alarm and the motorman started full speed ahead in an attempt to leave the mob behind.

The mob had been constantly augmented and lost no time in smashing the car windows and attempting to reach its occupants. When the detectives began firing and during the fusillade Lambe went down.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 3.—The state campaign practically concluded tonight has been of unusual interest. United States Senator John F. Dryden has made a strenuous fight for a Republican legislature. The Republican managers express confidence.

WIRELESS PHONE SUCCESS

Is Used, It Is Said, in Bay State Fishing Industry.

MARSHFIELD, Mass., Nov. 3.—The wireless telephone, it is said, has successfully entered into the deep sea fishing industry. For the past week experiments have been conducted by the wireless telegraph station at Brant Rock, which is equipped with a wireless telephone with a small vessel stationed among the fleet of the South Shore fishermen, 12 miles out in Massachusetts bay. Recently, it is asserted, the [illegible] wanted to know the prices ruling in the Boston market. The operator on the wireless-fitted boat called up Brant Rock, asked the price of fish in Boston and received the information asked for.

FRIENDLY WITH ITALY

Austrian Foreign Minister Hopes for Cordial Relations.

VIENNA, Nov. 3.—An official note issued today indicates that the new Austria-Hungarian foreign minister, Baron Von Aehrenthal, intends to [illegible] Italian [illegible] of Austria's intentions in the Balkans. It is said that there has been a friendly exchange of views between Baron Von Aehrenthal and Signor Tittoni, the Italian foreign minister, resulting in mutual determination to cultivate close and cordial relations between the two countries.

PAVING WRANGLE CONDEMNED

Citizens of Pueblo Hold Mass Meeting to Settle Quarrel.

PUEBLO, Nov. 3.—The mass meeting at the library tonight for the purpose of demanding a termination of the existing fight between City Engineer A. E. McIntosh and the local representative of the Warren Brothers' Paving company, of Boston, was well attended. A number of addresses were made condemning the senseless wrangling and delay in completing the paving contract, and all the speakers were loud in demanding that something be done at once.

A committee of five was appointed to consult with L. M. Pfeiffer and the city engineer in an effort to bring about an understanding. A resolution was passed that it was the sense of the meeting that stone be used as stringers instead of headers along the tracks of the traction company.

By a resolution passed at the last meeting of the council the paving company was instructed to lay the stone as headers.

FIVE INJURED IN A WRECK

Three D. & R. G. Cars Leave Tracks and Plunge Down Embankment.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 3.—A special to the Times says that five persons, two passengers, two trainmen and a railway clerk were seriously injured in the wrecking of a Denver & Rio Grande passenger train at Sevilla, N. M., today. Three cars left the track and plunged down an embankment.

STILL AFTER WILD TURKEY

President Roosevelt Unable to Get Shot at Birds.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 3.—Undaunted by his previous failures, President Roosevelt again went after wild turkeys at Pine Knot today. A gang of wiry birds was found, but the dog flushed them before the hunters could get within shooting distance and the game escaped without the president getting a shot. In the afternoon the president and Dr. Rixey made another foray into the partridge field.

COREY, Pa., Nov. 3.—Mrs. Margaret Bush of Clymer, N. Y., a sister of Horace Greeley and only survivor of his immediate family, died today, aged 83 years.

WHEN YOU CATCH COLD

Do not take chances on it wearing away or experiment with some unknown preparation which may leave the bronchial tubes and lungs weakened and susceptible to attack from the germs of Pneumonia or Consumption.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

not only stops the cough but heals and strengthens the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Contains no opiates.

It Saved His Life After Two Doctors [illegible]

W. R. Davis, [illegible], writes: "There is no doubt but what Foley's Honey and Tar saved my life. I had an awful cough [illegible] Foley's Honey and Tar [illegible]"

A [illegible] Testimony.

J. N. Pat[illegible], night policeman of Nashua, Iowa, writes: "[illegible] I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least a half-dozen [illegible] Foley's Honey [illegible]"

[illegible] $1.00 [illegible] Refuse Substitutes.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY ALL DEALERS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Sporting Section

Gridiron Results *of the East of the West*

Interpretation of Changes by **Rules Committee**

Other Items of Interest to Sport Devotees Gathered by Associated Press from all Centers

Sorosis Shoes

For Women and Children at

Kibbins

YALE PLAYS POOR GAME

DEFEATS ARMY ELEVEN BY SMALL MARGIN.

Poor Line Work and Fumbling Spoil Contest—Cadets First to Cross Eli's Goal.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Yale, 10; West Point, 6. Today's game was lively enough, but the showing made by Yale was a disappointment. Their line work was poor and fumbling of punts spoiled their open play. The cadets at all times put up the stiffest kind of a contest.

The touchdown for the army was made after Jones had fumbled Mountford's punt on Yale's forty-five-yard line. A forward pass sent the ball twenty yards nearer the goal. By repeated attacks the army got the ball to Yale's ten-yard line, where the New Haven men were penalized five yards. Smith then smashed through guard and tackle and Hill carried the ball over for a touchdown, the first score recorded against Yale this season. Mountford kicked the goal.

Early in the second half Yale evened up matters. In an exchange of punts Morse punted out of bounds at West Point's ten-yard line and Mountford's return kick was blocked, Alcott going over with the ball. Veeder kicked goal. The time limit was scarcely four minutes away when Mountford punted out to the army's thirty-yard line after Yale had failed to kick goal from the field. Bigelow sent the ball over the bar.

This year's game between the two teams showed much improvement on the part of the season by the score of 29 to 0.

West Point.	Position.	Yale
Hanion	l. e.	Forbes
Weeks	l. t.	Paige
Erwin	l. g.	Brides
Sulton	c.	Hockenburger
Christy	r. g.	Irwin
Pullen	r. t.	Bigelow
Stearns	r. e.	Alcott
Johnson	q. b.	Jones
Mountford	l. h. f.	Knox
Hill	r. h. b.	Veeder
Smith	f. b.	Morse

Referee—Dr. J. C. McCracken, University of Pennsylvania.

Umpire—B. Vail, University of Pennsylvania, and H. S. Langford, Trinity.

Head linesman—A. E. Whiting, Cornell.

THE FASTEST YOUNG TROTTER

Kentucky Todd, 2:14 3 4, Holds a Two-Year-Old Record for 1906

Scion of Electioneer.

Kentucky Todd, 2:14¾, is a scion of the house founded by Electioneer, and is the fastest of the two-year-olds of 1906. He is the property of Miss Katherine Wilks, of Galt, Ontario, who purchased him in his yearling form at Lexington, Ky., last fall for the sum of $6,000. His sire, Todd, 2:14¾, was also a sensational two-year-old, while Bingen, 2:06¼, sire of Todd, was a sensational two, three and four-year-old. May King, 2:20, sire of Bingen, was purchased by Mr. Joseph Sibley, of Pennsylvania, from the late Senator Leland Stanford, of California, when young, and after keeping him a few years sold him to a New England gentleman.

Kentucky Todd is the most intensely inbred Electioneer now before the public. The dam of his sire, Todd, is Fenella, 2:13, by Arion, 2:07¾, the champion two-year-old to high wheels, by Electioneer, Fanella's dam being Directil, 2:19, by Director, 2:17. Kentucky Todd's dam was Paronella, dam of Country Jay, 2:10¼, Nella Jay (3), 2:14¼; Alice, 2:17¼, and Judge Parker, 2:27½. Paronella's sire was Parkville, by Electioneer, and her dam Minnie Merrill, by Young Jim, a son of George Wilkes, 2:22. With such an inheritance of speed one would be led to expect much from a youngster of Todd's breeding. If he trains on, the stallion crown may yet be his, but other descendants of Electioneer are already knocking at the door.

SUES CHICAGO LEAGUE CLUB

World's Champions "As Much a Trust as Standard Oil.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—James J. Callahan, formerly manager of the Chicago American baseball team and during the last season manager of a local club in this city, today filed a suit against the Chicago American league club asking damages to the amount of $3,000. The action is based upon an alleged breach of contract, but Callahan's attorneys declare that when the case comes to trial they will show that the American Baseball league "is as much a trust as the Standard Oil company."

Trouble arose between Callahan and the American league several months ago when President Charles Comisky, of the local American league team, according to Callahan, repudiated a contract with Callahan which provided for Callahan's participation in the games with the National league for the world's championship.

FOOTBALL RESULTS.

At West Point—Yale 10; Army, 6.
At Cambridge—Harvard, 9; Brown, 5.
At Princeton—Princeton, 42; Dartmouth, 0.
At Buffalo—Carlisle Indians, 9; Syracuse, 4.
At Ithaca—Cornell, 23; Western University of Pennsylvania, 0.
At Pittsburg—Lafayette, 14; Washington and Jefferson, 6.
At Ann Arbor—Michigan, 10; Vanderbilt, 4.
At Minneapolis—Minnesota, 13; Nebraska, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis University, 34; Kansas University, 2.
At Lafayette—Notre Dame, 2; Purdue, 0.
At Omaha—Creighton University, 22; Amity College, 0.
At Richmond—Bucknell, 12; University of Virginia, 5.
At Norfolk—Georgetown, 4; North Carolina, 0.
At Knoxville—Suwanee, 17; Tennessee, 0.
At Topeka—Washburn, 6; Fairmount, 2.
At Eugene, Ore.—Oregon, 4; Willamette, 0.
At Ames, O.—Ames, 22; South Dakota, 0.
At Beloit—Beloit, 22; Milwaukee P. and S., 6.
At Oberlin—Ohio State, 6; Oberlin, 0.
At Berkeley—Nevada, 2; California, 0.

HARD TUSSLE FOR HARVARD

Brown Barely Beaten by Crimson Eleven on Soldier's Field.

Score, 9 to 5.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 3.—The contest between Harvard and Brown this afternoon was anybody's game almost up to the very end of the second half. The score of 9 to 5 in favor of Harvard practically represented the merits of each team in relation to each other and in itself gives a true idea of what took place on Soldier's field. It is true a hard game was expected from the Brown aggregation, and certainly those expectations were realized. The Brown players showed up to great advantage whether on the offensive or defensive, and it was only within the last five minutes of the second half that Harvard was able to score a goal from the field and clinch a victory. This feat was accomplished by Burr amid intense excitement. From the thirty-five-yard line that sturdy player brought his trusty boot into action and sailed the spheroid between the posts for a perfect goal from placement. Throughout the game the Harvard defense was taxed to its utmost to keep the Brown team from making a second touchdown.

If no accident happens him the green pacer that Walter Maben has in his string at Los Angeles should be the sensational California pacer of 1907. Maben is said to have worked this coal black stallion four heats in 2:08½, 2:08¼, 2:05¼, and 2:04¼, and he stepped the last half of the last mile in 1:01¼. A Los Angeles paper states that Maben believes the horse can pace a mile in 2:02 right now. He has never been raced and is 7 years old, and is by Titus (own brother to Direct, 2:05½), out of Lady Waldstein.

SWEET MARIE FOR SALE

THE CHAMPION TROTTER CONSIGNED TO HIGHEST BIDDER.

Swiftest Bit of Trotting Horseflesh on American Turf to Grace the Horse Auction—Her Records.

SWEET MARIE'S RECORDS.

Sweet Marie holds more championship records than three of the best trotters put together, and had it not been for the windshield record of Lou Dillon, 1:58½, she would have been entitled to several more than she is holding now.

The world's champion mare.

Winner of the fastest heat.

Winner of the fastest second and third heats.

Winner of the fastest two-heat race.

Winner of the fastest five-heat race.

The world's fastest trotter without the help of windshield.

Winner of the fastest dead heat.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Sweet Marie, 2:02, by all odds the greatest trotter on the American harness turf, has been consigned to the Fasig-Tipton Old Glory sale and will be sold to the highest bidder. The entry was made in the name of William Garland, her owner, by A. P. McDonald, the well-known Albany trainer, who has had the famous trotter in his charge for over two years.

Sweet Marie first appeared on the turf at Seattle, Wash., on August 8, 1903, in the 2:20 class, which she won in straight heats, taking a record of 2:15½, having won a dash race a week previously in 2:17½. On August 29 she won another race, but her best time was in 2:26½.

From here she went to Salem, Ore., where, on September 17, she won first heat in a $2,000 purse in 2:13½, but at the finish of the second heat, in which she was placed third, her driver refused to start, and both horse and driver were suspended.

An eastern trotting horse enthusiast who saw the now famous trotter in her race at Salem, and was much impressed with her, was Homer Davenport, the cartoonist. Upon his return to New York Davenport spoke so highly of the mare that several horsemen, among them James Butler, made an effort to buy her, but the price asked for her, with the suspicion hanging over the mare, kept him back. She was reinstated during the winter and extensively entered in all of the big stakes and purses of the grand circuit of 1904. In her very first start at Detroit, that season, she entered the 2:10 list, and from there down the line to Lexington, she started in thirteen races, and lost but one—the Charter Oak stake, in which she was beaten by Tiverton and Dr. Strong. She won nearly $300,000 that season, gained a record of 2:04¾ and lowered five world's championship records.

After her trainer, Smith, was suspended at Providence for losing two heats and reinstated at Hartford, but lost the big race, she passed to Mr. McDonald, and has been handled by him since.

During the season of 1905, she was started against Tiverton at Buffalo, Poughkeepsie, and Providence, losing two and winning one. After the retirement of Tiverton, McKinley and George G. were started against her at Hartford, but neither proved a match, and she closed the season by reducing her mark to 2:04¼ in a start against time at Readville.

Her career during the past season, from the winning of the match race at Readville, on July 7, to her mile against time in 2:02, at Columbus, is too well known among harness horsemen to need further mention.

After a most strenuous career on the turf, the like of which has never been recorded before in turf annals, Sweet Marie today, at the age of ten, is undoubtedly in far better condition than she was when she started in her initial Grand Circuit race at Detroit two years ago last August and won the first heat in 2:10.

The lack of worthy foes alone has kept her from winning more laurels than she carries now, but yet she is destined to obtain more before her racing days are over, and she is ultimately confined to breeding ranks, where, let us hope, she may become as famous as she has been and will still be on the turf.

PUTS ON FINISHING TOUCHES

Local High School Making Ready for Boulder "Preps."

The Colorado Springs High school team yesterday put on the finishing touches for the game with the Boulder Preparatory school eleven at Washburn field on election day. The players showed snap and go from the start of the practice, and if they duplicate the same article of ball on the gridiron next Tuesday they will undoubtedly run up a larger score than was made against the Central High School team last Saturday at Pueblo. The local team is counting on crossing the "Prep" goal line at least three times and sandwiching in a goal from the field. The game will not count as a championship contest, but merely as a match game on the season's schedule. From all reports the "Prep" school eleven is doing good work and will make a good showing against any team in its class.

One (2:06¼) ranks as the fastest new trotter of 1906. Argot Boy (2:03) has the similar honors among the pacers.

NEW RULES EXPLAINED

MUCH LIGHT THROWN ON INNOVATION OF GAME.

Recent Session in New York of American Intercollegiate Rules Committee Brings Results.

Several important interpretations of the existing rules governing college football were made as the result of an all night session of the American Intercollegiate football rules committee at the Murray Hill Hotel in New York recently.

The most important ruling was on the question of drawing line men back from the line to run with the ball and to interfere. Its announcement on this score was most emphatic. It will permit no shifting of men whatever under any pretext to evade the intent of that rule which was to prohibit mass plays. The various important changes effected in the game were announced by Secretary Reid. They are as follows:

Rule 1.—Referring to arrangements on officials, designating authority, "Section F," Note 1. It was voted that by the institutions involved be meant the respective athletic managements of those institutions."

Rule V.—Referring to putting the ball in play from scrimmage, allowing latitude to the snapper back. "(b) It was voted that in putting the ball in play the center rush may pass the ball back to one side and need not necessarily snap it through his legs. In either case the ball must leave his possession while he is on the line of scrimmage and must go first to a man who is behind the line of scrimmage."

Rule V.—Referring to signaling for a free catch on kickoff for try at goal. "(d) It was voted that in case of a punt out the catcher need not raise his hand as a signal for a free catch."

Rule V.—Referring to hurdling. "(n) The rule preventing hurdling is intended to apply only to the man carrying the ball, and was passed to prevent a dangerous play. Under the rules it is intended to allow under 'hurdling in the line' stepping over a prostrate player, one foot at a time, even though both feet of the runner be momentarily off the ground at the same time."

Rule IX.—Referring to offside play the center, to facilitate putting the ball in play. "(b) It was voted that the center may have both hands offside in snapping the ball back."

Rule XI.—Referring to movement before the ball is in play, defining it more clearly. (b exception) In this rule the word 'goal' is interpreted to mean goal line, that is, as long as a man is running in a line that takes him back from the scrimmage line he is conforming to this rule, but as soon as his line of run brings him nearer to the line of scrimmage he is infringing."

Rule XI.—Referring to drawing men back from line of scrimmage, prohibiting mass plays. "d (1) This rule has caused some considerable discussion, and to make the intent clear the following question as to whether it is not possible to play a so-called center, guard or tackle on defense at end or back on the offense (thus really gaining for the five men ordinarily playing the four middle positions in the line the privilege of dropping back from the line to run with the ball. This is wholly contrary to the spirit of the rule, which was to prevent the heavy linemen from being dropped back from the line to carry the ball, unless they be at least five yards back, except the ends, who, heavy or light, may drop back anywhere behind the line so long as there are six men on the line of scrimmage when the ball is put in play, and one of those not on the line of scrimmage stands with both feet outside of the outside foot of the man on the end of the line."

"If a captain during the progress of a game wishes to change a center, guard or tackle to a position in the back field or at end, he may do so by speaking to the referee, but no player thus vacating the position of center, guard or tackle shall thereafter during the game go back to any one of these positions.

"The five middle men of the line shall be taken to mean the center, guards and tackles—that is, the players usually known as such."

Rule XIV.—Referring to the forward pass, allowing no option of penalty, "(a) Exception 1: When a forward pass touches the ground without touching a player on either side, the ball is dead, and goes to the opponents on the spot where the pass was made, except in case that the ball crosses the goal line without touching a player of either side, when it is a touchback." In both instances the penalty may not be refused.

"In all cases of unlawful forward pass, where the ball goes to the opponents on the spot where the pass was attempted, the ball is dead."

Rule XVI.—Referring to kicking a kicked ball when free in the air, allowing no option of penalty. "(b) Exception 2. It was voted where the rule reads, 'In case a kicked ball strikes the ground in the field of play, thus putting the kicker's side on side, it may not be kicked further or be kicked at while on the ground or while bounding [illegible] this rule was intended to prevent the ball from being kicked or kicked at [illegible] penalty may not be refused.

It is [illegible] probable that [illegible] will be able to excel Bills Black [illegible] when he was [illegible] Nutwood's $5000 [illegible]

Charles D. Ryder's trotter Charles Belden has already started in 21 races this season, and with the rest of the Ryder string will be raced at Phoenix, Ariz., and Los Angeles [illegible]

A MID-SEASON RESUME

FOOTBALL SITUATION UNDER NEW RULES OF PLAY.

Status of East and Middle West Decided in Penn-Michigan, Carlisle-Minnesota Games.

Throughout the country interest in football this year has centered in the working of the new rules in actual battle on the field of play. In the middle west the revised code has met with favor, and in all of the games in which it has been tested this fall has been pronounced a success, not only by players and coaches, but by spectators. The games have been more open, more interesting, more spectacular and better from nearly every standpoint.

Time has not yet been given coaches and players to perfect themselves in the new plays, and they have been backward in tipping off their hands in the early games. But the season is now fairly on, and every Saturday makes it more evident that the new rules are a distinct advancement. The Chicago-Minnesota game next Saturday will probably give the best test this year, for both Coach Stagg and Dr. Williams have been saving their intricate formations for this all-important game. Something new and startling will undoubtedly be sprung by both teams.

Possibilities in Forward Pass.

The forward pass has been tried in several games, and has been worked with varying success due to the necessity of accurate handling of the ball. Great possibilities are contained in this innovation, according to Coach Stagg, who expects it to come into general use as soon as it can be mastered.

The ten-yard rule has accomplished what it was expected to in opening up the game. It has been almost impossible for evenly matched teams to gain the required distance consistently by the old style line-hammering game. Punting is coming to the fore, the game between Indiana and Chicago a week ago furnishing one of the best punting duels ever seen on Marshall field.

Weaker Team Has Better Chance.

Drop kicking is taking on an added importance, one of the noticeable features of this season's play being the number of drop kicks that have been made. Another straw that shows how the wind is blowing is the fact that there have been fewer shut-outs than ever before. This means that the new rules have evened up the game, and that the weaker teams have greater chances, not only for scoring, but for winning, than formerly. One-sided games are proving much more interesting for, even to the last, there is always the probability of a fumble, a punt, a forward pass, a trick play or a spectacular run where, under the old rules there would have been the unvaried monotony of a line-plunging, close-formation game.

To Promote Sportsmanship.

One of the most interesting features of the football season in Chicago has been the innovation by Coach Stagg of holding a dinner and rally in honor of the two opposing teams the night before each game. This has been done to promote a more sportsmanlike feeling between the players of the two games, and, judging from the Purdue and Indiana game, has accomplished its purpose without lessening in the least the spirit with which the teams battle for their own victory.

Many penalties have been inflicted, as was to be expected under a stricter code and the stricter enforcement of it, but penalties are lessening as the players begin to understand the new rules. No slugging or brutality has been observed in any of the western games, and injuries have been few and of small consequence. Games are much faster than of old, and the running necessitated by increased punting and the more open game is calling for greater endurance on the part of the players.

Struggle for Championship.

Despite the attempt of the faculties of the universities of the middle west to eliminate the struggle for the football championship by dropping the Chicago-Wisconsin-Michigan series of games, the fight for western honors this year is being as keenly contested as in former years. And it is not altogether improbable that the championship will be definitely settled in favor of either Chicago, Minnesota or Michigan.

After three weeks' playing, the fight for premier honors has narrowed down to these three schools. Wisconsin has hardly been considered as a possibility in this season's fight, its showing in the early games bearing out the earlier predictions that it would not show in its old class this season. Yesterday's game with Iowa was its first real test, the Hawkeyes having also been considered out of the race. Purdue has taken a bad slump and was easily beaten by Chicago, 39 to 0, in the opening game of the season. Indiana, after a hard fight, lost to Chicago, 33 to 8, while Illinois was defeated the same day by Michigan, 28 to 9. Northwestern is not playing intercollegiate football this year, so this leaves only Chicago, Minnesota and Michigan in the race.

Chicago-Minnesota Game Decisive.

By many experts next Saturday's game between Chicago and Minnesota, in Chicago, is looked upon as the game that will practically settle the championship. Michigan plays only one Big Nine eleven, Illinois, and it is only through this game and the Chicago-Illinois contest on November 17 that the strength of Yost's team, in comparison with Chicago and Minnesota, can be estimated.

The Minnesota-Chicago game will be the big game of the year in the middle west, dividing attention with the Minnesota-Carlisle game at Minneapolis a week later. On present form, there is little to choose between the men from Minneapolis and those from Chicago. The Gophers will outweigh the Maroons, are fast and are nearly all veterans. Only five of the Chicago men are veterans, but the team is fast and shifty, with a whirlwind backfield that, under the new rules, should bewilder the heavier team and prove an effective scoring machine. Stagg is generally considered to have an advantage over any coach in the west when it comes to applying the new rules to gridiron maneuvers. In Steffen, Chicago has secured another Eckersall, those two making a pair unequaled in the west. Iddings and Finger, the other backfield men, are fast and nervy. If anything, Chicago has a shade the better of the dope, and is likely to win by a close score.

May Mean National Honors.

By a possible combination of defeats and victories, the best team in the west may this year claim the championship of the country. Through the Michigan-Pennsylvania game, at Philadelphia on November 17, and more particularly through the Minnesota-Carlisle game at Minneapolis the same day, the relative strength of the eastern and western teams will be tested. The Indians defeated Pennsylvania and Princeton defeated Cornell a week ago; the Indians play Harvard next Saturday; Princeton plays Yale November 17, and Yale plays Harvard November 24. This series of games is the key to the possible settlement, by means of comparative scores, of the football championship of the country.

Michigan is considered the probable victor in the Pennsylvania game, and will carry with it in that contest the best wishes of the entire west, as will Minnesota in its battle with the Carlisle Indians. The outcome of the latter game, however, does not appear as favorable to the western team as does the Pennsylvania game.

TROUNCING FOR DARTMOUTH

Princeton Tigers Administer Awful Drubbing to the New Englanders—Score, 42 to 0.

PRINCETON, Nov. 3.—The Princeton Tigers walked all over the Dartmouth eleven here today, rolling up the unexpected score of 42 points to the New Hampshire team's nothing. It was a dreadful reversal of form for the lads from the New England state, and it was a fitting revenge for the defeat suffered last year by the Tiger eleven at the hands of the Dartmouth team.

Two minutes of play had not been over when the local team had broken up the machine of the visitors and carried the pigskin over the goal line for the first touchdown of the game. In spite of their great pluckiness the New England players were unable to make successful resistance, and before the first half was finished the locals had piled up a total of 15 points.

No matter what defense was employed Dartmouth could not stay the victorious march of the Tigers toward the goal line, and when the final whistle sounded the score stood 42 to 0, Dartmouth being only able to take two front downs during the entire contest. Dartmouth was hopelessly outclassed in all departments and today's defeat is the worst it has experienced in years.

RACING RESULTS.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—Latonia results:

First race, five and one-half furlongs—Belle Toone won; Field Lark, second; French Nun, third. Time, 1:07 4-5.

Second race, six furlongs—Craft won; John Kaufman, second; King Leopold, third. Time, 1:15.

Third race, six furlongs—Pretension won; Grace Kimball, second; Lady Esther, third. Time, 1:14.

Fourth race, handicap, mile—Minnie Adams won; Noel, second; Debar, third. Time, 1:39 4-5.

Fifth race, six furlongs—Tom Dolan won; Electorine, second; Marmorean, third. Time, 1:14 2-5.

Sixth race, mile and sixteenth—Gladiator won; Arabo, second; Henry Watterson, third. Time, 1:47.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Aqueduct results:

First race, six furlongs—Royal Ben won; Cora Price, second; Belfast, third. Time, 1:14 1-5.

Second race, steeplechase, about two miles—Yama Christy won; Sandalwood second; Waterford, third. Time, 4:22 3-5.

Third race, the Creedmore stakes, five furlongs—Barbary Belle won; Waterbury, second; Frank Gill, third. Time, 1:01 1-5.

Fourth race, the Aqueduct handicap, mile and sixteenth—Rye won; Bad News, second; Oxford, third. Time, 1:46.

Fifth race, mile and sixteenth—Red Friar won; Ontatassa, second; McKittredge, third. Time, 1:47 1-5.

Sixth race, seven furlongs—Watergrass won; Fish Hawk, second; Monet, third. Time, 1:26 [illegible]

Those who saw C. K. G. Billings' pacer Blacklock pace a mile in 2:06 at Cleveland predict that he is the coming champion.

"URICSOL,"

THE MODERN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM

[illegible] ALL URIC ACID troubles. An entire DEPARTURE from the OLD REMEDIES [illegible] SALICYLATES, IODIDE POTASSIUM [illegible]

CONTAINS NO ALCOHOL, OPIATES or other SEDATIVES to relieve pain [illegible] RADICALLY by dissolving and removing the URIC ACID from the [illegible]

PROMOTES the GENERAL HEALTH and does not, like the old remedies, act injuriously on stomach or heart.

Call for booklet on treatment and diet at

Hefley-Arcularius Co.,

Agents for Colorado Springs.

[illegible] Uricsol Chemical Co., Los Angeles, Cal. Price $1.00 per bottle.

SCRIMMAGE WORK ENDS

TIGERS WILL REST UP FOR TUESDAY'S GAME.

Mills Out of Game for This Season. "Tub" Morris Has Ankle Twisted.

The Tiger football team went through its last hard practice on the gridiron at Washburn field yesterday and, after resting up, will be in perfect shape for the game Tuesday at Boulder with the University of Colorado eleven. The regular team walked all over the second eleven, making gains of from eight to eighteen yards at almost every clip.

An accident at the very last scrimmage, however, served to put those watching the practice on edge. In a buck through the left tackle, "Tub" Morris was slammed through for a big gain, but could not arise after the ball was downed owing to an injury to his ankle. There were long faces among the players and spectators as the big fullback was half carried off the field, but on an examination later it was found that the ankle was twisted only a trifle. "Tub" played a strenuous game from the time practice was started till the last down, over an hour later.

In the early part of the scrimmage work, Sherry, who was directing the second team at quarterback, was downed by quick work on the part of the college eleven, and he pulled up with a severe sprain of the left ankle. It will be some time before he can take his place as quarterback on the reserve eleven.

The college team will suffer a loss in the retirement of Mills, who has been found to be ineligible as a college freshman on account of lack of sufficient credits for college entrance. Mills matriculated from the East Denver High school and by some oversight has been allowed to enjoy the privileges of a freshman. He has now been barred by the faculty till he can make up the deficit. His services will be lost to the Tigers for the remainder of the year, but he will be a good man for halfback next season.

Coach Richards will now play Scibird on the left side of the back field. Scibird has been training with the team since the opening of the season and is fit to take up the work where Mills left off. Yesterday he put up a good game and made a favorable impression. He is a hardy player and is not entirely new at the position.

There has been one change in the plans for conducting the "rooters' special," which will leave over the Colorado & Southern Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. At first it was intended to stop over at Denver for lunch, but it has been found necessary to cut out the stop-over at that point and to proceed straight to Boulder. Lunch will be served there instead. This will give the rooters plenty of time to see the town before the game. More than 200 are expected to go.

Dave Main of Dartmouth will umpire the game, but the referee has not been selected yet. Regulation halves will be played.

The lineup will probably be as follows:

Tigers.	Position.	Boulder
Mack	l. e.	Balberg
Jackson	l. t.	Coffin
Draper	l. g.	Roller
Morgan	c.	Weiner, Butters
Hedblom	r. g.	Kemmel
Cary	r. t.	Barr
Cort	r. e.	Morrison, Paddock
Fisher	q.	Trudgian
Lennox	l. h.	Thomas
Scibird	r. h.	Pughe, Christensen
Morris	f.	H[illegible]

HARNESS NOTES.

Thirty years ago, says Denver Field and Farm, the whole state of Colorado was perfectly familiar with the type of Indian horse called the Ute pony, but of later years the term has become almost obsolete. This little runt of a cayuse was bred by the Ute Indians, who then occupied a great reservation on the western slope—a body of land occupying one-sixth of the entire area of the state. As these little beasts were bred by the thousands they in time became generally disseminated all over the country. While they were tough and wiry and good for a long day's journey, they never amounted to a row of shucks when compared with real horses. Their vicious temperament made them almost worthless as tractable beasts, and it is no wonder that the race soon petered out and disappeared from view when the greater part of the Utes were removed to Utah. The modern Ute Indians, of whom we have something less than 1400 remaining in Colorado, have been breeding up their horse stock with the better grade of American animals, so that the old original cayuse has passed into history.

Strathberry (2:06¼) was the fourth pacing stallion with a record below 2:06 to die. Online (2:04), Chehalis (2:01¼) and Peter [illegible] are the others.

The Arizona territorial fair, which opens November 12, will be about the last meeting of the year. Quite a number of eastern stables will race for the $1,0[illegible] purses and stakes given by the association.

Bon Voyage (2:12¾) will not be trained again until 1908.

MILLIONAIRE FOR PULPIT

Rev. Edward Laughlin, son of the Pittsburg iron and steel millionaire of that name, has gone to Philadelphia where he will become assistant to Rev. J. Gray Bolton of the Hope Presbyterian chapel. Besides assisting in the work of the parish the wealthy clergyman will go down into the slums and devote his strength and energy to uplifting the dwellers in squalid streets.

BAD BLOOD

THE SOURCE OF ALL DISEASE

Every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength. When this life stream is flowing through the system in a state of purity and richness we are assured of perfect and uninterrupted health; because pure blood is nature's safe-guard against disease. When, however, the body is fed on weak, impure or polluted blood, the system is deprived of its strength, disease germs collect, and the trouble is manifested in various ways. Pustular eruptions, pimples, rashes and the different skin affections show that the blood is in a feverish and diseased condition as a result of too much acid or the presence of some irritating humor. Sores and Ulcers are the result of morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood, and Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are all deep-seated blood disorders that will continue to grow worse as long as the poison remains. These impurities and poisons find their way into the blood in various ways. Often a sluggish, inactive condition of the system, and torpid state of the avenues of bodily waste, leaves the refuse and waste matters to sour and form uric and other acids, which are taken up by the blood and distributed throughout the circulation. Coming in contact with contagious diseases is another cause for the poisoning of the blood; we also breathe the germs and microbes of Malaria into our lungs, and when these get into the blood in sufficient quantity it becomes a carrier of disease instead of health. Some are so unfortunate as to inherit bad blood, perhaps the dregs of some old constitutional disease of ancestors is handed down to them and they are constantly annoyed and troubled with it. Bad blood is the source of all disease, and until this vital fluid is cleansed and purified the body is sure to suffer in some way. For blood troubles of any character S. S. S. is the best remedy ever discovered. It goes down into the circulation and removes any and all poisons, supplies the healthful properties it needs, and completely and permanently cures blood diseases of every kind. The action of S. S. S. is so thorough that hereditary taints are removed and weak, diseased blood made strong and healthy so that disease cannot remain. It cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., and does not leave the slightest trace of the trouble for future outbreaks. The whole volume of blood is renewed and cleansed after a course of S. S. S. It is also nature's peak tonic, made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and is absolutely harmless to any part of the system. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

PIANOS

High Values at a Minimum Price

If you have not seen our

Splendid Stock of Pianos

CALL THIS WEEK.

New Pianos of the Old Makes

SECOND-HAND PIANOS AT GENUINE BARGAIN PRICES.

$25, $60, $140, $125, $180

Terms that place them within everyone's reach.

YOU should have a Piano.

Patron Saint of Music.

THE

Knight-Campbell Music Co.

"Pianos With a Reputation."

226 N. TEJON ST., OPPOSITE NORTH PARK.

"HIGH PRESSURE"

(Continued From Page One).

nored, and state issues have scarcely received passing mention. Sensational charges have been injected from time to time and interest has been kept at the highest pitch for several weeks.

The official close of the campaign tonight was amid a blaze of political enthusiasm and rapid fire oratory.

The close of the campaign finds a political situation unprecedented in this state, and some of the shrewdest politicians admit that the usual sources of political prognostications are all but worthless. Party lines have been broken as seldom before. Mr. Hughes has been making a special plea for Democratic support, declaring himself free from political obligations to any person or thing, and asserting that the platform upon which he stands is broad enough to welcome the support of "all good citizens who desire a clean and honest administration at Albany."

Mr. Hearst has attacked the "trusts" and "boss rule" and through his Independence league is claiming the support of many Republicans. Mr. Hearst has been attacked by his opponent for "having taken the hands of a boss to secure the Democratic nomination" and the alleged "Hearst-Murphy deal" has been the subject of numerous Republican speeches.

Mr. Hughes has charged "that money was lavishly used to secure control of the Democratic convention at Buffalo" and he has cited the "tumult of that political gathering as an evidence of what might be expected at Albany in the event of the success of "Hearst and Hearstism." Mr. Hughes has made much of the fact that prominent "old line Democrats" among them John G. Carlisle and Thomas M. Osburne, have deserted the Democratic el[illegible]nt, and has urged others of the party to follow their example.

Mr. Hearst claims the practically undivided support of union labor and the Independence league and asserts that he has broken down the Republican machine up-state as to make impossible the huge Republican majority, which has heretofore been brought down to the Bronx to wipe out the Democratic plurality in Greater New York.

Mr. Hughes and the Republican campaign managers admit that there has been defection from the Republican ranks among the laboring classes, but assert that this loss is more than offset by the promised support of the "old line Democrats."

Leader Murphy, of Tammany hall, claims that Mr. Hearst, whom Tammany helped to nominate at Buffalo despite his attacks upon the organization a year ago, will carry Greater New York by a plurality of from 80,000 to 100,000 votes. The Republicans say they are elated over this prediction for they claim Mr. Hughes will come to the Bronx with 200,000 votes to spare.

Sensational Features.

Probably the most sensational features of the campaign were the messages of Richard Croker, former leader of Tammany hall and now a resident of Ireland, and the remarkable attack of Secretary of State Root upon Mr. Hearst in his speech at Utica on November 1. Mr. Croker cabled to State Senator McCarren, Democratic leader in Kings county, his congratulations upon McCarren's consistent opposition to Mr. Hearst. Subsequently Mr. Croker expressed surprise at the action of Charles F. Murphy, the present leader of Tammany, in turning over the Tammany delegates to Mr. Hearst at Buffalo, and declared that the election of Mr. Hearst "would paralyze capital and thereby paralyze labor."

Secretary Root with the authority of President Roosevelt, as he announced, made a remarkable attack upon Mr. Hearst, charging him with inciting through his newspapers, the assassination of President McKinley, and denouncing him in no uncertain terms.

Anomalous Situations.

In Brooklyn, Kings county, an anomalous situation has presented itself. State Senator McCarren, Democratic leader in the borough and in absolute control of the Democratic machine, has opposed Mr. Hearst. At a recent meeting Senator McCarren denounced Mr. Hearst and then moved the indorsement of the state Democratic ticket, which was carried with a rush. Subsequently the meeting indorsed McCarren's stand in opposing Mr. Hearst. Kings county nominally is Democratic by a large majority. In the mayoralty election of 1905, with three candidates in the field, Mr. Hearst on a municipal ownership platform, carried it by some 15,000 votes.

In Manhattan, as in other boroughs of Greater New York Richard Croker's views on Mr. Hearst's candidacy caused a mild sensation, particularly among the Tammany followers. While declining to discuss Mr. Croker's stand, Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, has reiterated his declaration that Tammany would do everything it could to elect Mr. Hearst. Three of the Independence league state candidates are on the Democratic ticket, namely: Mr. Hearst, Louis Stuyvesant Chanler, for lieutenant governor, and John Whalen for secretary of state.

The Place to Buy Things on Easy Payments

and at the same time get value received for your money. We carry a complete line of ladies' and misses' suits, cloaks and skirts. All of the latest styles. We also carry everything necessary to furnish the home, blankets, rugs, curtains, etc. Our credit system enables you to purchase what you need now and pay for it on easy payments.

I. POLANT

9 East Kiowa St.

CAMPAIGN CLOSING QUIETLY

Public Interest in California Is Less Than in Former Years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—The political campaign is closing quietly, and public interest as compared with that exhibited in former years, appears somewhat diminished, particularly in this city.

Chairman George Stone, of the Republican state central committee, this afternoon issued the following statement:

"We expect J. N. Gillett, candidate for governor, to carry the state by a plurality of 29,620 over Bell. It is estimated that Gillett will carry 34 counties, that Bell will carry 23 and that one is doubtful. We will certainly elect eight Republican congressmen and conservative estimates received indicate that 105 out of 120 members of the legislature will be Republican."

On behalf of the Democratic state central committee, Secretary T. J. Walsh today said:

"A canvass of the state indicates the election of Theodore A. Bell, the Democratic candidate, by a majority of 8,850. It is estimated that Bell will carry 31 counties with a total vote in his favor of 2[illegible]."

At the Independence league headquarters, Secretary George J. Cleary issued the following: "Our reports indicate that Wm. H. Langdon, candidate for governor, will have a majority of 5,000 over Gillett and 11,000 over Bell."

The state legislature does not select a United States senator.

BITTERLY FOUGHT CAMPAIGN

Pennsylvania Gubernatorial Contest Warmest in Years.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—One of the most bitterly fought gubernatorial campaigns in this state for years practically closed, with the speech making tonight. Local contests throughout the state have been lost sight of in the fight for governor between Lewis Emery, Jr., the Lincoln-Democratic candidate, and Edwin S. Stuart, the Republican candidate.

Alleged Graft.

The campaign has been fought on the same lines as the one which swept William H. Berry, the Lincoln-Prohibition-Democratic candidate into the office of state treasurer last fall. The fusion leaders have been directing the attention of the voters to the alleged "graft" in connection with the furnishing of the new state capitol at Harrisburg, claiming that between five and six millions of dollars have been stolen or wasted. State Treasurer Berry has been the chief accuser, but as yet has not furnished the attorney general with what the latter deems sufficient proof of the alleged overcharges.

The Republican state committee claims that Stuart will have a majority of over 100,000. Chairman Niles of the Lincoln-Democratic party, is sanguine of the election of Mr. Emery and says the fusion candidate will be elected by at least 150,000.

In this city, the real issue is between D. Clarence Gibboney, and Samuel P. Rolan for the district attorneyship. The former is the fusion candidate and the latter the regular Republican. The fusion managers declare that the fact that Mayor Weaver has come out for Stuart and Rolan will not affect the Gibboney vote.

Congressional Situation Interesting.

The congressional situation is interesting. In this city the Republicans will almost surely elect all of their candidates but in the interior of the state the fusionists are likely to be victorious in half a dozen districts.

At present there is only one Democrat in congress from Pennsylvania but it would not be surprising to see at least five in the next delegation.

TAFT MAKES TOUR OF IDAHO

Republican Enthusiasm Is Materially Increased.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 3.—Secretary Taft's trip through Idaho has materially increased the enthusiasm of the Republicans in the closing of their campaign. Secretary Taft has strongly indorsed the Republican "law and order" argument that Governor Frank R. Gooding should be re-elected as an indorsement of his course in prosecuting the labor leaders, accused of the assassination of ex-Governor Steunenberg.

The Mormon issue, raised by the Democratic campaigners, has been avoided as far as possible by the Republicans, and on the other hand the Democrats have avoided the "law and order" issue. Throughout the Mormon counties of southern Idaho, much bitterness has been aroused by the attacks of the Democrats, led by Senator Dubois, upon the Mormons. Threats to challenge all Mormons at the polls on allegations of disqualification under the state constitution, are bitterly resented, and if the Democratic challengers make good their threats, serious disturbances at the polls are probable.

CLOSE CONTEST IN KANSAS

R[illegible] and [illegible] Claim Victory of [illegible] by 14,000.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 3.—With the election only three days away, no man is able tonight to accurately forecast the result, as far as the election of governor is concerned. Chairman S. C. Rummer of the Republican state central committee this morning issued a statement compiled from the committee's canvass, estimating Gov. Hoch's plurality at 24,000. Chairman Ryan of the Democratic committee claims the state for Col. W. A. Harris, the party nominee for governor, by about the same figure. Governor Hoch's plurality two years ago was 69,000, while the normal Republican majority in the state is estimated at 45,000. Tuesday's battle is certain to be the closest that has been witnessed in Kansas in recent years.

NO CERTAINTY OF A CHANGE

Kentucky's Representation in Congress May Be Same as Before.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—The situation in Kentucky as regards the congressional race, offers no certainty of any change from the present representation of nine Democrats and two Republicans. However, the Republicans claim they will gain the Third and Fifth districts, the latter consisting of Louisville and Jefferson county. The races for governor and United States senator, to succeed McCreary in the Democratic primary, which will be held on election day, are much befogged by rumors of deals between candidates.

WISCONSIN CAMPAIGN CLOSED

In Congressional Race, Outlook Favors the Republicans.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—The state and congressional campaign throughout Wisconsin practically closed tonight. Chairman William D. Connor of the Republican state central committee [illegible] the election of his state ticket by [illegible] plurality and the election of ten of the eleven congressmen.

Chairman H. H. Manson of the Democratic [illegible] his party will win with 15,000 plurality and that the Democrats will elect four congressmen. In the congressional race the outlook favors the Republicans. Out of the eleven districts the Republicans are practically sure of carrying six. The Third, Congressman Babcock's district, which was close two years ago, is again doubtful.

REPUBLICANS CLAIM INDIANA

State Ticket Will Have Plurality, It Is Claimed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3.—The Indiana campaign closed tonight with meetings in each congressional district. Vice President Fairbanks ended a four days' speaking tour of the state at Evansville, where he spoke to a great crowd.

At Republican state headquarters it is claimed that the state will give a plurality of 38,000 for the Republican state ticket and that eleven congressmen will be elected out of thirteen.

The election of Representative Lincoln Dixon in the F[illegible] district, and W. E. Cox in the Third district, both Democrats, is conceded. The legislature, it is claimed, will be Republican by fifty or more. No specific claims are made at Democratic headquarters.

REPUBLICANS ARE THROUGH

Democrats Hold General Rally Monday Night.—Colorado Situation.

DENVER, Nov. 3.—So far as the Republicans are concerned, the Colorado campaign closed tonight. Candidates and other orators spoke in a score of towns and cities, the head of the state ticket, Chancellor Henry A. Buchtel, addressing an audience at Canon City. The Democrats will hold their final rallies on Monday night with Alva Adams, their candidate for governor, speaking at Pueblo, his home town.

Spirited Campaign.

While the campaign has been spirited, the greatest interest was displayed, judging from attendance at meetings, in the candidacy of Judge Ben B. Lindsey and of Wm. D. Haywood, respectively independent and socialist candidates for governor. Nevertheless, both Republican and Democratic leaders profess the utmost confidence in a sweeping victory for their respective tickets. Much scratching of ballots is looked for. Republicans are encouraged because of the active aid given their nominees by the followers of Mayor Robert Speer, of Denver, who were excluded from the Democratic state convention in consequence of their corporation affiliations. The total registration is about 175,000, considerably below the normal vote at state elections.

ENTIRE REPUBLICAN TICKET

Washington Campaign Is Practically Closed.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 3.—The state campaign practically closed tonight. Indications point to the election of the entire Republican ticket, and a Republican legislature, though it is probable that the Democrats will have more strength in the next legislature than in the last, when their joint vote was nine. The election of Humphrey, Jones and Cushman to congress, all Republicans, is conceded. Registration in the cities for the election was light, and a condition of apathy is reported from all parts of the state. Local rights threaten the Republican ticket in certain of the legislative districts. The state election is for three representatives in congress and four justices of the supreme court.

STRENUOUS FOR AN OFF YEAR

Republicans on State Ticket in Ohio Will Be Elected Says Dick.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 3.—For an off year, the short campaign just closing in Ohio was particularly strenuous. National speakers from other states and local orators were at work early and late. Carmi Thompson, Republican, and Samuel A. Hoskins, Democrat, led their respective tickets as candidates for secretary of state, and as both have frankly appealed to the people for election, the attention has been paid to the issue which divided the Republican party one year ago.

The real contest, however, has been on congressmen. Secretary Shaw and Taft, Vice President Fairbanks, Senators Beveridge, Foraker and others urged the electing of Republican congressmen to support President Roosevelt's policies. William J. Bryan on the other hand, maintained that President Roosevelt adopted Democratic principles, and that a Democratic house would most properly sustain him.

In general, however, the Democrats dwelt on state and local issues, while Republicans discussed national legislation.

Chairman Dick of the state Republican committee, tonight issued a statement in which he said: "My judgment, based on the latest reports received from county chairmen, is that all the candidates on the Republican state ticket will be elected. We shall retain every congressional district which is normally Republican, and confidently believe that Democratic districts which elected Republican candidates two years ago, will re-elect those delegates next Tuesday. An interesting and popular feature of the campaign was the attendance of Mrs. Roosevelt-Longworth at the various meetings where her husband, Congressman Longworth, was among the speakers.

STRONG FIGHT IN WYOMING

Democrats Aggressive Along Reform Lines South Dakota Republican.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 3.—In Wyoming, the campaign has been short, but the Democrats have made an aggressive fight on reform lines, attacking the Republican organization on economic propositions, such as undervaluation of railroad property, giving away of valuable water rights, and dominance of corporations. Accusations of graft in the state administration have also been made. The state has been overwhelmingly Republican for ten years, but the Democrats hope to reduce the customary Republican majority on the state ticket this year. The choice of United States senator is involved in the election. Senator Warren is the Republican candidate to succeed himself, and the Democrats have named no candidate for the position.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—It is generally conceded tonight that Republican congressional and state tickets in South Dakota will have a plurality of between 30,000 and 40,000.

IS THERE REASON FOR HOPE?

The question as to whether consumptives ought to hope to get well or not depends upon the treatment they take and the care they take of themselves, and the regularity and persistency with which they take the treatment. If they depend upon the climate they have reason to expect to get so much better that they can live in this altitude, because this city is largely populated with people who either themselves or for some member of their family have come to this climate as consumptives, and have been able to live here, but few of them dare to go away into a low altitude for any length of time. Those who take our treatment, and the climate and the diet, have reason to hope that they can be made so well that they can not only live in this climate, but can go into any climate they choose to live in because a great many others have done so. If only one or two had taken this treatment and been able to live in the low altitudes, then there would be a question about it, but now there is no question because there are so many that have taken the treatment and are able to live in a low altitude, who can not live in this altitude because their heart is too weak, so there are two classes of people who, by taking this treatment, have good reason to feel that they can live in a low altitude.

First, those who have failed to get well by the climate, and next those who have recently come here and are in a condition to improve rapidly with the treatment, so that in the course of a month or two they can go to their old homes in perfect safety and by continuing the treatment they make a permanent and radical cure.

Examinations for the treatment are free. Office hours, 10 to 12 and 2 to 4 except Sunday. Office in the Barnes Bldg.

W. A. Shepard, M. D.

JOINT STATEHOOD WILL WIN

Will Receive Majority of 10,000 to 12,000 in New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 3.—Estimates of Republican and Democrat campaign managers tonight are that joint statehood will receive a majority of the vote in New Mexico, Tuesday, of from 10,000 to 12,000. These estimates may be taken as fairly accurate, although the vote will probably be reduced to some extent on statehood because of the belief in New Mexico that Arizona will vote against jointure. Governor Hagerman has vigorously pushed the campaign for joint statehood and his work has done much to maintain the interest of the people in the question. Reports from Arizona indicate that the advocates of joint statehood will obtain about twenty-five per cent of the total vote.

ATTEMPT TO OUST MORMONS

Hardest Fight in Utah Is in Salt Lake County.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 3.—In the closing days of the campaign in Utah interest centers in the probable result in Salt Lake county, where the American party, organized with the avowed purpose of wresting control from the Mormons, is exerting every effort to gain control of the county government. The Americans are now in control in Salt Lake City. Under the leadership of Senator Smoot, the Republicans are using every means to bring Mormon Democrats to the support of the Republicans. Congressman Littlefield, of Maine, who delivered several speeches urging the re-election of Congressman Howell, has been the only campaigner from outside of the state.

HISTORY WILL BE MADE

Will Oklahoma Constitution Be Written by Democrats or Republicans?

GUTHRIE, Ok., Nov. 3.—History will be made next Tuesday, when the people of Oklahoma will decide at the polls whether the constitution shall be written by the Democratic or Republican party.

Chairman Jake L. Hamon, of the Republican central committee, claims that the Republicans will have seventy delegates in the convention, out of the 112 to be elected, while Jesse R. Dunn, Democratic chairman, predicts a safe majority. The issues are clear cut and the campaign, which has been conducted along partisan lines, has been remarkably free of subterfuges.

CHARGE OF GRAFT IN NEVADA

Democrats Charge Fraud in Opening of Walker Lake Reservation.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 3. The Nevada campaign is ending in a whirlwind of interest. The opening of the Walker Lake reservation attended with fraud as contended by the Democrats, who claim that Republican interests influenced the opening to take place about election time, is one of the reasons for the bitterness that has been infused into the finish.

Governor Sparks, the incumbent, is believed to be a winner over his Republican opponent, J. F. Mitchell, Nevada being normally Democratic. It is also expected that George Bartlett, Democrat, for congress, will be elected.

CONTROL OF LEGISLATURE

Campaign in Montana Waged on Congressmen.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 3.—The campaign this year has been waged on congressmen and control of the legislature, which will elect a senator to succeed W. A. Clark. The Republicans have waged their campaign on national issues and the Democrats have put the state issues to the front. The Republican candidates for the federal senate, Congressman Dixon and former Senator Mantle, have taken an active part in the campaign, as have the Democratic candidates, Governor Toole, H. L. Frank and W. G. Conrad. Senator Clark has announced that he will not be a candidate.

Both parties claim the legislature by a safe working majority.

GOVERNORSHIP IS IN DOUBT

Democrats Accede Election of Other Republican Candidate.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—Both the Republican and Democratic state headquarters issued statements tonight claiming the election of their respective candidates for governor. The Republican chairman claims a plurality of 50,000 while the Democratic manager makes claim to 9,700. The only question as to the result between the two leading parties is on the governorship, the Democrats conceding the election of all Republican candidates.

Cummins has made his stand as an anti-railroad candidate, while Porter, Democrat, has attacked Cummins' administration and appealed to anti-Cummins Republicans. The Republicans claim nine of eleven congressional districts, while the Democrats claim three and possibly six.

REPUBLICANS HAVE STATE

No Opposition in Many of the Congressional Districts.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 3.—Various meetings throughout St. Paul and Minneapolis tonight wound up the campaign for governor of Minnesota. There will be a few meetings on Monday night, but the heavy artillery has all been fired and the efforts of the committees will now be directed to getting out the vote. At political headquarters in this city the chairmen of both parties expr[illegible] confidence in victory.

Of the Minnesota representation in congress which is now solidly Republican, 14 congressmen have no opposition. In the other districts brisk contests have been waged.

CAMPAIGN IN MARYLAND DULL

Republicans Claim No Falling Off in [illegible]

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 3.—The congressional campaign in Maryland, which practically closed tonight, is regarded as the dullest in the political history of the state. The Republicans claim there will be no falling off in the representation of three Republicans to three Democrats.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 3.—The campaign in Delaware has been spiritless. The election will be for a congressman, state treasurer and a legislature to elect a successor to United States Senator Alee.

SOUTH CAMPAIGN SPIRITLESS

But Little Opposition to Democratic Candidates in Different States.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 3.—The Mississippi congressional campaign was without incident. All candidates will be returned by the usual Democratic majorities.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 3.—Indications in North Carolina are for a Democratic majority of 40,000 to 50,000. Democratic leaders profess absolute confidence in every congressional district.

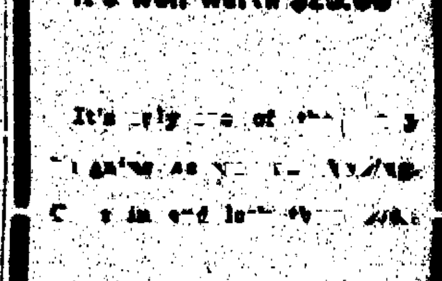
ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 3.—The close of the congressional campaign in Georgia is entirely without interest. In only the first of the eleven congressional districts is there any opposition to the Democratic ticket.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 3.—In only one district in Alabama was there a semblance of a campaign. Congressman Burnett, of the 7th district, was opposed by J. H. Kennemore, fusion candidate.

There is no doubt as to the success of the entire Democratic party.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 3.—The only active political contests in Texas are in the 15th congressional district, where the incumbent, Mr. Garner, Democrat, is opposed by W. T. Moore, Republican, and in three legislative districts where Republicans stand a show to win. Otherwise the usual Democratic majorities are indicated.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 3.—The campaign in Virginia, which practically closed tonight, have been spiritless save in the 9th district, where both sides have worked strenuously, the Republicans to hold the district, the Democrats to "redeem" it. The result is doubtful.



This Three-Piece Suite

Nicely Upholstered

$16.50

It's well worth $25.00

It's [illegible]

[illegible]

CASH OR CREDIT.

McCracken & Hubbard

119 [illegible]

All Our Furnaces At Cost

Repairs

—FOR—

Ray State Furnaces,

Niagara Furnaces,

Royal Furnaces,

Kernan Furnaces.

Barnes Hardware

17 S. Tejon St.

A Sample Box of Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly

will prove to you the wonderful healing power of this remedy for Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head or any complication resulting from Chronic Nasal Catarrh.

THREE TESTIMONIALS WAITING.

W. B. Prather, of Rocky Mt., N. C., writes (June [illegible]): "Enclosed please find 15 cts. for which kindly send me three tubes of your Catarrhal Jelly. I have derived more benefit from this Jelly than from any other I have ever used, which have been many. I secured a good supply from you some time ago but in my desire to have others enjoy the relief it affords, I have given away the samples you sent me and two of the packages. Everyone seems to echo my sentiment as to its value."

Mrs. A. C. Harries, 186 West 11th street, New York, writes (May 14, 1906): "I found a sample of your Catarrhal Jelly in my letter box and I used some of it which proved a great relief for my catarrh. It stopped the dropping in my throat and I liked the soothing feeling it gave in my nose and throat. Kindly let me know the price for a package and I will send stamps or money."

The writer used less than a tube and was entirely [illegible] all [illegible] trouble.

[illegible] Aug. 21, 1906. Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Gentlemen: As a general thing I am opposed to writing letters of praise and sentimental recommendation to medical firms after using their goods.

I want to be plain and at the same time let you know clearly that I now make an exception to that mode of thinking. I have a bad case of catarrh and suffer very often from head colds on account of it, sneezing always predominates to such an extent that when a cold is in progress I am utterly miserable. Last week I had a terrible cold and I of course was sneezing my head off, as usual, when a police officer here, a friend of mine, recommended your Catarrhal Jelly. I tried it and I feel confident at last I have found a real cure for sneezing. It has helped me wonderfully and I shall honestly and gladly ask my friends to use it, when they are in need of such a remedy. Believe me a friend to your pleasant little cure, and I shall never be without it.

[illegible] W. P[illegible]

[illegible]

THE

Mayhurst Hotel

MRS. J. J. MAY, PROP.

1609 Cheyenne Road.

Now open for the winter season.

All modern conveniences. Steam heat.

Very reasonable rates.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Cure Constipation Without Drugs

IN THE PRIVACY OF YOUR OWN HOME.

FREE COUPON BELOW.

PROF. T. H. MIDGLEY,
Constipation Specialist; Inventor of the Drugless Constipation Cure.

Without the use of pills, purgatives or drugs of any kind, I can and do cure the worst cases of chronic Constipation—cure them to stay cured, and restore the patient to a state of health and happiness such as they had never known before. I can cure constipation no matter how bad it is. I can show you how to cure yourself right in your own home without the use of drugs. Constipation is cured for all time when cured my way. Fill out free coupon below and mail today.

FREE COUPON.

Fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to Prof. T. H. Midgley, 428 Midgley Block, Kalamazoo, Mich., and by return mail he will tell you free how to cure constipation without medicine.

....

....

....

COLLEGE NOTES

The annual declamation contest between the freshmen and sophomores is scheduled for December 10. The preliminary contests will be held about November 28 at which time four men from each class will be chosen. The prizes are, first, $15.00; second, $10.00.

Attorney William C. Robinson addressed the young men of the college at the regular Y. M. C. A. meeting Friday night on the subject of "Christian Citizenship."

President Slocum delivered his third address on "Loyalty" to the students of the college last Friday.

Miss Mabel Lewis went to her home in Loveland Friday for a few days' visit with her relatives.

The political meeting of the Apollonian club Friday night was interesting and is said to be one of the best programs ever delivered at the college. The whole program, except the music and chalk talk, was concerning politics. Harry Fischer, quarterback of the football team, opened the program with a speech on the "Political Situation in New York." The speech was well given and although short, a good idea of the situation in the Empire state was given. Gleason C. Lake followed with a talk on the "Independent in Politics." Mr. Lake showed clearly why a man has the right to scratch his ticket and vote for the man of his choice, no matter to what party he belonged. Ben Lindsey was championed by Mr. Hyde. This talk did not enter into the political beliefs of Mr. Lindsey but was rather a brief account of his life. Chancellor Buchtel was supported by Mr. Fisk of Cripple Creek. This speech was purely political and emphasized the fact that Mr. Buchtel had not pledged himself to any party or party machine and that he would be controlled by what he thought was right. Mr. Fisk is a student of politics and presented his points clearly and in a very convincing manner. A storm of applause followed his speech. The most convincing speech of the evening was given by J. K. McClintock for Alva Adams. Mr. McClintock is a strong Democrat and was well able to speak on his subject, as he is a student of law and politics. He declared that Adams was cheated out of the office of governor two years ago and that it was now in the hands of the voters to wipe this blot from the state's history.

All those who want to see a great football game should not fail to go to Boulder next Tuesday.

NEW BOOKS IN LIBRARY

Complete List Made Out by Librarian. October Circulation Large.

The monthly report of the Carnegie public library for October has been issued. During the month, 8,624 books were circulated, a daily average of 319. This is the largest number of books given out since May. The number of children's books issued was 2,380. Of the 373 books added during the month, 158 were placed in the children's room. The number of new cards issued was 221. Following are the books added during the last few weeks:

New Fiction—"Richard the Brazen," by C. T. Brady and Edward Peple; "The Plow Woman," by Eleanor Gates; "The Spirit of Bonifatse," by H. R. Haggard; "Voyage of the Arrow," by T. Y. Hyns; "In the Days of the Comet," by H. G. Wells; "Sir John Constantine," by A. T. Quiller Couch; "Sandy From the Sierras," by Richard Barry; "Silent War," by J. A. Mitchell.

Other Books—"Cuba and Porto Rico," by R. T. Hill; "Story of Cuba," by M. Halstead; "Cuba," by P. F. and J. T. Hyatt; "Tomorrow in Cuba," by C. M. Pepper; "Slavery and Abolition," by A. B. Hart (Vol. 16 of "The American Nation"); "History of Greeley and the Union Colony of Colorado," by David Boyd; "A Handbook of Polar Discoveries," by A. W. Greely; "A Sailor of Fortune; personal memoirs of Capt. B. S. Osborn," by Albert B. Paine; "True Life of Capt. Sir Richard Burton," by Georgiana M. Stisted; "Edgar Allen Poe, His Life, Letters and Opinions," by J. H. Ingram; "History of American Socialism," by J. H. Noyes; "Democratic Campaign Book, 1906"; "Republican Campaign Text Book, 1906"; "Human Personality and Its Survival of Bodily Death," by F. W. H. Myers; "The World's Christmas Tree," by C. E. Jefferson; "World's Children," by Mortimer Menpes; "Peter Vischer," by C. Headlam; "Van Dyck," by L. Cust; "Leonardo Da Vince," by H. P. Horne; "Thomas Gainsborough," by W. R. Boulton; "British Sculpture and Sculptors of Today," by M. H. Spielman; "Water-color Painting in England," by G. R. Redgrave; "Intarsia and Marquetry," by F. H. Jackson; "Devils," by L. C. Wall; Palliser's "New Cottage Homes"; "The Sunken Bell," by Gerhart Hauptmann; "Coming of Peace," by Gerhart Hauptmann; "Land of Heart's Desire" and "Wind Among the Reeds," by W. B. Yeats.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The Adelphi has entered politics. Friday evening the society was divided into two parties, Republican and Democrat. These two parties then held caucus meetings and elected their permanent chairmen and secretaries. Then they elected their nominees for the different offices and chose their platforms. Owing to disagreement as to the platform, the Republican party split into two factions. A new party was organized called the Free-Thinkers. These nominees will be voted upon Friday evening. During the present week the parties will do electioneering work among the members of the school. Before the election Friday evening, miniature rallies will be held by the parties.

The rehearsals for the senior class play, "The Climbers," have been increased from three to five a week. Monday evening will be the first rehearsal of the whole of act two. The first act is practically learned. Only one month remains before the production which will be made in the local Opera house on December 6.

A collection was taken up among the students of the High school Friday to make some sort of a floral tribute to Mr. William Palmer. The presidents of the four classes have charge of the matter.

The jury for the divorce trial which was held Friday last, met Monday and gave their decision in favor of the plaintiff. The case will not be appealed.

The entire senior class was out to the barbecue which was given by the college, Wednesday.

The Omega literary society gave a spread to their new members Friday afternoon in the Physics laboratory.

The Alpha literary society gave a Halloween party at the home of their president, Lois Smith, Friday evening.

The juniors are going to give an advertisement party on November 9 at the home of one of their members.

The High School Dancing club gave its third dance at the Majestic Friday evening under the direction of Mrs. Whitbeck.

The October issue of the Lever was out Friday. "The Golden Gate Mystery" by LeOra Baxter, was begun in this number. Besides this there are several other stories on Halloween and other subjects.

Mrs. Clark, the teacher of the commercial course, has been out of school for the past week on account of the illness of her husband.

E. J. Walker, teacher of the junior and senior English classes, has returned from the south where he was called by the illness of his wife.

A MIGHTY SILK SALE

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

Will be Red Letter Bargain Days in our Silk Department, which is becoming the most popular section in our whole store. Popular because we continually sell the best silks that money can buy at unapproachable prices.

Tomorrow morning we offer hundreds of yards of new, seasonable, up-to-date silks at a tremendous slashing of prices. On several numbers we have cut the price below the actual cost of raw silk. Come early. Some lots are limited and the best values will be picked up first.

$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Silks for 89c

LOT 1 includes 36-inch silks in black, black and white, plaids, shepherd check, brocaded checks in navy and Alice blue, green, gray and red, 36-inch hairline stripes in brown, green and gray, 27-inch changeable taffetas in blue, red, green, brown gray and black. These silks are all new and stylish, suitable for waists and dresses and worth $1.00, 1.25 and $1.50, on sale 3 days at only 89c

50c, 65c and 69c Silks for 39c

LOT 2—This lot includes 18-inch corded novelty fancy waistings and fancy shirt waist suitings, fancy checks with white ground and red, blue and black hairline checks; also 15 pieces printed Mikado waistings, white ground with small figures and dots, 24 pieces 18-inch plain taffetas, all colors and guaranteed to wear. This lot is very suitable for waists, dresses and linings, worth up to 69c..39c

Table Linens on Sale

We sell the best linen for the least money.

58-inch Bleached and Unbleached Table Linen, regular 35c; on sale 25c
60-inch half Bleached all pure table linen, regular price 69c, on sale 50c
64-inch Bleached Mercerized table Linen, regular price, 69c; on sale 50c
64-inch heavy loom dice Linen for hotels, worth 65c; on sale 50c
72-inch Unbleached all pure Irish Linen, worth $1.10; on sale yds. 75c
72-inch Bleached all pure Linen Irish Damask, regular price $1.25; on sale 89c
18-inch Hemstitched Scarfing, per yd. 25c
Remnants of Table Linens 1½ to 3 yds. lengths at almost half price.

Domestic Department

1,000 yds. Indigo Blue Calicoes, warranted fast colors; on sale ...5c
15 pieces, 27-inch Hamilton's twilled cretonnes, regular price 10c; on sale 7½c
Full yard wide comfort calicoes, regular price 12½c and 15c; sale price 10c
500 yds. light and dark Outing Flannels worth 8 1-3c and 10c; sale price 7c
Full pound roll Batting good quality, 15c regular price; on sale 12½c
100 pieces 28-inch Flannelettes in stripes, figures and checks, 12½c values; sale price 15c
Figured and Plain Silkolines, regular, 12½c and 15c values; on sale, per yd. 10c
9-4 Bleached Pepperell Sheeting, 30c value; per yard 26c
Percales, regular price 12½c, all colors; on sale, per yard 10c

Blankets! Blankets!

10-4 gray and white blankets, regular price 75c; on sale 48c
Extra large 10-4 blankets in gray only, regular price 85c; on sale 69c
11-4 blankets in tan and gray, regular price $1.10; on sale 79c
11-4 blankets in tan and gray, regular price $1.35; on sale 98c
12-4 blankets, white tan and gray, regular price $2.00; sale price $1.48
Full size guaranteed all wool blankets, regular price $5.00; on sale $3.75
11-4 sanitary wool blankets in tan and gray, warranted not to shrink, regular price $7.50; on sale ...$5.00

Nemo Corsets

Style 301, the Nemo Military belt corset does much for the medium figure for which it has been specially designed. It produces a small waist effect, gives exquisite curve and a well-moulded back, has double garter attachments and is the best corset of its kind; price $3.00
No. 312 and 314 are the most popular styles in Nemo Corsets. The first for the stout woman of medium height, reduces and supports the abdomen. The second for the short waisted stout woman, has low bust and short under the arms and long below the waist line, reduces the figure in a marked degree. Both styles have the double garter attachments which evenly distributes the weight and keeps the corset in place and gives perfect comfort; price $3.00

MONDAY SPECIALS

New Shipment of Coats, Suits, Skirts and Furs

$30.00 Ladies' Suit 20.00	$26.00 Ladies' Suit 19.00	$22.50 Ladies' Suit 17.50	$18.00 Ladies' Suit 11.50
$16.50 Ladies' Suit 9.75	$15.00 Ladies' Suit 8.50	$12.00 Ladies' Suit 5.95	Odd Lot Ladies' Suits 3.95
$45.00 Ladies' Coat 32.00	$35.00 Ladies' Coat 27.50	$25.00 Ladies' Coat 18.00	$18.00 Ladies' Coat 14.50
$16.50 Ladies' Coat 12.00	$12.00 Ladies' Coat 8.50	$10.00 Ladies' Coat 6.50	$8.00 Ladies' Coat 5.50
Special Line Skirts 3.98	Special Line Skirts 5.00	Special Line Skirts 6.00	Special Line Skirts 7.00

Special Prices All Day on Furs.

Ladies' Underwear

Specially Priced this week.
Ladies' fleeced garments in white and cream, 35c value; After Supper Sale 25c
Ladies' cream and gray union suits, regular price 65c; After Supper Sale 50c
Boys' heavy fleeced union suits, regular 65c; After Supper Sale..50c
Ladies' silver gray union suits, all sizes, regular price $1.00; After Supper Sale 75c
Ladies' cream union suits, the best $1.25 suit in town; After Supper Sale $1.00
Ladies' light weight hand finished wool union suits; After Supper Sale $1.00

Notion Novelties

Ladies' Belts in plaids and stripes, shirred and pleated in blacks and colors. Also new Elastic and Beaded Belts, all the latest novelties 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, up to $1.50
Beads and Necklaces, all colors and styles, on sale this week ...10c up to $5.00
Beaded Bags and Leather Purses, the largest stock in town and the prices are right, ..25c to $7.50
Side Combs and Back Combs of every description the largest variety to be found in town.
Sterling silver Swastika hat and stick pins, at .... 25c to 35c
New line of Beauty Pins, at ..10c and 25c

Gloves

We can supply everbody with silk gloves, black or white, at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75
Long gloves, in extra quality kid, black, white, green, gray, tan, red, at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50
Real Arabian velvet finish mocha gloves, all colors $1.75
Our own make, real mocha gloves, all colors, $1.25; the new fall shades.
Fall weight gloves, ladies' black or brown cashmere, glove, silk lined, two-clasp 70c
We are also showing a fine line of ladies', gents' and children's golf gloves, from .... 25c to 75c

Dress Goods Dept.

34-inch Milton Suiting, in gray, brown and blue, sale price 35c, Special 25c
34-inch Rain Proof Suiting in plain gray and shadow checks, worth 35c, Special 25c
36-inch Plaids and Checks in bright and modified styles, worth 35c; Special price 25c
Bookfold Wool Tricots in black, pink, blue, red, navy, light blue, green and gray, price 39c; Special price 30c
38-inch all wool Serge in black, navy and brown, sold for 65c; Special price 50c
44-inch Mohair in black, cream, brown, navy, green and red, marked 65c; Special price 35c
38-inch Mohair made in Bradford, England, in black, cream, blue, brown, green and red, sale prices 65c; Special price 50c
52-inch Mohair in black, cream, gray, navy, brown and tan, worth $1.00; Special price 75c
38-inch Shadow Plaids in gray with red mixture, black mixture, green mixture, sale prices 65c; Special price 50c
48-inch Shadow Plaids in green, blue, gray and red, sale prices $1.09; Special price 75c
20 pieces, 36-inch Danish cloth in black, cream and all colors, sale price 35c; Special price 25c

Dress Trimmings and Allover Laces

These are all new and up-to-date, SPECIALLY PRICED FOR ONE WEEK. One inch wide, black and white silk chiffon applique, on sale 30c
1¼, 1½, 2¼ and 2½-inch white and black and colored silk and chiffon applique, specially priced this week, 39c, 50c, 85c, $1.00 & $1.50
Persian Braids, all widths and colors on sale this week .... 20c to 50c
Cotton Appliques and Braids in black and white, all widths, from ½ inch to 4 in. wide, on sale .... 12½c to 75c
Cream Allover laces 18 inches wide, regular price $2.00; on sale this week $1.50
Cream Allover laces 18 inches wide, $1.25 and $1.50; on sale this week $1.00
Black Allover laces 18 inches wide, priced this week .... $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

Millinery Specials

For Monday and Tuesday.
Hundreds of choice Dress Hats, stylishly trimmed hats, sold up to $6.50; on sale $3.50
Dress Hats in a variety of styles, artistically trimmed hats, sold up to $8.50; on sale at $4.98
Choice line of Tams at ..65c, 75c and 89c.
Toques, at ....25c, 35c and 50c

No-Mend Children's Hosiery

The famous No-mend hosiery that knows no holes, a wear resister without a rival. Heels and toes are sewed with spliced linen thread, we have them all sizes for Boys and Girls, at 25c

PELTA'S DEPARTMENT STORE
UNDERBUYERS AND UNDERSELLERS.

COLORADO CITY NEWS ITEMS

Roy Gedney, a 15-year-old boy, who was sent from Colorado City to the State Industrial School for Boys at Golden last spring for burglarizing J. E. Moore's grocery store, at Colorado City, and who escaped from school last Wednesday night, walking all the way from Denver to Colorado City without anything to eat, was apprehended yesterday afternoon at his home by Officer Bert Webb, and turned over to Probation Officer Reasoner. The runaway was hiding in the cellar when the officer approached the house. He was taken back to Golden last night by Superintendent J. L. Paddleford. A reward of $25 which was offered for his capture, will be paid Officer Webb.

The Rev. C. F. Seitter, pastor of the First M. E. church, will begin the following series of talks for young people this evening: November 4, "The Young Woman, and Tom, Dick and Harry"; November 11, "Young Man and His Handicap"; November 18, "The Young Man and Woman and Their Supreme Ambition."

Bert Butler, brother of Beatrice Smalley, who committed suicide by shooting herself through the heart last Thursday, arrived in Colorado City from Cripple Creek Friday night to complete arrangements for his sister's funeral. The body will be shipped to Eureka, Ka., Mrs. Smalley's former home.

Mr. William Brown, 708 Monroe avenue, who has been a resident of Colorado City for the last sixteen years, has moved to Baton Rouge, La., where she will join her husband, who has secured a position there.

A boys' orchestra has been organized at the First Congregational church.

The Colorado City fire department responded to a false fire alarm from the box at the corner of Fifth and Main streets Friday night about 9:30 o'clock.

Miss Anna Roberts, daughter of Griffith Roberts, 201 Jefferson avenue, has gone to New York city where she will continue her musical studies.

The best furniture in America looks like plunder in a dray. Get a moving van of C. M. Sherman, Colorado City.

The Colorado City council will meet in regular session tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Albert Cressler, of Jennings, Kas., is visiting William Gessford and family.

MACNEILL BUYS PROPERTY

Pays Approximately $14,000 for Tract 200x190 Feet at Corner of Cascade and Columbia.

One of the largest deals in residence property consummated in Colorado Springs for some time was the purchase recently of the residence property on the southeast corner of North Cascade avenue and West Columbia street owned by Charles H. Dudley, by Charles M. MacNeill, for a consideration said to be in the neighborhood of $14,000. This corner has a frontage on Cascade avenue of nearly 200 feet, and a depth of 190 feet on Columbia street. It is situated directly opposite the Bowles residence, which was recently purchased by Mr. Babcock for $50,000. The deal was negotiated by Charles F. Bennett.

Mr. MacNeill does not intend to improve the property immediately, but it is understood that he will eventually erect a costly residence.

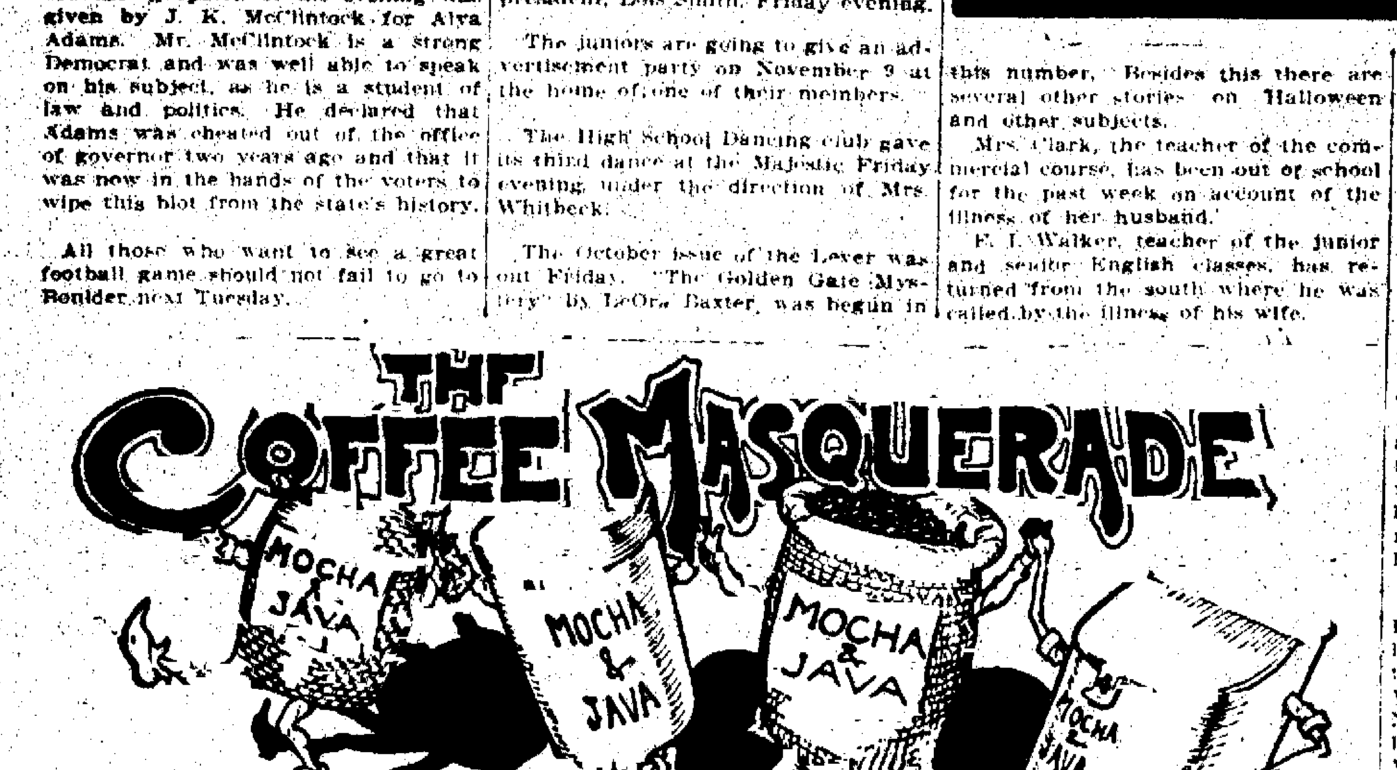
Other sales recently made by Mr. Bennett are the two-story dwelling at 1332 North Weber street, formerly owned by William Lloyd, to Mrs. Anne H. Kampf; the residence at 1602 South Cascade avenue, to Mrs. Kampf, and the Rathbun ranch, consisting of 600 acres near Breede, Colo., from C. H. Rathbun to an eastern man. The considerations are not given.

E. H. WITHERELL SELLS LAND

Makes Several Big Deals in Colorado Farming Sections.

E. H. Witherell, the well-known land agent of Colorado Springs, has made a number of good sales during the last week. Mr. Witherell says that he has ceased handling lands in Texas as he can secure better lands in Colorado and New Mexico, where conditions are more favorable for farming, at lower prices. He reports the following sales: Four sections of land in Cheyenne Colo., 2,560 acres, to A. J. Cohn, Rockford, Ill., at $4.85 per acre; two sections in Lincoln county, 2,460 acres, at $5.25 per acre, one-half cash, balance on time; a 15,040-acre ranch in western Kansas to the Gleary Bros. of Jackson, Mich., one-half of the consideration being a business property in Jackson, the balance cash.

BUYS HOUSE AND LOT—A. L. Bedford has purchased the house and lot at 683 East Monument street from Mattie Schwartz for $1,000. The deal was closed last week through the agency of J. L. Franklin.



Advice of the largest coffee dealers in the world is always to buy the old-fashioned Arbuckles' ARIOSA Coffee in the sealed packages. Don't ask for a pound of Mocha and Java, or buy by the price, for Coffee fluctuates and you cannot get the same coffee for the same price all the time, unless you pay too much for it. Most of the so-called Mocha and Java Coffee is simply masquerading, and is not nearly as good coffee for you as Arbuckles' ARIOSA, the blend of the Brazilian Coffees most suitable to the taste and health of American people. By the looks there is no difference between roasted Java and Brazilian Coffees; many people drink Brazilian but pay for Java. The principal difference is that Arbuckles' costs you less. It is a [illegible] to believe that a high price [illegible]. When you buy Arbuckles' ARIOSA Coffee, you get a [illegible] package of the [illegible] Coffee of the [illegible]. Its sales for 37 years are greater than the combined sales of all the other packaged coffees. By giving better Coffee for the money, we have built up a business exceeding the combined business of the four next largest coffee [illegible] in the world. If your dealer will not supply the genuine, write to ARBUCKLE BROS., N. Y. City.

"CONSUMPTION"

is extremely often an erroneous diagnosis. Right or wrong it is Congestion of Blood in the LUNGS with the natural sequence of Suppuration. One who has perfect GENERAL CIRCULATION will have no LUNG-congestion. We know by over twenty consecutive and successful years of effort for "CONSUMPTIVES" that

DORMANT CIRCULATION

is the CAUSE of their affliction, and, further, that it is often Congestion and Lassitude of the KIDNEYS which thus places the LUNGS in jeopardy. Kidneys rendered weak and clogged by great overwork upon the rubbish of DORMANT CIRCULATION force their "stint" upon the LUNGS. Because as kidney-excrement the faithful liver reforms the deadly debris and sends it UP as gas, which is a LUNG-excrement. This overwork deprives the LUNGS of combative power and congestion is forced upon them. This does not necessarily mean "DISEASE" of the LUNGS. Every cell may be intact, ready and willing to work if but relieved of crippling congestion.

For over twenty years we have consummated these perfect cures by persistent publicity of our rational method—a HOME TREATMENT for which we give most explicit directions. No matter how seemingly hopeless your case, even though "an alarming proportion" of the LUNG-substance has been "consumed" the remaining cells will be rendered normally competent. It is a matter for wonder how little LUNG-substance is actually necessary to maintenance of comfortable life.

BOOKLETS, CORRESPONDENCE, PERSONAL (or MAIL) CONSULTATION absolutely FREE.

Mr. and Mrs. GEO. A. CORWIN,
137 S. Carolina Avenue, Atlantic City, N. J.
[illegible] COMPANY, Atlantic City, N. J.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LUMBER VERY SCARCE

LUMBERMAN TALKS OF SITUATION IN WISCONSIN.

Says Duty on Canadian Product Should Be Greatly Reduced Facts and Figures

[illegible] Taft [illegible] Washington [illegible]

The time [illegible] United States had [illegible] of the very best quality that the supply seemed almost inexhaustible and the [illegible] so low that no effort was made [illegible] the timber product [illegible] What has been the result? At the present time the immense timber [illegible] of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota are practically exhausted and in the last five years the price has risen beyond the wildest dreams of the old-time lumbermen. We are being compelled to get nearly all our best lumber from the Pacific coast and scores of mills in the states mentioned have been abandoned through the exhaustion of the timber supply. Only the very largest concerns are still running in Duluth, Ashland, Saginaw, Two Harbors, Marquette and dozens of other cities in the north and they are being compelled to handle timber that a few years ago would have been sneered at and left to rot.

Ten years ago a firm on the Pacific coast, at Seattle, made an experiment in shipping a few carloads of their best fir lumber to Minneapolis. After the utmost difficulty they had to sell their shipment to a local firm for very little more than the cost of shipping. This year that same firm has shipped over 5,000,000 feet of fir and spruce to Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth for sale in the immediate vicinity, the most of it being taken in the three cities named. Other firms on the coast are doing likewise and the cost of lumber is such as to place it almost beyond the reach of the poor man owing largely to the long haul and the high railway rates. It is true that the Pacific coast states have immense quantities of timber, but at the present rate of demand it will not be many years before they, too, will be exhausted for besides their eastern trade they have an immense home market and an enormous oriental demand. In the meantime the easterners are suffering from the scarcity and paying such exorbitant prices that building operations are seriously retarded in many of the cities which are growing fast and should have cheaper lumber for building, especially of the rougher variety, for very few can afford to use fir and spruce.

"What is the remedy?" Mr. Taft gave a hint of a move in the right direction. Canada has immense fields of timber going to waste which are practically as close to the great cities of the northwest as the timber lands from which they have been drawing their supplies. Many of these lands are held by American capital so that to admit it almost free of duty would not be like giving the benefit altogether to the Canadians. There are thousands of acres of magnificent timber within a short distance of the Canadian line, around the Lake of the Woods and the Rainy river district. The railway haul to many of the large American cities would not be great and a great part of the lumber could be transported on boats over Lake Superior at very cheap rates. This would give all the western cities a new source of supply and make the price of lumber within the reach of all. This, in its turn, would facilitate the building of homes by the workingmen and relieve them from the necessity of paying outrageous rents, which is one of the great industrial evils of America today. It is to be hoped that the government will take some action in the matter and I do not doubt that Mr. Taft had the lumber industry in mind, among other things when he made his speech."

Quinsy, Sprains and Swellings Cured.

"In November 1901, I caught cold and had the quinsy. My throat was swollen so I could hardly breathe. I applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me relief in a short time. In two days I was all right," says Mrs. L. Cousins, Otterburn, Mich. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment and is especially valuable for sprains and swellings. For sale by all druggists.

New automatic Remington rifle at Strang's. Come and see the latest in guns.

STOP AT THE ALBANY WHEN IN DENVER.

Denver's most popular hotel. Thoroughly overhauled and an immense new addition just added. Hot and cold water and 'phone in every room. American or European plan. Grill room and Bohemian cafe. On 17th street, in heart of business district and on car line.

At the Albany you meet friends from all over the state. Stop there next time.

During the coming week all made-up furs at Aiken's Museum, both new and old styles, will be closed out at auction for whatever bidders choose to give for them.

WHAT IS IT?

THE LITTLE GEYSER

Don't fail to call at 120 E. Pikes Peak Ave. and see it. Everybody invited. A treat for all. Free. Special invitation to ladies.

WILL LECTURE—Ulysses G. Archbold will lecture on Drugless Healing at the New Thought reading rooms, 112 East Pike's Peak avenue, at 7:30 o'clock this evening. The public is invited.

New automatic Remington rifle at Strang's. Come and see the latest in guns.

SAYS BURNS WILL SELL

MAY QUIT COLORADO IF HE LOSES SUIT.

Masterson Declares Former Portland President Will Dispose of All Stocks in This State

In the district court yesterday Murat Masterson, counsel for James F. Burns, in conformity with the suggestion of Judge J. W. Sheafor, filed an amended [illegible] mandamus in the proceedings brought by Burns [illegible] the Portland Gold Mining company [illegible] Burns' representatives to examine the books and property of the company. Copies of the [illegible] were served [illegible] O. I. Dines of Denver and Judge A. T. Gunnell [illegible] attorneys for the Portland officials. The writ was made returnable November 10, which marks the limit of defendants' time to plead thereto. They are given until November 20 to answer.

In speaking of the suit Murat Masterson said last night:

"The case if lost will be taken to the supreme court. If Mr. Burns does not ultimately secure a writ of mandamus compelling the Portland management to allow his representatives to inspect the company's books and property he will sell every share owned by him in Colorado corporations. His thousands of shares in mining companies in addition to the Portland and his enormous holdings in various Colorado corporations will be exchanged for cash at the earliest possible opportunity should he fail to secure permission to examine the Portland property.

"The proceedings now pending are of vital importance to the state, since they will determine the question of visitorial powers of the Colorado courts to interfere with the management of a foreign corporation in this state. Heretofore such a proceeding could not be maintained until the settlement of the Diamond Match company case.

"The proceedings in this suit were identical with that in the Portland. The property and books, together with the officials, were all in Rhode Island, the company having been incorporated in Connecticut. The suit for permission to examine the books and property was instituted in Connecticut, but, although the court issued the requested writ no books or property could be found in the state. The suit was then taken into Rhode Island where the plaintiff stockholders finally secured the right to examine into the management of the property.

"This case is a parallel to the Diamond suit, and will make history in Colorado, for, if we lose locally, it will be appealed to the state supreme court."

WILL BUILD A POWER HOUSE

Epperson Completes Survey for Bear Creek Pipe Line—May Light Colorado City.

Surveys have just been completed in Bear creek canon by W. P. Epperson of Colorado City for the Bear creek pipe line which is to carry a portion of the waters of Bear creek from Josephine falls to the head of North Cheyenne canon where a power house will be located. Mr. Epperson proposes to utilize this power to generate electricity, which may be used to light Colorado City. However, definite plans for the use of this electric power have not been made. Last year Mr. Epperson made surveys for the proposed pipe line, platted them, and filed them with the county clerk. These surveys were also filed with the state engineer and approved by him as conforming with the statutes. During the last month Mr. Epperson's engineers, Garstin & Sawyer, of Colorado Springs, made another and final contour survey, which shows that the water would have a fall of about 1,800 feet by the proposed pipe line. This would give a pressure of about 500 horsepower at the end of the line where the station is to be erected.

For some time it has been rumored persistently in Colorado City that W. P. Epperson was preparing to submit a proposition for lighting the city. Mr. Epperson, in an interview last night, denied that such was his intention.

"I have no definite plans," he said. "There are several propositions regarding the use of this power which I might be able to take up. I have simply found that several hundred horsepower of energy is going to waste in Bear creek and in accordance with the statute providing for the taking up of water power on government land, I have had my surveys platted."

The cost of manufacturing power according to Mr. Epperson's scheme, would not be very great. According to the surveys the pipe line would start near Josephine falls on the west bank of Bear creek canon and would continue around the mountain for 2,350 feet. At this point the steel pressure pipe would begin, running 3,070 feet and ending at a point near the junction of North Cheyenne canon and the Bear creek canon road. It is here that it is proposed to erect the power house. Then if the power is used in Colorado City or its vicinity the power could be conveyed there by a system of wires.

About twelve years ago Mr. Epperson attempted to secure these water rights but as the property was then owned by private parties he was unable to succeed. His first survey showed a fall of 800 feet but the last survey gave the flow of water a fall of 1,800 feet.

The possibilities of the power which Mr. Epperson has secured are great. It has been suggested that a part of this power could be used to form an electric pleasure park, a park that would rival the Elitch gardens at Denver. A small plot of ground could be secured between Colorado City and Manitou and fitted up for a park with various amusement features. With the abundance of electric light unique lighting effects in fountains and waterfalls could be secured.

HAD A CLOSE CALL

A dangerous surgical operation, involving the removal of a malignant ulcer, as large as my hand, from my daughter's hip, was prevented by the application of Bucklen's Arnica Salve," says A. C. Stickel of Miletus, W. Va. Persistent use of the Salve completely cured it. Cures Cuts, Burns and Injuries. 25c at the [illegible] Drug Co.

Personal Mention

William [illegible] has returned from the [illegible]

Lewis [illegible] business trip to Denver last week.

Mr. [illegible] has gone to Long Beach, Cal., on business.

Dr. C. W. [illegible] to Chicago to take a post-graduate [illegible] medicine.

Gertrude [illegible] St. Louis, Mo., is [illegible] the A[illegible] hotel for a few days.

Mrs. [illegible] has returned from Chicago, where she has been visiting for the last [illegible] months.

Miss Ruth McK[illegible] leaves tomorrow for California, where she will join her father, J[illegible] M. Kin[illegible].

Mrs. F. J. [illegible], formerly of Colorado Springs, has returned to Denver after visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. J. J. [illegible] returned from Excelsior Springs Wednesday after a three weeks' stay in that place drinking the waters.

Arthur Wilson of London, is stopping at the Alamo en route to Los Angeles, where he goes to visit his sister, Mrs. F. E. Vincent.

Mrs. Edward L. Tuck has returned to her home at 10[illegible] Colorado avenue after a two months' visit with friends and relatives in Castle Rock and Denver.

Miss Ormsby left Wednesday morning for Portland, Ore., where she will spend the winter with her brother, W. C. Ormsby, formerly of Colorado Springs.

A. Button received a telegram yesterday from J. A. Hayes, stating that he will arrive home tomorrow. Mrs. Hayes and Miss Lucy Hayes will remain in New York city for the present.

A YEAR OF BLOOD

The year 1903 will long be remembered in the home of F. N. Tacket of Alliance, Ky., as a year of blood, which flowed so copiously, from Mr. Tacket's lungs that death seemed very near. He writes: "Severe bleeding from the lungs and a frightful cough had brought me at death's door, when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, with the astonishing result that after taking four bottles I was completely restored and as time has proven permanently cured." Guaranteed for Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds at the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

City Briefs

TO WED—Henry Wesly and Lizzie Casebary, both of this city, were yesterday granted a marriage license by Deputy County Clerk Mollie Gregory.

WILL PREACH—The Rev. J. W. Carter will preach on "The History of the Devil and the Idea of Evil" at Majestic hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

WILL SPEAK—H. C. Darrah, candidate for secretary of state on the Socialist ticket, will speak in Carpenters hall, 129 East Kiowa street, at 8 o'clock tonight. The public is invited.

FOOTBALL GAMES—The results of yesterday's games in the Y. M. C. A. football league are as follows: D. & B. beat Y. M. C. A., 11 to 0; West Side beat Manitou, 25 to 0, Colorado City beat Lilliers, 2 to 0.

NARROW ESCAPE—Mrs. B. San-Felix, of Fort Wayne, Ind., was trying to board the D. & R. G. train No. 5 at the depot in this city yesterday at noon, when she was thrown to the platform and badly bruised. She narrowly escaped rolling under the wheels of the train, which was leaving the station.

FRIGHTENED HORSE—A horse belonging to Daniel Morrall, of Colorado City, became frightened yesterday afternoon on Tejon street just above Pike's Peak avenue, by the music from Hi Henry's minstrel band, and in its attempt to run away, the carriage to which it was hitched was badly broken.

BIG LAND DEAL—Judge R. M. Cash, who recently came to this city from Galveston, Tex., and who lives at 1015 Colorado avenue, is negotiating a deal for the sale of 1,640,000 acres of land in New Mexico to an eastern syndicate, the price asked being $142,000. It is owned by Texas people.

PRICES STATIONARY—Very few changes were noted on the exchange today. In the mines department, Findley was strong at 57, El Paso at 52 and Portland weakened to $1.30. In the unlisted, Jennie Sample sold strong at 9, Keystone, Mountain Beauty and Sunset-Eclipse were strong in the prospects.

OF GREAT BENEFIT—James F. Burns is of the opinion that the proposed bill to be introduced at the next session of the legislature, providing for the compulsory annual stockholders' meeting of all mining companies will be of great benefit to stockholders and will restore eastern confidence in Colorado mines.

WEDDED—Miss Louise Engel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Engel, 1623 North Tejon street, was married to John G. Roebel of Milwaukee Friday evening at the Grace Episcopal church by the pastor, the Rev. Henry Rutgers Remsen. Only a few intimate friends and relatives were present. Mr. Fred Engel is a well-known tinner of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Roebel will make their home in Milwaukee.

TUNNEL TRAMWAY—R. Marsh, C. V. Turner and W. H. Spurgeon of this city yesterday filed with the secretary of state incorporations articles of the Tunnel Tramway company, the capitalization being placed at $5,000. The company will construct a tramway for ore cars between the Ophelia tunnel and a terminal of the Florence and Cripple Creek railroad, a distance of 1,000 feet. The condition of the road prevents the hauling of ore without a tramway, as has been the custom.

The auction of furs and mounted animals at Aiken's Museum is to be held this week.

ALDRICH MAY RESIGN

UNABLE TO ATTEND TO DRAINAGE TUNNEL AFFAIRS.

Suggests That Someone Else Might Render Better Service—Prompt Action Important

Sherwood Aldrich, president of the [illegible] Creek Drainage Tunnel company, will probably be [illegible] another local mining man [illegible] absence from the state during [illegible] imperative period [illegible] meeting of the tunnel [illegible] tors will be held in the [illegible] which action will be [illegible] matter.

Mr. Aldrich, who has been [illegible] for some time, has now [illegible] expects to be absent to [illegible] longer. He recently wrote [illegible] E. P. Shove of this city [illegible] ing that his own resignation [illegible] dered to the board of directors in order that work on the tunnel would not be retarded. Mr. Aldrich at the time of writing this letter was in California, but is now in New [illegible].

Mr. Shove said last night that the matter would probably be taken up by the board of directors, but not being a director he could not foretell what course would be adopted by them. A. E. Carlton, John T. Milliken, F. F. Castello and Sherwood Aldrich, comprising a majority of the board, are all out of town, and nothing will be done for some days.

The financing of the deep drainage tunnel has been in abeyance during Aldrich's absence. The sum of $250,000 has been pledged by the El Paso, Portland, Elkton and Mary McKinney companies, while approximately $250,000 more is in sight. Local mining men feel that speedy concerted action on the project is imperative, and the present month is expected to develop many important moves in that direction.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Special arrangements have been made by the Y. M. C. A. to receive the election returns from all parts of the country Tuesday night. At this time, the gymnasium will be thrown open to the public. A special wire will bring the returns to the association and they will be announced in the gymnasium. Last year's vote will also be given out in order to compare the vote of the two elections. Music will be furnished by an orchestra. Prof. C. F. Spangenberg will give a stereoptican lecture during the evening, showing scenes at Niagara falls and Thousand islands, and comic views. Both men and women are invited. Refreshments will be on sale at booths in the building.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the basketball and volleyball leagues which are being formed at the Y. M. C. A. Already 15 business men have signed for the volleyball, and 10 seniors for the basketball league.

The boys' department is planning to put on a Junior entertainment course this winter, consisting of four numbers. The boys are getting ready to sell tickets for these entertainments. The program for the course is as follows:

November 24—Green, the Magician.

January—"A Box of Monkeys," a farce given under the direction of Mrs. Barber.

February—Concert by the Boys' orchestra and Glee Club.

March—Third annual circus.

The first three performances will be held in the auditorium, and the last one in the gymnasium.

The Boosters' club of the Y. M. C. A. will meet Tuesday evening. An interesting program will be [illegible].

The new Sunday schedule of the Y. M. C. A. goes into effect today. Beginning at 2:30 o'clock the members will hold open house for [illegible] and friends, with perfect freedom in coming and going at any time. The afternoon program is as follows:

2:30 to 2:45—Instrumental duet—in parlor—Hayes quartet.

3:30 to 3:45—Song service in auditorium—Special music by First M. E. church choir.

3:45 to 4:30—Address by Fred S. Goodman of New York city.

4:45 to 5:15—Popular Bible class, Rev. C. B. Cross leader.

5:15 to 6:00—Fellowship lunch and strangers' tea—Fifteen cents per plate.

The M. E. church quartet will render the following program:

"Still, Still With Thee" — Arthur Foote — Quartet

Solo—"The Penitent" — Van De Water — Miss Painter

The speaker of the afternoon, Fred S. Goodman, is one of the international secretaries of the Young Men's Christian association. His addresses are always interesting and profitable.

Mr. Goodman will hold a Bible study institute in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium Monday afternoon, beginning at 4:30 p.m. The program is as follows:

4:30—Devotional services, Rev. C. B. Wilcox.

5:00—Why should the association seek to promote a vigorous campaign for Bible study for men?

(1) From the standpoint of a pastor, Rev. A. W. Moore.

(2) From the standpoint of a local secretary or layman, Mr. R. L. Harper.

(3) From the standpoint of an international secretary, Mr. Fred S. Goodman.

6:00—Tea.

7:00—Some principles of a modern Bible study department. Address and discussion.

8:00—Some problems in promoting a Bible study campaign. Address and discussion.

Elevator boys, messenger boys and errand boys in Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou are invited to take a free swim in the Y. M. C. A. swimming pool Wednesday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock. A large number of the boys will doubtless take advantage of this offer and enjoy themselves Wednesday evening. Any boy employed during the day is invited to participate in the fun.

The Y. M. C. A. night school continues to grow, both in number and in interest. The report that certain [illegible] to further concessions is without foundation, according to the director of the educational department. It is still possible to enter the mechanical drawing class. The shorthand and typewriting classes and the class in the common school branches are open to new pupils at any time. Pupils are asked to enroll as soon as possible.

The Rev. A. W. Moore will speak at the older boys' meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock on "The Word on the Other Side of the Door."

SAYS TEA PREVENTS TYPHOID

Specialist Says Swedes Seldom Have Fever Because They Drink Tea.

"I am not a Canadian, nor yet a special advertiser for any of the tea companies, but it is my opinion that if the American people would drink more tea they would be less subject to typhoid fever," remarked Dr. Hiram Walker of Minneapolis at the Alamo hotel last night. Dr. Walker is known widely as a specialist on typhoid and has made the disease a study for many years. He is now on his way to San Francisco to confer with the health authorities of that city and to take observations which may result in accounting for the prevalence of typhoid fever there since the fire. The originality of the remark quoted elicited further questions from his interviewer.

"Throughout Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas," continued the doctor, "we have a great many Swedes. They are practically all heavy users of tea and it was through this that my attention was first called to the investigation which convinced me of its efficacy in the prevention of typhoid. I noticed that while typhoid was more or less prevalent among people of other races the Swedes were rarely afflicted with the disease although they were exposed to the same conditions as their neighbors.

"I once asked a Swedish doctor the reason for this and he said it was due to their tea habit. This led me to make certain experiments with the typhoid germ and the basic poison in tea. The result of these experiments convinced me that the poison, or tannin, is an antidote for the typhoid fever germ. Whether by acting directly on the germs or by fortifying the system against its invasion I do not know, but in some way it appears to be a safeguard against the disease, and I have been advocating its use in preference to coffee ever since.

There is another circumstance which fortifies me in my belief and that is the fact that tea is the common beverage used in Canada, and according to the health statistics, typhoid fever is much less common in proportion to the population than in the United States. Of course I am not a crank on the matter nor do I expect to revolutionize the country on its drink, for I know that these days doctors' theories are too common to be given much attention, but you may use the statement I have made if you think it is of interest to the public."

Burnett's Vanilla Extract

is sold by the best grocers everywhere.

REAL ICE SKATING COMPANY

The Real Ice Skating company that has been formed in Melbourne for the purpose of providing for the amusement of skaters, has taken a double purpose in [illegible] to the [illegible] it has [illegible] done in providing the plant and building. Under the skating floor a very large amount of provision is made for the cold storage of meat, butter, fruit and other products.

AUSTRIAN SCHOOL GARDENS

It is stated that nearly 8,000 school gardens exist in Austria, not including the sister kingdom of Hungary. They are connected with both private and public schools and are used for purposes of practical instruction in horticulture and tree-growing and often contain botanical museums and bee hives.

SUSQUEHANNA DAM.

At McCall Ferry, Pa., forty miles from Baltimore and sixty miles from Philadelphia, there is in course of construction [illegible] of the greatest [illegible] in the country, intended to develop from the waters of the Susquehanna river electric power to the delivered capacity of from 75,000 to 100,000 horsepower. When completed the electricity generated there will be supplied to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Lancaster, Harrisburg, York and a number of other cities.

WILL RUN IN OLD CHANNEL

Colorado River Will Be Turned Into Old Channel Soon

IMPERIAL, Cal., Nov. 3.—An official report from Salton Sea says that the water flooding [illegible] the Colorado river is [illegible] 97 per cent of the [illegible] the river is now under control. It is considered practically certain that the river will be [illegible].

Big Values for Monday and Tuesday

AT

THE BIG STORE

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

One lot of over 100 men's suits worth from $18.00 to $22.50, in good all wool Scotch cheviots, extra well made. These suits are all made in the new style long coats. If you desire a good suit for a reasonable price see these suits Monday and Tuesday **$15.00**

One lot men's suits worth from $12 to $15, of many good all wool suits in [illegible] Monday and Tuesday **$9.75**

15 per cent off all men's overcoats and raincoats Monday and Tuesday **15% Off**

20 per cent off all boys' overcoats Monday and Tuesday **20% Off**

Over 600 boys' overcoats to choose from, prices from $2.50 to $15

Big Values in Men's and Boy's Underwear, Monday and Tuesday

Good wool underwear	$1.00 to $3.00
Best fleece lined underwear	50c, 65c and 75c
Men's fine union underwear	$1.00 to $6.00

Big Values in Our Shoe Dept. Monday and Tuesday Sorosis Shoes for Women. Ralston Health Shoes for Men. Good Shoes for Bad Boys.

SKATING CAPS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Robbins

A Stem Wind and Set Watch Free With Boys' Suits $3.50 and up.

An Appeal to the People of Colorado Springs

To the Citizens of Colorado Springs:

At the general election the question will be submitted whether the citizens of Colorado Springs will hold a charter convention to frame a special charter for the government of this city. If determined in the affirmative, thereafter twenty-one delegates will be elected to a charter convention which will frame a charter for the city of Colorado Springs. This charter before it becomes operative must be adopted by vote of a majority of the qualified voters casting their ballots on the question.

We are impressed with the following objections to the existing mode of city government:

1. It is not self-government, because our city government has no power which is not conferred by the legislature.

2. The legislative acts are framed, some for all cities, some for cities of the first class only, at present Pueblo and Colorado Springs. They are not adapted to our present and future needs in many respects.

3. The city has no power under the statutes to regulate rates charged by public utility corporations.

4. The executive, legislative and judicial powers of the city are not segregated and defined as they should be, and responsibility is left uncertain and confused.

5. Water and park boards or commissioners can not be created under existing law.

6. Citizens have no right to vote on the grant or refusal of franchises, or the expenditure of money.

7. The liquor traffic can not be regulated in the most efficient way under existing law and other defects could be cured and additional benefits and safeguards secured by a charter framed under the provisions of article XX of the constitution.

8. Under existing statutes, it is not possible to adopt a merit system for city employes.

Without pledging ourselves individually or collectively to advocate any one of these changes before the convention we believe that an organic body like the city should frame its own organic law and urge upon you to vote at the coming election in favor of holding a charter convention.

While [illegible] of the [illegible] of a [illegible] convention to [illegible] of Colorado Springs.

WILLIAM J. PALMER,
Glen Eyrie, October 30, 1906.

[illegible] C. Hall.	H. J. Gwillim.
Thos. J. [illegible]	M. [illegible]heimer
Edward W. Kent.	Arthur Willett.
O. B. Willcox	H. C. Allen
Fred S. Tucker	R. A. Chelsey
W. N. [illegible]	L. E. Stevens.
B. F. [illegible]	L. L. Aitken.
M. A. [illegible]	John Dietrich
William Slatsby	N. M. Campbell.
E. W. Giddings	Frank Cotten.
L. A. Giddings	H. G. Lunt
J. H. Gardner	Charles B. Hall
Frederic R. Hastings	W. P. Kinney
A. S. Holbrook	H. H. Stevens.
J. P. Thurer.	Olin Eyrie, Oct. 30
J. P. Barnes.	J. A. Hirtsbaugh
E. J. Ullrich	C. [illegible] V. Turner.
A. Sutton	H. S. Hawks
A. H. Hunt	Frank G. Peck.
Chas. P. Bennett.	Florian Cajori
C. C. Hemming	J. Roy Armstrong
J. Arthur Connell	T. K. Urdahl.
Leonard E. C. [illegible]	George I. Finlay
Henry Hine.	John C. Shield.
E. P. Shove.	Edward C. Schneider
Dunbar Carpenter.	E. C. Hills.
Walter [illegible]	Edward S. Parsons.
Clarence P. Dodge	[illegible] Brehaut.
L. C. Perkins.	Jas. B. Clagg.
Francis D. Pastorius	Arthur N. Taft
J. C. St. John	Louis A. E. Ahlers.
Wm. Hy. Evans.	George J. Lyon.
W. K. Argo.	E. A. Sawyer.
H. R. Chapman.	W. K. Jewett.
H. S. Fairchild	W. D. Marlow. M.
W. K. Sinton.	R. Y. Rose.
R. W. Chisholm	D. R. Blood.
J. F. Lilly.	M. P. Hartz.
H. H. Seldomridge	J. Burnett
Peter Schmidt.	W. V. Weare.
J. H. Avery	Vincent King.
P. W. Middagh	E. W. Welsh.
Ira Harris	A. W. Duff
W. H. Duncan	T. H. Peabody
O. E. Hemenway.	F. A. Barwick.
E. P. Hufford	William O'Brien
E. O. Davis	N. W. Terrill.
J. G. Shields	E. B. Simmons
Emma H. Eldredge	S. M. Dilts
Wm. Banning	A. J. Lawton
John M. Harnan	F. M. McMahon
Frank J. Baker	Charles C. Spicer

NewspaperARCHIVE®

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE OLDEST REPUBLICAN DAILY NEWSPAPER IN COLORADO.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR AT THE GAZETTE BUILDING BY THE

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE COMPANY.

CLARENCE P. DODGE, - - - President.
CHARLES T. WILDER - - - Editor.

Entered at the Colorado Springs postoffice for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

TELEPHONE MAIN 218.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE MONTH DAILY AND SUNDAY .60c
ONE YEAR DAILY AND SUNDAY $7.00
ONE YEAR SUNDAY ONLY........$2.00
ONE YEAR WEEKLY..............$1.00

The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1906.

UNWARRANTED ASSUMPTION.

FOR THE simple reason that if it told the plain truth about the proposed charter it would have no argument with which to oppose that movement, the Telegraph is compelled to rely on half-truths, misstatements, and mainly on assumptions which are entirely unwarranted by the actual facts. For example, it assumes that the expense of government under a charter would not only be greater than it is under the present system, but that it would be so much greater as to impose a burden upon the taxpayers out of all proportion to the benefits they would receive. The Telegraph has not presented a particle of evidence to sustain this claim; it merely makes the assumption and then proceeds to argue from it as though it were an established fact.

It further assumes that the composition of a charter convention has already been determined, and declares that the body is to be made up of fourteen lawyers and seven "laymen." The silliness of this statement is apparent when it is remembered that nobody even knows now whether or not there will be a charter convention; and further, that if one is held its membership can and will be determined only by the people, expressing their choice in a popular election. When the time comes to select the twenty-one delegates necessary to compose a charter convention, at least two lists will be submitted to the voters. One of these will probably be Republican and the other Democratic, though this is not properly a subject for partisan action. There may even be a third, or independent, ticket. Each of these tickets would contain the names of twenty-one men as delegates to the convention, and those who received the most votes would constitute that body.

The Telegraph has no more right to assert that the convention will contain fourteen lawyers, or any other definite number of lawyers, than it has to say that the next House of Representatives (which is yet to be elected) will contain fourteen veterinary surgeons, or fourteen deep-sea divers. It simply doesn't know anything about the make-up of the proposed charter convention, and neither does anybody else, and when it presumes to instruct the public in this manner it makes an ignorant appeal to prejudice. As a matter of fact the charter convention ought to contain several first-class lawyers, because its work will be to draft a code of laws, and legal knowledge is the prime essential. But the convention should also contain several good business men who have long been residents of Colorado Springs and who are thoroughly acquainted with its conditions and needs.

Another unwarranted assumption made by the evening paper is that the charter movement is being supported by certain members of the present city administration in order that they may get the credit for it, and also in the hope that the present Mayor may be able to make the appointments under the charter. It is sufficient answer to this assertion to say that if the people decide to have a charter it could not be adopted before the present administration goes out of office.

The Telegraph further assumes that the cost of the charter would be about $30,000. It asserts that each of the two charter conventions held in Denver cost between $75,000 and $100,000, and estimates that ours would cost approximately one-third as much. As shown in his article on the charter movement, published elsewhere in this paper, Mayor Hall has taken the trouble to find out just what the Denver conventions cost the people of that city. The first one cost $6,498.57, and the second $7,418.50. Mr. Hall estimates that the expense of a charter convention here would not exceed $1,000 and would probably be considerably less, and we think most people would rather accept his estimate than the Telegraph's, especially when the utter irresponsibility of that paper's utterances on the subject is remembered.

In considering this question it is well to bear in mind that expense is not the only thing to be regarded. As Mr. Hall well says:

But whatever the expense, whether $500 or $2,000 or $5,000, it is the same kind of investment that a manufacturer makes when he throws his old machinery on the scrap heap and puts in other that will obtain better results for less money. To effect a daily saving he makes a considerable outlay at the start. If it were not for that kind of expenditure farmers would still be using the scythe and the cradle, travelers would ride in stages and our newspapers would be printed by hand.

PATTERSON AND HEARST.

SAID Secretary Root in his speech at Utica, New York, last Saturday night: [illegible]

"The bullet that pierced Goebel's chest,
Can not be found in all the West;
Good reason: it is speeding here
To stretch McKinley on his bier."

The methods adopted by Hearst in New York which resulted in the assassination of a President have been followed in Colorado by Thomas M. Patterson. Without the moral courage to proclaim himself openly the anarchist he is, Patterson has for years preached in the columns of his newspapers and on the public platforms a gospel of envy and hate. Occupying the office of United States Senator and affecting to be a teacher of the people, he has exerted his influence to the utmost to encourage the spirit of lawlessness, of disrespect for constituted authority, and of contempt for public officials whose conception of duty does not agree with his own. He has been the friend, adviser and defender of the Western Federation of Miners, an organization whose career in Colorado has been characterized at every turn by intimidation, violence and bloodshed. Patterson knows, as does everybody else, that the Western Federation is, and always has been, headed by a gang of desperate criminals who will stop at nothing to attain their object, yet these same criminals never committed an outrage too horrible for him to defend. Whenever a mine manager was shot in the back at Cripple Creek or Telluride, Patterson had an excuse ready. Whenever the official dynamiters of the Federation blew up a shaft house or a railroad station, or the home of a non-unionist, sending perhaps a score of mangled victims into Eternity, this arch-hypocrite was prepared to prove on a moment's notice that it was done by the friends of the victims, or that it occurred by accident, or that it was due to any cause other than the real one. He worked hand in glove with Moyer, Haywood and their partners in crime, and right down in the bottom of his heart he was glad when their fiendish plans succeeded. And why shouldn't he be glad? For was he not their friend and adviser, and did he not derive a large share of his political strength from their support?

Through the columns of the New York Journal, William R. Hearst aroused the feeling which resulted in the assassination of President McKinley, and Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Root only express the belief of millions of their countrymen when they hold Hearst personally responsible for that infamous crime. Through the columns of the Rocky Mountain News and the Denver Times, Thomas M. Patterson has for years preached precisely the same doctrine of hatred of public officials and of men of wealth, and it is not an exaggeration to say that a share of the responsibility for the death of former-Governor Steunenberg and for the lives wantonly sacrificed during the last Cripple Creek strike lies at his door.

THE LIQUOR LICENSES.

TOMORROW night the Council will take up the question of liquor licenses. It will be remembered that all of the licenses but one expired October 20—two weeks ago yesterday. At the last meeting held before that date the Council failed to take final action on the new applications because there was no quorum present. No meeting was held until October 27—a week ago last night, when it was plainly apparent that certain aldermen were a little more friendly to certain druggists who are now charged with violations of the liquor law than is consistent with their duty to the city.

At the last meeting a motion by Alderman Seldomridge to consider the thirteen applications separately—which of course is the only proper manner—was carried, five to four, Mayor Hall casting the deciding vote. The ballot stood: aye: Holden, McCaffery, Seldomridge, Tucker, Hall. No: Albin, Hill, Hosman, Verner. We reprint this ballot for the benefit of the people who like to know.

Alderman Verner then moved a substitute motion that the applications be laid over for consideration at the next regular meeting, which will be tomorrow night. This motion was carried, five to three, Alderman Holden switching to the other side. The ballot stood: Aye: Albin, Hill, Holden, Hosman, Verner. No: McCaffery, Seldomridge, Tucker. The applications were therefore carried over until tomorrow night, when another attempt will doubtless be made to have them all considered together.

The reason for this move is plain. Most of the druggists whose applications are before the Council have obeyed the liquor law, but two or three of them are old offenders. To withhold licenses from those against whom no complaint is made would be an injustice. To grant licenses to those who are known to be selling liquor illegally would be criminal folly. If the applications are considered together there is no chance for discrimination; all must be either granted or refused. In the one case two or three men who have been running saloons under the guise of drugstores would get licenses to which they are not entitled; in the other case a larger number of druggists who consistently obey the law would be made the victims of a grave injustice. But if the applications are considered separately the sheep can be separated from the goats, and in all probability only those who are rightfully entitled to liquor licenses will receive them.

The aldermen who have taken this stand in favor of railroading the whole business through are perfectly familiar with the circumstances in the case. They know as well as anybody just which druggists are rightfully entitled to licenses and which are not. We believe there are enough people in Colorado Springs who are interested in this question to carry weight, if they care to exert it. See your alderman today or tomorrow and ask him where he stands. If he is for licensing notorious violators of the liquor law, keep the fact in mind.

Governor Pennypacker of Pennsylvania, declares that he does not believe there was any graft in the expenditure of $9,000,000 for furnishing and decorating the four-million-dollar state capitol. Pennypacker is blessed with a convenient vision that only sees the things its owner wants it to see.

[illegible] will receive [illegible] which the Republican [illegible] administer to [illegible] incurable habit [illegible] office seeking [illegible]

Vote for the charter convention and good government. Colorado Springs has suffered enough from the evils of the present system.

Governor Magoon has found that the official payrolls of Havana have been padded. Oh, Cuba is Americanized, all right.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Tuesday, 4th November.—This day brought to our recollection the fate of our countrymen at Recovery, when defeated by the Indians in the year 1791. In the afternoon discovered the north side of the river to be covered with animals, which, when we came to them, proved to be cows and calves, and buffaloes. I do not think it an exaggeration to say there were three thousand in one view. It is worthy of remark, that in all the extent of country yet crossed, we never saw one cow, and that now the face of the earth appeared to be covered with them. Killed one buffalo. Distance advanced, twenty-four miles and a half.

Open Parliament

JUSTICE COURTS.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

It is not so generally known that more controversies are disposed of in the two justice courts of Colorado Springs in one year than are disposed of by our district and county courts in three times that period. This is "the poor man's court," and the presiding officer is compelled under the law to make his salary out of the business of his office; this results in a warm contest between the two courts for business, and it is not unusual for the J. P. to go about town drumming up business personally, or through the direction of strikers. In short, these offices are often prostituted to mere collection agencies clothed with the form of judicial power which, in many cases, is exercised with little regard for anything else but the success of the plaintiff, who has become a client of the presiding officer. Many times the cases are not even docketed; the debtor is made to believe he is being sued when in reality he is at the hands of a collection agent enforcing his demands under the pretense of judicial authority. That long use results in abuse is no better illustrated than by the continuation of one man in a position of this kind where he is constantly beset by this temptation to use his judicial power for private purposes. Frequent changes of the incumbency of these offices regardless of party affiliation will no doubt promote the public welfare.

JUSTICE.

Colorado Springs, November 3.

VOTE FOR MRS. STOTE.

To the Editor of The Gazette.

The Democrats of El Paso county are making an aggressive fight for the election of their candidate for county superintendent of schools. This is their privilege, but in their choice of methods they have been extremely unwise. Their chief argument for Mr. Hufferd is not that he is better qualified to fill the office than Mrs. Stote, but simply that he is a man. They are making it a man-and-woman matter.

A recent issue of the El Paso County Democrat says: "The county superintendent has the supervision of the county schools, and some of these are in mountain districts and not easily accessible. The experience in El Paso county has shown that the work of supervision can be much more efficiently performed by a male superintendent."

That this has been our experience is not true, and anyone familiar with the record of our former superintendents knows it is not true. No one should know it better than the Democrats themselves, who several years ago elected Miss Allen, than whom El Paso county has never had a more efficient superintendent.

Remote districts suffer from their isolation and the lack of that inspiration that comes from contact with other schools and teachers.

When Miss Allen visited a country district she spent the whole day with the school, hearing classes and making helpful suggestions to the teacher, always, before she left, making a little talk to the pupils, in which she praised or corrected, as occasion demanded, told of the work and doings of other districts, thus uniting them all in a common interest under her leadership. Teachers and pupils alike felt the inspiration and uplift of such a visit. At that time the counties of El Paso and Teller had not been divided, and the work was harder than it is now; but no district was so remote or so difficult of access that it failed to receive its regular quarterly visit from the superintendent. No one ever heard Miss Allen complain of hardships endured on these trips, either. That has been left for the men to do, but it is doubtless, because of dangers and exposure, that they have in so many cases failed to make the visits even once a year, to say nothing of once a quarter, as required by law.

The women of Colorado Springs cast 52 per cent of the entire city vote; they deserve some recognition on the ticket. The office of county superintendent is the one of all county offices best suited for a woman, and there is every reason to believe Mrs. Stote would fill it well.

Two years ago the Democrats nominated a woman for this office, and the Republicans a man. The man was elected. This year the Republicans have nominated a woman, and the Democrats a man. If the man is elected again, what have the women to expect in the future? Is it fair and square and right to an educated and enlightened and a highly moral half of the community to cut it off entirely from representation on the county ticket? I myself am a Democrat; I vote a Democratic ticket, but I honor efficient, capable, noble womanhood above party, and I shall take pleasure in scratching a good Democratic ticket for the only woman in the field.

A DEMOCRAT.

Colorado Springs, November 3.

Near to Nature

A TOLU SHAKE.

Tolu Cor. Marion (Ky.) Record.

W. Hugh Watson chilled some last week.

AN EARLY SMASHUP.

From the White Hall (Ill.) Republican.

Harry Page, the well-known theatrical manager, is at home this week with sore feet.

GETTING ACQUAINTED WITH THE BRIDE.

From the Indian Territory Exchange.

When an Indian Territory pastor recently told a prospective bride and groom to join hands in order that he might [illegible] the ceremony, the groom seized his wife by the hand and said, "Pleased to meet you." He was evidently never married before.

REMARKABLE CHANGE IN OXFORD.

From the Oxford (Ia.) Mirror.

Prof. Edward O. Tabor of New [illegible] late Thursday night still found some difficulty in locating himself owing to the many changes in sidewalks. Ed finds the people [illegible] but many [illegible] improvements [illegible] times when [illegible]

THE CONFESSIONAL AT PLEASANT GAP.

Pleasant Gap Cor. Windsor (Mo.) Review.

No, we didn't take a vacation, we didn't get miffed at the editor, nor was there a [illegible] that caused us to lay aside our [illegible] during the summer weeks, and if you'll promise not to tell anybody, we'll tell you what we were doing. Why—why, we were busy getting our sheets, towels, and pillow cases all made for the coming event in which we are to figure as a Juliet. "They" have whispered it all summer and great big lumps come into our throat when we thank "them" for shaping our future and apprising us of what we didn't know.

● LOOK AT THE BRIGHT SIDE ●

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

IT IS a common saying that there are always two ways of looking at a thing, and, again, that there are always two sides to a matter. In no phase of experience is this more true than in the way in which we look at life. Some regard it with eyes, hearts and minds full of hope—that hope which "springs eternal in the human breast;" that hopes which Mrs. Browning describes as searching for truth or light.

"Her fair quick feet being armed from stones and cold
By slippers of pure gold."

Others, on the contrary, look at life with warped minds, saddened hearts and sorrowful eyes, ever expecting the worst, and therefore unable to appreciate the good. If you remind them that after night comes the dawn, after the storm the calm, they retort by telling you that these sayings can be reversed with equal truth. If you say that every cloud has a silver lining, they ask you, "What about those that are opposite the sun?" Their pessimism blinds them to the fact that those that are indeed opposite the sun lie piled, mountain upon mountain, of snowy whiteness, tinged with rainbow hues.

There can be no doubt as to which of these two classes does most good in the world, which is helping on the happiness of the race and the individual, or which is likely to be most efficient in any sphere of duty to which their lot in life may assign them. Although in the field of evolution a great change has taken place since man began his upward career of development of mind, in that he now makes his own environment and triumphs over the natural environment, still the law holds good that the environment tells upon the individual. If we create for ourselves an environment of pessimism, ever expecting evil, and looking upon good as fortuitous in a mass that is generally evil, we cannot be surprised if we become insensible to the good; if, as it were, we become color blind and see the bright and glorious roses only as green among the green. If for no other reason, yet for this, that we may enjoy the variety and color of life, it is well to learn to look on the bright side, for in adaptation to environment lies the power to see things as they really are.

But, is the world really such as the pessimist would have us believe? Is it a world of gloom and sorrow and misfortune? The history of the physical world does not say so. Everything has been advancing for untold ages from chaos toward greater beauty, greater equability, greater peace. In the mental world, also, we see the same phenomenon. Mind has been advancing from the rude and crude intelligence of the cave man who scratched his hunting exploits upon a piece of bone to all the beauty of art, all the riches of imagination, all the priceless achievements of intellect. Look at the matter in any light you will, with regard to the history of earth and man, there is every reason why we should ever live in hope and look on the bright side.

There is nothing more inimical to the wellbeing of man than habitual pessimism. He who adopts this attitude toward life leads an existence of constant anxiety, and there probably is nothing that "ages" a man or woman more rapidly than does anxiety, and "aging" is an indication that both body and mind are losing their aptitude for conforming to the environment, and, consequently, that function is becoming impaired. Martial was quite right when he wrote, "Non est vivere sed valere vita," which may be translated, "Life is only life when it is in good health." Anxiety is responsible for more gray hairs than all disease and natural decay combined. As a means, then, of retaining our efficiency in life it is imperative that we learn to look on the bright side, to shake off anxiety and ever live in hope.

But what a difference it makes to those around us whether we look on the bright or the dark side of things! Who knows not the pleasure it is to us when some bright and cheerful spirit passes by? A casual word, or a kindly greeting, or a mere smile of recognition, nay, the mere presence, is quite sufficient to fill life with sunshine and chase away the clouds of gloomy thoughts. There is not one whose eyes fall on this page who could not name some person among his friends or whom this is true, and of whom the very thought makes life brighter, and more hopeful. Well, indeed, is it for us if we ourselves can add some sunshine to the lives of others and make our presence among them an inspiration. It can be done only by an habitual and persistent looking at life and all its circumstances with cheerfulness and hope. Addison showed how truly he appreciated human affairs when he said: "Cheerfulness keeps a kind of daylight in the mind and fills it with a steady and perpetual serenity." Let every blessing that human lips can utter fall on those who bring this daylight and serenity into the lives of their fellow men.

Whether we look at the benefit to ourselves or to those around us, it is clear that a life of cheerfulness and hope is the best kind of life; that the motto of every one of us might well be "Dum spiro, spero"—while I breathe, I hope. If it be urged that in the face of much that occurs in life this is impossible, it will suffice to ask whether the range of your experience does not cover some gentle, quiet soul who in sorrow and suffering is always cheerful, ever a comforting presence, a tower of strength even, to all who have learned to lean on that one in trouble. True, it is that such perfection of equanimity is given to few, but still we know them, and it is folly to talk about impossibility in their presence. What others have gained, we may aspire to. But this perfection of equanimity is not gained, as some think, by fatalism. He who mutters "Kismet" at life's untoward circumstances will never attain it; but he who has faith in the evolution of the world at large, and that of human nature in particular, for good; he who recognizes the good there is in the world and takes his part honestly in endeavoring to eradicate what there may be of evil, may hope for it. And, therefore, we will take up M[illegible]'s song and say:

"And as, in sparkling majesty, a star
Gilds the bright summit of [illegible]
cloud;
Brightening the half-veiled face of heaven
afar;
So, when dark thoughts my boding spirit
shroud,
Sweet Hope! celestial influence round me
shed,
Waving thy silver pinions o'er my head."

LUCK

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

In one of the many books of the times devoted to the problems of "success" and to the instruction of youth so that they may attain to that success there is a broad and sweeping statement to the effect that there is really no such thing as luck. "Fortune," or "fate," according to the person who teaches the principles of "success"—and a very vulgar and meretricious kind of success it is which is held up as the goal—scarcely enters into the lives of the modern world, which is open to the man with a "hustle."

It is a good thing generally to indoctrinate young men with the notion that one's own efforts and diligence will win in this world in the long run and in the vast majority of cases, because it is true and because there are many feeble natures who are prone to whine and complain of evil fortune when the fault is not in their star but in themselves. "Good luck is the willing handmaid of upright, energetic character and conscientious observance of duty."

One of the best statements of the case for character and effort is to be found in Emerson:

All successful men have agreed in being causationists; they believed that things were not by luck but by law—and that there was not a weak or cracked link in the chain that joins the first and last of things—the cause and the effect.

Shallow men believe in luck, believe in circumstances. It was somebody's name, or he happened to be there at the time, or it was so then, and another day it would have been otherwise. Strong men believe in cause and effect—the man was born to do it, and his father was born to be the father of him and of this deed, and by looking narrowly you shall see that there was no luck in the matter, but it was all a problem in arithmetic or a problem in chemistry.

This is a queer mixture of transcendentalism and fatalism. If every man could choose his own father and select his own environment and determine the store of energy and intelligence with which he is endowed, there would be no luck in the matter, but it must be apparent that for each individual there is a wide sweep of luck. Even in morals it is well to be honest and to speak plainly and fairly.

Everybody knows from his own experience that there is much chance, good and bad, in the world. If there is a doubt in the matter, let the skeptic go to one of our slums and watch the [illegible] children who are playing in the gutter, let him observe the unfortunate little waifs in a hospital devoted to the interests of the incurable children who were born without any fault of their own with the gravest afflictions, let them observe a railroad accident and note how some are blown down—it may be the babe in arms, the good and the upright—while the evil are spared. There is a train of causation, no doubt, in all these things, but the individual himself is largely the sport of forces over which all the character and all the effort and all the nobility will avail naught in material things.

Every young man ought to look these matters frankly and firmly in the face and then proceed undismayed. He will see in life some men of the finest natures, women of the noblest character, subjected to the hardest strokes of adversity; he will see in thousands of instances fortune apparently smiling on the unworthy, and his daily experience will teach him that the base and the evil often triumph and succeed in a way.

The gifts of wealth, place and position, ease and luxury, are dispensed with a good deal of caprice, but nobody ever heard that a character was got by chance. The gifts of fortune are often taken away as rapidly as they came, but everybody knows that strength of soul and mind and personal nobility are possessions which survive the external circumstances of life. Each man is the "captain of his soul."

It is well to strive for success in any legitimate path. It is necessary that men should be taught and urged to be diligent and industrious and energetic, but the character must be tempered by higher ideals than the immediate success in money or place if one is to create character. Nearly everyone knows of some man—it is a common type—who has succeeded in business by unremitting effort and application. He has through long years had his mind fixed on expensive food, on horses and carriages, on the pleasures of the senses, and he is inevitably a coarse and undelectable creature whose very face and walk and talk and manner are such that no cultivated person can possibly envy him. If, through evil fortune, he should lose what he possesses he would be stripped bare, and it would appear to all eyes that of the man himself there was nothing but a vulgarian of low degree. All the trappings of his success were but husks, and the man himself had advanced not a step while he appeared to the undiscerning to be succeeding.

The man who has real character, is superior in a certain measure to the caprices of luck. He will meet the adverse strokes of fortune and rise above them, and even when he seems quite overthrown he is still the man of character who "harbors angels, reveres reverence and lives with God."

No [illegible] the above the chance of misfortune [illegible] who has the possession [illegible] least subject to the [illegible] of the world is in the safest position. John Stuart Mill, the political economist, argued in his "System of Logic" that the great aim of political philosophers and of statesmen should not be centered exclusively on the [illegible] subordinate details of existence, but should go to the root of the matter.

The character itself should be to the individual a paramount end, simply because the existence of this ideal nobleness of character or any near approach to it, in any abundance would go farther than all things else toward making human life happy, both in the [illegible] [illegible] by his

A DEMOCRATIC PRAYER.

God bless one wabbling candidate,
Give him a new backbone.
And grant him grace to have the nerve
To say his soul's his own.

Deliver him from Patterson
And all his evil power;
We want no weakling at the helm
In this precarious hour.

Expert in ambidextrousness,
He playeth fast and loose,
A bird with eagle's piercing scream,
And talons like a goose.

Behold him blowing hot and cold,
Assuming various grounds,
And while he holdeth with the hare,
He runneth with the hounds.

Nerve thou his feeble, faltering arm,
Direct him how and when,
And may the god of nations [illegible]
Our ship of state. Amen!

[illegible] sense of pleasure and freedom [illegible] and in the higher meaning of [illegible] life not what it now is almost universally puerile and insignificant, but such as man beings with highly developed faculties can care to have.

QUALITIES OF ARAB HORSE.

His Capability as a Founder and Creator of Racers.

From Country Life in America.

Our present thoroughbred is a living witness of the Arab's capability as a founder and creator of racers. Himself a natural racer, bred through centuries for running rather than draft, bred also for speed and stay, the Arab possesses every gift and qualification, courage, docility, temper, endurance, action, determination.

If he can not go with the flyers of the course, bred and trained solely for speed, neither can he be called slow. He has run two miles with Derby weight up in 3:48, yet on the course he keeps nearly to his normal speed. Long or short, his race is run true from end to end; moreover, so excellent are his temper and constitution that he stands training for years and years and has been known to win races in his teens.

In the point of endurance no other horse is worthy to be named with him. Under the trying Indian sun the two little Arabs, Honeysuckle and Grayleg, were matched for two-mile heats, best decide the match and three of them three in five. It took seven heats were dead heats.

Mr. C. L. Barnes, formerly of Fourth street and Colorado avenue, has purchased the grocery store, corner Seventeenth and Colorado avenue, from A. Clark.

REPUBLICAN STATE AND CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Justices of the Supreme Court:
CHARLES F. CALDWELL,
Mesa.
WILLIAM H. GABBERT,
San Miguel.

For Congressman-at-Large:
GEORGE W. COOK,
Denver.

For Congressman First District:
ROBERT W. BONYNGE,
Denver.

For Congressman—Second District:
WARREN A. HAGGOTT,
Clear Creek.

For Governor:
HENRY A. BUCHTEL,
Denver.

For Lieutenant-Governor:
E. R. HARPER,
Gunnison.

For Secretary of State:
TIMOTHY O'CONNOR,
Boulder.

For State Treasurer:
ALFRED E. BENT,
Prowers.

For State Auditor:
GEORGE D. STATLER,
Weld.

For Attorney-General:
WM. H. DICKSON,
Denver.

For State Superintendent of Schools:
KATHERINE L. CRAIG,
Jefferson.

For Regents of the State University:
CHARLES R. DUDLEY,
Denver.
JOSEPH C. BELL,
Las Animas.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Sheriff:
O. P. GRIMES.

For County Clerk:
J. H. SCHISLER.

For County Treasurer:
E. B. SIMMONS.

For County Assessor:
F. F. SCHREIBER.

For County Superintendent:
MRS. FLORENCE M. STOTE.

For County Commissioner:
B. A. BANTA.

For County Coroner:
D. F. LAW.

For County Surveyor:
W. P. WOODSIDE.

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

For District Judge:
J. W. SHEAFOR
W. S. MORRIS
JAMES H. OWEN

Representatives for El Paso and Teller Counties:
C. W. DOLPH
R. J. VERNER
O. E. COLLINS
W. O. DRAY
E. M. TURNER
J. J. WINTERS

Twenty-Eighth Senatorial District:
JOHN B. STEPHEN.

Third Senatorial District:
GEORGE FAYE.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Among Men who Work with Hand or Brain

American Is Best Worker; Englishman Is Outclassed.

By Thomas Clark.

I HAVE worked as a mechanic in England, where I learned my trade, and since I became a skilled workman I have been employed in a large American shop in the same line. The methods totally are different in the two countries, and the American system seems to me to be far superior.

When I began my shop work in one of the large British plants I paid a premium of $500 for the privilege of learning the trade. These premiums in England vary from $250 to $1,500, depending upon the character and reputation of the firm. I had taken an engineering course in an English college, and, according to the American standard, should have been able to earn something worth while in the way of salary from the start, instead of being compelled to pay for my shop experience.

On starting to work in the English shop I was waited upon by a deputation of two workmen and told that I should be expected to pay "my footing," which meant that I must stand treat to a cigar or a drink for every man in the establishment. I refused, but was subject to so much annoyance and petty persecution that after a week I was glad to pay up and beg for mercy.

Mechanic Apprentice Paid $1 a Week.

For pay I received the princely sum of $1 a week during the first year, increasing at the rate of 25 cents a week each year, so that at the end of my apprenticeship, in the fourth year, I drew $1.75 a week, Saturday afternoon and all holidays being deducted from my wages. Holidays are more numerous in England than America, and Saturday afternoons are lost all through the year.

The works were in operation fifty-four hours a week. Starting at 6 o'clock in the morning, we were busy until half past 8, when we had half an hour for breakfast. At 1 o'clock there was an intermission of an hour for lunch, and the regular day's work ended at 5.

The foreman of the shop usually made his appearance after breakfast, and as no check was kept upon the men's work or time before he came, the hours before breakfast were spent usually by the employés in discussing the latest racing, betting, and general sporting news. It is worth mentioning that the English workman is a great sport. Some of the men lose all their wages by betting, and many of them place bets every day. Bookmakers are waiting outside at the gates for them when they leave the works, and not infrequently they have agents inside.

English Shop Has Waste Hours.

On account of lost time before the foreman's arrival, and the liberal time allotted to starting and stopping the works, about six of the nine hours were spent at actual production. The other three hours were lost entirely, so far as any benefit to the firm was concerned.

In this factory the workmen had one unusual privilege. The firm had rented a room which was fitted up with seats, tables, and a large cook stove, where the employés could prepare their own meals or warm up the food they brought from home. Most of the men drank beer, and I was called a baby because I had the habit of bringing a bottle of milk from home for it. Many of the men had a deep rooted conviction that they could not put in a day's work without alcoholic stimulation.

I was amazed at my first work in a large American shop to see full grown and husky workmen drinking milk unashamed and openly. I was more amazed, even, to find that an apprentice was paid the liberal salary of $6 a week, receiving frequent raises as he deserved. Often within a year the apprentice receives more pay than the journeyman mechanic gets in England—that is, $9 or $10 a week.

American Worker More Intelligent.

The American foreman follows the progress of each man's work with intelligent interest, and the men are glad to cooperate with him to get out a good quantity of work in good shape. The foreman is not looked upon as a superior being as he is in England.

Perhaps the most striking and important economic difference in the methods of work in the two countries is that in England the workmen are careful and painstaking during the whole process of production. They take as much pains with unimportant details as they do with important processes. The American, on the other hand, uses discretion. He hurries over the unimportant part of his work and is careful of the main job. This makes the English product the more finished, but the American made goods are produced in less time and at much less expense, notwithstanding the higher wages.

English Workman Lacks Energy.

The British workman undoubtedly is the best all around mechanic, while the American workman is a specialist. He knows how to do one thing rapidly and well. The American will run four machines at once, passing from one to another and full of busy interest all day long. The English worker will look after a single machine, and sit idle until it needs changing or replenishing. He will stop the machine in the middle of its task to go and get a drink, while his American cousin will wait for half an hour for an idle moment sooner than shut down his machine.

In a short time the British workman in America catches the American spirit. He is full of energy, and new powers are called into play. On account of his wider experience in every detail of the work he soon becomes a valuable man, though perhaps he never is as quick and capable at a specialty as the workman who is born in America.

The American workman is better educated and more ambitious. He expects to become foreman or to have a shop of his own, or to save enough to buy him a farm or to own his own home. The English workman is content with his station in life and sees no hope of rising.

In America everybody starts at the bottom when it comes to learning the trade. The son of the boss or the foreman works his way up cheerfully through all the details of the shop, while in England he would be placed in a higher sphere, and keep himself aloof from the ordinary workmen.

I hold the present social system in England to be most to blame for the superiority of the American methods. As long as the present conditions obtain so that it is impossible for the British workman to rise above his original station in life he will have no ambition and England will be handicapped in her industrial competition with America.

Best Job Is Job You Like; Enthusiasm Reaps Success.

By George Brett.

"I UNDERSTAND that fellow at the head of the dry goods department in Blanks' often gets out of bed in the middle of the night to write out some thought which has occurred to him about bettering the work he looks after. Only came to the firm three years ago, too, I believe. He didn't know a thing about the business, either. Gave the superintendent such an impression of intense earnestness and a spiel about naturally liking the work that he got a start. I wish I could take an interest in my work like that," said a worker the other day.

It is doubtful whether there are many men who take the interest in their work that Blanks' crack man does. The answers to the following questions might explain to many workers why they don't succeed.

Have you ever become impressed with a problem of possible improvement in your daily work that your interest in it precluded sleep? Has enthusiasm over some particular piece of work ever impelled you to get to your desk half an hour before time, so that you could think the matter out quietly and alone? Have you ever made notes of things in the office and taken them home at night to ponder over? If you were left a fortune, would you fly at your desk with the spring of a tiger and never give a thought to it in after days, or would you go on as if nothing had happened save that you employed men instead of being employed?

Interest Essential to Good Work.

The question of the right occupation is all important. It is not too much to say that a man can progress three times as fast in a position he likes than in one where he drudges his daily tasks. The case could be put stronger by saying that it's hardly possible for a man to make a success in a business which has no attraction for him, and which he would quit at once if he could.

A sympathy with the problem and task in hand, a passion for a certain vocation, explains the success of many men. It forced Columbus to discover America. It keeps Thomas A. Edison, a multi-millionaire working out new inventions. It has kept President Roosevelt in harness all his life, when he might have lived in comparative quiet and ease, or amassed a fortune in business. More than half of the world's greatest scientists and writers do not go on working because they are compelled to do so. They work at their vocation largely for its own sake, and it is doubtful if a greater punishment could be meted out than to take their loved work away from them and chain them down to lives of luxurious sloth.

Man Fast Where He Is Good.

The call of a certain profession is strong to some men. When Charles M. Schwab heard about a steel mill being opened in his neighborhood, he immediately sought employment there. He felt that here was the vocation he was fitted for by nature. He never asked a word about pay, hours of work or what he would have to do—just wanted a job at anything connected with the making of steel. He gave such an impression of earnestness and ability to make headway that he was taken on immediately, and before he had been employed in the mill for a year he was making a large salary as head of a department.

"I had a man come in here," said a sales-manager some time ago. "He had never held a position on the road before. Yet so imbued was he with enthusiasm and so evident was his liking for selling our stuff, that I felt it would be a shame not to try him out. I sent him down to the factory for two or three weeks to study up our proposition at first hand and the manager wrote that he fairly sucked in information. You might have thought that his whole mental system was starving for knowledge as to how our goods were manufactured. Never was there such a man for learning so quickly or taking such an interest in everything connected with our line.

How a Salesman Won.

"He would even eat his lunch with the foreman of the factory so that he might waste no chance to find out just why and wherein our goods were superior to others. I put him on the road at first with an old hand, and both of them would go into a prospective customer's place together. Well, the old salesman told me that when he was hard pressed for an argument the youngster would chip in with just the right remark, and in this manner he helped to close some tough sales before he had been out two weeks. That's two and a half years ago, and now he holds a record for selling more goods than any other man for the last six months. I believe if he were left a fortune he'd continue in this business, and run the selling end of it, whoever attended to the other details. He's a born salesman and works at the profession as much from love of it as for anything else."

Scientists who have made a study of the subject say that there is no man born without a native talent for doing something well, however small that thing may be. No man can excel or even hope to compete with others on equal terms if he cannot put his heart into his work. A writer on the retail store problem some time ago stated that if a man had not a born talent for merchandise he should stay out of the store business. Nor is it so hard for a man to determine his natural bent. He can go back over the years of his youth and find out what work he did simply because he liked to do it. If a man proposing to go into the store business never in his life made a good bargain and was always beaten in bartering it goes without saying he has not the material in his composition to make a good trader.

Question Should Be Given Thought.

There are thousands and thousands of men who have been unable to discover what vocation they are naturally fitted for. Why? Not seldom they have never given the matter serious thought. Yet if a man gave the subject half the attention he often devotes to some pleasure he would frequently discover his natural bent. A man does not have to give up his occupation to find out whether he has a natural ability in another direction. One or two hours a day for a few months will show whether the probabilities are for or against his making rapid headway in that line. A court reporter said to the writer "I can tell inside of three weeks whether a man has a natural gift for rapid and correct shorthand writing." Correspondence schools not always an unmitigated good—have this to their credit. Without their installation many thousands of men would still be chained down to irksome, disagreeable occupations. Such schools enable a man to find out whether he has a natural bent for a certain profession. Nor is the worker bound to take the word of the school entirely. If a man is studying advertising, drawing, letter writing, bookkeeping or a technical profession, there are scores of firms who will gladly give an unbiased opinion as to whether or not it would be advisable for him to continue his labors.

"No Red Lights at Crossways."

Thomas W. Lawson said something about fate hanging out no red lights at the crossways of a man's career. One of the tragedies of life is that a man can spend some of the best years of his life at an occupation and then discover he has no natural bent for his task. There is nothing so painful or galling to an ambitious worker as to be in a position for which he is not naturally fitted. Often he has to endure the snubs and silent contempt of faster and more able workers. Yet it will pay such a man to face the situation manfully. He will do no good by shirking the question. Labor spent in finding out one's natural vocation will be repaid a thousand-fold.

The manner in which men progress when they find themselves in a business which affords free scope for inborn ability is astonishing. Accident frequently shows a man has a great talent which would never have been called out except through some emergency. Cromwell was over forty years of age before he took up arms. Blake, a great English admiral, was well on in years before he undertook to learn sea fighting. Washington was a natural statesman as well as a born warrior, nor was he young when he entered into politics. Grant likewise was well past youth when he first saw active service, and had been unsuccessful in several business ventures. J. Pierpont Morgan was well on in years before he put through an exceptionally large deal.

Late Start May Not Ruin.

Native talent is often strong enough to overcome the disadvantages of lack of early training, of years spent in traveling in the wrong direction. Bacon once compared human nature to a bow. It can be bent, but cut the string and the wood will spring back to its normal shape.

A man's hobbies afford splendid indications of his natural bent. Often, too, in spite of a man being in the wrong vocation, he has been unconsciously fitting himself for the right one. One man got a start doing some rough work in the repair shop of a manufacturer of time clocks. Before this he had been a baker, but through ill health had been forced to give up his adopted occupation. He demonstrated so much ability that he gradually worked up to become head of the repair department, and, on being asked how he had accumulated enough mechanical ability to hold such a position down successfully, the ex-baker said "I used to dabble in taking clocks apart and finding out how machinery was put together ever since I was a kid. Technical journals always had a great attraction for me, and I can see now that all my life I have been picking up unconsciously a knowledge of mechanics."

Great Workers Work Easily.

One of the most ready ways in which a man can determine whether or not he has a natural bent for a vocation is to ask the question, "Can I do the work easily?" There is nothing laborious or strained in the attitude of great masters of finance or science in solving problems and making headway. The mind of such workers generally finds a positive delight in being occupied at its chosen profession. When work becomes recreation to a man success instead of failure results.

Talk Business at Home; Make Wife Your Confidant.

By Frederick White.

THERE are many men who try to make their wives happy by keeping them in complete ignorance of their business affairs. They do not realize that, unless a wife has some idea of the amount of money that is coming in every year, she has absolutely no means of knowing whether she is being extravagant or not. She may worry herself needlessly because her husband is moody and fancy business is bad, when in reality everything is going perfectly smoothly, while on the other hand, if things are really going wrong and she knows nothing about it, the blow will be all the more severe when it comes.

A man generally excuses himself for thus keeping his wife in the dark by saying that women do not understand business. He is convinced that if he attempted to talk over his affairs with his wife it would only cause both of them a great deal of unnecessary worry and might lead to unpleasantness.

Acting on this idea, some men allow their wives to think that they are making money when in reality they are living beyond their income—possibly even are on the verge of bankruptcy.

Tell Your Wife Your Troubles.

Strange as it may seem, the husband is in such a case probably under the impression that he is doing his wife a kindness by thus keeping the trouble from her till the last possible moment. He does not give her credit for being able to rise to an occasion, but, with an exaggerated notion of feminine weakness, holds to the belief that a woman must be miserable if she has not money to spend on pretty clothes and other things which he thinks represent to her all the pleasures of life. He does not realize that there are few occasions to which a woman will not rise as long as and this is the important point—she knows exactly what she has to face. The things she dreads are uncertainty and suspense. There are foolish and worthless women, of course, but the average woman need not be treated as a child. She would rather be a real helpmate to her husband and share his worries as well as his income.

Many men, when their difficulties increase, content themselves with throwing out vague hints as to the necessity for economy, and are surprised when they are not taken. They forget that, as far as their wives can see, there is no earthly reason for this change of attitude, and they feel terribly injured when their vague hints have no effect. The husband continues to hint vaguely, but, finding that nothing happens, his wife and children gradually get accustomed to the cry of "Wolf! Wolf!" when there seems to be no wolf, and go gayly on their way, thinking that this is merely a little peculiarity that the head of the household has developed.

Tell Her Why She Should Save.

Tell a woman not to be extravagant and give her no reason for the admonition and she will merely suppose that you are in a bad temper for some reason or other and are venting it by making yourself disagreeable in this way.

After being deluded into the belief that everything is going smoothly and having it impressed upon her that all her business in life is to look after household matters and not bother her head with her husband's concerns, it is somewhat annoying for a man suddenly to begin to preach the gospel of economy without apparent reason.

Such a policy is quite likely to have the opposite effect to that intended. It isn't a bit of good to hint in such a case. Half the time the hints will not be understood. Even if a man does succeed in making his wife try to draw in without speaking plainly he had much better tell her the whole truth. Once she understands she will be quite as anxious to effect economies as he, and probably won't be nearly so much cast down as he imagines.

Women as a rule bear trouble a good deal better than men, and when it comes to doing without luxuries and comforts a man will make a great deal more fuss than his wife and daughters.

Explain Cause of Ill Mood.

The man who tries to keep his business worries to himself need not expect much sympathy in his home. When he is torn by anxieties the effort to conceal it will only make him appear snappish and irritable. He will growl and grumble at nothing, and make his wife and family so thoroughly uncomfortable the minute he puts his foot over the doorstep that they will dread his homecomings. Whereas, if they knew the cause of the irritability, they would be the first to make allowances.

As things are, he finds that instead of the soft answer that would show how they sympathized with him, there is the tart reply, one unkind word follows another, until at last almost every meal and every pleasure is spoiled by quarrels and mutual recrimination.

There is another side to the question. The man who makes a practice of talking over his affairs with his wife will not only save her much worry and enlist her active help to meet the situation, should things begin to go wrong, but he will often discover that a woman's advice, even on business matters, is not necessarily valueless.

Wife Makes Good Advisor.

From her knowledge of her husband's character and disposition a wife often can put her finger on his weak spot.

Men do not fail in business nearly so often from lack of expert knowledge as from some fault of temperament. One man comes to grief because he is rash and sanguine, and launches out into ventures too large for his capital. Another is easily talked over by interested parties, or, because, being a bad judge of character, he surrounds himself with employés who rob him right and left—in fact, a lack of common sense is at the root of his failure.

A man may be clever, brilliant, inventive, work like a slave at his business, and yet lose everything for the want of a certain practicality in his nature.

Women as a rule have this practical common sense well developed, and moreover often can feel their way by instinct to the right side of a question, even when they lack knowledge and experience.

And there is one thing which a man may be sure of with regard to his wife's advice on business matters—it is disinterested and not given at random. Even where one's friends have nothing to gain by giving wrong advice they often take little pains to give really sound counsel, and sometimes will recommend others to make ventures which they would try themselves if they were placed in a similar position.

The Daughters' Point of View.

There is something to be said, too, from the daughters' point of view. They have good reason to complain if their father deceives his family as to his real position, for it is hard on a girl who has been brought up in a comfortable and perhaps luxurious home suddenly to find that she must go out and earn her own living.

Harder still is it when she discovers that, owing to lack of training scarcely anything is open to her but to take a post as poorly paid lady help. She sees another [illegible] following a career full of interest and [illegible] a comfortable independence, and at first perhaps thinks that she in it [illegible] may do the [illegible]. But soon she finds that until [illegible] time and money to training her case is practically hopeless. There is no opening nowadays for an untrained [illegible]. So she takes the first thing that is offered and is underpaid and overworked, perhaps all her life.

Office Boy Obeyed Orders; Became One of the Firm.

By Horace Seymour Keller.

"WHAT we want here, and will have if money can get them, are men who will work for the interest of the firm. And another thing, young man, is this—obey orders. When you become one of the force you are to subjugate personal affairs, fancy, fads, and all that sort of thing. Do you comprehend?"

Billy Pangborn thought he did, and immediately responded by saying:

"Yes, sir."

"That's a good starter for a young man. All right; I'll test you. Outside in the gutter is a brick. Go out, take up that brick and smash it through this plate glass. Hurry up, get lively and obey orders."

But Billy hesitated. He twiddled his cap from one hand to the other and stepped from crack to crack in front of him. Perhaps he is about to lose the job after all; perhaps he is on a wild goose chase and is only posing as a monkey in the estimation of the well fed, well groomed head of the firm who is piercing him with a pair of light blue eyes. Did the man really mean it, or was it only a test given in mere sport?

"I said we wanted men who would work for the interest of the firm and obey orders. Go take that brick and smash it through this window. Why don't you obey orders?"

Thought It Was a Joke.

"I—I am sorry I came to bother you. I—I heard you wanted a boy, and—"

"We do want a boy, one who will obey orders. I like your looks."

"Thank you—"

"But you don't move quick enough to please me. I guess you will not fill the bill, after all."

"Hire me and try me. What do you pay, sir?"

"Five a week."

"I'll take the job."

"Umph! But I haven't hired you yet, boy. However, I like your looks, as I said before. Consider yourself hired."

"Thank you. Now I am drawing $5 a week. Now I am obeying orders, and—"

Billy cut short his remark, slipped through the doorway, took up the brick, and began to get busy.

"Here, you young rascal! Drop that brick and come in here and earn your wages," cried Jones. "Now go back there in the shipping room and tell the man with a blue jumper to put you to work."

"Thank you, sir."

Became Junior Partner.

"I—I wonder if he would have smashed the brick through the window, after all? No telling what fool boys will do," muttered Jones in an undertone after Billy disappeared."

Billy worked so efficiently for the interest of the firm that he became the junior member after due time. He dropped, or rather the good fellows he worked with dropped for him, the name of Billy after he was called to the front.

One thing that always had bothered Jones during the years while Billy was crawling to the top was this: "Wonder if that little rat would have dared to smash the brick through the window?"

And he only found out yesterday, and yesterday was William Pangborn's wedding day. And the fair bride was Molly Jones, the daughter of the senior member of the firm.

"I—I'd really like to know about that brick affair. It is the queerest thing that ever struck me, that brick. They're getting ready for the train now. They'll soon be away on their honeymoon. I must find out about that brick before Billy leaves."

Question Bothered Jones.

Jones stepped from the library and went into the hall. Luck was with him, for the new bridegroom was approaching him. He beckoned to the fine young fellow, led him into the library, shut the door, and said quizzically:

"See here, William, I want to find out one thing; it has fretted and bothered me for a long time."

"I—I am in a bit of a hurry, Mr. —"

"Call me Dad, just the same as the others. Mine are all girls, you know. You're my son now."

"Thank you. You have always been kind to me since the first day we met. I must be going—Milly—"

"Yes, she's awaiting; I know that. You'll soon be away enjoying the honeymoon—and my blessings go with you, son. But you've got to clear up one mystery before you go. Now, honestly, William, tell me the truth—would would you have smashed the brick through the window years ago?"

"What makes you ask such a funny question? I was obeying orders, if you will recollect."

"Never mind that. Tell me candidly—would you?"

"I—well, since you ask me—"

"Come, William," came a voice from the hall.

"Tell me, William—would you?"

"I will tell you the truth. No, not if you had doubled my wages I would not have done such a fool piece of business. I didn't think it was necessary to do that—because it was not for the interest of—"

And away the new bridegroom darted with his fair bride, followed by the good wishes of all. And Jones waved a fat hand after the carriage and uttered:

"That girl gets what she deserves—and Billy gets his, too."

Probably You Are Watched; Work As If You Were.

By Dwight Brown.

THERE was once an ancient philosopher who had an idea which, if carried out in the business world in Chicago today, would result in improving the efficiency of every worker concerned. This sagacious person of olden times said that he tried to live as if the walls of his house were made of glass and that he welcomed the attention of his fellow citizens to his smallest action.

This thought has been followed out by some workers in Chicago. One young lawyer got his start in life by observing its lessons. He was graduated from a local law school and went into a big law office, in which he was the youngest and least experienced lawyer. For more than six months he plugged along, getting nothing better to handle than a few collections and fewer and less lucrative justice court cases. The men in the office with him had better business and at the end of seven months the recruit felt that perhaps he would have done better to have started in an office by himself. But one day the senior partner in the firm—a man who had appeared to give little attention to any of the young lawyers in the office except upon routine business matters—came to the latest addition and said:

Boss Has Observant Eye.

"Here is a piece of work that I am going to confide to you. The reason that I am giving it to you rather than to any of the men who have been here longer is that during all the time I have been watching you, you have not shirked a task, no matter how unpleasant, and you have done your best with everything that has been handed to you."

"All the time you have been watching me?" gasped the young lawyer. "I hardly thought that you knew I was on earth."

"That, sir," said the elder man, "is precisely the mistake that so many young men make. They go ahead under the theory that no one is keeping an eye on them. Let me tell you that in the law business, and in almost every other, the elder men are watching the younger men constantly. When a young fellow proves that he has the right stuff in him some oldster knows it, and when the time comes helps him.

"Every young man who would succeed should proceed [illegible] the theory that everything he does is seen and noted."

Employe's Outside Life Is Noted.

This does not mean simply in the shop or the factory or the office. The work that is performed in those places is performed largely a matter of common knowledge both to the boss and to the fellow workmen. But the work that is done out of office hours, the life that is lived away from the place of business—those are the things that count with the older men.

There is in the employ of a packing firm at the stockyards a man who until five years ago was engaged in an industry absolutely foreign to the packing trade. He knew and pretended to know nothing about the business that is carried on at the stockyards. But in the business which he followed he was an exceptionally careful man. He was on the job early and he staid late. Although not a slave to his business, he gave his principal thought to it and he had worked himself about as far forward as his business would allow him. He was getting about as much salary as he could in his particular line.

Industry Brings Unexpected Rewards.

It was at this juncture that one of the packers who had watched his work while seeming not to do so sent for him and engaged him at a salary greatly in advance of that which he had been receiving.

"I want you," the packer said, "although I'll have to pay you a good salary while you are nothing but a student of my business. The reason that I want you is that while you were engaged in your other work nothing distracted you from your business. You gave good service for every dollar you received. I wouldn't have known that if I hadn't watched you."

Other business men in Chicago are examples of the same system of watching which is done. No one knows who may be looking at him at a certain time. The wise worker acts all the time as if he were on honest dress parade, pretending nothing but showing himself at his best. The rewards come faster than he thinks.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Society Revels in Halloween Festivities

Social Calendar for the Week

Monday.

Reception, Actors' Church Alliance, 4:30 p. m., to meet Neil Burgess, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Ferrin, 224 East Willamette Ave.

Dubeine party, St. Agnes' Guild, The Mansions, Manitou.

Wednesday.

Substitute card club, Mrs. Marion Stark, 520 North Nevada Ave.

Thursday.

Luncheon, 1 p. m., North End W. C. T. U., First Methodist church.

Friday.

Reception, 8 p. m., in building, for patrons of the Lowell school.

Saturday.

Saturday Social club, Mrs. Lois Bernard, 420 North Weber street.

All contributions intended for the social department of the Sunday Gazette should reach the editor, Mrs. Ella Celeste Adams, 309 East Boulder street, telephone Main 1322, or Gazette editorial rooms, telephone Main 215, not later than Friday.

H[illegible] may we never [illegible] an interest in and love for its [illegible] frolics. It seems as [illegible] this, clearly in touch with [illegible] will not be apt to forget any of its functions, once imbued with the spirit. Who of the hundreds that went out to the festive barbecue! Could [illegible] draw the line as to the age of the [illegible]?

How everybody whooped and yelled for "[illegible]" and the rest of the faculty! And, didn't they like the free and easy way everything went on? And, wasn't that a lunch and tin cup of cider worth being bulleted about in the crowd within an inch of one's life?

The bonfire was the finest ever, and the blanket tosser gave the freshmen quite such an aerial flight or so brilliant a view of "stars." Even seems as though some new jokes were told, though one could not be certain in such a hubbub; but then, that's where all the fun [illegible] into the Halloween at [illegible].

* *

"Stars that in earth's firmament do shine"—the flowers we joy to bestow upon our friends, be the occasion one of gladness or sadness! Always are tender wishes, hope and affection enfolded within the marvelous blossoms freighted with the messages that nothing else from the hand of the great Creator can so truly convey.

When the sad, sad story of the pitiable accident that had befallen General Palmer, the noble founder and benefactor of Colorado Springs, became known, there was not a heart in the community but throbbed in deep sympathy and longed for adequate expression of love and loyalty.

It remained for the school children to voice the entire city in their appropriate and beautiful floral tributes sent to Glen Eyrie, together with notes conveying in a measure of the interest and anxiety prevailing. A shadow rests over the city because its most distinguished citizen lies upon a bed of [illegible] petition is an unceasing [illegible] may be restored to [illegible] has taught us that "Success in life is [illegible] to one's fellows."

* *

A meeting of the Colonial Dames of the state will be held in Denver, Friday, November 23. On that occasion, the sun dial procured for the state of Colorado by the Colonial Dames will be unveiled with simple, yet impressive ceremonies.

The proceedings will probably be opened with prayer. Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, president of the society, will make the presentation address and Governor McDonald, on behalf of the state, will accept.

* *

Last Saturday afternoon at the close of the Republican women's rally in the Antlers ball room, Mrs. Goddard entertained about forty ladies at afternoon tea in the east dining room of the hotel.

Dr. Minnie T. C. Love presented the cause of the State Children's hospital which the women of the state propose to erect in Denver. There is no such institution nearer than Chicago, and the need for one is most pressing. All present became interested at once and expressed a desire to become members of an organization pledged to do for the hospital.

It was decided to take the matter under consideration and a committee consisting of Mrs. F. W. Goddard, Mrs. E. A. Sawyer and Mrs. E. E. Nichols of Manitou was named, and in the near future will call a meeting for the purpose of forming the El Paso county branch of the state organization.

* *

The Actors' Church alliance of this city will give a reception in honor of Neil Burgess tomorrow afternoon, at 4:30 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barnes Ferrin, 224 East Willamette avenue. Anyone desiring to meet Mr. Burgess will be cordially welcome to attend.

* *

Mrs. Benjamin H. B[illegible], [illegible] West Del Norte street, entertained about fifty ladies at tea yesterday afternoon, from 4 until 6 o'clock. The tea table was garnished with daybreak carnations and ferns. Those pouring were Mrs. John K. Townsend, Mrs. John Speed Tucker, Mrs. Henry Fuller and Mrs. Alfred A. Blackman. Mrs. J. Roy Armstrong served ice.

Among the guests invited were Mrs. Henry Hine, Mrs. Leonard E. Curtis, Mrs. Charles Fox Gardiner, Mrs. Sidney F. Bartlett, Mrs. Horace Pastorius, Mrs. William O'Brien, Mrs. N. Van den Arend, Mrs. William Corey, Mrs. M. Clement Gile, Mrs. Edmund C. Van Diest, Mrs. Edgar Mc[illegible], Mrs. Robert P. Davie, Mrs. Robert W. Chisholm, Mrs. Henry W. Hoagland, Mrs. Asa T. Jones, Mrs. Atkins, Mrs. Warren Woods, Mrs. Willett, Miss Kilsyth Hale, Mrs. Claude Sachs, Mrs. J. Gordon Brown, the Misses Wood, Miss Marjorie Hine, Miss Helen Curtis, Miss Parrish, Miss Atkins, Miss Rose Frow, Miss Park, Miss Mary Hemming, Miss Haberton, Miss Hemenway, Miss Van Wagoner, Miss Grover and others.

* *

Owing to a combination of circumstances, Mrs. Theodore F. DeWitt and Mrs. Percy Hagerman, the committee of arrangements for the charity ball in aid of the Colorado Springs Day nursery, have postponed the event until New Year eve, when it will take place in the Antlers ball room.

* *

The "at home" of Mrs. Jay B. Merritt, 1708 North Tejon street, from 4 until 6 o'clock Thursday afternoon, was one of the largest social events of the last week. The guests numbered from ninety to one hundred.

The ladies assisting were Mrs. Lewis P. Eldredge, Mrs. C. O. Neise, Mrs. Edgar F. Nason, Mrs. Mort Parsons, Mrs. John Ebert, Mrs. Sarah E. Tyler, Mrs. H. C. Chapman, Mrs. Fred Engel, Mrs. A. Jae Ward, Mrs. J. F. White, Miss Della Wineman, Miss Bertha Berry, Miss Grace Loper, Miss Laura Eldredge.

Red carnations and asparagus plumosa adorned the parlors, in the reception hall, white chrysanthemums, and in the dining room, pink roses.

* *

One of the most largely attended and interesting social events of the past week was the reception held Friday evening in the parish house of the First Congregational church. The pastor, Rev. James B. Gregg, D. D., and Mrs. Gregg, were formally welcomed home after a several months' trip abroad; the pastor's assistant, Miss Margaret S. Doolittle, of Chicago, was introduced, and farewell was reluctantly said to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Roberts, who left a few days later for Los Angeles, Calif., to make their home hereafter in that city.

In a most feeling and felicitous manner, Mrs. Gregg, on behalf of the friends of Mrs. Roberts, presented her with a beautiful silver tea set. Mrs. Roberts was thoroughly surprised and it was next to impossible to respond, but she gracefully accepted the flattering gift. Mrs. Gregg was presented with a great bunch of chrysanthemums, after which light refreshments were served.

The Social Board

Mrs. Willis R. Armstrong observed the first of her "at home" days, which will be the Fridays of November, last week at her home, 21 Audley place. Those assisting Mrs. Armstrong were her mother, Mrs. David N. Heizer, and sister, Miss Heizer, Mrs. Edgar T. Ensign, Mrs. Henry Fuller, Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, Miss Foster Dickerman and Miss Sara Jackson.

* *

Mrs. Willis L. Kirkwood, 1409 South Tejon street, entertained at a neighborhood tea Tuesday afternoon, the guests numbering about fifty. In receiving, Mrs. Kirkwood was assisted by her mother, Mrs. Collings, Mrs. Opdycke and Miss McClellan.

The other ladies assisting were Mrs. Edward M. De La Vergne, Mrs. J. G. Kettleman, Mrs. T. C. Kirkwood, Mrs. F. A. Perkins, Mrs. E. A. Peifer, Miss Opdycke, Miss Jenkins and Miss Alice Perkins.

The dining room was a pretty sight with its decoration of yellow and white chrysanthemums. Yellow and white predominated in the refreshment scheme. Ferns decorated the library, where the fruit punch was served.

* *

Miss Elizabeth Lockhart entertained at luncheon on Friday at her home on North Nevada avenue. The guests were Miss Edith Parrish, of Cortland, N. Y.; Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, Miss Dore DeWitt, Miss Violet Gardner, Miss Helen Curtis, Miss Charlotte Hemenway and Miss Marjorie Hine.

* *

Mrs. H. R. Gregg, 1223 North Tejon street, had as her dinner guests on Thursday evening the Rev. and Mrs. Edgar W. Work, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Hall and Mrs. B. K. McCune.

* *

A typical German Halloween supper was given Wednesday evening by Mrs. Edward Haile and her daughter, Miss Fannie Haile, at their home, 330 East San Rafael street. The large round table had as a centerpiece a Battenberg doily over yellow on which was a Cinderella chariot fashioned from a pumpkin and harnessed to it with yellow ribbons were white mice. The chariot held a variety of autumn fruits.

Yellow streamers extended from the electrolier to each cover and the favors were golden slippers. Moon faces decorated the napkins and the bonbons. Vegetables and fruits were cleverly fashioned into decorations of the entire house and after supper Halloween games were played.

The guests were Mrs. Antoinette D. [illegible], Dr. Josephine L. Peavey, Miss Sue Thornton Stout, Mrs. Irene Stout Smith, Messrs. Wilbur and Robert Stout, of Denver; Mrs. J. H. Doyle, Mr. Bainbridge, Miss Leona Bainbridge, Miss Adele C. McKeehan, Miss Grace McKeehan, Miss Anna Robinson, Mrs. Charles A. Jacobs and Mrs. Meyer and little daughter.

* *

The North End W. C. T. U. has closed its medal contest, and, according to agreement, the losing team will entertain at luncheon next Wednesday at 1 p. m. in the parlors of the First Methodist church. Mrs. Woodward's side succeeded in getting 15 new members, while that of Mrs. Harbaugh only had 30 to its credit. It remains, therefore, for the last named team to act as hostesses of the luncheon.

* *

Mrs. A. N. Thompson, of North Tejon street, entertained at tea Wednesday afternoon to meet Mrs. McLean, of Pittsburg, Pa. Mrs. Wollaston poured the tea.

* *

Last Monday, previous to the Woman's Democratic rally, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Seldomridge, [illegible] North Nevada avenue, entertained Mrs. Helen L. Grenfell, Mrs. M. A. B. Conine, and Miss Honora Maloney of Denver, some of the speakers, at luncheon.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Fisher entertained at dinner, informally, Tuesday evening, in farewell compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Roberts. The evening was spent in playing cards.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. St. John entertained a few friends informally at a Halloween dinner Wednesday evening.

* *

The officers and chairmen of committees of the Woman's society of the First Presbyterian church were luncheon guests of Mrs. H. H. Seldomridge Wednesday and while at table and afterwards, plans were discussed for the carrying forward of the winter's work. Halloween decorations were charmingly carried out by the use of fruits, flowers and vegetables.

Engaged—Married

Invitations have been received in Colorado Springs for the marriage reception of Miss Edith Overholt, the eldest daughter of Colonel and Mrs. George Nox McCain, at one time residents of this city. The groom is Mr. Frederic Blair Jaekel. The reception will be held at the McCain residence, 4008 Pine street, Philadelphia, Pa., on the evening of Wednesday, November 7, from 7:30 to 9:30 o'clock.

While in this city, Miss McCain became a social favorite, as she is a thoroughly cultured and talented young woman. She is particularly gifted in music, playing both piano and violin, as well as singing delightfully.

* *

Miss Stella Davis was united in marriage to Mr. Charles A. Flutcher of Pueblo, Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Davis, 1611 Colorado avenue. The Rev. Mr. Smith of Denver, pastor of the German Lutheran church, a close friend of the groom, officiated in the presence of a small company of relatives and friends.

The bridal party entered the parlor as Miss Helen West played the wedding march, and grouped before the corner of the room which was curtained with smilax and white rosebuds and banked with palms and ferns. The bride wore a pretty gown of white Japanese crepe trimmed with antique lace and carried a shower of bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

Miss Mate Wales, the maid of honor, wore blue crepe de chine, trimmed with baby Irish lace and carried pink roses. Mr. Jeff Garvin of Denver was the best man.

Luncheon was served in the dining room, the wedding cake being cut by the bride. Appropriate toasts were offered and responded to in happy fashion. Pink and white carnations were used in decorating.

Among the guests were Mr. Harris, grandfather of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. George Harris and Mr. Harry Harris of Denver; Mrs. Hawks, the godmother of the bride; Mrs. O. R. Wales and Miss Helen West.

Mr. and Mrs. Flutcher have gone to St. Louis on a trip and will reside in Pueblo, where the groom is engaged in business.

* *

Miss Mollie Bartlett and Mr. William H. Borden of Fountain, Colo., were married Monday evening at the home of the bride's brother, Mr. G. W. Barnett, 633 East St. Vrain street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Edward H. Ives in the presence of a small company of relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Borden have gone to Long Beach, Cal., to spend the winter.

* *

Miss Estelle Hughes and Mr. H. E. Robinson were joined in wedlock Thursday evening, September 26, the Rev. O. W. Auman performing the ceremony in the home of the bride's parents, at Lamar, in the presence of near friends of the contracting parties.

Mr. Robinson was a pupil in the Colorado Springs High school a few years ago. He is now the night manager of the electrical department of the American Sugar Beet Manufacturing company at Lamar, where he and his bride will reside.

Formal and Informal

The pupils of Mrs. Maude Sanders Faust gave their second piano recital of this season yesterday afternoon in the studio, 116 East Dale street, assisted by pupils of Miss Martin and Miss Trott. The new feature of the program was the group playing.

The program rendered included the following:

Fantasie, C Minor ... Mozart
[illegible] ... Grieg
Miss Hall, Mrs. Faust
Hark, Hark the Lark ... Schubert
Cradle Song ... Kullak
Marguerite [illegible]
Barcarolle ... Kullak
By the Light of the Moon ... Loeschhorn
Marjorie Davie
Robin Redbreast ... [illegible]
Harriet Pond, Virginia Dickerson
A Frolic ... Hannah Smith
Chanson Populaire ... Tschaikowsky
Marie Seldomridge
Sonatina ... Beethoven
A Thousand and One Nights ... [illegible]
The Skylark ... Tschaikowsky
[illegible] ... Ambrose
Josephine Van Diest
Sonatina for Violin and Piano ... Hauptmann
Harriet and Helen Weiffenbach
Gavotte in D ... Bach
Butterfly ... [illegible]
Tarantelle ... Gurlitt
Frances Bogue
L'Angelus ... Charles Godard
Gertrude Gowdy
The Wild Rose ... McDowell
A Shepherd's Tale ... Nevin
Esther Parsons
A Fairy Tale "The Nutcrackers and the Mouseking" ... Reinecke
Gertrude Gowdy, Josephine Van Diest, Dorothy Crowley, Frances Bogue
The Evening Star ... Wagner-Ambrose
Laura Jones
Intermezzo ... Meyer-Helmund
Helen Weiffenbach
Tone Picture, "Grandmother's Minuet" ... Grieg
Dorothy Crowley
Nocturne ... Meyer-Helmund
Miss Strock
Humoresque, "Album Leaf" ... Grieg
Miss Elizabeth Hamilton
Romance in A ... Mozart
Arabesque ... Leschetizky
Miss Hull
Warum ... [illegible]
Mrs. Faust, Miss Lord, Miss Bowington, Mrs. Bradley

* *

A violin recital was given yesterday morning in the Grace church parish house by the pupils of Miss Josephine Trott.

The numbers were:

Maestoso et Romanze ... Gebauer
Van Dyne Hawbert
Sonatina ... Hauptmann
Harriet and Helen* Weiffenbach
Vesper Bells ... Krogman
Waltz, "Song of the Sea Shell,"
Arthur Chase
Venetian Serenade, "Gavotte Enfantine" ... Adolf Weidig
Alice Van Diest
The Fountain, three violins ... Ch. Dancla
Ettie, Harriet, Alice
Ungarischer Tanz ... Palaschko
Harriet Weiffenbach
Airs Variés (1 and 5) ... Ch. Dancla
Ettie Shapiro
Bridal Procession ... Wagner-Cotter
Helen Engel, Elizabeth Slaughter
Rondo Capriccioso ... St. Saëns
Helen Engel

*Helen Weiffenbach is a pupil of Mrs. Faust.

* *

The winter series of dances under the auspices of the Grace church choir was begun Monday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence D. Sears having charge of the pleasant affair. Among those attending were Mrs. Logan, Misses Ada Ray, Louise Smiley, Marie Gerry, Agnes Ferris, Irene Lee, Lodier Ferguson, Dixie Dozier, Virginia Mebach, Gertrude Lindsey, Madge Neiswanger, Emily Potter, Irene Clarke, Violet Sanders, Clara West, Goudy, Whitehead, West, Carroll, McAndrews, Misser, and Messrs. Leon Boswell, Robert Allen, W. Smillie, Jack Fink, John Moffett, Robert West, C. L. Smith, F. C. Bayle, J. S. Clarke, S. M. Wood, A. Bruner, H. Blood, E. B. Neiswanger, R. S. Fudder, W. W. Wiswall, S. Buck, Osborne and Loest.

* *

In honor of her mother, Mrs. Powers, Mrs. E. A. Peifer, 14 Ramona avenue, gave a "tacky" party Friday afternoon. The guests entertained each other with songs, recitations and games illustrative of their nondescript costumes.

The guests were Mrs. W. B. Jenkins, Mrs. D. C. Sanderson, Mrs. J. Moore, Mrs. Hallett, Mrs. Mark Wendelken, Mrs. M. E. Carter, Mrs. Peter Hoop, Mrs. J. G. Kittleman, Mrs. W. L. Kirkwood, Mrs. Heward Masterson, Mrs. W. E. Larrabee, Mrs. Conger, Mrs. Charles Tuckerman, Mrs. W. A. Shepard, Mrs. Wilbur, Mrs. W. E. Gillis, Mrs. Botting, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. H. C. Shimp, Mrs. R. L. Chambers, Mrs. James Graham, Mrs. J. P. Madden, Mrs. F. W. Hemenway, Mrs. E. E. Ward, Mrs. Richard Willis, Misses Rohman, Opdycke, Baker, Etta Powers, Shimp, the Misses Jenkins and others.

* *

The ladies of the First Baptist church will give a concert Thursday evening, November 8, at 8 o'clock, in the church, in aid of the repair fund. The program prepared is as follows:

Lady, a Monologue of the Cow Pen ... Ruth McEnery Stuart
Miss Hatty May Bennett
Knowest Thou that Fair Land ... Thomas
Mignon
Mrs. E. E. Taliaferro
Extract from "Quo Vadis" ... Miss Bennett
Violin, selected ... Miss Helen Engel
When [illegible] in de Meeting ... William Allan Dromgoole
[illegible] May ... Harris
Miss Bennett
[illegible] ... Guy d'Hardelot
Mrs. Taliaferro
Song of the English ... Rudyard Kipling
Lenvoi ... Rudyard Kipling
Miss Bennett
Violin, selected ... Miss Engel

* *

Miss Ina Hemenway of Ivywild entertained at a Halloween party Wednesday evening. The house was decorated with jack-o-lanterns and other appropriate Halloween devices, and the guests appeared as "spooks." The refreshments included gingerbread, pumpkin pie, cider, fruits, nuts, etc. Mrs. Green told fortunes sure to come true, and there were merry games in keeping with the season.

Among the guests were Misses Gertrude Jenkins, Grace Lord, Hazel Shimp, [illegible] Pauline Stear, Ethel Barbee, Alice Perkins, Grace Glazier, Nannie Brinley, Gretchen Hoag, Mrs. Hagemeyer, Mrs. Seymour, Messrs. Frank, [illegible], Roy and Glen Jones, John and Elmer Hagemeyer, Leon and Albert Hemenway, Tom Brown.

* *

Miss Julia Pebbles of Ivywild entertained informally Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Mabel Dunn of Denver.

* *

The Misses Irene, Inez and Mabel St. John and [illegible] friends, Misses [illegible], Helen White and Eunice Hall celebrated Halloween [illegible] with a merry little taffy pull.

* *

Mrs. Hughes of East Jefferson street gave a Halloween party for some of the little friends of her son, George Hughes. Mrs. Hughes was assisted by Miss Hughes and Miss Oswald. Jack-o-lanterns, fruits, vegetables, and flowers decorated the house and a delicious supper of goodies, such as children dote on, rendered the evening [illegible].

The children participating were Elise Morath, Margaret Morris, Helen, Lena

and Audrey Pugsley, Marie Hatton, Alfred Griggs, Melba Karwin and others.

* *

Mrs. P. D. Fox entertained the members of chapter K, P. E. O., in her Manitou home last Friday afternoon.

* *

Miss Ada Ray, of the Iron Springs hotel, Manitou, entertained at luncheon last week in compliment to the bride-elect, Miss Stella Davis.

* *

The poverty party of the Ladies of the Eastern Star, given Wednesday evening in Masonic hall, was largely attended by the Masonic bodies of the city.

* *

A Halloween "ghost social" was enjoyed by Sunshine Rebekah degree staff and their friends in Odd Fellows' hall. There was a ghost drill with a prize for the finest ghost, Halloween games, refreshments, etc.

* *

Chapter C, P. E. O., entertained Friday afternoon for the benefit of the P. E. O. national home at the residence of Mrs. [illegible], 822 West Cucharas street.

* *

Miss Bessie Knight, 504 West Kiowa street, gave a Halloween party Tuesday evening. Hard times costumes combined with Halloween festivities and edibles, made the evening an enjoyable one.

Miss Edna Curran and C. L. McKesson won prizes for costumes. Frank Rice won in progressive panic, and Lester Eyler won the ad. guessing contest.

Miss Knight's guests were Mr. and Mrs. C. L. McKesson, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hagemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Pomeroy, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Montfort, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Eyler, Misses Edna Curran, Edna McKesson, Myrtle Denny, Nellie Rollins, Marguerite McKesson, Mrs. Lillian Black, Mrs. Springer, Messrs. John Pomeroy, Frank Rice, Lee Curtis, Herbert Pomeroy, Will McKesson, Kenneth Richards, Bonnie Bowers and Elmer Hagemeyer.

* *

The D. D. B.'s, class 17, of the First Presbyterian church Sunday school, held an enjoyable party Thursday evening last at the home of Mrs. E. M. De La Vergne in Ivywild.

The teacher of the class, Mrs. M. S. McClure, was present, together with the Misses May Tyler, Bessie Gregory, Florence Higher, Leona Bainbridge, Louise Gillespie, Sally Brown and Miss Pierce.

The members of the class present were Leland W. Pollock, Albert W. Bainbridge, Fred G. Broege, Plummer Van Eaton, Paul Geissler, Roy Graham, Ray Love, Harold Beatie, Hugh Gardiner and Theodore J. Middle.

* *

One of the pleasant social functions of Halloween night was the party given by Miss Rowena Williams, 222 San Miguel street, to thirty of her friends. The rooms were decorated in harvest style and the entertainment was appropriate to the evening celebrated. The refreshments were apples, sandwiches, pumpkin pie and cider. The following guests were present: Misses Ruth Smith, Laura Eldridge, Edith Baker, Natelle Shettle, Reba Shapp, Marjorie Meservey, Katherine and Margaret Ballard, Eleanor Kingsley, Adelaide Morrison, Emma Ko[illegible]meyer, Cora Kampf, Elizabeth Hamilton, Helen Lennox, Eleanor Armit; Messrs. Ray Puffer, Roy Meyers, Thomas Meservey, Morris James, Arthur Shettle, Frederick Kampf, Frank Stratton, Charles Emery, Wilson Allen, Frank Clay, James Matthews, Wallace Bishoff, John Armit.

* *

Mrs. B. W. Howell entertained several college students at her home on North Weber, Saturday evening, in honor of her son, C. H. Howell, who graduated from Colorado college in 1904.

* *

The members of the S. S. club were entertained Friday afternoon by Mrs. Mort Parsons, [illegible] North Tejon street. As usual, the afternoon passed most delightfully in needlework and the serving of light refreshments.

* *

The ladies of the Modern Maccabees were entertained in a delightful manner last Friday afternoon by Mrs. Susan A. Doan, state deputy grand commander, and Mrs. E. L. Huestis, lieutenant commander, at the home of the latter, 411 West Bijou street.

The winners in the composition contest were Mrs. Bailey, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. [illegible]. The winners in the drawing contest were Mrs. Bailey and Mrs. Van Lopik. The colors of the order and cut flowers were used in decorating the apartments, and light refreshments were served.

* *

The ladies of Balance Rock Hive, No. 53, L. O. T. M., recently gave a farewell party in honor of Past Lady Commander McCormick. The guest of the evening was presented with a handsome cut glass berry bowl.

Those present were Mrs. L. A. Fox, J. D. Johnson, Mrs. Van Fleet, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Seymore, Mrs. Horn, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Reardon.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Opdycke of Second street, Ivywild, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Wednesday, October 24, by giving a family dinner party.

Card Parties

Mrs. Robert W. Chisholm of Wood avenue entertained at bridge Wednesday evening in compliment to her niece, Miss Parrish. There were four tables and supper was served when the cards were laid aside.

* *

Mrs. Frank A. Bissell, 1124 North Nevada avenue, and her sister, Miss Alice McKinnie, entertained a company of young married ladies with six-handed high five Thursday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Benjamin D. Howes, who has recently removed from Clinton, Iowa, to this city.

The dainty tally cards were ornamented in devices suggestive of Halloween. Mrs. Pearson won the prize, a hand-painted picture of Colorado scenery.

The guests were Mrs. Charles T. Fertig, Mrs. Carlton Aylard, Mrs. Charles Pearson, Mrs. Fred K. Pratt, Mrs. W. H. Hart, Mrs. James W. Scott, Mrs. L. L. Aitken, Mrs. A. D. Aitken, Mrs. R. McK. Aitken, Mrs. W. H. Spurgeon, Mrs. E. C. Heinley, Mrs. John H. Baker, Mrs. E. C. Sharer, Mrs. E. E. Taliaferro, Mrs. Carl W. Plumb, Mrs. E. B. Beeson, Mrs. C. F. Dubach, Mrs. G. Y. Wilson, Mrs. Dudley Wilcox, Mrs. Harry Allward, Mrs. Beverley Tucker, Mrs. W. S. Tarbell, Mrs. G. M. Perry, Mrs. L. A. Puffer, Miss Mary Weller and the Misses Fickes. Mrs. Talliaferro and Mrs. Perry consented to sing a few songs, adding much to the pleasure of the afternoon.

* *

An informal high five party was given last Friday to meet Mrs. Ringle and Mrs. R. L. Chambers, by Mrs. Willis L. Kirkwood and Mrs. J. G. Kettleman, of Ivywild. The other guests were Mrs. D. C. Sanderson, Mrs. J. P. Madden, Mrs. E. A. Peifer, Mrs. W. A. Shepard, Mrs. H. C. Shimp, Mrs. W. B. Jenkins, Miss Opdycke and Miss Lizzie Baker.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Johnson entertained Tuesday evening at their home, 503 South Weber street, in celebration of their crystal wedding anniversary. Halloween novelties and autumn leaves and berries entered into the elaborate decorations of the apartments.

Progressive high five was the diversion and handsome first prizes were captured by Mrs. L. A. Fox and Mr. G. Swanson; Mrs. A. B. Currie and Mr. J. Strong received the consolations.

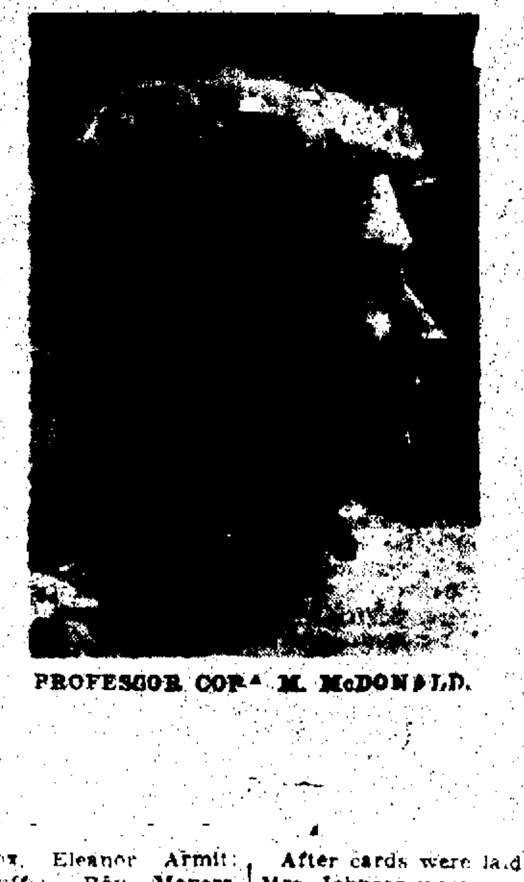
After cards were laid aside, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson were escorted to the parlor by Mr. and Mrs. Currie. In a pleasing way, Mrs. Fox presented them, on behalf of their friends, with a handsome cut glass berry bowl. The guests then repaired to the dining room, where full justice was paid to a choice repast.

These present were Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Shobe, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Currie, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Swanson, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. John Argust, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Misses Sullivan, Currie, Argust, Johnson, Masters Milton Strong and Arthur Johnson.

* *

Mrs. R. E. Hamilton and Mrs. A. L. Hunter entertained at the home of the latter, 505 East Monument street, last Thursday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. George Sturgiss. After the serving of luncheon, cards and an impromptu musical and literary program was enjoyed. Mrs. Van Lopik received the prize in the card game.

Those participating were Mesdames George Sturgiss, C. E. Seely, J. H. [illegible], O. D. Wiley, Dr. Grimmell, M. Van Lopik, Allen Davis, W. C. Davis, [illegible], A. H. [illegible], J. H. [illegible], J. W. Norberg, W. T. Walker, J. W. Hunter, R. Leggett and Miss Bessie Hunter.



PROFESSOR CORA M. McDONALD.

Woman's Club Calendar for the Week

Monday.

Regular meeting, Colonial Dames, 2 p. m., Mrs. William T. Gauss, 2030 North Cascade Ave.

Tuesday.

Study class, social science department, Woman's club, 2 p. m., Mrs. W. K. Sinton, 1220 North Tejon street.

Wednesday.

Art and literature department, Woman's club, 3 p. m., Grace church parish house.

Friday.

Hillside Mothers' council.

Saturday.

Home and education department, Woman's club, 3 p. m., Grace church parish house.

Open meeting, Monday Progress club, 2 p. m., Mrs. Warren Woods, 1332 Earle Court.

All contributions intended for the Woman's club department of the Sunday Gazette should reach the editor, Mrs. Ella Celeste Adams, 309 East Boulder street, telephone Main 1322, or Gazette editorial rooms, telephone Main 215, not later than Friday.

Woman's Clubs

DURING the October meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian association, last Monday afternoon, arrangements were made for the annual Thanksgiving dinner to be given at the association for the young men in the city who chance to be from home on that day. As Colorado Springs people delight to donate toward the dinner, no difficulty is expected in collecting the necessary amount of provisions and money.

The standing entertainment committee, Mrs. [illegible] A. Mueller, chairman; Mrs. W. W. Williamson, Miss Dorsey, Mrs. W. S. Nichols and Mrs. Lula Bernard, will be assisted by Mrs. C. C. Dickey, Mrs. D. A. Russell, Mrs. E. M. Marbourg, Mrs. J. A. Morrison, Mrs. H. Ver Steeg and Mrs. E. H. [illegible].

At least 125 young men are expected at the feast. The committee will endeavor to learn the names of young men strangers in the city and see that they have a special invitation.

The strangers' teas will be resumed beginning with next month. A simple, yet ample lunch, will be served at a nominal price, previous to the evening meetings. The churches will have charge in the following order: November, First Presbyterian, Mrs. W. W. Williamson, chairman; December, First Methodist, Mrs. W. S. Nichols, chairman; January, Grace, Mrs. L. P. Eldredge, chairman; February, First Congregational, Mrs. C. B. Hall, chairman; March, St. Stephen's, Mrs. F. W. Goddard, chairman; April, First Baptist, Mrs. C. C. Owen, chairman; May, First Christian, Mrs. J. N. Beaty, chairman.

* *

A regular meeting of the members of the society of Colonial Dames residing in Colorado Springs will be held tomorrow afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock, in the home of Mrs. William T. Gauss, 2030 North Cascade avenue.

Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, the president, and a member representing Colorado on the committee to learn the status of the associate societies, will give a report of the proceedings of the biennial convention of the National society of the Colonial Dames, held in Washington, D. C., last May.

The members of the society are requested to bring to tomorrow's meeting some article once the property of a colonial ancestor and be prepared to tell a story concerning it. In order to reach the Gauss home it is necessary to drive up Wood avenue and cross over to Cascade as the road in that locality is torn up.

* *

The original compositions to be rendered at the December concert of the Colorado Springs Musical club should reach the chairman of the committee, Miss Josephine Trott, 23 West Washington street, not later than November 15. All local composers, whether members of the Musical club or not, may enter their compositions.

* *

The November meeting of the Colorado Springs Federation of Women's clubs was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. M. C. Colburn, 1626 Wood avenue. Professor Cora M. McDonald of Denver delivered a finished lecture upon the subject, "Tennyson as a Pre-Raphaelite." Mrs. Robert Briscoe contributed violin selections to the program, and Mrs. George M. Perry, contralto, sang.

According to the amended constitution of the federation, there will be four meetings during the year. They will be as follows: One in November, one in January, one in March, and the last in May, when the election of officers will take place.

Special care is to be taken by the program committee to make all of these meetings of special interest, and the social features will be emphasized this year.

Requests for membership in [illegible] department of the federation should be sent at once to any member of the committee, Mrs. C. W. Dickey, Mrs. B. F. Webster, Mrs. E. J. [illegible].

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

D E R N 'S

The Handsomest Flower

Is not always the sweetest

Neither is the best looking tea always the sweetest drinking.

Teas are not infrequently made up that is FORCED to look pretty, to please the eye, but an undue amount of labor expended upon tea leaves to make them look well, injures the drinking quality.

Our first consideration when purchasing teas is drinking quality, our second, good looks, for we fully realize that to win and hold trade our teas must please our customers' sense of taste, however well they may look to the eye.

Our stock comprises the teas of all tea growing countries, but we especially recommend our

A1 Brand of Ceylon Tea 60 Cts. a pound

DERN Tea & Coffee Co 30 ... Tejon ... St. ...

KINGSLEY BALLOU
Interior Decoration, Showroom 30 E. Kiowa

We make a specialty of Wall Coverings, Period Furniture and Professionally made hangings.

The Place to Buy Furs

is where you get the best selection in the west in price, quality, style and color. I am the only practical furrier in the city and every piece of work receives my personal care and attention and is absolutely guaranteed in workmanship. Any repairing done here does not have to be made over. I wish to inform the public that my stock of ready-to-war furs is the best in the west and at the low prices of $2.00 and up. Everything neat and stylish. I make a specialty of fine FUR rugs, Rocky Mountain lions, Silver Tip bears, coyotes and wild cats, etc. My large store house enables me to keep furs stored in excellent conditions. Buy your Xmas presents now and we will store them for you free of charge. We also pack and ship our goods for the benefit of our customers. Don't wait until the last minute but make your selection now when the assortment is large.

F. M. KIRSCHNER,

The Furrier - - - - 10 East Pike's Peak Avenue

Established in Colorado Springs in 1890

Reception Room, Shaw's Toilet Parlors, 29 North Cascade Ave., Phone 665

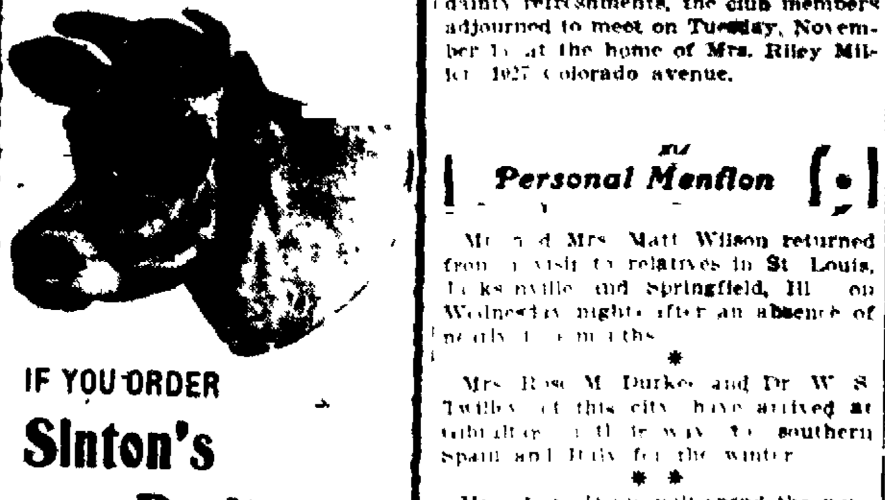
The Practice Hour Is Easy

[illegible]

J. D. Hiltbrand,

THE POPULAR MUSIC STORE

125 1-2 N Tejon St Phone Main 913



IF YOU ORDER

Sinton's Purity Milk

You know that you get the best. We are headquarters for dairy products. Butter, buttermilk, cream and bottled milk always fresh and pure.

Sinton Dairy Co.

Phone Main 112

Additional Society

The Merchant of Venice was the subject of the program rendered at the meeting of the art and literature department of the Woman's club held Wednesday afternoon in the Grace church parish house. The paper presented by Miss Mabelle Carter was a thoughtful and analytical review of the famous play of Shakespeare and the discussion ... of profit. Familiarity with the writings of the immortal ... of the accomplishments ... of the Woman's club.

In her ... of Rudyard Kipling's ... and Tommy ... Miss Hatty ... Bennett gave great pleasure.

The ... department on Wednesday ... will be devoted ... Italian Architecture.

A ... of the ... department was begun last Thursday at the San ... instruction of ...

Next ... class of the ... will meet with Mrs. Bernard ... North Weber street.

The ... class of the social science department ... next Tuesday with Mrs. W... North Tejon street.

* *

The Woman's Literary club met yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. ... Giddings, 1404 North Nevada avenue. Mrs. William C. Robinson gave a paper on "The Downfall of Napoleon German Federation." Mrs. J. H. Franklin substituted for Mrs. William Lennox giving a paper on Byron and Moore.

* *

The Monday Progress club met last week with Mrs. Otto F. Dubach, 1338 North Weber street and an excellent program was rendered. The papers were "The History of Holland" by Mrs. J. F. Lilly, and "Vacation Schools" by Miss Julia Skolas. A discussion of both topics followed.

The hostess then served delicious refreshments. The members of the club will have an open meeting at the residence of Mrs. Warren Woods, 1332 Earle court, on Saturday, November 10, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

* *

Monday, October 29, the ladies of the Four o'Clock Progress club assembled at the home of Mrs. B. F. Webster, 1341 North Tejon street. Mrs. Robinson, the leader, very ably discussed the Wadsworth-Beveridge bill, the meat inspection bill and the pure food law. The club was also interested in Mrs. Webster's remarks concerning the rubber industry.

The next meeting will convene at the home of Mrs. R. B. Watson, 1920 North Nevada avenue, November 12, at 3:30 p. m. The topics scheduled for this meeting are "Naturalization Laws" and the "Struggle for Freedom in Russia."

* *

The initial meeting of the Contemporary society of Colorado college was held Friday afternoon in the club house. A delightful musical and literary program was presented and light refreshments were served.

* *

A meeting of the Minerva alumnae was held with Miss Jeannette Scholz at her home on North Nevada avenue, Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. James B. Gregg, who has just returned from a European trip, gave great delight with her interesting account of some of her experiences and allowed the members to look at her collection of postals.

* *

The annual meeting of the Golden Sunshine society was held Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. G. Kittleman, 1424 South Nevada avenue. The officers elected were: President, Mrs. Willis L. Kirkwood, vice president, Mrs. John G. Kittleman, secretary, Miss Ina Hemenway; treasurer, Miss Pauline Stear. The next meeting will be held Tuesday afternoon, November 13, with Mrs. Ward, South Nevada avenue and Second street.

* *

An interesting program filled a larger portion of the hour during the meeting of the Mothers' council of the West Side W. C. T. U., held with Mrs. Bonham, Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Niblo, president of the Willard union, read an instructive paper on Mothers' Influence, drawn from personal experience and observation. A paper on the "Ideal Mother" and a poem entitled, "Whose Boy," were given by Mrs. Fisk and Mrs. Jencks. Mrs. Van Lopik sang "Tell Mother I'll Be There" in charming voice. An important item of business was the adopting of the report of the committee on the preliminaries attending the awarding of prizes by the union, to the amount of ten dollars, to the pupils of the Columbia school for the best three essays on Narcotics and Alcohol.

* *

The West Side Fortnightly met Tuesday October 30 in the home of Mrs. J. C. Vining, 822 Colorado avenue. Miss Leona Lucas read the paper of the afternoon on "Mormonism." Miss Grace Vining rendered two piano solos very acceptably. After the serving of dainty refreshments, the club members adjourned to meet on Tuesday, November 13, at the home of Mrs. Riley Miller, 1027 Colorado avenue.

Personal Mention

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Wilson returned from a visit to relatives in St. Louis, Jacksonville and Springfield, Ill., on Wednesday night after an absence of nearly ... months.

*

Mrs. Rose M. Durkee and Dr. W. S. Twilley of this city have arrived at Gibraltar on their way to southern Spain and Italy for the winter.

* *

Mrs. A. S. Davis will spend the winter with her brother, Captain A. C. Shaffer of Waterboro, South Carolina. She expects to leave Chicago next week ... south.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. ... and son of ... recently spent a week with their ... and Mrs. Arthur ... forth.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. ... have removed to 22 West Del Norte street.

*

Mrs. W. R. Barrett, 209 East Bijou street, has gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry LeB. Wills have returned to this city, after nearly a year's absence. Mr. Wills is much improved in health.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. John ... have removed to Denver and will make that city their home hereafter.

* *

Mrs. Charles W. ... have returned from an extended trip in the east.

* *

Mrs. H. A. Jones ... Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the winter.

* *

Mrs. Arthur Cornforth ... today for a several weeks visit with her parents and friends in Kansas City and Topeka, Kas.

*

Mrs. C. H. Curtis ... North Cascade avenue, has gone ... visit with her parents ... Angeles, Calif.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Roberts and Mrs. Roberts' parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. White have gone to Los Angeles, Cal., to reside.

* *

Mr. William H. Lockhart of Rocky Ford, Colo., has been visiting his relatives in Colorado Springs the past week.

* *

Mrs. L. E. Mummah has returned from Denver where she was called on account of an accident to her son, Ralph.

* *

Miss Lea Botting, 1306 Cheyenne road, returned from a visit to East St. Louis, Ill., a few days ago.

* *

Mrs. D. H. Sullivan is spending a month in Nebraska and Iowa.

* *

Mrs. George F. Wentz has returned to St. Louis, Mo., after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. F. E. Hesse.

* *

Mrs. J. C. Toler of Denver is visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Draper, 115 East Vermijo street.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. William Rea and Mrs. M. J. Glover left Thursday for California and Oregon, intending to remain away for two months.

* *

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Arnold have returned from a month's visit in the east.

* *

Mrs. F. L. Wulff is making a visit to friends in Lincoln, Neb.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Houlahan, of East Dubuque, Ill., are guests of Mrs. Charles Hayden, 167 South Nevada avenue, en route to the Pacific coast.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. H. Schoonmaker and daughter have removed to Oakland, Calif.

* *

Mrs. Bettie Dunn has returned from a visit with friends in St. Joseph, Mo.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. William Lennox are expected home from the east within a day or two.

* *

Mrs. A. L. Dickerman and her daughter, Miss Foster Dickerman, returned from the east last Monday.

* *

Mrs. G. S. Ba... is recovering from a serious attack of bronchitis.

* *

Mrs. Connor and her son, Dr. Fred Connor, of Philadelphia, are spending a few days with Dr. and Mrs. C. N. Shellenbarger, en route to the Pacific coast for the winter.

* *

Mrs. A. V. Hunter of Leadville is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Wells Price, 215 South Nevada avenue.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tribe, 16 West Fontanero street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. Carl M. Johnson of Seattle, Wash.

* *

Mrs. John A. Death is visiting her daughters, Mrs. Elbridge A. Stetson and Mrs. Clifford W. Hardy.

* *

Mr. and Mrs. George Salsar Curtis, 22 East San Miguel street, are the happy parents of a daughter, born October 29, at the Deaconess hospital.

* *

Mr. D. A. Phillips has returned to his home in Lima, Ohio, after a visit with his sister, Mrs. C. S. King of this city.

* *

Mr. W. H. C. Huhn and family of New York city are located at the Antlers for a stay of several months.

*

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pebbles of Ivywild have returned from southern California, where they have been visiting their daughters.

EXQUISITE FUR WORK FROM A LOCAL HOUSE.

Orders Executed for Out-of-Town Patrons Advertise the City.

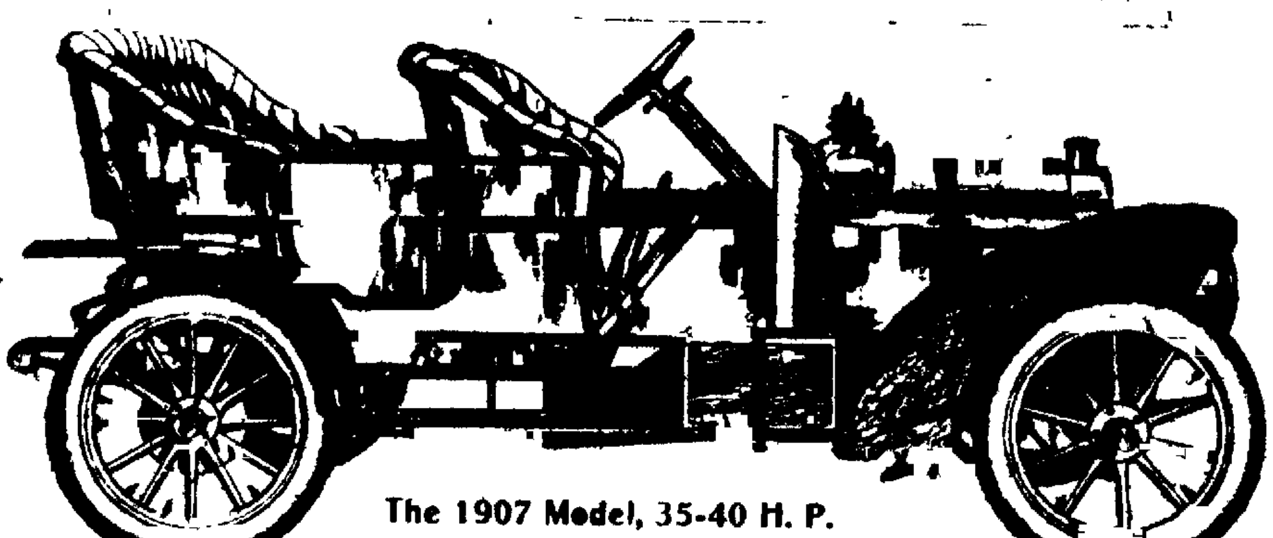
That Colorado Springs is famous, not alone for its incomparable climate and scenery, but for its mercantile houses, is demonstrated in the fall orders now being filled by Professor Stainsky, the pioneer furrier.

Two exquisite sets of furs have just been completed for the actress, Blanche Walsh, who has had all the world to chose from, owing to her extensive travels. One is of royal ermine, the victorine trimmed with insertions of snowdrop lace and fringe of ermine tails. The large muff is made to compare. The other set is an equally beautiful creation in chinchilla fur. The pelerine has stole tabs and the muff is of the fashionable flat style.

An order placed in the summer by the daughter of a Chicago millionaire will be shipped this week. The fancy stole and muff of royal ermine are elaborately garnitured with the natural heads, paws and tails of the ermine and the lining is heavy cream brocaded Duchesse satin.

Another out-of town order consists of a set of rare Russian sable of the darkest shade. Four skins were required for the straight scarf and eight for the large muff. Ermine is inserted in the muff, while that costly fur lines the scarf. A quantity of tails and claws are used in carrying out the unique design.

An order just completed for a Colorado Springs lady is a lovely evening coat of French white coney with a collar and cuffs of Alaska fox. Another is a stunning reception coat of black broad tail with a turnover collar, revers and cuffs of Royal ermine and vest and jabot of real lace.



The 1907 Model, 35-40 H. P.

OLDSMOBILE

Has arrived and is ready for inspection.

Motor 35-40 horsepower.
Wheels 34x4 inches
Transmission Selective Type
Weight 2,200 pounds
Speed 60 miles per hour.

Price, $2,750

Call and allow us to demonstrate to you the best proposition for 1907 selling for less than $4,000.

Anthony Motor and Manufacturing Company

115 and 117 NORTH CASCADE AVENUE. TELEPHONE MAIN 56

O LIFE! O BEYOND!

Strange—strange O mortal Life,
The perverse gifts that came to me from you!
From childhood I have wanted all good things,
You gave me few.

You gave me faith in One
Divine above your own imperious might,
O mortal Life, while I but wanted you
And your delight.

I wanted dancing feet,
And flowery, grassy paths by laughing streams,
You gave me loitering steps, and eyes all blurred
With tears and dreams.

I wanted love—and lo!
As though in mockery, you gave me loss,
O'erburdened sore, I wanted rest, you gave
The heavier cross.

I wanted one poor hut
For mine own home, to creep away into,
You gave me only lonelier desert lands
To journey through.

Now, at the last vast verge
Of barren age, I stumble, reel and fling
Me down, with strength all spent and heart athirst
And famishing.

Yea, now, Life, deal me death,—
Your worst, your vaunted worst!
Across my breast,
With numb and fumbling hands I gird me for
The best.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

NOBLESSE OBLIGE.

There is no exact Anglo-Saxon synonym for the French term, "noblesse oblige," for the reason probably, that the Anglo-Saxon character has no temperamental equivalent for that innate spontaneity of graciousness which the expression implies, or possibly, like the obsolete phrases of chivalry, our vernacular has not required coinage for a term whose counterpart does not exist in our lives.

It is more than a responsibility which we owe to the world's laws, much more than an enforced acquiescence to the written laws, compelled by the police. It is a sweet fineness of character expressed in an elusive, anonymous way, too subtle for definition. It is a charm that imparts to humanity that ... gracious beauty that flowers add to a perfect spring landscape, an overbrimful measure of love and sweetness and beauty.

It is a quality which we instantly recognize in another by the joy it gives—though we have no exact image of it. It is not in the color of the eyes, nor in contour of classic brow, nor in rose pearl tints of complexion, nor in stature of graceful symmetry; neither is it a quality in mellow voice nor can it be imparted by prettily chosen words yet they who possess this charm see reminders of it in every beautiful object of creation.

The essential mark of the quality implied by this term is that it betrays in every act instant activity of the affections, manifested in a desire to have those about one at their ease and at their very best. Just as the bee draws honey from the acrid marjoram and from the pungent mint, so persons animated with a sense of the responsibility of this innate nobility of character, draw out latent unsuspected fineness in the mind and heart of another. It is as honey distilled from kind deeds, graciously performed. It is a presence of mind which gives instant command of the ability to draw out the best in another, giving to one's actions the same indescribable beauty which poetry gives to speech. It is to conduct what harmony is to music, symmetry to form. By its aid, one may see in the passing day, with all its cares, its fuss, its work, its joys and its rewards a counterpart of the days when Jesus walked among the people of the earth, showing us that the time for golden deeds is not necessarily confined to a long-eluded past, but is even in the here and the now.

This beauty of character implies also a certain grace of soul, manifested in actions by which the heart renews itself as the buds are renewed by the genial warmth of the sun and the softness of dews. In truth, such magic is there in this quality that when he who possesses it gives you his hand, you straightway feel a warmth that comes from the heart. The gladness he bestows, he also shares, a man of whom it could be said "Whom man delights in, God also delights."

And just here, while the thought occurs, I would like to say that all the ground for suffering, all the occasion for solitude and bitter suspicion between two persons bound by ties of affection, is a lack of this high nobility of the heart and liberal candor of the mind, which for lack of an exact English expression, we must call "noblesse oblige."

To be devoid of this nobility of character does not necessarily insinuate an offense of less respectability, although it is a much more heinous fault than this, betokening a shriveling up of the heart and a hardening of that finer sensitiveness that makes one respond to the woe and burden of another.

When we were children, how many sweet smells of flowers, deal little delights in blossoms, in bugs, in all forms of small, dainty life in which the child mind glories moved us to ecstasy—how many sounds of birds delighted our unspoiled fresh sensibilities.

Was it that our senses were better developed than, or were sight, smell and sound uncalloused by the eternal compromises with the world? Some of us never outgrow that childish pleasure in the intricate, small beauties of creation, growing all the more sensitive to them as we begin simply to comprehend the larger plan of existence. Just so is the quality of this elusive nobility of character an indication of an uncalloused sense of right, far removed from mere fear of the law or dumb respect for the neighbors.

The youth of this planet full of people is in America. To us, the Old World looks for inspiration to fashion its long-deferred ideas of freedom to a living actuality. Americans are the virile ones, the robust, the unfettered, the original. Just now we are in the lusty period of our growth. It is biff-bang-helter-skelter, now up, now down—a jumble of brilliance and bluster out of which only the versatile Yankee could possible make anything that approaches a harmonious whole necessary for progress. Were we able, as we certainly will be when reflection and meditation leavens our activities—to add that gracious Old World flavor of spontaneous, courteous kindness to our national life, the Yankee character would be the finest that the world has yet produced.

"ILLUSION."

God and I in space alone,
And nobody else in view.
And "Where are the people, O Lord,"
I said,
"The earth below and the sky o'erhead,
And the dead whom I once knew?"

"That was a dream," God smiled and said
"A dream that seemed to be true.
There were no people living or dead
There was no earth and no sky o'erhead—
There was only Myself and you."

"Why do I feel no fear," I asked,
"Meeting YOU here this way?
For I have sinned, I know full well
And is there heaven and is there hell,
And is this the Judgment Day?"

"Nay! those were but dreams," the great God said,
"Dreams that have ceased to be.
There is such thing as fear or sin
There is no you—you never have been—
There is nothing at all but Me!"

Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

WHITTIER'S PRAYER.

Dear Lord and Father of mankind,
Forgive our feverish ways
Reclothe us in our right mind;
In purer lives Thy service find
In deeper reverence praise.

Drop Thy still dew of quietness
Till all our striving cease
Take from our souls the strain and stress
And let our ordered lives confess
The beauty of Thy peace.

THE "KANTSTOOP" SHOULDER BRACE & SUSPENDER

Strong.
Effective
Simple.
The only brace that braces
Positively cures the habit of stooping. Produces that military effect so much desired

Women's, Girls' and Boys', all sizes $1.00
Men's, all sizes $1.25

For sale by
PELTA'S DEP'T STORE, 121 S. Tejon
or
C. F. SMITH, 117 S. Tejon St

C. BENEDICT CO., INC.
Distributing Agents
Oakland, Cal

QUEENS ABOVE THE KINGS.

There is hardly a king in the world today so they say, whose wife does not overtop him by a head. Edward of England is shorter than Alexandra, and the czar is shorter than the czarina. The German empress looms up into the air so much farther than the kaiser, that the proud sovereign of the Fatherland never consents to be photographed with her unless she sits while he stands. The ruler of Italy barely comes up to the shoulders of the tall, athletic Helena. Even the young monarch of Spain finds it necessary to lift his eyes to meet the gaze of the girl who has become his bride.

Evidently outdoor exercise in the fresh air has worked wonders for the women of royal families in this ... and generation!

The queens of the democratic households of New England have ever towered above their uncrowned lords spiritually, abhorring that which was evil, cleaving to that which was good, abiding in hope, patient in tribulation. Now they too have taken to the ... and the woods, the mountains and the shore, released from certain petty restraints of customs and freed from ... rious awkward garments. The result is apparent. They are gaining physically and gaining rapidly. Their average height is rising according to the figures of the statisticians who ... with feminine stature, thus threatening the only ... which ... still maintains over woman in this region."

When our wives and sweethearts all get to be six-footers, if they ... happen to ask for the ballot it will be handed to them in a hurry by every legislature in New England.—Boston Globe.

INDIAN GALLANTRY.

Indians have not the reputation of gallantry toward their women, but what would this be called? It is related by a writer in the Indian School Journal who saw the incident. A Navajo woman rode to the trading post to make some purchases. Being very stout she had great difficulty in again remounting her burro, and tried several times in vain. A young Navajo man, seeing her predicament, came to her assistance. He knelt down beside her burro on all fours, the old lady climbed on his back and then on the burro, and rode off in great glee.—The Indians' Friend.

JERUSALEM'S SUMMER RESORT.

Jerusalem now has a summer resort at Mamalah, which is situated several hundred feet higher, and commands a view of the Mediterranean. A new hotel has been built there for Europeans by an Arab. Most of the work of construction was done by women, whose wages are 11 cents a day.

TELEPHONES IN SWEDEN.

Sweden's government has fostered the use of the telephone for a number of years, with the result that in some parts of that country the instrument is in more general use than anywhere else in the world. There is being introduced a form of telephone transmitter so sensitive that it is not necessary to talk directly into the mouthpiece. The new design has a very large bell, which is held anywhere in the vicinity, but not directly at the mouth.

THOUSANDS USE

WANOUS' Shampoo-Bag.

Its use is a new way—a better way to shampoo the hair—but it is a sufficiently old way to be the only way for thousands of men and women all over the United States.

Easy and pleasant to use. It cleanses thoroughly, does not lather (lather is caused by alkali, and is injurious and kills the hair follicles), leaves the hair beautifully soft and sweet, adds new vigor and lustre to the hair, gives it new beauty and stimulates its growth. Test its merit.

10c each; 3 for 25c.

For sale by

ROBINSON DRUG CO.

MISS WANOUS
Patentee and Manufacturer.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

"The Sign of Good Coal"

Look for the "Red Men" on the window of the office where you leave your coal orders.

It's a guarantee of "Satisfied Coal Buying."

The Colorado Springs Fuel Co.,

112 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Phones 230-213.

Miller & Wilson AUTOMOBILE CO.

DEALERS IN

AUTOMOBILES and Suppelis

[illegible] to [illegible] by the hour, [illegible] or [illegible] Storage, [illegible] charging station.

1?? North Cascade ave., Telephone 737.

Genuine De Dion Ignitors.
[illegible] Valve Grinding Compound.
Volt Meters.
[illegible]
French Primary Cable.
French Secondary Cable.
French High and Low Tension Cable.
Jewel Spark Plugs.
Soot-Proof Spark Plugs.
[illegible] Spark Plugs.
M. & M. Vulcanizing Cement.
Packard Cable.
Acetylene Gas Burners.
Presto-lite T[illegible]
Seat.
Automobile Tires, Any size, from 28x? to [illegible]
Carbide.
Generators.
Copper & [illegible] Gaskets.
Battery Connections.
Terminals.
Porcelains of All Makes.
Carburetors.
Storage and Dry Batteries.
Lamps.
Horns.

New York Doctors

Sp[illegible]

in chronic diseases of men, women, and children; thoroughly equipped of[illegible]

[illegible]

Opera House

Monday, Nov. 5

[illegible]

[illegible] his Big Production of Charles Barnard's Pastoral Play

THE COUNTY FAIR

[illegible] Carloads of Scenery. Horses and Mechanical Effects, Presenting [illegible] Greatest Horse Race Scene Ever Witnessed

4—THOROUGHBREDS 4

Running a Full Mile in Continuous View of the Audience.

Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

Seats on sale at the box office.

Opera House

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

The Will J. Block Amusement Co.'s Great, Big, Beautiful Production

COMING THRO' THE RYE

—Comedians, singers, Dancers—
FAMOUS BEAUTY CHORUS

Scenery and Costumes of the Utmost Grandeur.

Concededly the Distinguishing Musical Comedy Success of the Past Season in the United States.

Prices—50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00.
Seats on sale at the box office.

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO., 226 N. TEJON

"Pianos With a Reputation"

Renting a Specialty.

SPECIALIST.

Diseases of Lungs, Throat and Heart.
DR. W. A. SHEPARD.
Offices, 2 and 3 Barnes Bldg.
Hours 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
[illegible] 106 Cheyenne Road.

YOU DO NOT KNOW OF ALL THE GREAT BARGAINS

A LIST OF NOMINATIONS

To Office, as certified to the County Clerk of El Paso County, Colorado, by the Secretary of State and the different political parties, for the various State, Legislative, Judicial, County and Precinct offices; also proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Colorado, together with the name and address of each candidate to be voted for in the State of Colorado, and County of El Paso, at the General Election to be held on Tuesday, November 6, 1906.

TO VOTE A STRAIGHT PARTY TICKET, WRITE WITHIN THE BLANK SPACE IMMEDIATELY HEREUNDER THE NAME OF THE PARTY YOU WISH TO VOTE FOR.

I hereby vote a Straight ____________ Ticket,

except where I have marked opposite the name of some other candidate

If you have voted a Straight Ticket above, and place a cross mark (x) opposite any name below, such cross mark (x) will be counted for that candidate, and the vote cast for the candidate on the Straight Ticket for the same office will not be counted. However, where there are two or more candidates upon each ticket for offices bearing the same name, as in case of Regents of the University of Colorado, then in addition to the cross mark (x) made opposite the name of the person you wish to vote for on some other ticket, you must draw a line through the name of the candidate on your Party Ticket that you do not wish to vote for.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(Vote for Two.) — Mark in this Column.

CHARLES F. CASWELL.
Postoffice address, Grand Junction, Colo.
Place of residence, Grand Junction, Colo.
Place of business, Grand Junction, Colo.
Republican.

WILLIAM H. GABBERT.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Telluride, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

GEORGE K. HARTENSTEIN.
Postoffice address, Buena Vista, Colo.
Place of residence, Buena Vista, Colo.
Place of business, Buena Vista, Colo.
Democratic.

JOHN M. KING.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 827 Twenty-Second St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 827 Twenty-Second St., Denver, Colo.
Socialist.

WILLIAM P. SEEDS.
Postoffice address, National Hotel, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of residence, National Hotel, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of business, Court House, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Democratic.

FORREST WOODSIDE.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Socialist.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE LX. CONGRESS AT LARGE.

(Vote for One.)

JOSEPH W. ANDREW.
Postoffice address, Boulder, Colo.
Place of residence, Boulder, Colo.
Place of business, Boulder, Colo.
Prohibition.

SAMUEL W. BELFORD.
Postoffice address, 1801 Franklin St., Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 1801 Franklin St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 223 Coronado Building, Denver, Colo.
Democratic.

GEORGE W. COOK.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

GUY E. MILLER.
Postoffice address, Telluride, Colo.
Place of residence, Telluride, Colo.
Place of business, Telluride, Colo.
Socialist.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE LX. CONGRESS SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Vote for One.)

FLAVIUS E. ASHBURN.
Postoffice address, Olathe, Colo.
Place of residence, Olathe, Colo.
Place of business, Olathe, Colo.
Socialist.

WARREN A. HAGGOTT.
Postoffice address, Idaho Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, Idaho Springs, Colorado.
Place of business, Idaho Springs, Colorado.
Republican.

H. B. KING.
Postoffice address, Pueblo, Colo.
Place of residence, 1914 Elizabeth Street, Pueblo, Colo.
Place of business, Third and Court Streets, Pueblo, Colo.
Prohibition.

WILLIAM W. ROWAN.
Postoffice address, Ouray, Colo.
Place of residence, Ouray, Colo.
Place of business, Ouray, Colo.
Democratic. Lindsey.

FOR GOVERNOR.

(Vote for One.)

ALVA ADAMS.
Postoffice address, Pueblo, Colo.
Place of residence, 205 Broadway, Pueblo, Colo.
Place of business, Pueblo, Colo.
Democratic.

HENRY A. BUCHTEL.
Postoffice address, University Park, Colo.
Place of residence, 2100 South Columbine Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, University of Denver, University Park, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

F. C. CHAMBERLAIN.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 2016 North Cascade Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 12 Bank Blk., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Prohibition.

WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Evans St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 3 Pioneer Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Socialist.

BEN B. LINDSEY.
Postoffice address, County Court House, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 1343 Ogden Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, County Court House, Denver, Colo.
Independent. Lindsey.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

(Vote for One.)

ELIAS M. AMMONS.
Postoffice address, Littleton, Colo.
Place of residence, Douglas County, Colo.
Place of business, Douglas County, Colo.
Democratic.

W. F. BROOKS.
Postoffice address, Canon City, Colo.
Place of residence, Canon City, Colo.
Place of business, [illegible] Record Bk., Canon City, Colo.
Prohibition.

ANDREW H. FLOATEN.
Postoffice address, Fort Collins, Colo.
Place of residence, 506 South College Ave., Fort Collins, Colo.
Place of business, Fort Collins, Colo.
Socialist.

ERASTUS R. HARPER.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Gunnison, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

(Vote for One.) — Mark in this Column.

HENRY CLAY DARRAH.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 915 San Rafael St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Socialist.

HORACE W. HAVENS.
Postoffice address, 1357 Franklin Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Leadville, Colo.
Place of business, Leadville, Colo.
Democratic.

J. H. KETCHUM.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 926 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Prohibition.

TIMOTHY O'CONNOR.
Postoffice address, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Boulder, Colo.
Place of business, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

FOR STATE TREASURER.

(Vote for One.)

ALFRED E. BENT.
Postoffice address, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Lamar, Colo.
Place of business, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

EDWARD E. DRACH.
Postoffice address, Glenwood Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, Glenwood Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Glenwood Springs, Colo.
Democratic.

JOHN W. SAWYER.
Postoffice address, Grand Junction, Colo.
Place of residence, Grand Junction, Colo.
Place of business, Grand Junction, Colo.
Socialist.

C. S. WELLMAN.
Postoffice address, Stratton, Colo.
Place of residence, Stratton, Colo.
Place of business, Stratton, Colo.
Prohibition.

FOR AUDITOR OF STATE.

(Vote for One.)

JOHN W. MARTIN.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 4906 Julian St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Socialist.

W. H. M[illegible].
Postoffice address, Loveland, Colo.
Place of residence, Loveland, Colo.
Place of business, Loveland, Colo.
Prohibition.

ANDREW SANDBERG.
Postoffice address, Georgetown, Colo.
Place of residence, Georgetown, Colo.
Place of business, Court House, Georgetown, Colo.
Democratic.

GEORGE D. STATLER.
Postoffice address, Greeley, Colo.
Place of residence, Greeley, Colo.
Place of business, Greeley, Colo.
Republican.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

(Vote for One.)

WILLIAM H. DICKSON.
Postoffice address, 802 Continental Building, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 802 Continental Building, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

L. E. KENWORTHY.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 3830 Goss Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 622 Kittredge Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Prohibition.

WILLIAM B. MORGAN.
Postoffice address, First National Bank Building, Trinidad, Colo.
Place of residence, Trinidad, Colo.
Place of business, First National Bank Building, Trinidad, Colo.
Democratic.

ISAAC TARKOFF.
Postoffice address, Montrose, Colo.
Place of residence, Montrose, Colo.
Place of business, Montrose, Colo.
Socialist.

FOR STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

(Vote for One.)

KATHERINE L. CRAIG.
Postoffice address, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Golden, Colo.
Place of business, State Capitol, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

ANDREW J. LERCH.
Postoffice address, Wellington, Colo.
Place of residence, Wellington, Colo.
Place of business, Wellington, Colo.
Socialist.

HONORA B. MALONEY.
Postoffice address, 1536 Emerson Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 1536 Emerson Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 1536 Emerson Street, Denver, Colo.
Democratic.

JAMES R. WYLIE.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 545 South Pearl St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Prohibition.

FOR REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO.

(Vote for Two.)

JOSEPH C. BELL.
Postoffice address, Trinidad, Colo.
Place of residence, Trinidad, Colo.
Place of business, Trinidad, Colo.
Republican.

WILLIAM H. BRYANT.
Postoffice address, Ernest and Cranmer Block, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 1107 Pearl Street, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, Ernest and Cranmer Block, Denver, Colo.
Democratic.

CHARLES R. DUDLEY.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, Denver, Colo.
Republican.

FOR REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO.

(Vote for Two.) — Mark in this Column.

ANTOINETTE A. HAWLEY.
Postoffice address, 1047 Nineteenth Ave., Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 1047 Nineteenth Ave., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 1047 Nineteenth Ave., Denver, Colo.
Prohibition.

CARL F. H. GRAEB.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 2109 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 2109 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.
Socialist.

BENJAMIN KOBEY.
Postoffice address, Aspen, Colo.
Place of residence, Aspen, Colo.
Place of business, Aspen, Colo.
Democratic.

JOHN H. MORROW.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 210 Sixteenth St., Denver, Colo.
Socialist.

DR. MAUDE M. SANDERS.
Postoffice address, Denver, Colo.
Place of residence, 851 Clarkson St., Denver, Colo.
Place of business, 851 Clarkson St., Denver, Colo.
Prohibition.

FOR STATE SENATOR— TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

(Vote for One.)

HARRY DOUTHWAITE.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 419 S. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 7 Colorado Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Lindsey.

GEORGE D. KENNEDY.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 1504 Lincoln Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 1504 Lincoln Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

JOHN B. STEPHEN.
Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo.
Place of residence, 409 Jefferson St., Colorado City, Colo.
Place of business, 409 Jefferson St., Colorado City, Colo.
Republican.

FOR STATE SENATOR— THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

(Vote for One.)

ROSCOE P. ADY.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 1515 N. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 1515 N. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Lindsey.

BENJAMIN W. COLEMAN.
Postoffice address, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of residence, 222 W. El Paso St., Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of business, Neil Block, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

GEORGE FRY.
Postoffice address, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of residence, National Hotel, Cripple Creek, Colo.
Place of business, 416 E. Bennett Ave., Cripple Creek, Colo.
Republican.

WILLIAM H. JORDON.
Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo.
Place of residence, 121 Jefferson St., Colorado City, Colo.
Place of business, 518½ Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo.
Socialist.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO THE XVI. GENERAL ASSEMBLY— FOR THE COUNTIES OF EL PASO AND TELLER.

(Vote for Six.)

ISRAEL P. BUCK.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 824 E. Cucharas Street, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Camp Harding, Colo.
[illegible]

O. E. COLLINS.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 1125 N. Institute St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 301 Mining Exchange Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Republican.

GEORGE F. CROWE.
Postoffice address, Divide, Colo.
Place of residence, Divide, Colo.
Place of business, Divide, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

ANDREW CHRISTIAN.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 639 E. St. Vrain St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 639 E. St. Vrain St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Socialist.

JOSEPH COLLETT.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 220 E. Costilla St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Socialist.

C. W. DOLPH.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 601 E. Boulder St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 305 Colorado Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Republican.

W. O. DRAY.
Postoffice address, Victor, Colo.
Place of residence, Lee Avenue and Seventh St., Victor, Colo.
Place of business, City Hall, Victor, Colo.
Republican.

H. F. GOURLEY.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 2022 Armstrong Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 215 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Socialist.

THOMAS M. HAMILL.
Postoffice address, Victor, Colo.
Place of residence, 514 Victor Ave., Victor, Colo.
Place of business, City Hall, Victor, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

OSCAR H. HILL.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 941 E. Costilla St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 19 So. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Lindsey.

MARION A. LATIMER.
Postoffice address, Victor, Colo.
Place of residence, 205 6th St., Victor, Colo.
Place of business, Bowen Building, Victor, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

CHARLES B. LAUTERMAN.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 1703 S. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 121 N. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

JOHN C. LEONARD.
Postoffice address, Manitou, Colo.
Place of residence, 122 Canon Ave., Manitou, Colo.
Place of business, 122 Canon Ave., Manitou, Colo.
Lindsey.

HOWARD MASTERSON.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 5 Cheyenne Boulevard, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 5 Cheyenne Boulevard, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Lindsey.

EDWARD H. MILLS.
Postoffice address, Roswell, Colo.
Place of residence, 410 Main St., Roswell, Colo.
Place of business, 410 Main St., Roswell, Colo.
Lindsey.

JOHN McLENNON.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 215 N. Cascade Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, 406 Colorado Building, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Lindsey.

LINUS E. SHERMAN.
Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of residence, 315 N. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Place of business, Postoffice Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Democratic. Independent.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO THE XVI GENERAL ASSEMBLY—FOR THE COUNTIES OF EL PASO AND TELLER.

(Vote for Six.)

		Mark in this Column.
GEO. W. SIMON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	
L. V. TOURNEY. Postoffice address, [illegible] Place of residence, [illegible] St., Victor, Colo. Place of business, [illegible] St., Victor, Colo.	Lindsey.	
E. M. TURNER. Postoffice address, Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] Ave., Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of business, City Hall, Cripple Creek, Colo.	Republican.	
R. J. VERNER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, [illegible] Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
J. C. WILLIAMS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	
J. J. WINTERS. Postoffice address, Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of residence, 236 W. Eaton Ave., Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of business, 115 N. Third St., Cripple Creek, Colo.	Republican.	
DANIEL M. WRIGHT. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 1114 Lincoln Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 1114 Lincoln Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent.	

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE—FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(Vote for Three.)

HENRY C. CASSIDY. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 11 W. Bijou St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 5[illegible] Postoffice Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Lindsey.	
DANIEL A. FERGUSON. Postoffice address, Victor, Colo. Place of residence, Postoffice Bldg., Victor, Colo. Place of business, Postoffice Building, Victor, Colo.	Lindsey.	
JOSEPH E. FERGUSON. Postoffice address, Victor, Colo. Place of residence, 422 S. Fifth St., Victor, Colo. Place of business, Bank Building, Victor, Colo.	Democratic. Independent.	
MURAT MASTERSON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 31 Bank Block, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 21 Perry Block, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Lindsey.	
W. S. MORRIS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 218 N. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Mining Exchange Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
GEORGE W. MUSSER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 230 Washington Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Building, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent.	
JAMES OWEN. Postoffice address, Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of residence, 300 E. Eaton Ave., Cripple Creek, Colo. Place of business, Mining Exchange Bldg., Cripple Creek, Colo.	Republican.	
WILLIAM C. ROBINSON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 816 E. St. Vrain St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Giddings Building, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent.	
J. W. SHEAFOR. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 1128 N. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE, FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT (TO FILL VACANCY).

(Vote for One.)

J. W. SHEAFOR. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 1128 N. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER.

(Vote for One.)

MORTON JONES. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 706 E. Platte Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
JOSEPH H. SCHISLER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 23 W. Second St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 16 S. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
WALKER C. SMITH. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 608 N. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 10 E. Kiowa St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	

FOR COUNTY SHERIFF.

(Vote for One.)

ANDY ADAMS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, corner of Vermijo and Cascade Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, corner of Vermijo and Cascade Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
JOS. T. ATKINS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence. Place of business.	Socialist.	
OLIVER P. GRIMES. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 615 S. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

(Vote for One.)

WM. R. ENNIS. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] Jefferson St., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 426½ Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Socialist.	
WHITFIELD H. HOAGLAND. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 812 N. Corona St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, City Hall, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
E. B. SIMMONS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 22[illegible] E. Pike's Peak St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, [illegible] N. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR.

(Vote for One.)

		Mark in this Column.
HENRY S. HAWKS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 420 N. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Giddings Building, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
F. F. SCHREIBER. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 24 Monroe St., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
WM. SCHLESSINGER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] S. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, [illegible] S. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	

FOR COUNTY ASSESSOR—(TO FILL VACANCY).

(Vote for One.)

HENRY S. HAWKS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 420 N. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Giddings Building, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Independent.	
F. F. SCHREIBER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 24 Monroe St., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Rep. Scan.	

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

(Vote for One.)

DR. S. A. GARTH. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 17 S. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 307 S. Tejon St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	
EDWARD P. HUFFERD. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 823 E. Cache la Poudre St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Mining Exchange Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
MRS. FLORENCE M. STOTE. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 211 E. Espanola St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 211 E. Espanola St., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

(Vote for One.)

CHRISTEN HANSEN. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence. Place of business.	Socialist.	
W. P. WOODSIDE. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 209 S. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR COUNTY CORONER.

(Vote for One.)

F. D. HAHNENKRATT. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 404 S. Tenth St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Socialist.	
DAVID F. LAW. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 115 S. Wahsatch Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 218 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
MARK H. SMITH. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 16 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 10 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—FIRST COMMISSIONER'S DISTRICT.

(Vote for One.)

B. A. BANTA. Postoffice address, Bijou Basin, Colo. Place of residence, Bijou Basin, Colo. Place of business, Bijou Basin, Colo.	Republican.	
JACOB FAUST. Postoffice address, Falcon, Colo. Place of residence, Falcon, Colo. Place of business, Falcon, Colo.	Socialist.	
A. J. LAWTON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 516 N. Nevada Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, 17 E. Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—COLORADO SPRINGS JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

O. R. DUNNINGTON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 126 S. Sixteenth St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
H. D. GORTNER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 1007 Washington Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	
W. N. RUBY. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 1028 N. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
A. P. TOOMBS. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 408 E. San Miguel, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, City Hall, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—COLORADO SPRINGS JUSTICE PRECINCT, (TO FILL VACANCY).

(Vote for One.)

O. R. DUNNINGTON. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 126 S. Sixteenth St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—COLORADO SPRINGS JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

CHARLES A. FIEDLER. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 103 Lincoln Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	

FOR CONSTABLE—COLORADO SPRINGS JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

		Mark in this Column.
HARVEY GILLINGHAM. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 25 E. Las Vegas, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, County Court House, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
WILLIAM P. LARRABEE. Postoffice address, Roswild, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 23 W. St. Elmo St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Republican.	
CHARLES F. LIBBY. Postoffice address, Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of residence, 227 N. Prospect St., Colorado Springs, Colo. Place of business, Colorado Springs, Colo.	Democratic. Independent. Lindsey.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—COLORADO CITY JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

JOHN W. DEMPSEY. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 311 Lincoln Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, Colorado City, Colo.	Democratic.	
J. D. FAULKNER. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 837 Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, City Hall, Colorado City, Colo.	Republican.	
B. F. IRVIN. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 222 Jefferson Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 623 Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Republican.	
JOHN McCOACH. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 811 Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 414½ Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Democratic.	

FOR CONSTABLE—COLORADO CITY JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

EMILE FRITSH. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, [illegible] Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 634 Colorado Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Democratic.	
O. E. KIMSEY. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 206 Jackson Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, Colorado City, Colo.	Democratic.	
J. H. MORSE. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 121 Monroe Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 121 Monroe Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Republican.	
H. E. WEBB. Postoffice address, Colorado City, Colo. Place of residence, 824 Monroe Ave., Colorado City, Colo. Place of business, 824 Monroe Ave., Colorado City, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—MANITOU JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

H. S. FRANCISCO. Postoffice address, Manitou, Colo. Place of residence, Manitou, Colo. Place of business, Manitou, Colo.	Republican.	
W. D. SAWIN. Postoffice address, Manitou, Colo. Place of residence, Manitou, Colo. Place of business, Manitou, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—MANITOU JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

A. CREE. Postoffice address, Manitou, Colo. Place of residence, Manitou, Colo. Place of business, Manitou, Colo.	Republican.	
H. R. ENGELD. Postoffice address, Manitou, Colo. Place of residence, Manitou, Colo. Place of business, Manitou, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—LYTLE JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

W. C. DOCKUM. Postoffice address, Lytle, Colo. Place of residence, Lytle, Colo. Place of business, Lytle, Colo.	Republican.	
WILLIAM WORLEY. Postoffice address, Lytle, Colo. Place of residence, Lytle, Colo. Place of business, Lytle, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—LYTLE JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

SAMUEL KENYON. Postoffice address, Lytle, Colo. Place of residence, Lytle, Colo. Place of business, Lytle, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—FALCON AND SURBER JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

K. E. McMILLIN. Postoffice address, Amo, Colo. Place of residence, Amo, Colo. Place of business, Amo, Colo.	Republican.	
M. E. STOVER. Postoffice address, Surber, Colo. Place of residence, Surber, Colo. Place of business, Surber, Colo.	Republican.	
ALFRED E. SMITH. Postoffice address, Falcon, Colo. Place of residence, Falcon, Colo. Place of business, Falcon, Colo.	Socialist.	

FOR CONSTABLE—FALCON AND SURBER JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

W. L. ALLEN. Postoffice address, Surber, Colo. Place of residence, Surber, Colo. Place of business, Surber, Colo.	Republican.	
FRANK EDWARDS. Postoffice address, Falcon, Colo. Place of residence, Falcon, Colo. Place of business, Falcon, Colo.	Socialist.	
FRANK MILLER. Postoffice address, Falcon, Colo. Place of residence, Falcon, Colo. Place of business, Falcon, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—PALMER LAKE JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

D. H. MACKEY. Postoffice address, Palmer Lake, Colo. Place of residence, Palmer Lake, Colo. Place of business, Palmer Lake, Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—PALMER LAKE JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two.)

HERMAN KRUGER. Postoffice address, Palmer Lake, Colo. Place of residence, Palmer Lake, Colo. Place of business, Palmer Lake, Colo.	Republican.	

(Continued on Next Page.)

THE "INDEPENDENT" TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR—Ben B. Lindsey.

FOR DISTRICT JUDGES—William H. Robinson, George W. Musser, J. E. Ferguson.

FOR SENATORS—[illegible] Coleman, George D. Kennedy.

FOR LEGISLATORS—L. C. Sherman, C. B. Lonteerman, Parley M. Wright of Colorado Springs, [illegible] George F. Crowe of Denver, [illegible] Chas. Hammil.

FOR TREASURER—Whitfield E. Hoagland.

FOR SHERIFF—Andy Adams.

FOR ASSESSOR—Henry Hawks.

FOR COUNTY CLERK—Morton Jones.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS—E. P. Hatfield.

FOR COMMISSIONER—A. J. Lawton.

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—A. P. Toombs, H. D. Gortner.

FOR CORONER—M. H. Smith.

FOR CONSTABLES—Charles Fiedler, Charles Libby.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
15—From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood ..... 4:00 am
6—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 8:20 am
17—From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo. 10:15 am
5—From St. Louis & Pac. Coast.. 2:05 pm
10—From Pueblo and Canon City.. 3:25 pm
11—From Trinidad and Pueblo .... 6:15 pm
4—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.
15—For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida and Leadville ..... 12:15 am
5—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast ... 11:05 a
1—For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast ..... 12:30 pm
3—For Canon City and Pueblo.... 4:10 pm
7—For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango 2:30 pm
11—For Kansas City and St. Louis. [illegible] pm
3—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast ... [illegible]

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

No.	Lv. Colo. Sp'gs	No.	Lv. Manitou
43	7:20 a	44	[illegible]
45	[illegible] am	46	11:40 am
47	4:20 pm	48	[illegible]

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

(The Midland Route.)
In Effect July 1.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Leadville, Glenwood, Salt Lake and Pac. Coast	11:30 pm	5:20 am
Colorado, Utah and Pacific Coast Limited	11:55 am	6:55 pm
Ute Pass Resorts and Cripple Creek trains: Cascade, Green Mt. Falls, Woodland Park, Divide and Cripple Creek	7:10 pm	10:12 am

Ute Pass and Cripple Creek trains depart and arrive Rio Grande depot. Other trains Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.

C. S. BROWNE, General Agent.
8 N. Tejon St.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.

No. LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. [illegible] Rocky Mountain [illegible] For Chicago and Chicago ..... 10:40 am
No. [illegible] Western Express, for Kansas City ..... 2:30 pm
No. [illegible] Southwestern Express for Kansas City, St. Louis and Southwest ..... 7:00 pm
No. 6—Western Express, for Omaha and Chicago ..... 8:05 pm
No. 5—For Pueblo ..... [illegible] am
No. 9—For Pueblo ..... 3:17 pm
No. 41—For Pueblo ..... 9:05 pm

ARRIVE AT COLORADO SPRINGS.
No. 8 Colorado Express, Denver, Omaha, Chicago and [illegible] ..... 7:20 pm
No. 27—Western Express from St. Louis, Kansas City and Southwest ..... 8:15 am
No. [illegible] Colorado Express, Kansas City ..... 11:35 am
No. 9—For Pueblo ..... 11:25 [illegible]
No. 42—Rocky Mountain [illegible] Chicago and Omaha ..... 8:40 pm
No. 40 From Pueblo ..... 10:30 am
No. 10 From Pueblo ..... 2:30 pm
No. 8 From Pueblo ..... 6:35 pm

All trains in dining cars. Through sleeping car service on all trains.

W. W. GOOD, City Pass. Agent, 2 Pike's Peak Ave.

SANTA FE.

October 16, [illegible]
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No. NORTH FOR DENVER.
5—For Chicago and California. 6:35 am
19—From Colorado Midland ..... 5:40 am
607—Denver Express ..... 11:45 am
1—Colorado Fast Flyer ..... 1:30 pm
601—From Pueblo and East ..... 3:05 pm
3—Denver Express ..... 6:15 pm
11—From Colorado Midland ..... 7:05 pm

EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.
For Chicago and Kansas City.. 6:40 am
4—Kansas City Flyer ..... 10:30 am
12—To Colorado Midland Ry ..... 11:45 am
3—For Pueblo ..... 2:25 pm
11 California Lim. and Chicago.. 6:35 pm
6—For Chicago, K. C., El Paso.. 10:30 pm
16—To Colorado Midland Ry ..... 11:20 pm

C. C. HOYT, City Pass. Agt.
18 N. Tejon St.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

119 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.
Phone Main 164.
Effective Sunday, October 14.

NORTHBOUND.
No. 5 for Denver ..... 6:55 am
No. 13 for Denver ..... 5:40 am
No. 607 for Denver ..... 11:45 am
No. 1 for Denver ..... 1:20 am
No. 601 for Denver ..... 3:05 pm
No. 3 for Denver ..... 6:15 pm
No. 11 for Denver ..... 7:05 pm

SOUTHBOUND.
No. 608 for Pueblo ..... 8:40 am
No. 4 for Pueblo ..... 10:20 am
No. 2 for Pueblo and south ..... 2:25 pm
No. 602 for Pueblo ..... 6:35 pm
No. 6 for Pueblo ..... 10:20 pm

G. H. LOGAN, Commercial Agent.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive. [illegible] St. Louis, Salina, K. C., St. Joe, [illegible] Hot Springs, Ark., Daily ..... 7:05 pm
[illegible] East Pueblo, St. Louis, Kansas City, [illegible] Lincoln, City [illegible] pm

THE CRIPPLE CREEK ROAD.

Midland Terminal Ry.
Via Colo. Midland Out of Colo. Springs.

No. WEST BOUND.
11—Leave Colorado Springs ..... 7:10 pm
Arrive Cripple Creek ..... 10:10 pm

EAST BOUND.
8—Leave Cripple Creek ..... 7:20 am
Arrive Colorado Springs ..... 10:20 am

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.

(The Short Line.)

No. WEST BOUND.
1—Daily, leaves Colo. Springs ... 10:20 am
Arrives Cripple Creek ..... 1:20 pm

EAST BOUND.
6—Daily, leaves Cripple Creek .... 2:00 pm
Arrives Colo. Spgs. ..... 6:00 pm

Through trains of day coaches and observation cars between Denver, Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs.

Short Line trains arrive and depart from Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs. City Ticket Office, 119 Pike's Peak avenue.

MANITOU AND PIKE'S PEAK RY.

In Effect June 10, 1906.
Time Table No. 6.

Down Trains 13 Daily	11 Daily		Up Trains 12 Daily	14 Daily
[illegible]	[illegible]	Manitou	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Cliff View	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Minnehaha	[illegible]	[illegible]

(Continued From Preceding Page.)

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—
PEYTON JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two)

		Mark in this Column
F. L. JONES. Postoffice address, Peyton Colo. Place of residence Peyton Colo. Place of business Peyton Colo.	Republican.	
G. W. THORPE. Postoffice address Peyton Col. Place of residence Peyton Colo. Place of business Peyton Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—
PEYTON JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two)

J. W. MORTLAND. Postoffice address Peyton Col. Place of residence Peyton Col. Place of business Peyton Colo.	Republican.	
ALVAH SAYLES. Postoffice address Peyton Col. Place of residence Peyton Col. Place of business Peyton Colo.	Republican.	

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—
UNION HILL JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two)

GEORGE S. CHASE. Postoffice address Albano Colo. Place of residence Albano Colo. Place of business Albano Colo.	Republican.	

FOR CONSTABLE—
UNION HILL JUSTICE PRECINCT.

(Vote for Two)

J. N. McCLAIN. Postoffice address, Albano, Colo. Place of residence, Albano, Colo. Place of business Albano, Colo.	Republican.	

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Colorado to be Voted on.

FOR THE AMENDMENT TO SECTION 8, OF ARTICLE VII, PERMITTING VOTING MACHINES.

AGAINST THE AMENDMENT TO SECTION 8, OF ARTICLE VII, PERMITTING VOTING MACHINES.

State of Colorado, County of El Paso, ss.

I, W. H. Reed, County Clerk of El Paso County, Colorado, do hereby certify the above to be a full, true and correct list of nominations and proposed amendments to the constitution, as certified to me by the Secretary of State of the State of Colorado, and the several political conventions and committees, to be voted upon at the General Election to be held November 6th, A. D. 1906.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 29th day of October, A. D. 1906.

(Seal) W. H. REED, County Clerk.

Rails Above the Clouds

From the Scientific American.

One of the most remarkable railroads that constitute such a feature of railroad communication and construction in the Swiss Alps is that connecting Lauterbrunnen with Murren. The former township, which is in the valley, is the terminus of the Bernese Oberland railroad connecting Lauterbrunnen with Interlaken and forming part of the Bern-Murren trunk line.

Murren, however, is a small Swiss village situated in the Bernese Oberland, 5,905 feet above sea level, on the opposite side of the valley, which is crowned by the Jungfrau. The mountain side is particularly steep and the railroad stretches from Lauterbrunnen to the Grutsch Alp, 4,000 feet above sea level. Its terminus constitutes one of the most remarkable engineering feats in Swiss railroad engineering.

Track Resembles Ladder.

The track has a striking resemblance to a ladder, so sharp is the angle of the gradient. The mountain face is very rugged, abounding with small, sharp ravines, through which the mountain torrents rush toward the lowerlying country and the river which extends through the valley. The consequence is that in order to negotiate these undulations in the ground it was necessary to erect viaducts so as to insure a uniform gradient.

These viaducts, of which there are several, are constructed of rough masonary on the small-arch principle with thick, stout piers carried to a substantial depth to obtain sufficient rigidity to withstand the pressure of the torrent waters in the rainy season.

At other places the track extends through cuttings and the ballast removed from those sections was employed for strengthening the embankment at points not too well served in this respect.

Length of Railroad.

Upon the inclined plane thus constructed the railroad is laid. The rails are carried upon traversely laid sleepers. There is only one track but as the railroad is operated upon the simple though highly efficacious principle of raising a pendant weight by the connection of a heavier one upon the other end of the attachment there is a half-way station where the descending and descending cars pass and at this point the track resolves itself into two lines.

The total length of the railroad from Lauterbrunnen to the Grutsch Alp is 4,30[illegible] feet and the average gradient is [illegible] with a maximum of [illegible] per cent. Down the center of the track is laid a rack rail in which runs a cog wheel carried by the car which assists the car in climbing the steep gradient. This is a highly efficacious device over the first [illegible] of the railway.

The [illegible] assending car [illegible] power [illegible] the less [illegible] or [illegible] the car.

Progress of Cars Regulated.

The cars are self-contained and start from the opposite ends of the road simultaneously. Telegraphic communication being maintained between the two terminals for purposes of signaling. Each car carries a water ballast tank, but only the descending car carries the water ballast charge in order to impart the necessary momentum to overcome the inertia of the car stationary at the lower station.

As the car descends water is gradually emptied from the tank. The displacement of the water coincides with the weight of the cable, which lengthens as the ascending car approaches the top. The skillful manipulation of this water ballast constitutes one of the most important factors in the safe operation of the railroad.

Each car must travel at the same speed and progress must be steadily maintained, so as to obviate any sudden jerks which would throw severe strains upon the cable.

Upon each car is attached a time indicator and the rate of progress is regulated by the authorities. In order to guard against any inadvertent acceleration in the velocity a powerful automatic brake is supplied to each car.

Guards Against Disasters.

Should the speed exceed that which is prescribed the brakes come into operation and thus check the engine's progress. As a further precaution against careless or reckless driving the engineer is subjected to a scale of fines, which are rigorously enforced by the authorities, information concerning this point being supplied by the time indicator.

To guard against any disaster resulting in the remote possibility of the cable rupturing and to prevent the car running away and getting beyond control each vehicle is equipped with two powerful brakes in addition to the automatic brake and these in conjunction with the cog wheel beneath the car are sufficient to hold it stationary upon any part of the gradient.

Accident is thereby adequately provided against and it is this careful braking system which is responsible for that element of safety so characteristic of these mountain railroads in Switzerland. The cars pass each other at the half-way point by means of a turnout provided for the purpose and at this point a momentary stop is made.

A Gift of Practical Value

is one of our hand-made trunks always made right here in our shop by expert workmen who know how to make good goods. For Xmas your friends would be pleased with a proper trunk, the first essential quality of our perfect

W. H. WISE,

16 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Phone 574.

In the Land of Big Game

Uplands of British East Africa a Sportsman's Paradise—Great Toil and Hardship Involved in Trip Through Wild Country—Stalking Rhinoceros, Elephant and Buffalo Is Often Dangerous

From Macmillan's Magazine.

The hunting of big game is a pursuit which holds a deep fascination for those who have a taste for it. For the sake of his favorite sport the hunter is ready to turn his back on friends and on the comforts and pleasures of civilized life and to go out into the wilderness to make his home in a small tent to live on hard, scanty fare, to face loneliness, to undergo severe physical toil, to endure all extremes of weather and to encounter cheerfully hardships, sickness and the many dangers that the life involves.

A hunting tour after big game is not only pleasant from the contrast it presents to life in the busy world, it is full of fascination in itself, and an expedition made in the uplands of British East Africa, where there are great tracts of empty country teeming with game, is an experience that is full of delight and that leaves a rich store of pleasant memories behind.

On the march you come on patches of swamp where you flounder knee deep along paths of slimy, washy, evil-smelling mud, winding between high walls of tangled reeds that grow out of black, festering water, foul, noisome, unwholesome marches, yet interesting in a way as a type of nature in one of her primitive gaibs.

Fording Rapid Streams.

You cross lonely rivers, fording them breast deep at the head of your men, feeling your way with a pole, half carried off your feet by the swirling current, stumbling awkwardly over loose stones, sinking into spongy mud and wondering doubtfully if there are any crocodiles near. Or if the water be too deep to ford you use a native-made bridge, constructed by partially felling two trees on opposite banks so that their branches interlace across the water.

Sometimes you pass a stretch of open, parklike country with gently rolling, grassy slopes, dotted with shady groves in whose boughs hosts of wild pigeons flutter and coo, and watered by quiet streams flowing between banks where the long, sweeping branches of graceful trees rise out of clustering masses of light green jungle foliage, and sometimes as you come over a rise you light suddenly on the gleaming waters of some reed-fringed lake, hidden away amid lonely hills.

From the green swamps you hear the hoarse grunts of the hippopotamus, crocodiles are lying like dead logs, basking in the sun by the edge of the shore; the water is dotted with wild fowl; on the sandbanks there is a brilliant sheet of dazzling white and pink from the plumage of packed armies of flamingoes, and over the scene there broods a mysterious air of primitive solitude and aloofness.

Through the Virgin Forest.

Then you skirt dense forests where the ground is covered with a tossing welter of luxuriant undergrowth, the tendrils and creepers twining and intertwining between bushes and plants, swarming thickly up the trunks of the trees, falling again in cascades of swaying streamers and lacing one tree to the next till there is an impenetrable mass of matted boughs and foliage, while above the spreading branches of the mighty forest trees weave a canopy so thick that even at noonday there is dim twilight in the leafy caverns beneath.

The quantity and variety of the game to be seen are really astonishing. Beasts large and small, harmless and dangerous, all living amid their natural surroundings, as they have lived for centuries, in unfettered freedom—to any one with a love of natural history they are an unfailing source of interest and pleasure. You see a broad plain thickly dotted with antelope and gazelle, some are heavy and ungainly in form; others there are with light, delicate limbs and daintily poised necks supporting prettily curved horns, and all with the bright sunlight picking out the tints of their coats against the dull hues of the grass, give life and movement to the loneliness and monotony of the country.

Sometimes the beasts are found singly or in small groups, more often there is a large herd with a wily old buck stalking arrogantly among them seemingly cunning enough to know that he possesses the most valuable horns and taking the lead in swift retreat at the first warning of a danger. Magnificent is the sight when a herd of graceful animals, like the impela, scents danger, a quick startled jerk of the head, a few terrific bounds and then the whole herd rushes helterskelter over the plain a flying jumbled mass of lithe leaping bodies the embodiment of easy grace and activity.

It is an endless source of interest to watch for and pick out the different varieties to recognize each type by its characteristic features of horns and skin to mark small differences, to watch the beasts in their natural state and to observe their movements, habits and instincts till you learn to know them all as old friends from the bull-like eland with heavy spiral twisted horns and big wildebeest with shaggy head and twitching tail to the graceful gazelle with daintily marked coat of fawn and white and the pretty little dik-dik hardly larger than a young goat.

Variety Is Endless.

Then there are the large herds of zebra, their beautiful striped skins glistening in the sunlight, the troops of tall ostriches stalking proudly about with long pearling necks and fluffy coats of black and white feathers, the snarling, laughing packs of wolfish bushdogs, the sinking, cowardly mangy hyenas, the little fox-eared jackal and the scuttling wild pigs and the [illegible].

In the semi twilight of the jungle you get a glimpse of the beautiful kudu and as he bounds into the depths of the bush before you can fire and as you cross a dry watercourse you may stir up a troop of lions from their noonday slumber or in the early morning while the land is still wrapped in darkness you may hear their coughing grunts and deep roars breaking the mysterious stillness of the plain.

As you march through scrub you may sight a rhinoceros standing sleepily under a clump of acacias with the rhinoceros birds keeping watch on his neck, an animal so strangely blind that you can crawl to perceive it within a few yards of him, so long as you are sure that it he gets your wind he may come crashing furiously out of the bush and scatter your caravan almost before you have realized his presence.

Elephants in Single File.

In the big green reed covered swamps there is the huge African buffalo wallowing in the mud, coming out morning and evening to feed in the open, he is when wounded perhaps the most vicious and dangerous of all African game. And if fortune is kind you may sight a big herd of elephants on the march, forming a superb spectacle with their high, massive heads, huge towering bodies, long white tusks and gigantic flapping ears. They jog along over the plain in long single file and superbly indifferent to everything around, trampling straight ahead through or over all obstacles, swaying their great trunks.

The greatest excitement, of course, comes in an encounter with dangerous game. There is the thrilling consciousness of danger when you follow a lion through long grass, catching only a bare glimpse of him as he bounds along, hearing now and then a sullen growl of anger but never knowing exactly where he is, whether still retreating or lying in wait for a sudden spring when you come within reach. His tawny skin blends perfectly with the color of the dry grass and the first clear sight you get of him may be at a few yards distance, as he stands crouching for attack, his powerful body quivering with rage, his head set low over his chest. He looks the embodiment of threatening ferocity with his fierce open mouth, cruel teeth and savage eyes as he snarls and growls with maddened fury, twisting his tail ominously or raising it stiffly above his back, as he does when about to charge.

A beast fully as dangerous and often harder to kill is the buffalo. You come perhaps on his spoor in the midst of thick bush, and if the ground is at all soft his heavy weight and deeply marked feet leave a trail that is easily seen. You follow it eagerly as it winds up and down, knowing from the fresh impress that the beast can not be far off, your fingers itching on the trigger, your eyes striving to pierce the density of the branches around and then, perhaps as you are growing weary and losing hope, your men suddenly scatter on every side, leaping like monkeys up the prickly bushes and the buffalo crashes furiously out of the undergrowth where you least expect to see him.

Thrilling, too, is the stalking of rhinoceros and elephant. Rhinoceroses are usually found on the plains or in the more open bush but elephants must often be followed in the depth of the forest where the tangled foliage produces the dim gloom of cavern, adding a strange ghostly feeling to the sense of the risk that must be faced. Both rhinoceros and elephants are furnished with very thick hides and wonderful tenacity of life, they are very difficult to kill with a frontal shot so that it is wise if possible, to get the first shot into the brain or heart by creeping close up to them before attempting to shoot.

Sight Poor, but Scent Keen.

The danger involved is somewhat lessened by the fact that they can not see clearly over fifteen or twenty yards, but on the other hand a slight shift of the wind may bring them charging down on you. You crawl onward with very stealth watching the wind anxiously, wondering as you gain the cover of a tuft of grass if you can ever hope to cross the next open patch unperceived, lying motionless, hardly daring to breathe if the animal seems to grow suspicious, feeling as you look at his huge bulk that you are ridiculously puny and feeble, and that your powerful express rifle is little more than a popgun and lingering for the moment on the crack of the rifle to break the silence and dissolve the uneasy tension that the long stalk and wait can hardly fail to produce.

The most critical and thrilling experience is the following up of a savage wounded beast driven desperate by pursuit and maddened by its hurt. Then risks must be taken and there is need of unceasing vigilance and wariness and perhaps the moment may come when you have to face the nerve-shaking charge of the furious animal, when there is no time for thought or calculation and your life depends on your capacity for instant decision and quick and accurate shooting. A successful day in the jungle in game is not a day that you forget.

MORE LIGHT ON THE CONDITIONS IN CUBA

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

For several years the conditions in Cuba have been the subject of a studied misrepresentation designed to deceive the American people on the situation existing there by communicating the impression that the Cubans who conducted the insurrection against the misgovernment of Spain did so as high-minded patriots out of a pure love of liberty and that the majority of the insular population constitute an intelligent community well qualified for and therefore fully entitled to the administration of its own affairs.

The [illegible] against this flagrant perversion of the facts which insisted that [illegible] the attitude of the United States was [illegible] in the adoption of the Platt amendment which [illegible] necessary to [illegible] to justify the misrepresentation [illegible] had been [illegible] until a few weeks ago [illegible] of the American people were probably still believing the fiction which had been fastened upon them in the guise of truth.

Except to the discredit of his intelligence no one can continue to believe it now.

The [illegible] who [illegible] deliberately [illegible] misrepresentation at the expense of fact has been effectually dispelled. At the first touch of opposition the so-called Republic of Cuba, founded as it was on the sand of personal ambitions and embodying as it did nothing worthier than greeds and appetites and rival jealousies, fell to pieces like a house of cards, and such a state of things has been disclosed as emphasizes the indiscretion of which the United States was guilty when it surrendered the island which had passed into its possession as one of the legitimate fruits of a well-won victory and resigned it into the hands of the swarm of political and military adventurers who were awaiting with an ill restrained eagerness their long-looked-for opportunity.

Since what has happened the pretense which was so long maintained, the pretense that Cubans constituted a respect-deserving nationality, has been abandoned as no longer practicable, and even the papers which have sought to perpetuate the fraud are opening their columns to the facts.

It is an edifying if not an agreeable exhibition. What we see, now that the veil has been lifted, is a horde of ignominious desperadoes practicing insurrection as a profitable trade, and a smaller crowd of politicians and swashbucklers, who are patriots for revenue only and who are impatiently awaiting the signal to step forward and help themselves to anything in sight. There are no parties, there are only factions, there are no politics, there are only appetites, there are no Republicans, there are only grafters, and one of the first things that Governor Magoon has felt constrained to do has been to arrange for an official housecleaning which shall extend from the cellar to the garret.

MIXED METAPHORS.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The other day Mr. Bryce perpetrated a quite remarkable verbal blunder when he described the Irish local government board as a "malignant fairy which steps in off its own bat." Mr. McHugh once accused the government of being "ironbound with red tape." Another Irishman was pointing out that the Irish Land league was losing public support and had therefore to economise. "But, sir," he proceeded, "the well is running dry, and they think that by putting in the pruning knife they can bring more grist to the mill." It was an Irish Unionist member who characterized a concession to the Nationalists as "the first ditch in the dismemberment of the empire," and another excused himself for "repeating" a question in the house by explaining that he had never asked it before. Mr. W. Field M. P., said: "The right honorable gentleman shakes his head—and I'm sorry to hear it."

Mr Asquith was betrayed into saying on one occasion that "redistribution is a thorny subject, which requires delicate handling, or it will tread on some people's toes." and Mr Balfour once spoke of "an empty theater of unsympathetic auditors." Mr Gladstone, in a speech in the house replied to an opponent who shook his head at some statement attributed to him "No, no; it will not do for the honorable member to shake his head in the teeth of his own words."

Lord Rosebery, on a certain occasion declared that "the keynote of the policy of the government would be wrapped in that obscurity which the government have endeavored to keep up." Sir E. Durning-Lawrence asked: "Is this government to be put into the melting pot that we may see who is to take hold of the handle of the ship of state?" Sir W. Hart-Dyke once said that Mr. Lowther "had caught a big fish in his net—and went to the top of the tree for it." In this debate on the London education bill Mr Walter Long remarked: "We are told that by such legislation the heart of the country has been shaken to its foundations," and Mr. Brodrick, during a debate on military affairs, declared that "among the many jarring notes heard in this house this subject, at least, must be regarded as an oasis." Even more amusing was the assertion of another late minister of the crown that "the steps of the government would go hand in hand with the interests of the manufacturer."

When the impassioned orator lamented the absence of "so many faces that he used to shake hands with" he gave utterance to a genuine bull of the first water. The late Sir George Balfour was responsible for a couple of delightful specimens of bovine oratory. Apropos of a proposed loan from the English to the Indian treasury he emphatically declared that £2,000,000 was a "mere flea bite in the ocean" and on another occasion he stated that "the pale face of the British soldier was the backbone of our Indian army."

A peer in the course of an excited oration warned the government that the constitutional rights of the people were being "trampled upon by the molled hand of authority." Lord Curzon once also so far forgot himself and his figure of speech as to declare that "though we are not out of the wood, yet we have a good ship."

A Radical speaker said: "The Tories keep dragging the home rule red herring across our path, but it misses fire every time." It was a Unionist M P who in a recent speech spoke to the following effect: "This is the marrow of the education act and it would not be taken out by Dr Clifford or anybody else. It was founded on a granite foundation, and spoke in a voice not to be drowned by sectarian clamor." Another political orator declared that "the British lion, whether climbing the pine forests of Canada or scouring the Pacific main, would not draw in his horns or retire into its shell" which recalls the remark of an Australian legislator who, speaking of the competition between land and sea carriage exclaimed: "Mr Speaker the railways are cutting the ground from under the steamers feet."

A Moderate Councillor said: "The sheet anchor of the honorable members argument does not reside in the mouth of the council." Another county councillor, speaking on the subject of dramatic licenses, declared "the ink is scarcely dry on our licenses when we proceed to dig it up in order to see how it is growing."

Some time ago an Austrian journalist spoke of a "black and yellow tricolor," but it was an English reporter who, in the description of a hunting accident in which a lady was killed stated that "the deceased met with a similar accident on a previous occasion." Most of us have heard of the announcement which once appeared in a newspaper that this evening a performance would take place. It will however be repeated tomorrow, which is worthy of being placed in the same category as the notice given by an Irish magistrate that certain business would thenceforth be taken every Monday, Easter Sunday only excepted," or the announcement of an English mayor in referring to a local race meeting that no gipsies will be allowed to ride on the course except on the horses that are to run.

POKER POINTS. Authority on Draw Poker. For Vest Pocket. Bound in Leather 25 Cents. Paper 10 Cents Postpaid. Gibb 45 Rose St N Y C

BEST KNOWN FOR SORE EYES

Testimonials prove it. Hon. B. I. Olson Northwood Ia. member of State Legislature says: I was nearly blind and paid $1 too trying to get cured of granulated eyelids and sleep on the operation without force. 2 bottles of The Arabs Eye Cure cured me. New Happy Book free. Sold by druggists. If suffering from

Dramatic News

A SCENE FROM "PARSIFAL."

To Be Presented at the Opera House on Nov. 13.

NOVELTY BILL AT THE EMPIRE

Laura Howe and her famous Dresden Dolls will appear at the Empire this week. This act surely has class to it, and it has been features in the largest vaudeville houses in the country. The superiority of Miss Howe and her dolls is evidenced by their [illegible] imitators. The wardrobe used is perfectly gorgeous and is said to have cost a small fortune.

The bill also includes [illegible] extraordinary performers [illegible] Robert Wingate [illegible] Miss Jennie Wingate, [illegible] soloists of the [illegible] Larry E. Sutton, a comedian [illegible] musical artist of [illegible] ability. [illegible] the best illustrated [illegible] Empire [illegible] one of the latest [illegible] picture films [illegible] is excellent [illegible] show.

"THE MAN ON THE BOX."

The secret of the [illegible] success of "The Man on the Box," in which Max Figman and his company will appear at the Opera house next week, is its great heart interest. It is not only comedy true, but also reveals a little romance that reaches deep into the hearts of the audience and makes a lasting bond of sympathy. The laughter is frequent, genuine and spontaneous, but there is always something back of it, and when the audience leaves the theater he's always "glad it ended that way," because "he was a fine fellow, don't you know," and "I never would have been contented if that Russian had married the girl." "But didn't he have his nerve, though—I never could have done it." Such are the expressions night after night and all because the hero reached the heart, whether it be in comedy or tragedy, romance or drama, the heart interest must be there to achieve enduring success. Mr. Figman brings with him a splendid supporting company and a complete production, even down to the draperies and furniture.

COLORADO SPRINGS TO SEE "PARSIFAL."

One of the most notable events in the history of the stage in this country was the grand and magnificent spectacle of Wagner's world-renowned mystic drama of "Parsifal," witnessed at the Metropolitan theater in New York city.

Scholars and students, musicians and artists, and all lovers of the refined and beautiful flocked in thousands from all parts of the New World to witness this wonderful work.

The press and clergy vied with each other in extolling its many beauties. The intelligent public at large praised and lauded it without exception. "Parsifal" was then, and always will remain so, in the minds of the thousands that witnessed it, by far the most magnificent and beautiful spectacle ever placed upon the stage or presented to the public. It was not limited in name to "opera." Even talented musicians referred to it as a "music drama" or "grand spectacle." It was beyond the ordinary opera in its influence, impression, action and speech, because, of itself it possessed such supreme dramatic qualities, such a gorgeous environment and so human and soulful a story in its plot and theme, that from first to last the observer was thrilled with its gradual development and its overwhelming climaxes. Nothing like it, from a dramatic standpoint, was ever seen. It is hard to conceive that anything approaching it, in dramatic intensity, will ever be witnessed again.

These statements can best be understood by the many of our readers who are more or less familiar with the mythical stories of the "Holy Grail," made famous throughout the world by the most renowned of our poets and scholars. It is a theme that has stirred the hearts and souls of men for ages. It will continue to do so for ages to come.

Messrs. Martin and Emery's company, which will present this famous festival play at the Opera house, Tuesday, November 13, is the only traveling organization doing so. Its massive scenic requirements and the expense of carrying a company large and competent enough to do justice to so grand a production, does not warrant the average theatrical manager in undertaking the task. Two special cars, carrying the paraphernalia and company, are required for this production.

NEIL BURGESS IN "THE COUNTY FAIR."

Neil Burgess in "The County Fair" will be the attraction at the Opera house [illegible] evening.

There are many plays that tell in an interesting way some of the everyday incidents of rural life, but "The County Fair" as portrayed by Neil Burgess stands in a class by itself. There is probably no actor on the American stage who could give such a natural representation of "Aunt Abby" and therein lies the secret of the long continued success that has followed his efforts to entertain the theater-going public. Mr. Burgess is one of the few actors who can take a female role without at some time doing something which betrays his sex. Moreover, although of course, he is the star about which all the other revolve, he has seen fit to secure other stars only a little less brilliant than himself. "Cold Molasses," the well known race horse, who [illegible] almost human intelligence, with three other horses, will be seen in a thrilling race scene which "The County Fair" is the original in production, Mr. Burgess being the inventor of the same. So perfectly natural is every action of this production, that it ranks in a class by itself, and people must laugh whether they want to or not. This is Mr. Burgess' first tour through this part of the country, with himself and his full New York cast, together with all the scenery and mechanical effects, using two carloads of scenery and four horses, as used in New York and Boston, with Mr. Burgess personally in the leading role.

"COMING THRO' THE RYE."

Conspicuous among the musical comedy successes of the season is "Coming Thro' the Rye," which will have its first representation in this city at the Opera house on Tuesday evening.

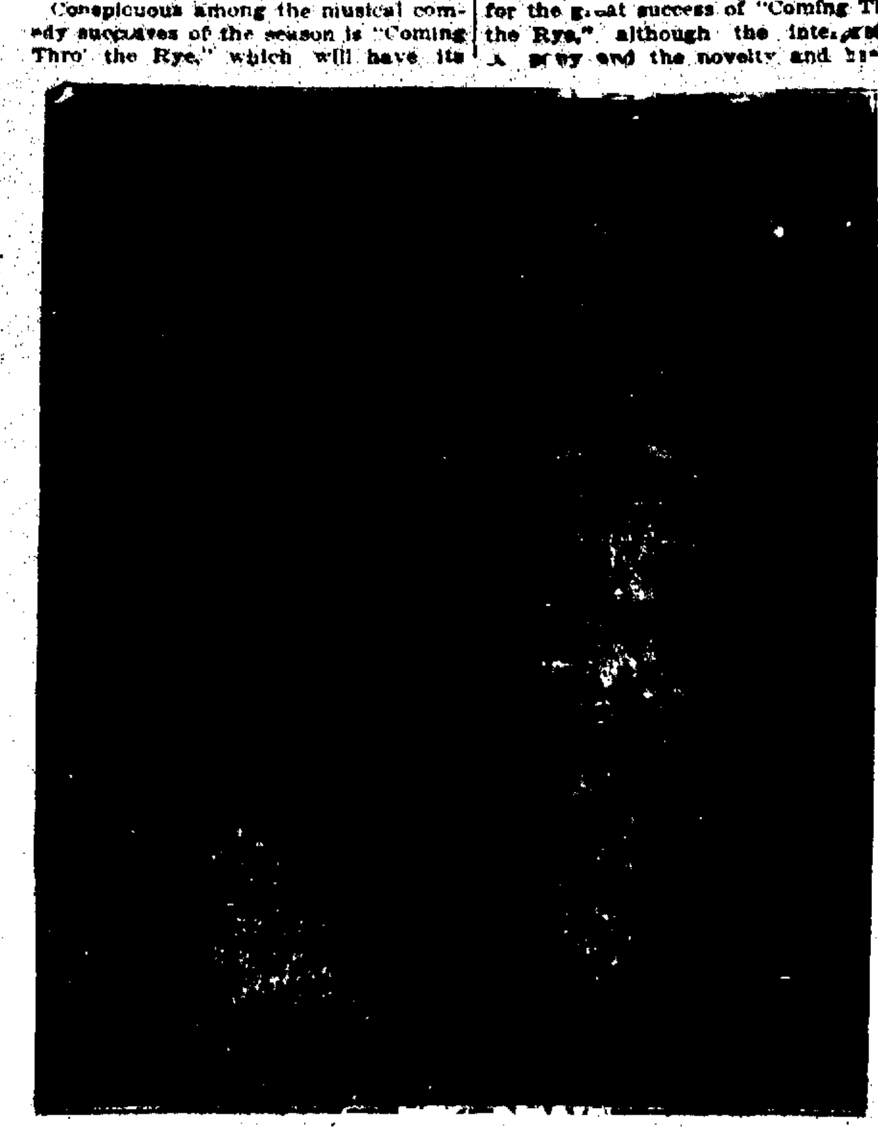
According to authoritative reports from New York, Philadelphia and Chicago, this is one of those big, brilliant productions which represent a very large investment and into which everything is thrust that can add to its attractiveness, either in the matter of singers, comedians, dancers, new ballet or two, or a newly conceived stage setting regardless of cost. There are eighty people in the company, of whom twenty or more are recognized principals whose names are familiar to theatergoers everywhere. Among these are Frank Lalor, Stella Mayhew, Alma Youlin, Bessie Gibson, Florence Townsend, Frank Deane, John Park, and William Riley Hatch. The chorus numbers sixty, most of whom are young, pretty, sprightly girls, who don frequent changes of attractive costumes, and who are drilled to provide a never-ceasing series of beautiful, kaleidoscopic pictures. In one essential particular, "Coming Thro' the Rye" appears to differ from the usual run of entertainments of its class, in that it has a plot. It is called by its author a "song play," and, from all accounts, this application is no misnomer.

Mr. George V. Hobart, who is responsible for the book, is a widely-known humorous writer, and he is credited with having evolved a clean-cut comedy which would stand alone on its merits as such and afford a highly diverting entertainment. But his work is supplemented by a musical score of the kind which catches the fancy of the listener at once, and is whistled and hummed by the audience before the performance is over. This combination of genuinely good comedy and popular music is largely responsible for the great success of "Coming Thro' the Rye," although the interesting story and the novelty and beauty of the stage furnishment contribute their share to the general result.

That this will be one of the bright spots in the amusement season here is a foregone conclusion, and an immense engagement will quite likely result.

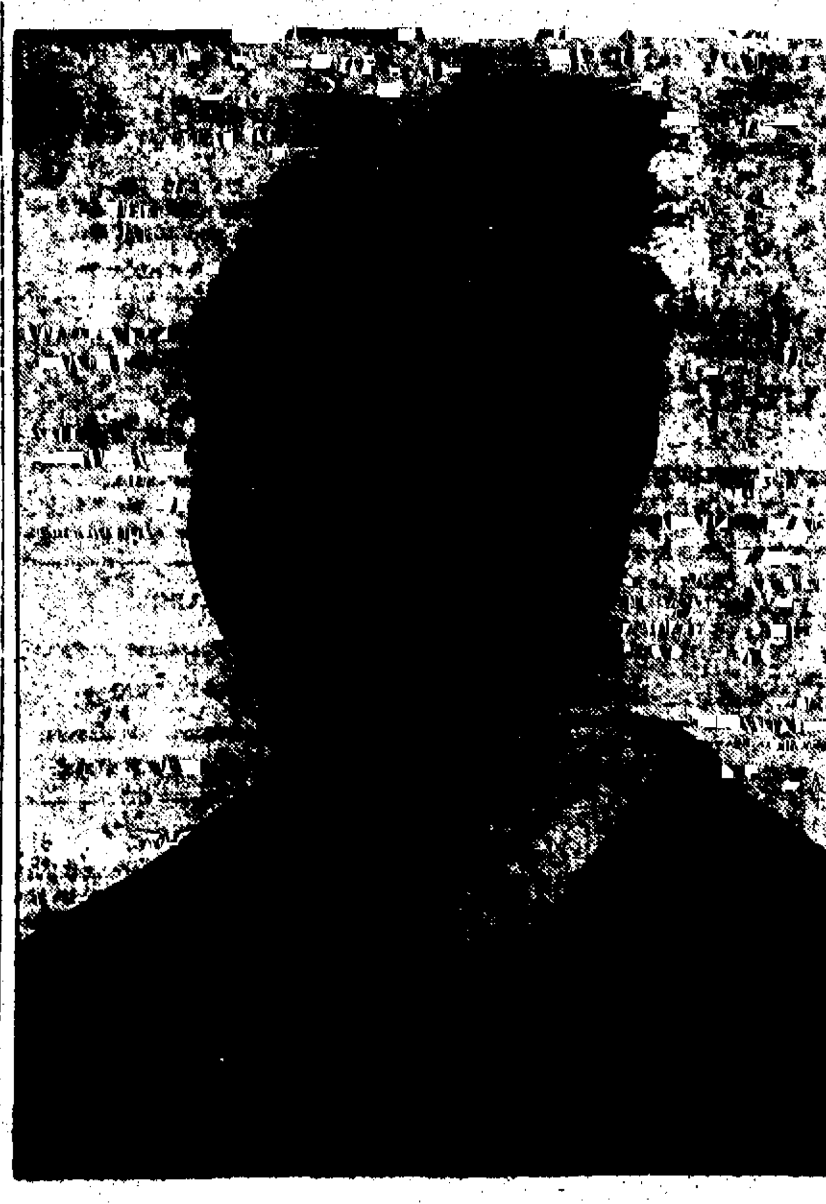
THE SHOO-FLY REGIMENT.

What is said to be the largest and best colored organization traveling in America today, Cole and Johnson, the popular singing comedians, and their large company of fifty people, in the latest musical comedy success, entitled "The Shoo-Fly Regiment," will be the attraction at the Opera house on next Friday evening. They carry a large chorus of ladies and gentlemen and a carload of special scenery, and are only playing the largest and best theaters in the country. The scenes of the comedy take place during the Spanish-American war. There will be introduced during the play fifteen special songs, written by Cole and Johnson, entirely new to our people. This company are booked to play the following week at the Tabor Grand in Denver. Cole and Johnson are the authors of some of the most popular songs of the day, among them being, "Under the Bamboo Tree," "The Owl and the Moon," "Lazy Moon," "Mexico," "The Maiden with the Dreamy Eyes," "Dusky Maiden," "Lindy," "Mandy," "Big Chief," "Warm Spot," and "The Congo Love Song." While this is a colored organization, they give a very refined performance and draw from the best people. They will no doubt be greeted by a good house on next Friday evening.



NEIL BURGESS.

In "The County Fair," at the Opera House [illegible] Evening.



FRANK LALOR.

[illegible] in "Coming Thro' the Rye," at the Opera House [illegible]

The World of Books

A CHARMING JUVENILE.

"[illegible] of Hazelbow," by A. G. Plympton. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price [illegible].

Miss Plympton has made the "old home day" sentiment the basis of a pretty story. Roxy, a bright, eager-hearted girl and her grandmother, who have been having hard times, with Roxy's uncle and [illegible] aunt, have been made [illegible] welcome [illegible] John Home [illegible] to the family homestead, now unoccupied and in the hands of strangers. They have a perfect day, the old homestead is sold at auction that afternoon and bought by Roxy's father, who, at the lucky moment, returns unexpectedly from the Klondike. The story, which has a delightful and unexpected ending, is told in a straightforward manner.

"THE IMPERSONATOR."

"The Impersonator," by Mary Imlay Taylor. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price, $1.50.

The author of "On the Red Staircase" and "My Lady Clancarty," has produced a clever society novel, in which May Hading, a Paris art student, invited to visit her rich aunt, a leader in Washington society, sends her friend, Mary Long, to impersonate her. The complications which follow after Mary is in the whirl of Washington society, and is loved by a rising young statesman, are vividly depicted. The interest, beginning with simple comedy, strengthens as event swiftly follows event, while the characters are distinctly drawn.

A STORY OF MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

"Miserere," by Mabel Wagnalls. Funk & Wagnalls, publishers, New York. Price, 40 cents, net.

This dainty little story of music and musicians was widely read when it was first published a few years ago. In reissuing it in its present form, and including it in the popular Hour-Glass series, the publishers believe that it will meet with even greater success, as it has been somewhat revised by the author.

"RIDOLFO."

"Ridolfo," a tale of the Renaissance, by Egerton R. Williams, Jr. A. C. McClurg & Company, publishers, Chicago. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price, $1.50.

Ridolfo, master of Perugia, at the opening of this story, had waged many wars. His bride, Gismonda, from whom he had parted at the altar, learned from Fra Bernardo, who came to pay her a visit, from her parents of the dangers that surrounded her fortress home. For her own protection, Fra Bernardo told her of the tyranny of her husband's family, the Baglioni, who called themselves Christians, but outside the church knew not God. This devout follower of Saint Francis of Assisi told the lesson of Christ's coming to bring the bonds of love.

The bride knew that her dower money was in the hands of a husband preparing to march upon Spoleto, and throughout Perugia might be heard the cries of the hungry, the naked, the imprisoned taxed to serve the army, which bereaved the homes of the land of husbands and sons. The story recounts the dark deeds of the despot and the influence of Gismonda in the frenzy of her husband's savage moods.

The novel is one of sanguinary strife, of duplicity and bitter animosity in which the characters of Fra Bernardo and Gismonda are still as evangels of the gospel of love. The plot is one of rapid and exciting movement, and deals with despotic rule, [illegible] devastation and the accumulating evils of [illegible] centuries.

"THE SLAVE OF SILENCE."

"The Slave of Silence," by Fred M. White. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price, $1.50.

The mysterious events which took place at the Royal Palace hotel, London, and at the strange house at Audley place, are unfolded in this absorbing story. The sign of the bullet-shaped piece of salt, the strange disappearance of the body of Sir Charles Darryll, the electric mysteries of the house at Audley place, and many other surprising things, puzzle the reader beyond description and arouse the keenest interest from the first to the last page.

"BRENDA'S WARD."

"Brenda's Ward," by Helen Leah Reed. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price, $1.50.

This is the sixth volume of the popular "Brenda" series. In the new story Brenda herself is less conspicuous than her so-called ward, Martine, the bright western girl who was a leading figure in "Amy in Acadia," published last year. A large part of the new story is given to Martine's pleasant winter at school in Boston, and her character strengthening after certain reverses of fortune. A visit to Plymouth, the home of her friend Priscilla, and a summer at historic York, on the Maine coast, form the background for many bright incidents.

"THE DRAGON PAINTER."

"The Dragon Painter," by Mary McNeil Fenollosa. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price $1.50.

One of the most successful novels of recent years was "Truth Dexter," by Sidney McCall. So popular has it become that only recently the publishers, Messrs. Little, Brown & Co., of Boston, have issued a new illustrated edition. "Sidney McCall" has long been known to be a pen name, but the identity of the author was only recently made public. She is Mary McNeil Fenollosa, and now her third book, "The Dragon Painter," is on the market. Like "The Breath of the Gods," by the same author, "The Dragon Painter" is a novel of Japanese life. In it we have undoubtedly Mrs. Fenollosa's ripest and most artistic work, in which she again reveals the inner depths of Japanese feeling, but along quite different lines. Kano Indara, the last of his race, and the last of a mighty line of artists, his daughter Umeko, and Tatsu, a wild mountain artist, the Dragon Painter, are the chief characters of this engrossing story.

"THE THROWBACK."

"The Throwback," by Alfred Henry Lewis. The Outing Publishing Co., publishers, New York. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price $1.50.

"The Throwback" is an exciting novel of love and adventure in the early days of Texas and the southwest. Alan Gordon, a scion of an old Virginia family, leaves his home in early childhood, goes west, and, reverting back somewhat to the primitive type of the gay Gordons of mediaeval times, who loved fighting for fighting's sake, becomes a leader among the rough and turbulent men of the southwest. Indian fighting, daring deeds of cowboy life, a search for buried treasure, the humor of that region made famous by Mr. Lewis in "Wolfville," make, together with a pretty love interest, a most entrancing story.

"McDONALD OF OREGON."

"McDonald of Oregon," by Eva Emery Dye. A. C. McClurg & Co., publishers, Chicago. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price $1.50.

Mrs. Dye has now established her unequalled position as the historian-novelist of the northwest. Not only is her knowledge and authority beyond question but she has developed the possibilities of history in fiction form quite as far as any other American writer.

The chance casting away of a party of Japanese on the Oregon coast many years ago inspired Ronald McDonald, a fully historical personage, to enact a similar drama in his own proper self with the characters and continents reversed. In Japan he was permitted to establish a school, and it was actually his pupils who acted as interpreters during the negotiations with Commodore Perry. Mrs. Dye learned her facts from McDonald's own lips and only deferred publication until his papers finally reposed in her hands. The pictures are by Walter J. Enright.

"ROBERTA AND HER BROTHERS."

"Roberta and Her Brothers," by Alice Ward Bailey. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price $1.50.

Among the new books for girls is "Roberta and Her Brothers," by Alice Ward Bailey, author of "Mark Heffron." It is a wholesome, natural story about a girl who is delightfully human, full of life, ambitious for her brothers more than herself, and eager to take a mother's place in their lives. She has many home trials and pleasures as well, including a summer in the Adirondacks, and there is finally a chapter of college experiences. The characters are all genuine and original.

"FROM DREAM TO VISION OF LIFE."

"From Dream to Vision of Life," by Lilian Whiting. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price $1.00 net.

This book finds its keynote in the question asked by the Archbishop of Canterbury—"The life beyond, what is it? What is its bearing on these present working years?" To the discussion of this vital problem, Miss Whiting brings the results of modern scientific research and that peculiar spiritual clairvoyance which has been remarked in "The Life Radiant" and some of her other books. It is written with a joyous vitality that communicates itself to the reader in a certain radiance and liberation of new energies.

"THE SILVER CROWN."

"The Silver Crown," by Laura E. Richards. Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston. Whitney & Grimwood, Colorado Springs. Price, $1.25.

The lovers of Mrs. Richards' old book, "The Golden Windows," will be glad to have a second volume of fables from her pen. "In 'The Golden Windows' young and old must," says the Outlook, "and each finds pleasure in these beautiful and ingenious fables. The book is a window into a realm as beautiful as it is real. There is an original touch in Mrs. Richards' writings that gives fresh pleasure in this volume."

"The Silver Crown" consists of [illegible] fables, simply written and [illegible] conceived, with a [illegible] golden [illegible] attached to each. These new fables cover a wide range and the book is handsomely embellished. Both old and young will read it with equal [illegible].

STORIES ABOUT PEOPLE

CARUSO'S VENTRILOQUIAL TRICK.

Caruso, the great tenor, is a great ventriloquist as well, and in New York, before he sailed home, he told at a little farewell dinner a story of his ventriloquist skill.

"I was one of a house party at a millionaire's great new castle, overlooking the Hudson," he said. "Tea had been served in the garden, and, after tea, I sang. Then I consented to essay a little ventriloquism, and the 30 or 40 guests grew very still.

"Behind me was a superb tree. Looking up into the thick foliage, I shouted in a loud and angry voice:

"'Hello? What are you doing up there?'

"To my amazement a thin young voice replied:

"'I ain't doin' no harm, mister. I'm just a-watchin' the big-bugs.'

"The guests glanced at one another, smiling appreciatively. Pulling myself together, I went on:

"'Did any one give you permission to climb up into that tree?'

"'Yes, sir. The [illegible] groom, sir. He's my cousin.'

"'Well,' said I, 'so far there's no harm done. But be careful not to fall, and don't let any one see you.'

"'All right, mister,' said the humble voice.

"I turned to my audience, and smiled and bowed triumphantly. They broke into tremendous applause. They said that they had never listened to ventriloquism so superb. And they were quite right, too."

SPOONS.

Rhinelander Waldo, deputy police commissioner of New York, said a few days before he sailed for Southampton to study the London bobbies and Paris gendarmes:

"I think that the stories about police graft and corruption, of which so much is heard from every city, are greatly exaggerated. Corruption, you see, breeds corruption, and for that reason men avoid it.

"They are wise to do so. You have heard of the noted lawyer who was nicknamed 'Spoons'?

"Well, this lawyer was once engaged to defend a man who had stolen $100,000. The man was guilty, and the proof against him was conclusive. But rumor said that he had the $100,000 all hidden away safely, where he could get hold of it with ease on his discharge, and hence it was not difficult for him to secure good counsel.

"His counsel, after a thorough study of the case, decided that the prisoner had no chance to escape a dreadful sentence, except by pretending to be crazy. He told the man this, and he coached him in the lunatic's role that he must at once assume.

"'Adopt,' said the lawyer, 'one word, and say it in answer to every remark that is made to you. Look wild, roll your eyes, and say this one word only.'

"'What word shall I say?' the prisoner asked.

"'Oh, "Spoons" will do,' replied the lawyer.

"Accordingly, from that day forth, the man said nothing but 'Spoons.' He said 'Spoons' to his jailer, to the prison chaplain, to the lady visitors distributing tracts and flowers; and finally, when his trial [illegible] the [illegible] of the court asked him if he was guilty or not guilty, he answered:

"'Spoons.'

"'Come, come,' said the clerk, 'are you guilty or not guilty?'

"'Spoons,' the prisoner repeated.

"Here his counsel explained to the court that the man was insane.

"'Insane, eh?' said the judge. Then, turning to the prisoner [illegible] he asked:

"'Don't you understand [illegible] that is said to you?'

"'Spoons,' was the reply given with a wild roll of the eyes.

"And the upshot was that, on the score of insanity, the prisoner got off. That is to say, he was sent to a lunatic asylum [illegible] the [illegible] thing as got [illegible] of course.

"His lawyer congratulated him on his escape.

"'And now,' the lawyer continued, 'before you [illegible] in the asylum [illegible], I think you would do well to pay me my fee. Don't you think so?'

"The man gave the lawyer a dull, vacant stare, and [illegible]:

"'Spoons.'"

WHAT AN "AD" WOULD HAVE DONE.

"When Mark Twain was city editor of the Virginia City Enterprise, [illegible] in the '70," said a veteran of Nevada, "he used to brighten up the columns of the paper with comic paragraphs [illegible] things [illegible] the advantages of advertising.

"These paragraphs were based on all kinds of odd facts—on murders, on ship reports, on kidnapings, on the weather. I remember one paragraph that ran like this:

"'Germany has just discovered a buried forest in her midst, supposed to be 10,000 years old. If the man who lost it had advertised in the Enterprise, the chances are that it would have been returned to him that night.'"

A LEG WORTH MORE THAN A MAN.

Jesse James, the noted outlaw's son, is, at the age of 30, one of the most talented and respected lawyers of Kansas City.

In a claims case that he recently won, Mr. James told an amusing story.

"There was a woman," he said, "whose husband was killed in a railway accident. The railroad, to avoid suit, gave her $5,000 damages.

"The sum satisfied the woman, but a month or two afterwards, taking up a newspaper, she read about a man who had lost his leg in the same accident, and behold, this man was given by the company damages to the amount of $7,500.

"It made the woman mad. She hastened at once to the office of the railway's claim adjuster. She said bitterly:

"'How is this? Here you give a man $7,500 for the loss of his leg, while you only gave me $5,000 for the loss of my husband?'

"The claim adjuster smiled [illegible] and said, in a [illegible]:

"'Madam, the reason is plain [illegible]. The $7,500 won't provide the poor man with a new leg, whereas, with your $5,000 you can easily get a [illegible].'"

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

Nov. and Dec. [illegible] Patterns on sale. Late fashion sheets free.

The Busy Store
C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO.
111 S. Tejon St.

We are doing a big business in WOOLTEX Coats and ANNIS Furs. Why? Because they are RIGHT.

Wooltex — Fashion Faultless — Cloaks — Suits — Skirts for Well Dressed Women.

JUST RECEIVED Another shipment of these excellent tailored coats for ladies and misses

Monday Special. Suit Department

We have arranged to show about 50 of our ELEGANT WOOLTEX tailored garments ranging in prices all over the United States in the best and largest stores, in all the principal cities—from $35.00 to $50.00 values.

You can choose from these elegant garments MONDAY

For $25.00

They are made of imported Chiffon, Broadcloths, Meltons, Kerseys, in black, tans, grays, blue, browns, reds; also in Scotch mixtures, checks, plaids, etc., at SPECIAL PRICES Monday, $10, $12.50 and $15.00.

New "Royalty" and "Wooltex" Skirts

Just received a new lot of the finest line of Skirts ever shown in this city. REASONABLE PRICES, $4.25 to $12.00, in black, panamas, voiles, mohairs, etc., in the new grays and plaid mixtures. We can make it pay you to look here before selecting either SKIRTS, COATS or FURS.

New line of FANCY PILLOW TOPS just received. Entirely new for advance Christmas sale....................15c, 25c, 35c and 50c

OVERCOATS
$10 to $30
at
Hatfield The Clothier
111 Pike's Peak Avenue.

City Briefs

[illegible]

[illegible] Y. M. C. A.

ELECTION returns by special wire, Y. M. C. A. Admission, 10 cents

MRS. WHITBECK'S Wednesday evening invitation dances are $1.00.

LADIES wanted election night at Y. M. C. A. Election returns by special wire.

TO CLOSE—All real estate offices in the city will close Tuesday, election day.

NO CALL—There will be no call on the Mining Exchange Tuesday, election day.

ANTIQUES IN China, Brass, Prints and Pewter at 304 East Willamette on display at all times.

PURCHASED SEAT—Frank G. Peck has purchased the seat of J. W. D. Stovell on the Mining Exchange.

BUYS STORE—C. L. Barnes has purchased the grocery store at the corner of Seventeenth street and Colorado avenue.

FURNITURE SALE—Mrs. Van Dusen, 627 N. Weber, is offering her furniture at private sale, as she anticipates leaving the city soon.

FOR SALE—16-room house, to be moved off lot, December 1, at 11-13 E. Boulder. Apply B. E. Mahoney Phone Black 341.

FOR SALE—16-room house, to be moved off lot December 1, at 11-13 E. Boulder. Apply B. E. Mhoney Phone Black 341.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH—Tejon and Dale St. Sunday school, 3 p. m. Sunshine club, 6.30 p. m. lecture 7.30 p. m. "Frat Life in University and College Music, male quartet. Franklin Baker minister.

FARM loan for sale, gilt edge $4,000, 3 years, 8 per cent. Entire section valuable improvements. Purchase price, $12,000; $9,000 paid cash. Abundance of live stock, implements, etc. Absolutely safe. W. P. Kinney.

TO ISSUE BOOKLET—The passenger department of the Colorado Midland road is preparing to issue a series of booklets advertising the scenery along its line. Harry E. Lee, of Chicago, has been engaged to take the photographs.

REVIVAL SERVICE—A revival service will be started today at the People's Mission. Evangelist G. A. Cage, and H. J. Elliott, pastor, will conduct the services.

WILL SPEAK—Fred S. Goodman, one of the general secretaries of the Y. M. C. A., will give a stereopticon lecture at the First M. E. church this evening on "The World-Wide Work Among Men."

GIVE DINNER—Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Sharer entertained Friday evening at dinner their guests being Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Tallaferro, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Gillespie and Mrs. A. E. Hemenway.

GIVES DINNER—Mrs. Lewis P. Eldridge, 1511 North Tejon street, gave a charming dinner party last Monday evening in celebration of the birthday anniversary of Mr. Eldridge. The decorations were yellow chrysanthemums. The guests invited were Judge and Mrs. John Knowles, Dr. and Mrs. Charles F. Stough, Dr. and Mrs. W. Carey Allen, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Heath and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Anderson.

Birthday Tokens for the Living.
At Miss Kennedy's flower shop, 110 N. Tejon. Phone 28.

Specials

As special prices are prevailing in every department of our store, we have selected some bargains we consider extra good and put them on display in our window. Prices in nearly every instance are marked plainly on goods, so you may judge their value before entering store. If you see nothing you care for in window, we shall be pleased to show you anything in the store and quote you a low figure.

ASHBY
Optical Jeweler.

Special Sale

This week of the famous World's Brand Bread Trays at

C. B. LAUTERMAN'S
Optical Jeweler
Phone Black 283. 121 N. Tejon.

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

INSURES AGAINST

Fire, Explosion, SELF-IGNITION, Lightning, THEFT, Robbery or Pilferage, COLLISION or Accidents in Transit.

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE

Established with the town 1871.

Out West Building. 15 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Smart fall skirts $5.95

A rousing sale made possible by a timely purchase

RECENTLY while in New York our buyer made an offer on several dozen new fall skirts, all that a prominent manufacturer had. After a careful consideration the offer was accepted and the skirts were shipped at once.

It was for you that this remarkable purchase came to Colorado Springs. The reason being simply to our waist "pick-up." We wanted to offer you something that you could not get elsewhere. We wanted to strongly emphasize our position as makers of prices and continue our policy of providing for you in a manner worthy of your esteemed patronage.

Tomorrow we inaugurate this rousing skirt sale. Although the lot represents all the manufacturer had the quantity is limited. There are several dozen, however, and those who are fortunate enough to attend, can buy very advantageously.

There are mannish mixtures in the light and medium shades of gray, the large soft gray plaids, grays with prominent black checks, large or small; the fine pin thread plaids, the pin stripes being blue or black. They, mostly, are gored or pleated. Then there are black panama skirts, pleated and gored, neatly made and finished with black covered buttons, taffeta and velvet trimming.

Perhaps just what you want is represented here. It's an excellent chance to buy a nobby street skirt, one that you will admire, at a substantial saving.

They would sell ordinarily up to $10; choice while they last $5.95

Manufacturer's sample line of fine shirt waists one-third off

The sale continues until the waists have been sold. Friday and Saturday were two great sale days. To look at the great number of waists that will be here tomorrow, one could hardly realize that so many had been sold.

There are exquisite lace ideas including the German valenciennes and Baby Irish, fine and heavy patterns; beautiful silk and wool waists and a wide range of handsome lingerie waists, plain or elegantly hand embroidered.

$2.00 waists for $1.33
$3.50 waists for $2.33
$4.50 waists for $3.00
$6.00 waists for $4.00
$7.50 waists for $5.00
$9.00 waists for $6.00
12.50 waists for $8.33
15.00 waists for $10
$18 waists for $12.00
$20 waists for $13.33
$22 waists for $14.67
$25 waists for $16.67
$30 waists for $20.00
$33 waists for $22.00
$40 waists for $26.67

The new dress goods and silks

New weaves have been arriving daily. The most popular ideas for fall and winter wear are shown here in a varied range. Many of the materials mentioned have been in stock but a day or so, and it will be welcome news to many of our customers who have been waiting for the new things.

VELVET CORDS for costumes, women's and children's coats, is shown in new shades of navy, green, brown, cardinal, fawn, mode, cream and black; 22-inch, very popular, yard **$1.00**

BEAR CLOTH for children's coats in cream white; a very serviceable, admirable and dressy material; 50 inches wide, **$2.50**

CREPE POPLIN for evening and afternoon wear, in new shades of myrtle, bisque, navy, gray, cream and black; 44-inch (silk warp) **$1.00**

CHIFFON VENETIAN—A beautiful fabric for evening gowns, calling, etc., in handsome shades of nile green, bisque, light blue, pink, gray and black; is 48 inches wide, at, yard **$2.75**

WOOL TAFFETA—The shadow plaid wool taffeta, 40 inches wide in Alice, tan, gray, reseda, cream; very neat for dressy wear, only....................**$1.25**

CHIFFON VELVETS in black, cream, gray, pink, light blue, myrtle, marine, blue, brown, for **$1.75**

LINING SILK—Tailor's lining silk (all silk) has sort of a satin finish and is, without exception, one of the best coat linings made; is shown in tan, castor, black, cream and gray; 40 inches wide, at, yard. .**$1.45**

ANTHEREA SILK for lining; an all silk fabric guaranteed for three seasons, ordinary wear. Think of that. It is 19 inches wide and shown in a full line of colors, about 35 shades in all, for only, yard..........**50¢**

NEW PLAID SILKS, the light, medium and dark tones, including many very handsome effects....................**85¢, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75**

BROCADE SILKS New silks in new shades of navy, myrtle, cardinal, gray, nile green, neat pin stripes in the blues and pink, with and without the pompadour figure, the darker shades having the brocade effects, only, yard....................**$1.50**

FLANNEL TAFFETA—A suede finish, 27 inches in width, in light blue, Alice, navy, French gray, smoke, reseda, tan, brown, cardinal, cream, white and black. Remember, it is not a 23-inch as you buy elsewhere for $1.00, but is 27 inches wide, and our price is only, yard....................**$1.00**

BLACK TAFFETA, 36 inches wide and guaranteed, at........**90¢, $1.00, $1.50**

36-inch Peau-de-Soie in black at, yard....................**$1.50**

Every Detail Is Brought Out!

In the cleaning and pressing of garments here. Every frill and flounce, every detail of ornament, is carefully preserved in the process and brought out prominently in the finished garment. Send us your old clothes and we will transform them into new ones.

It only takes our process to do this. You will be delighted at the marvelous change effected, and our charges are moderate.

THE PANTATORIUM

Phone Main [illegible] 17 E. Bijou St. Branch office opposite Plaza hotel

We do all kinds of repairing on [illegible]

Hot Cakes [illegible]
VINCENT'S
Beet Sugar Syrup

It tastes and looks like the best Maple syrup and is absolutely pure.

Quart Cans 25c
Half-Gallon Cans 45c
Gallon Cans 85c
Two-Gallon Cans $1.60

For sale at all grocery stores. Shields-Morley Co. Wholesale Distributors.

Maggi's Extract of Beef in Gelatine Capsules

contains all the nutritive agents of the best fresh Beef with the necessary flavoring and seasoning. Pour a cupful of boiling water over the capsule and you get instantly without any addition a [illegible] delicious and strengthening Beef Tea

W. N. BURGESS,
112-114 N. Tejon

MISS ANNA FRIZE.
Accordion, Side and Sunburst Plaiting and Pinking
All work guaranteed strictly first class. Dressmakers discount.
Phone Red 191. 25 N. Weber

ORIENT Clark's 9th Annual Cruise, Feb. [illegible] days [illegible] tours round [illegible]
F. C. CLARK
96 B'way, N. Y.

THE GAZETTE IS ONLY 60C. A MONTH DELIVERED.

Did you ever try
Our Cough Syrup

If so, DON'T READ THIS. For you are already a convert. It will stop the WORST COUGH ALMOST IMMEDIATELY. CROUP LIKEWISE.

We manufacture this remedy from the bark of the pure WHITE PINE and add other harmless ingredients.

There isn't a family in the city without at least one bad cough. WHAT'S THE USE?

D. E. MONROE & CO.
Phones 311 and 321.
TEMPERANCE PHARMACY.
Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

THE ANTHONY MOTOR & MFG. COMPANY.
Agents for
Peerless, Columbia and Franklin motor cars and Columbia Electric Automobiles for rent.
115-117 N. Cascade, Phone Main 56.

PHOTOGRAPHS.
Perfect in Style, Pose and Finish
EMERY'S STUDIO.
Cor. Cascade and Kiowa.
One block north of Antler's Hotel.

"At Cost"

All of our hand decorated china to be closed out at cost and now is the time to secure a nice piece at a bargain. Some of the choicest in our stock are on display in the show window.
Warren Jewelry & Optical Company
11 North Tejon Street.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

Cast aside your old style furs and come in and see our new garments all exclusive styles and made by experts in our own large and thoroughly equipped work-rooms. Every Stainsky garment is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in appearance, style, fit and durability. New models now ready.

PROF. GUS STAINSKY, 5 1-2 PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE

For Sale

Close to Steele School

4 FULL LOTS

FACING EAST

WORTH $3,350

WHAT WILL YOU GIVE?

CHAS. P. BENNETT

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND LOANS.

5 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
And
1528 NORTH TEJON STREET

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

The A B C's of the Charter Question

Mayor Hall Tells the People of Colorado Springs Just What the Defects in Our Present Method of City Government Are; How They Could Be Remedied by a Charter; What a Charter Is, and Why This City Needs One.

By HENRY C. HALL, Mayor of Colorado Springs.

If there is anything about the Charter Question you don't understand, read this article, and you will know all about it.

To the Taxpayers of Colorado Springs

I address you because some [illegible] have been trying to make you believe that a charter convention would increase your taxes and hurt you in other ways.

I want to make what I have to say so plain that every one of you who can read will understand it and so I will begin at the beginning.

A little more than a hundred years ago the United States bought this part of Colorado where we are from France, and just one hundred years ago sent out Lieutenant Pike to see what the purchase amounted to. There was nothing here but game and wandering Indians, no villages but prairie dog villages and they didn't need a charter. After a while the white men drifted this way and this became a part of Kansas and later was set off in the Territory of Colorado, which had its capitol at Colorado City.

Colorado's "Charter" Convention.

The territory grew, and in 1876 was admitted to the Union as a state. To do this it was necessary to have a "charter" convention, but the charter of a state is called a constitution, and so that convention was called a constitutional convention. If the Telegraph had existed then I suppose it would have opposed that convention. It would have wanted somebody to tell it beforehand how much the convention would cost, and what would be put into the constitution, and how much it would cost to run the state under the new constitution. It would have cried then, just as it does now: "Vote against the convention, stay a territory and be governed by laws from Washington. Don't become a state. You don't know what it will cost."

But the people of Colorado thirty years ago thought they could manage Colorado matters just as well as congress could, perhaps better, because they were here and knew about them. So they held a convention which drafted a constitution and submitted it to the view of the people. The people approved it; congress approved it, and it became the [illegible] of our new state.

Nobody [illegible] now, or [illegible] would want Colorado to be a territory again, governed from Washington under acts of congress.

What a Charter Is.

Now a constitution is to a state about what a charter is to a city, or bones and ribs to a man. It is the framework, the ground plan, the part that gives stability and the general shape of things, that makes some things possible and other things difficult or impossible. Our constitution, for example, divides our state government into three departments executive, legislative and judicial distinct and apart, of equal importance. The first is to enforce the laws, the second is to make them, the third is to apply them to the facts in each case. And to enforce the laws the constitution creates the office of governor and other executive officials, gives them certain powers which neither the legislature nor the courts can take from them, says how they are to be chosen and for how long and in a general way what they should do.

Then for the legislative department it creates the senate and house, gives them certain powers, provides what they shall do in a general way, how their members are to be chosen and for how long, and empowers them among other things to classify cities and provide by general law for the government of cities, but forbids the passage of any special law for the government of any one city. And for the judicial department it creates courts and makes provision much in the same way.

It further provides that nothing in it can be changed except by another constitutional convention or amendment adopted by vote of the people.

So back of the governor, back of the legislature, back of the courts, is the constitution, the higher or organic law [illegible] all rest.

Under Special Charter.

When this constitution was adopted there were no cities in the new state which were not already under special charter [illegible] Springs and Pueblo [illegible] Leadville and [illegible] that time [illegible] cities [illegible] authorized the legislature [illegible] them and provide for their government by general law.

The legislature classified them in a very simple way. If the population was under two thousand it was a town, from two thousand to fifteen thousand it was a city of the second class, if over fifteen thousand it was a city of the first class.

And then it made laws for towns and cities of those two classes saying how their elections should be held and when and what officers they should elect, and what the officers elected should do and on what matters and in what way they could pass ordinances. Except where the laws of the legislature were so worded as to make it possible these towns and cities could not do a thing about regulating their own affairs.

That body of laws made in Denver from time to time by men from the ranches and mines, many of whom knew nothing and cared less about the needs of a city like ours, constitute the present "charter" of Colorado Springs. For every city has some kind of a charter, general or special. It must have, because some LAW must say who are to handle its affairs, when and how they shall be chosen, for how long, and what they are to do. Without such a LAW which the courts would recognize, two or three or four men might each claim to be alderman, or chief of police, or mayor, or three others might say that they were selectmen or city commissioners or board of control, or any name they chose to take, and everything would be in confusion.

Conditions Have Changed.

Now that organic "LAW" which brings order out of chaos may consist of a number of general statutes passed from time to time by the legislature and constitute a general charter, or it may be framed and adopted by the people of a city for their own needs and then it is a special charter. The last constitutional amendment voted by the people of the whole state recognizes that cities have so grown in Colorado that the time has come when they should be able to shape and choose charters of their own.

Until five years ago this city was governed by exactly the same kind of laws and officials as were provided for places of two thousand inhabitants. Think of the questions that come up about police, fire and health protection, street railways and electric systems, for instance, and realize how differently they must be dealt with when two thousand people are [illegible] and when fifteen thousand are to be protected and looked after.

"Harness" Not Well Made.

With our present population of over thirty-two thousand, constantly increasing, and a floating population of perhaps one hundred thousand more in each year, we are required to pull in the harness that the legislature has provided for any place of fifteen thousand inhabitants. That would be bad enough if the harness were well made, because as it is it could not fit a Shetland pony and a carriage horse, both of them. But it is not well made. It is a piece of patchwork, bungled together at odd times during the last thirty years, and every single legislature we have had has added some more straps and buckles without stopping to see how they went with what was already there.

What is the consequence? As soon as each legislature has gone home the city officials have to study out the changes in the law and try to get up new ordinances, new forms, new books and methods of doing business, to comply with the changed law.

Laws Are Muddled.

And throughout the terms of office the council, the city attorney, the city clerk, the mayor and the various other officials in dealing with the problems that are continually coming up in a growing and active city, have to go first of all to that confused mass of statutes to find whether they have any power, then what that power is, and finally, how they may exercise it, and often find that they can do nothing at all.

For this is the thing to bear in mind constantly, that under the existing charter neither the city council, the mayor, or any official of any grade, has any power whatever except as it comes from the legislature at Denver.

Here is an instance. An ordinance was introduced this year in our council to regulate rates charged private consumers for electric light and it had to be dropped because the STATUTES had given the council no power to regulate such rates. Take another instance. The street department and for that matter the whole council were in a turmoil for months at the beginning of this administration because no statute clearly provided how the foreman of the department and other city employes were to be selected and by whom. Take as another instance the mayor's right to vote in case of a tie, which was contested by certain of the aldermen, taken into court and is now in the supreme court of the state.

Franchise Laws.

Again our ordinance says that every franchise shall be submitted to a vote [illegible] the state law [illegible] says that street railway franchises and the like shall be granted as provided in that law and not otherwise and contains no provision for a vote by the people. So it happens that our ordinance [illegible] in the case of such franchises.

A Medley of Statutes.

In 1903 certain interests in Pueblo, the only other city of the first class in the state, induced the legislature to pass a law for a board of water trustees and the vesting in such board of the title to the city water rights and property. But the law was framed so badly as to be unconstitutional, or unworkable even if constitutional, and I was [illegible] to decline a petition for the [illegible] of a water board.

These are merely illustrations that occur to me as I write. Every day's experience at the city hall furnishes new instances. I know whereof I speak when I say that the difficulty, the drudgery, the perplexities and the friction in administration of city affairs with resultant cost of time and money is largely due to the confused, cumbersome and inadequate medley of state statutes which constitute our present general charter. **Any railroad so hampered would in six months be in the hands of a receiver.**

In the present administration we have been trying to give you economy and efficiency. Your money's worth in every department of the city's activities business or governmental, and just because we have tried we have realized how ill adapted the state laws are to that end.

Why We Need a Charter.

But why a charter convention? Because through a charter convention it is possible for us to get out from under the legislature, to draw our powers direct from the constitution itself, to have local self-government home rule. That is reason enough for any Anglo-Saxon, or any son of Ireland, I might better say for any American.

To this end the first step was the filing of a petition by [illegible] of the voters. That has been done. The second step was the [illegible] by the council of an election on the question for or against a charter convention. That has been [illegible]. The third step is the [illegible] to decide that question on November [illegible].

The fourth step, if the question is decided [illegible], is the election of twenty-one delegates to that convention. The voters of this city select whom they please as delegates. The fifth step is the meeting of the delegates in convention to shape up a charter that seems fitted to our needs. What goes into it or is left out of it lies wholly with these delegates. The sixth step is the publishing of this draft charter, so that all of us may know what it contains, and then, after a reasonable time for thinking it over and discussing it, comes

For the People to Decide.

The seventh step, an election at which the voters of this city decide to accept or reject the proposed charter. They will vote on it then, knowing just what is in it. If they accept it, and not until and unless they do so, it becomes our city charter and takes the place of the acts of the state legislature which are now our charter. If they reject it delegates must be chosen to a new convention to frame a charter which will prove more acceptable and that in turn must be voted on by the people in the same way and with the same effect.

This list of successive steps may be tiresome to read. Read it over again and see whether these constitutional provisions are hurrying you blindfold into any scheme of extravagance and mismanagement.

You vote in the first place whether you want a charter convention.

Then later you select by vote the delegates you send there.

When they, your delegates, have drafted a charter and given you time to study it, you vote whether you will accept it or reject it. And unless you accept it it is no charter.

Do you get any such voice as that about the charter which the legislature has been patching up for you during these years?

Will the Telegraph Answer?

But the Telegraph says: "What will be in that charter? The people demand to know." What will be in the next Republican or Democratic platform? That depends upon the delegates to the convention, doesn't it? and upon what they do after they get there. I [illegible] of a [illegible] delegate who has [illegible] suggested. The Telegraph knows it seems. It says fourteen lawyers and seven laymen. How does it know? And how does it know that you will elect them?

No man living, not even the twenty-one men now living among you who may ultimately win out at the polls as delegates to that convention, can tell you what they will draft into that charter, and neither they nor you can tell whether their draft will be accepted by you when you come to vote on it. Is that plain? Or can you be made to think that man and woman should not marry because they cannot tell what the grandchildren will be; that a county should not advertise for designs for a court house when it reserves the right to reject any or all designs?

I take my chances with you, on who these delegates will be and what they will do. I take my chances, with you, on what the voters of this city will do with that draft charter when it is submitted to their vote. Some things, however, we know it must contain because the constitution says so. Here they are.

Things It Must Contain.

It must provide for submitting ALL FRANCHISES for the use of streets, etc., to a vote of the taxpayers, at the expense of the applicant.

It must provide for a reference, upon proper petition therefor, of measures passed by the council, to a vote of the qualified electors.

It must provide for the initiative by the qualified electors of such ordinances as they may by petition request.

Have you these rights, or any of them, under the existing law? And how would you set about getting them, except through a charter convention?

I think it probable that the convention would be asked to weigh the comparative merits of what is known as the Boston or Baltimore system on the one hand and the Galveston system on the other.

The Boston or Baltimore system, like our state and national constitutions, draws a sharp dividing line between the executive, the legislative and the judicial functions. It centers the executive functions in the mayor, and makes him responsible for all that is done in that department. That is not so under our present city charter. It relieves the aldermen of responsibility, except for legislation, the MAKING of city laws. It places the judicial department on an equal plane with the other two.

The Galveston system is government by commission, something like our county commissioners, except that all officials are appointed by the commission.

Salt Lake City is planning to try a modification of this, to adopt a charter providing for the election of three commissioners and an auditor; all other officials being appointed by the commission under civil service rules.

Our charter convention would have the fruits of much thought, study and experience in many parts of the country, and would probably frame a charter along the general lines of one or the other of the systems above mentioned, with such modifications as seemed adapted to our local needs.

As to the Cost.

So much for the convention. Now for the cost.

The Telegraph says much of the Denver charter conventions cost from $75,000 to $100,000 and estimates the cost of ours at $20,000, approximately one-third. The first Denver charter convention actually cost $6,498.37 and the second $7,418.50. One third of that would make ours cost about $2,000, but it might cost less or more. The pay—"if any"—of the delegates to the convention must be fixed in advance by ordinance of the city council. In Denver they were paid $4.00 per day and held their meetings mostly in the evening. We could probably get as good delegates WITHOUT pay, as if paid at that rate, and the expense need not exceed $500 or $1,000.

As to elections, our special elections on refunding bonds and the like cost about $400. These charter elections should not cost more.

But whatever the expense, whether $500 or $2,000 or $5,000, it is the same kind of investment that a manufacturer makes when he throws his old machinery on the scrap heap and puts in other that will obtain better results for less [illegible]. To effect a daily saving he makes a considerable outlay at the start. If it were not for that kind of expenditures farmers would still be using the scythe and the cradle, travelers would ride in stages, and our newspapers would be printed by hand.

Secret of Economy.

Everyone who reads this knows from his own observation if not from experience, that the secret of economy is order, system, especially in large and complicated affairs.

Your street railroad cannot AFFORD to haul its cars by horses or mules. They cost less at the start than an electric plant, but they cost more to run, and it [illegible] the company [illegible] an electric power plant at a cost running into the six figures.

So I say that this city cannot afford to run its business in the clumsy and stupid method which it has been following. It can better afford to [illegible] right, get the best, most efficient and most economical system [illegible] and then follow that.

Take the water system for example, a magnificent asset. It has cost some $1,000,000. It is worth more. But it ought never to have cost what [illegible]. Let me explain how it has been managed. Until a few years ago the mountain system was in charge of the city engineer (who had all the other duties of a city engineer to perform) and of the water committee of the council. Each member of that committee had to serve on two other committees. He is paid something like a dollar a day for his service to the city and he has to earn his living at the same time. The change made a few years ago was to put the water superintendent in charge of the maintenance and operation of the mountain system as well as of the distributing system in and about the city, leaving the city engineer still in charge of construction and extensions in the mountains.

The City Robbed.

The council paid $69,000 for the Seven Lakes basin. At least $60,000 of that was wasted. It was just a small mountain pasture of a few hundred acres, worth a few dollars per acre. No attempt was made to condemn the land, although the city had the right to institute condemnation proceedings. Then City Engineer Cave prepared estimates, specifications and contracts for the construction of the St. John tunnel and reservoirs 4 and 5. Clough & Anderson were the successful bidders. Competitors were bought off or bluffed off, even when their bids were prepared. The contract was let and signed, and work begun in the dead of winter.

No one saw that early work, the foundation work, the most important work, on behalf of the city, except the city engineer and his two brothers. The water committee did not see it, or the council or the mayor or the chairman of the finance committee who approved the bills.

The engineer turned in false estimates of work done and compiled false records in his office showing dimensions greater than those actually existing. The water committee did not know that, or the council, for that matter, and so it has happened that when we tried to find out why reservoir No. 4 leaked so badly we found that the concrete core was not there as long nor as deep as the engineer's records showed, and that the city had apparently paid out some $15,000 for excavating, filling and concrete which were just a myth, never existed at all. And no one in the city council knew about it, but they PAID THE BILLS.

We have lost the use of our largest reservoir for two years and shall lose it for another year because it was not properly constructed. And we shall not know until after long and patient investigation how much more money was spent for mythical things that did not exist—in reservoirs 4 and 5.

Now what would be said of the management of a water company that constructed its works in that fashion? How long would it keep out of the hands of a receiver?

Many Other Instances.

I could multiply instances until you are weary. It is enough to say that in the Seven Lakes basin alone money enough has been wasted to pay for twenty charter conventions, and to pay for expert engineering management of our mountain system since it was first begun. Some of that work has been well done. So far as I know, all that City Engineer Reid did was sound and safe and thorough. But a system that can leave to a man like Cave and a water committee of the council interests of such magnitude is puerile in one sense and criminal in another, because it leads to waste of the hard-earned money which those who pay their taxes contribute to the public funds.

If the delegates to our charter convention can not devise some better method than that for dealing with the city's chief asset, we shall deserve what we get, because those delegates will have been our choice, and their work will have met with our approval.

Some Suggestions.

The existing expenses in the police, fire and health departments could not be materially reduced. The public grounds and buildings are economically administered, but might better for some reasons be included with streets and sewers in a department of public works. A great annual saving in maintenance of our streets would result from a large initial outlay in substantial construction. This construction work can only be done little by little, so long as we have to keep open for traffic streets that are run down and worn out. A like saving also would result from putting the entire water system apart under skilled and experienced management. We cannot improvise such management every two years.

In brief, I do not think it extravagant to say that under a proper charter our city taxes could be reduced twenty per cent.

[illegible] the possibilities of such a charter have been set forth in an "Address to Citizens" signed by one hundred well-known citizens and circulated [illegible]. I [illegible] myself with [illegible] if your experience had been what mine has during the last [illegible] you would have [illegible] "For the Charter Convention."

BRUIN LOVED HIS LIQUOR

[illegible] YORKERS ON A FISHING TRIP, [illegible] AND [illegible] IT DOWN WITH A BOTTLE OF [illegible].

From the New York Press.

On a ridge of mountains back of the Big Indian and not far from this village, where the late Jay Gould served his first clerkship, is a small lake that has for many years been famous for its speckled trout. The lake is surrounded by a dense forest and has rocky shores. Out of the lake flows a small trout stream, which soon becomes a river and is called the Delaware. It is not on this lake but along the course of this brook that the scene of this story is laid.

About a mile or so down stream is the farm of Mrs. Joy, supposed to be more than 90 years old, who lives there carefully cared for by her two sons, who look as old as herself. Both are bachelors.

This used to be a great country for bears, but now there are few hereabouts. The best bear story of this section is that told by Mrs. Joy. The old lady, who is as bright as a newly-minted dollar, tells the story with a quaintness that is impossible to reproduce in type.

Hunted for Fish Worms.

"A few weeks ago," she says, "[illegible] city folks cum up here and wanted to stay a few days fur the trout [illegible] was purty good down [illegible] woods. They had the [illegible] baskets, fish poles, lines and wadin' boots that ever you see [illegible] great store on gettin' [illegible] to s'prise their folks with [illegible] York.

[illegible]

Chased by [illegible]

[illegible] what cookin' really [illegible] suppose they'd ever [illegible] biscuit or had a bite of real [illegible] them fellers just a [illegible] pasture lot and a-comin' fur the house like all possessed. They didn't wait fur no gate, but [illegible] the stone wall like [illegible] and tore on to the back stoop all sort of winded and lookin' scairt to death. 'Fur Heaven's sakes, boys,' says I, 'what's the matter with ye? Ye look like you'd seen a ghost.'

"'Thank goodness,' says the biggest on 'em, 'we are here at last. We've had a terrible time on't bein' chased by an old she bear. Here's her cub,' he sez, and stoopin' down, he just shook a little black feller out of his shootin' coat pocket and put it into my lap. [illegible] see such a cute little critter in all my born days, and you bet I was up and into the buttry and a feedin' of him quicker'n a wink. Waal, soon as they got their breaths the boys [illegible] story and one said:

Struck by Trout Hole.

"'It was this way, Mrs. [illegible] we waded through [illegible] follerin' the [illegible] told us and [illegible] prettiest lake [illegible] no bait [illegible] with no w[illegible] just tried [illegible] a while. We could get [illegible] a little bull pout [illegible] a good while before [illegible] but finally we [illegible] big woods near a ridge [illegible] pointin' big hole by [illegible] and kept ketch[illegible] satisfied. They [illegible] and it seemed [illegible] brook was [illegible] shut off his [illegible] to [illegible] and we kept on a-runnin' and finally got here.'

"'Waal, I sez, boys, you'd better have yer dinner. Mebby my sons will fix up the old musket and go huntin' with you this afternoon.' So they agreed to do this and wrassled with my dinner, which was just on the table, and I'd tell it was the finest meal they ever eat. Could not be beat in Fifth avenoo, they said.

"They seemed to like my new bread and the chicken pie and strawberry shortcake pretty well, anyhow. So after dinner my boys got all ready and they looked pretty smart for fellers more than 65 years old. There was quite a posse of menfolks went along with their hound dogs, guns and things and I told 'em that it would be a hard day fur that bear fambly if they got arter it.

Bear on Drunken Spree.

"They hadn't gone more than a mile when they met a little boy runnin' [illegible] with his hair just a standin' [illegible] eyes as big as saucers [illegible] in the brook down just now an' when I got out there [illegible] bear [illegible] a bottle in her [illegible] sandwiches piled [illegible] with [illegible] the fish poles was [illegible] everything. I [illegible] here [illegible] with [illegible] the [illegible] opened the [illegible] it all [illegible] broken on [illegible] twisted about.

"The [illegible] their [illegible] animile [illegible] forgot [illegible] I don't [illegible] scared out [illegible]

MONUMENT TO [illegible]

[illegible] historian, at the foot of the [illegible] to the German [illegible] to mark [illegible] his death. List, [illegible] political [illegible] German unity, died at Kurfstein.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A [illegible] Pickpocket

BEWARE of PICKPOCKETS

Schools of the Light Fingered Art Are on the Increase.

[illegible] PUPIL

WHILE FALSE [illegible] IS TAKING [illegible] OVERCOAT

[illegible] HAND AT WORK (CON[illegible] ATE ON [illegible])

CAUGHT IN THE ACT

A LESSON—REMOVING THE SWAG WITHOUT RINGING THE BELL ON THE COAT

THE ART OF USING THE FINGERS DEXTEROUSLY

SOME day the warning to "Beware of Pickpockets" may be seen as frequently in street cars and other public places as is the familiar "No Smoking." In every large city the pickpocket, like the microbe, lies ever in wait for the human victim. The pickpocket is even worse than the microbe, being a cannibal and preying upon his own kind. Furthermore, he acquires his nefarious business by being educated to it, while the microbe is born bad and therefore can't help it.

Now and then we read in a newspaper that a school for pickpockets is conducted in a certain city. Almost invariably the reporter refers to the principal of the institution as "a Fagin." This is a compliment to the memory of Charles Dickens, himself for years a newspaper reporter, who first described in a work of fiction a school for the instruction of children in criminality, such as really existed in London and no doubt still exists there. The writings of Victor Hugo contain vivid glimpses of Parisian schools of crime. Quite recently the police of Berlin have discovered advanced institutions of learning for pickpockets, many branches of the profession being taught.

But American cities furnish plenty of instances such as those disclosed in European fact and fiction. We have our pickpocket schools, as the court records of New York, Chicago and other large cities prove.

New York is America's center for pickpocket colleges. There are two very good reasons for this. New York is the port of entry for European immigrants, and it is "the town where the money is." Men who have studied the problem declare that by far the greater number of pickpockets in the United States are the offspring of the lowest class of foreign immigrants. Those who follow this trade do not select small villages. They go with the crowds. They seek the places where persons of means live and move and have their being. They are ever on the alert for the thick roll, the fat purse and the headlight diamond or real gold watch.

For many years the New York police have denied the existence of the so called schools where children and youth are instructed in the picking of pockets. The Pinkerton people, however, whose detectives operate largely in New York and have a general knowledge of pickpockets everywhere, declare that such places do really exist. Two years ago several societies devoted to the protection of children and the suppression of crime and vice applied to District Attorney Jerome of New York for special officers to go down into the lower east side of the city, the slum district, and break up the pickpocket gangs. Mr. Jerome assigned to this duty two of the men on his staff, a young detective named Daniel J. Reardon being in charge. The authority to make arrests was given to Reardon. This young man was born and reared on the east side and knew it thoroughly. In a little more than a month he arrested 136 pickpockets, securing convictions in court of all but sixteen of the number. Reardon also raided and broke up a number of "joints" which, he declared, were nothing less than schools for pickpockets and shoplifters. Some of these were operated as cheap saloons, others as billiard rooms and still others as restaurants or coffee houses. Boys and girls were found there under actual instruction in the art of taking pocketbooks, money rolls, watches and diamonds from the person. The instructors, as a rule, were old hands at the business of picking pockets, who had quit the work themselves because frequent arrests had become troublesome. They were teaching the young idea how to shoot in the same direction, no doubt getting a rakeoff on the products of their graduates. Boys of from fifteen to twenty underwent actual courses of training, and it was not until they were able to "lift" the money or jewelry of other and older crooks without being detected by the latter that they were sent out to operate upon real victims. Little girls also took these lessons, with supplementary courses in shoplifting.

Detective Reardon stated that in his belief 95 per cent of the pickpockets in New York city are the children of immigrants of the very lowest type. It must not be inferred from this, however, that the pickpocket is lacking in shrewdness or education. As a rule he has received some common school instruction, and his struggle for existence from the cradle up—granting that he had a cradle, which is not probable—has been of a character to develop his reasoning qualities and his perception along the lines most needed in his chosen calling.

But there are exceptions to this general classification of pickpockets, and they are the most dangerous. Some of these are well educated men, of good address, who are fashionably clad and ape the manners of swell society. One of this class is an Italian who first introduced in America the dress suit and Inverness topcoat as aids to pocket pilfering. This individual once boarded a car, picked several pockets and jumped off when his last effort resulted in an outcry from the victim. The car was near the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, into which the thief disappeared. Mingling with the many other gentlemen in evening dress and Invernesses, his identity was lost. He had timed his job on the car for just such a denouement.

Pickpockets, like express train robbers, go after the biggest game they can locate. This being the case, there are not so many of these gentry aboard crowded cars at work quitting time as there are on the cars which carry bankers and brokers to business or well dressed and bejeweled parties to the theater. There are in New York gangs of pickpockets who hire quarters near some of the principal theaters, play cards to pass the time during the performance and then station themselves at the exits of the playhouse to rob the people coming out or board the cars for the same purpose. These thieves, like most of their ilk, in fact, travel in "mobs," three or four to a mob. One is known as the "wire" or the "tool," and he does the actual work. The others, called "stalls" in the language of the trade, assist him by jostling or nudging the victim, by receiving the stolen goods or by acting as lookouts.

It is a serious mistake to entertain the notion that a pickpocket is necessarily a low browed, ill clad, hulking sort of fellow. The reverse is more often true. That well groomed young man sitting next to you in the car or standing close to you in the crowd on the street, who seems to be much interested in his newspaper or in the bulletin board across the way, may be figuring on the surest and safest way to get your watch or your pocketbook, or both, in the discretion of the thief. One of the commonest tricks is for a pickpocket to pretend to be interested in his paper and lift your watch by reaching his hand underneath the paper. Another trick is for the stall to nudge or hunch the victim, attracting his attention or arousing his indignation, while the innocent looking chap on the other side, the wire or tool, "gets the goods."

Pickpockets acquire remarkable dexterity in fingering bank rolls out of pockets without alarming the victim and in twisting watches loose from their swivel rings. In old times it was the custom to cut the chain, but latter day "dips," as the pickpocket is known, consider this too clumsy. They have a way of twisting the ring loose without being detected in the act.

Not only are pickpockets increasing in numbers in the United States, but they are becoming much more proficient than of old. This is due to their superior education in their profession. When Inspector McLaughlin was at the head of the New York detective force an old time pickpocket, well known to him, called at his office to complain that one of the younger generation of dips had lifted his gold watch. He said that he never discovered his loss until he saw his watch chain dangling. The crook remarked that the present day pickpocket is a very superior article.

One of the latest inventions in aid of pocket picking is the false arm. The well dressed dip carries his overcoat on this artificial arm, with the gloved hand visible. His real arm is under his coat. Standing beside a victim he can reach his arm out at the side or back and help himself without being suspected, for nobody save himself knows that he is a three armed man.

These crooks sometimes develop into very able actors. Chief of Detectives William Desmond of St. Louis, one of the most noted thief catchers in the United States, lives across the street from a church. One day during the progress of a funeral he observed that three boys, pretending to be mourners, were robbing the real mourners. He rang for special officers, and the three lads were nabbed, their pockets filled with watches, purses and other property. They had put pepper in their eyes to assist them in weeping. Kneeling with the mourners near the coffin during prayer, they plied their trade even in the presence of death and sorrow.

On the occasion of every great national gathering, such as a presidential inauguration, a nominating convention or an exposition, every big city sends to the place some of its best detectives, who know most of the veteran pickpockets by sight. When a detective spots a man whom he knows is a pickpocket the thief is either arrested on general principles or ordered to get out of town by the next train. Usually he gets out, for he knows that the next time he is seen and recognized he will be jailed until the event which has brought him to town is over.

ROBERTUS LOVE.

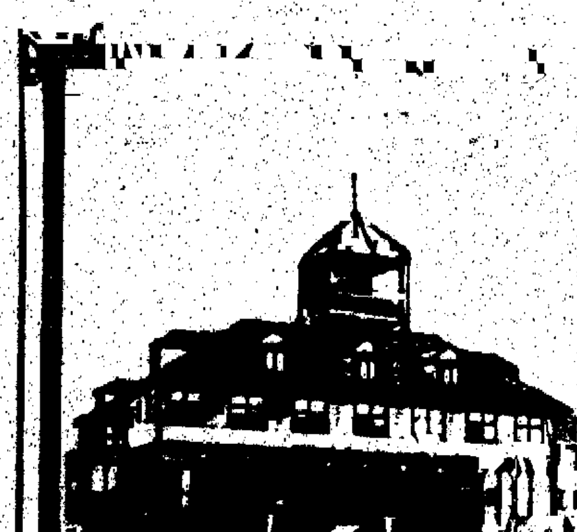
IDLENESS OF THE MUJIK.

The Russian peasant is lazy from climatic influences. The excessive heat in summer and the severe frosts and the earth's heavy blanket of snow in winter preclude vigorous exercise; the abject poverty oppressing the villages also tends to prevent any kind of exhilarating sport. Abject poverty keeps whole families, whole districts, buried in darkness for eighteen hours out of the twenty-four for more than a quarter of the year. Artificial light is, on account of the very heavy excise duty and the cost of distribution of kerosene, beyond the reach of the poor villagers, whose only means of lighting their sparsely windowed cabins is the primitive chip light stuck in the wall. Old and young have therefore to cease all occupation in the winter soon after 3 o'clock. Reading and handiwork of all kinds have to be given up, and early bed is the only resource. Children from school have no means of preparing their next day's lessons or of varying the appalling monotony of their dull and tedious young lives by story books or table games.

GERMANY'S RAILWAYS.

In recent years the construction of railways proceeded in Germany at the rate of about 621.5 miles a year. The entire trackage exceeds at present 34,-183 miles. The electrification of railways is still confined to a few suburban lines, where the system works satisfactorily.

THE STRANGE STORY OF MANUEL SILVEIRA



HOTEL PLAZA AT CEBALLOS

MANUEL SILVEIRA

AMERICAN TOWN of CEBALLOS

SILVEIRA, GOMEZ AND CEBALLOS

AMONG all the sensational happenings of a decidedly sensational season there is nothing more suggestive of romance in its telling than the story of Manuel Silveira. When one has accepted the facts as they have been unfolded chapter by chapter and proceeds to take a comprehensive review of the entire business, it is hard to believe that the imagination is not responsible for the whole matter.

It has been asserted that any man who is willing to pay the price may have wealth. Now here come Manuel Silveira and his career to refute the claim. He coveted riches, and he was perfectly willing to pay the price. That very willingness was his undoing. He was so eager to attain his end that he committed the supreme folly of outbidding himself, and the game was lost. From his position as promoter of the most extensive business enterprises in Cuba he fell precipitately to the level of a fugitive, a proscribed wanderer on the face of the earth in search of some place that would conceal him from the eyes of his fellows.

It was Manuel Silveira, it appears, who planned the recent revolution. He was not responsible for the sentiment which led up to open revolt against the government, but he took advantage of the spirit of unrest that was stalking abroad and manipulated it to his own purpose. He it was who collected the combustible elements that were awaiting the torch and fired them. The revolution already existed in theory. He made it practicable and precipitated it.

It is a strange story and a disagreeable one, for it has to do with the selfishness and venality that sometimes force their way into positions of the highest trust. These are the facts as they have come to light and are being verified from day to day:

When General Wood, the American provisional governor of the island, turned over the government of the new republic to its first president, there were already two political parties in Cuba, the Moderates and the Liberals. President Palma was the choice of the Moderates, and he was also the choice of General Wood and the "American influence." It seems, however, that he was by no means the first choice of the great mass of citizens of the island.

In those days Silveira was a Moderate, and he and the president were warm friends. He was sponsor for the American interest in the island, representing the industrial and commercial enterprises founded by J. M. Ceballos of New York, and he was the chief promoter of a town and colony named for the great Spanish-American banker. He was hand in glove with the American contingent and was regarded as its spokesman and chief apologist.

All went on famously until Silveira quarreled with the president. The cause of the difference is believed to have been Silveira's crookedness in a cattle deal in which Palma was interested. Silveira engineered the job and when the opportune moment came he sold and pocketed the proceeds. Naturally Palma was indignant. He remonstrated, but Silveira would not divide the profits.

Then the president resolved to get even. He at once set himself resolutely against all the jobs which Silveira was steering through the Cuban congress. One of these was a clever steal by which Silveira expected to coin half a million. He actually got it through the congress, but Palma vetoed it promptly.

In the meantime Palma secured a re-election, but it was a very troublesome business. Gomez, the popular idol of the Cuban race, came out as the Liberal candidate and at once manifested a strength that seemed to make his election certain. Although the Moderates were hopelessly in the minority, they had control of the government machine, and they did not hesitate to use it for all it was worth. Before election day they succeeded in convincing their opponents that mere numerical strength would be of little moment at the polls. Gomez, who realized the hopeless nature of his candidacy, withdrew from the race and went to New York, where he remained in seclusion until after his successful rival's triumph.

When Gomez returned to Cuba he was received by Silveira with open arms. He was immediately made general manager of the great sugar plantation at Ceballos and given carte blanche as to the hiring of workmen. Although there is no evidence that the patriot general began at once to plot revolution, it is a fact that he assembled a body of 7,000 men and put them to work on the estate. Silveira saw to it that they were supplied with weapons and ammunition.

The government recognized the menace and took steps to cope with it after the most approved Latin-American fashion. An extra force of rural guards was stationed in the vicinity of the estate with instructions to make all attempts at armed rebellion a failure. There was a good deal of trouble first and last, and the government troops, armed with effective guns and reenforced by the artillery, usually got the best of it. The government demanded that Gomez leave the vicinity, and he was obliged finally to seek other quarters.

But Silveira kept on with his preparations. It now appears that the funds he supplied to the leaders of the revolution [illegible] not come from his own private resources, but were filched from money sent by clients for investment. Finally [illegible] got things precisely as [illegible] wanted, and then he sprung the mine. About [illegible] time he learned that the [illegible] was likely to order his arrest [illegible].

He [illegible] measures to [illegible] President Palma and his adviser off the track. His first step to that end was to send 200 [illegible] as a present to the national [illegible]. Fearing that this show of generosity would not be sufficient to patch up his reputation for disloyalty, he supplemented it by betraying one of the revolutionary leaders, who was wounded and had taken refuge in one of Silveira's houses, into the hands of the enemy. The victim of Silveira's treachery was chopped into pieces with machetes.

This was Silveira's undoing. The friends of the murdered revolutionist declared vengeance on his betrayer. He found also that his base act was not accepted by the government as evidence of his loyalty to the state. Out with both sides, his only safety was in flight. In desperate haste he gathered his family and movable possessions and embarked secretly on a cattle steamer belonging to his firm and sailed away, his destination unknown.

Manuel Silveira is a Spaniard, not a Cuban. He appeared in Havana when a very young man, about forty-five years ago, and began life as a clerk, working hard and saving money. Ambition drove him on. He made small investments, prospered and finally branched out as a broker on his own account. In time he married a woman of wealth and family, eventually becoming rich enough to buy a fine house on the Prado, Havana's Fifth avenue, in which, with his charming wife and equally attractive daughter, he entertained lavishly.

The funds for all this display came from a wide range of business enterprises and investments. He was a member of a long list of companies, and in his individual capacity he represented certain houses in the States that intrusted to him the management of enterprises that ran into millions. The center of all the business activity was the banking firm of Silveira & Co., which is said to have had a capital of only $40,000. One of the peculiarities of the business is that this bank is still open and doing business as usual, [illegible] that the head [illegible].

Silveira [illegible] with J. M. Ceballos [illegible] several years. Ceballos [illegible] the best known Spanish man of affairs in New York. Before the war in Cuba he was the fiscal agent of the Spanish government in that city. After the war, through the agency of Silveira, he began to branch out in a variety of big Cuban enterprises and established an American colony in the island and built the town of Ceballos. They started a bank, built a fine hotel and operated a railroad. One of their enterprises was a gigantic cattle ranch, and a mammoth orange plantation was another. They also manufactured sugar largely.

Silveira is a small man, fair haired and blue eyed, with a great deal of vivacity and a convincing manner. He has demonstrated the fact that he is endowed with plenty of nerve and daring in business. He was fond of engaging in difficult problems, and anything that required intense effort appealed to him. He was known in Havana as "El Morgan Cubano," a title given him on account of his manifest disposition to absorb everything of importance in the country for the benefit of his numerous financial concerns.

ELMER G. HOWARD.

FOR THE NEWLY MARRIED.

In every marriage, however happy, there must be a certain amount of readjustment of habits, and this readjustment can scarcely fail to be accompanied by more or less disillusionment. For one thing, the point of view, masculine and feminine, is, as regards many things, totally different, and the bride who declares during her honeymoon that "men are just horrid!" is by no means rare.

Why should not a man be as tactful and as little disposed to find fault with his wife, or life partner, as he is with his partner in business? Why should he not entertain and amuse her as he does his friends and business associates? Why also should not a wife exert herself to please and entertain her husband as she did her lover?

Much domestic infelicity is directly traceable to the custom which wives and husbands contract of thinking that the other "does not matter," of treating one another not only without ceremony, which is pardonable, but without consideration, which is inexcusable. Newly married people should burn up in the fire of their ardent affection all little ways which are disagreeable to each other. Like government, marriage must be a continual series of compromises.

WOODEN RAILWAYS.

There are still several wooden railways in existence in Canada and the United States. One of them is in the province of Quebec and is thirty miles long. The rails are of maple, and trains are run over them with remarkable smoothness at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. This road is used for the transportation of timber.

HERE AND THERE.

The Teme is said to hold more different varieties of fish than any other inland [illegible] fish river.

In 1573 a Dutch force from Amsterdam [illegible] going up [illegible] skates, utterly defeated a large body of Spaniards.

The roads of Great Britain cover a space of 362,000 acres.

If the oceans suddenly became dry it would take the rivers of the world about 35,000 years to refill the dry beds.

All the gold in circulation could be put in a room forty-five feet long, twenty-five feet wide and twenty-five feet high.

The bishop of London spends no great amount of time in the planning of his sermons—forceful though they are. He writes them only on very special occasions. Usually he selects a suitable text, ponders it for a moment, notes down the heads of his subject, verifies his quotations and references and in the space of a few minutes he has settled the whole matter.

Mme. Flammarion, the distinguished wife of her equally distinguished husband astronomer, never allows any one to cut her husband's hair but herself, and she [illegible] the shorn locks to [illegible] low. The home in Paris is full of [illegible] pillows stuffed with clippings. The Flammarions were married thirty years ago; therefore, taking the average time of a man's growth of hair between each cutting as three weeks, the treasured accumulation of over 500 hair cuttings must make a goodly pile.

In [illegible] of the general population of this country sixty-seven males are deaf and dumb, but only fifty three females.

The Mediterranean is supposed to be tideless, yet there are sometimes four feet of tide in the Adriatic.

Paisley was the first place to make pocket handkerchiefs. That was in 1743.

The British government owns more than 25,000 camels.

Upward of 40,000,000 sleepers are used annually on the railways of the world. Of these the United States uses [illegible].

Of the whole area of the globe only [illegible] per cent is capable of tillage.

The king of Spain's full name is Alfonso Leon Fernando Maria Santiago Isidore Paschal Marcian. His mother decided on Alfonso, Santiago is the patron saint of Spain, Leon is adapted from the [illegible] of his godfather Pope Leo, the plowman Isidore is the patron saint of Madrid, Paschal is the patron saint of the king's birthday and Marcian is that of his christening day.

The Northwestern railway holds the record in number of engines owned by any one British railway company.

A cubic foot of mercury weighs 13,-550 ounces, a cubic foot of lithium only 580 ounces. Lithium is the lightest [illegible] known.

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

The Latest Fashions

THE CHARM OF FURS

The Business Woman's Attire

Plain Severity for Business Hours - Mannish Mixtures for the Tailor-made - Smart Modes in Hats - Fluffy Designs for Dinner and Theater Wear - But a Trim Figure Evident Throughout.

The business woman has become such a potent factor in things that concern her clothing to her calling and daily [illegible] have been invented for her special and exclusive [illegible]

The occasions in which those [illegible] are to be [illegible] the first and chief consideration in their designing. Where the [illegible] woman is a saleswoman or a chief of [illegible] in a smart dry goods or dry goods establishment, there is permitted to her an amount of style and [illegible] that is altogether denied to her sister who at working hours are spent in a broker's or an architect's office.

So many of our best shops today follow the English idea and insist upon what is practically a uniform for all employes, that there is but little scope or field for the exercise of personal taste in business dress. Black—an all black costume is the usual one prescribed; and not even a white collar and cuff is permitted in [illegible] as a relief to the dreary effect of this sober wear.

For the stenographers who fill office and secretarial positions, many of the girls highly [illegible] manage [illegible] keeping the full [illegible] conditions of their employers in transitions often at involving large [illegible] of money—for their the tailored gowns of [illegible] hue and the mannish style of [illegible] the acceptable type of gowns for business. Plain and severe, but at the [illegible] displaying a cleverness of cut and a quality of material that stamps the dress as by no means a cheap makeshift, to be counted among the inexpensive items of attire that the breadwinner and earner [illegible] must perforce be content to indulge in.

The successful business woman, if she have any so to at all of the eternal fitness of things, is readily recognized by her attire. There is a trim fit to her coat and skirt, her whitewaist displays the make-to-order cut of a good worker, her stock and cravat are faultless or, if she follow the latest Parisian style, her high and outstanding linen collar and overturned cuffs are of the [illegible] with just a hint of hand embroidery or veining along the edge to [illegible] the [illegible]

She [illegible] also do not care to indulge in the expensive attire [illegible] and his [illegible] the [illegible] nessa [illegible] tailor calls them shirtwaists nowadays, preferring to follow the French fashion and call them a blouse, pronouncing the same to rhyme somewhat with boots the ready-to-wear department stores in the [illegible] shops adorn excellent garments. Skirts are to be had in countless variety—all of them being in better style for clearing the ground, be it understood—and the variety in the ready-made vestments is simply [illegible]

In furs, as the English call the winter garment of [illegible] cut, there are [illegible] extremely smart designs offered at really [illegible] prices. In [illegible] places they are [illegible] boucle coats; but if the business woman who wants to [illegible] coat serve daily for the [illegible] to office and back again the [illegible] more or [illegible] replaced.

Light colors are to be preferred which [illegible] at styles are at all to be taken cognizance of, and there are all sorts of attractive [illegible] in [illegible] checks and plaids, preferably velvet trimmed, that will present a good appearance for a comparatively small outlay. The [illegible] and loose style of garment is favored by clever dressers, and it has far advantages in the way of [illegible] fact that the shorter and [illegible] garment does not present.

On the contrary, while the outline at [illegible] to be so [illegible], it is hoped that the short garment reigns. The [illegible] garment of [illegible] will be [illegible] today, and the shorter and snappier the coat the better the style. There are little gray coats that have the waist line moved [illegible] inches up the body, the better to accord with the short-waisted [illegible] that rules in more expensive and [illegible] gowns than rarely, if ever, reaching to even the curve of the hip. It takes a slender, erect figure, however, to carry these short-waisted styles, and the [illegible] of goodly girth and set [illegible] would do better to select a [illegible] conspicuous cut for her bustling garb.

Short little fitted coats are much sought for in furs, chiefly in the [illegible] expensive pelts. Some extremely attractive [illegible] of Persian paw, Russian pony, seal [illegible] and such are offered around the fifty-dollar mark, and are really a good investment. The fur-lined coat, too, is both slightly and comfortable, and makes possible the wear of linen and wash blouses the winter through, since stores and offices are usually well heated and sanitarily ventilated.

One material sin that the sterer [illegible] in is never guilty of is the wearing of cast-off finery for business. To see a silk or crepe de chine gown that has done much service worn in an office is enough to call forth a smile of pity for the ignorance of the wearer. Frills and furbelows are not the perquisite of the business woman in business hours.

The Feminine Type of Overcoat.

The overcoat is just as necessary to the business woman's comfort and well being as it is to the business man. While the same idea of warmth and protection are expressed in both, naturally one looks for a trifle more elaboration both in cut and trimming in the woman's garment. Plain and practical, but yet not aggressively so, is the smart model that forms the subject of illustration. The material is one of the new Kilmarnock tweeds that show a plaided surface on both sides, the plaids varying sufficiently in size and coloring to make for a pleasant contrast. Gray and brown checks are prettily mingled in the cloth here, and a broad open box is defined in a violet hairline that divides the checks into open squares. The coat is of scant double-breasted pattern, the back fitting tightly and [illegible] in fullness below the [illegible]. A pale effect that [illegible] but halfway to the center back and front is scalloped and piped with velvet, and gives a faint suggestion of an [illegible]

A SMARTLY PLAITED [illegible] WITH [illegible]

Some Modish Manifestations.

[illegible] are [illegible] special [illegible] for the [illegible] in the latest [illegible] All the way from a fitted back frill to a 45-inch flounce, the dressmaker who keeps abreast of all the mutabilities of fashion is playing back Chantillys for gowns of dancing [illegible]

To one accustomed to value real laces for their own intrinsic beauty it seems somewhat startling to find the exquisite Chantillys and Spanish laces ruthlessly [illegible] in the dyer to be tinted [illegible] or another of the [illegible] tints of the [illegible] But such is the fate when [illegible] are [illegible] for wear by the younger [illegible] of society. Not [illegible] do not [illegible] up well in [illegible] for [illegible] do.

One of [illegible] a gown in a [illegible] pink [illegible] hide the [illegible] at the [illegible] New York's [illegible] tors. The gown [illegible] it was made in London by a [illegible] of the [illegible] beauties of the [illegible] A [illegible] softly in dyed to a [illegible] of pink is backed with pink chiffon, posed over a [illegible] pink and yellow peau de soyeux, with the yellow a stronger factor in the coloring than the pink, and the whole wrought over with a Greek key design in [illegible] galleries in which pink or [illegible] coloring predominate.

Strongly suggestive of Chinese are some of the new wraps that proudly bear Parisian [illegible] conspicuously displayed, in a very [illegible] fashion, in a tablier or [illegible] that hangs in full and straight lines from the shoulders back and front, cut off to display the curve of the shoulder point where the arm joins. The space over the arm is filled in with a cape piece, a sling strap through which the arm is thrust serving to hold this in place. One [illegible] this design carried out in furs of the richest description, in silks and velvets [illegible] lined, and even in cloth with a quilted satin lining to add to its warmth for cold weather.

Plaid ribbons are in highest favor for all sorts of dainty little [illegible] for both the home and street toilet, but especially for the former. In addition to the brilliant plaided colature, there are some smart brocade effects shown, and velvet ribbon is oftentimes called upon to soften the tone of the brilliant plaid colorings to excellent [illegible]. Some sort of a little sleeve cap or [illegible] is usually concomitant of these dainty little effects, this adding to the broad, though drooping, lines that is the correct one on the shoulder.

Quaint-looking Little Mob Caps are offered in soft muslin, mouse lines and real laces for morning wear at [illegible] by matrons of the younger set. When such were in vogue some 30 years ago or so, more or less, they were known as breakfast caps, and were fully as fashionable for young folks as for their grandmothers, for whom they were originally intended.

"Marabout Mad" is the way that one fashionable milliner describes her entire clientele this season. Marabout plays, knots, pompons and turban borders for the hats, and marabout cravats, scarfs, stoles and boas, as well as muffs of many shapes and [illegible] to be worn with every style of frock, from the tailor-made of the mornings right on up to the decollette dancing frock of the Cinderella or the full-grown up dance that either lasts until the stroke of midnight or a couple of hours [illegible]

[illegible] are [illegible] than for [illegible]. The [illegible] but [illegible] they are, with few exceptions, dark. So it is, in a less degree, with the Irish, amongst whom, 150 years ago, a dark-haired person was [illegible]

[illegible] have [illegible] at the [illegible] and [illegible] for any [illegible]

[illegible] hold Dolly Dimples [illegible] where flocks of fowl intent are [illegible]. Especially is this so when [illegible] to shudder the fallen [illegible]. The [illegible] of pale blue, soft [illegible] of yellow, a tender willow or [illegible] and green and a blush pink or pink, the season's favorites in [illegible] and [illegible] to be far and away the first choice. Yet, there and handsome [illegible] match exactly are the fast [illegible] and where a [illegible] of fur is [illegible] as it is [illegible] will be [illegible] or two of [illegible] in vogue to [illegible] it. The [illegible] fur and [illegible] in the [illegible] is always [illegible] an air of [illegible] entirely at a [illegible] it is given to saying [illegible] that can be [illegible] set and [illegible] to do duty [illegible] with delightful [illegible]

[illegible] are [illegible] of giving [illegible] very different, it is that it is no [illegible] dress [illegible] and [illegible], either [illegible] this for [illegible] of fur [illegible] Straps carried over the shoulder, [illegible] fashion, crossed on the chest and [illegible] down into the collature, and much favor at the hands of Parisian [illegible], and the same effect is carried out in several different ways on the [illegible].

Finest Tinted Long Gloves are already on the counters to [illegible] the [illegible] of cold [illegible] for a warm arm [illegible] where the [illegible] is worn. They are to be had in all of the simple colorings, and in 12 and 20-button lengths. Black, gray and English tan kid are shown, and the style is said to come in white likewise, although the saleswomen declare that they have not had a call for a fine lined white kid or chevrette glove as yet.

The Silver Winter [illegible] is lined, and of the [illegible] variety. The [illegible] is so cleverly cut that it [illegible] to the foot both short and [illegible], the cloth top has a strap that [illegible] under the instep to give the impression of a gaiter, and the tops are of the 18-button variety, extending for a couple of inches higher up the calf of the leg than does the usual shoe. A more flatte[illegible] for the average stand foot has not been seen before.

Evening Kid Slippers, with stockings to match in silk or in the sheerest lisle—that is just as costly, by the way—that match to a marvel are being offered for wear with any and every shade of evening gown. For the girl whose dress allowance is not a very elastic one these [illegible] slippers offer a way to economy that will doubtless be taken wide advantage of.

The Parisian Skirt of recent importation is a striking contrast to what the tailors over seas are turning out. Here everything is pleated; whether it be [illegible], knife, box or knee pleats, one can hardly get away from the pleated design. The Parisian model is of circular cut, and displays from band to hem a succession of volants or fo[illegible] that narrow at the top, deepen as they approach the foot. The Parisienne has ever displayed a penchant for the shaped flounce, but this recent exploitation of the liking in flounces run riot. The model is in a pale mustard yellow broadcloth, and the flounces they really seem more like tucks or folds are made with a raw edge of the cloth and a [illegible] of [illegible] stitching. [illegible] are [illegible] and not at all as trying or [illegible] owing to the figure as one [illegible] at [illegible] No doubt we [illegible]

Necks *and* Neckwear.

Some Fashionable Considerations - Neck Dresses Assume New Importance - The High Choker and the New Flat Victorian Neck.

Womankind in general are awakening to the fact that it is the dressing of the neck that renders both hat and gown becoming or the reverse.

The masseuse has long been insisting that the American woman does not pay sufficient attention by half to her neck and throat, and cites the fact that while several French and English women are noted for their beauty of neck and throat, this is hardly the [illegible] with a stand of reputation in this direction.

The English bathing places along the Atlantic Coast this summer showed pretty girls and [illegible] with their bathing suits cut high in the neck and topped with a collar that reached almost to the ears. The puffed sleeve was short, but over the arm were drawn silken stockings, from which the feet had been cut, and which matched the bathing suit in hue, chiefly black, navy and a rather dark brown. In this way neck and arms were protected from the too ardent rays of the sun. Over the face a good cream was thickly smeared, and a coat of good powder laid on over this, the whole treated to a circular motion with a soft and fine hair brush—just such as is used for a [illegible] hair—[illegible] gill a [illegible] the [illegible] air. [illegible] of [illegible] and sea wind were so shaped for the skin of face and [illegible] but for the [illegible] of the neck and throat [illegible]

There is a chanteuse at one of the music halls in Paris whose [illegible] claim to public attention is not that she sings her lines cleverly, but that she has the longest and absolutely the whitest and most unlined neck in Paris. Every night she has the throat and neck massaged until there is absolutely no trace of Venus' necklace; those two little lines that run around the neck and are counted for beauty when they are pretty.

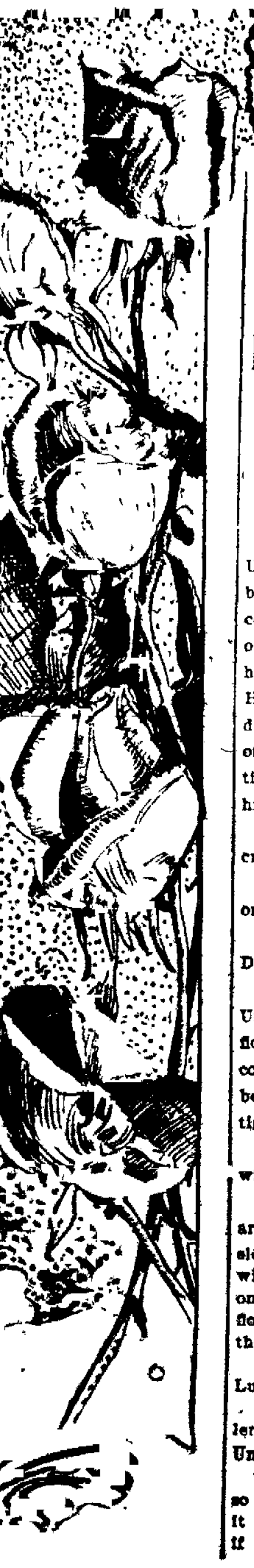
The recipe of a well-known beauty specialist for a white neck is: Hot water and good soap applied with a soft brush and a circular motion. Then cold water and plenty of it. Next cocoa butter or olive oil, according to the skin, thoroughly rubbed in until the skin refuses to absorb more, and as a windup a brisk rubbing with a cut lemon dipped in fine salt. The collarless neck will be a boon and a blessing to the girl who follows these directions, and hence can boast of neck and throat that are worth displaying.

DECREASE IN FAIR-HAIRED PEOPLE.

Fair-haired people are said to be becoming [illegible] than for [illegible]. The [illegible] but [illegible] they are, with few exceptions, dark. So it is, in a less degree, with the Irish, amongst whom, 150 years ago, a dark-haired person was [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

UNCLE JOE THE STORY TELLER



THIS WEEK HIS SUBJECT IS PLANT LIFE

How Nature Cares for the Weakest Flower and the Mightiest Tree---The Progression of Plants From Tiny Seeds to Full Growth.

UNCLE Joe, The Story Teller, had been out for a short stroll. It was a Sunday morning in early spring, and Uncle Joe had brought back a small bunch of delicate wild flowers, the contemplation of which as he sat upon the porch bench seemed to afford him great pleasure and satisfaction Here it was the children, freshly dressed and awaiting the expiration of the half-hour when it would be time to start to Sunday school, found him.

"O, look at the spring beauties'" cried Lucy, in delight.

'Come here and let me pin them on you," said Uncle Joe.

"What is that white one?" asked Dick, pointing to a blossom

"That is the blood root," answered Uncle. "It is usually the first wild flower to appear in this part of the country. But, this year the spring beauties seem to be running it a tight race."

"Why are there no wild flowers in winter?" Lucy wanted to know.

"Flowers and plants, like people, are born, feed, grow, have children, sleep and at last die. For some plants winter means death, and for others only sleep till spring For most wild flowers winter means death For their seed it means sleep."

"Tell us some more," pleaded Lucy.

"Well, listen," said the Story Teller. And this is

Uncle Joe's Story About Plant Life.

"When a seed falls into the ground so long as the earth is cold and dry, it lies like a poison in a trance, as if it were dead; but as soon as the warm, damp spring comes, and the busy little sun-waves pierce down into the earth, they wake up the plantlet and make it bestir itself

"At first the growing seed has no leaves or roots with which to feed upon the soil or the sunlight. But, very much the same as the little chicken in the egg, it feeds upon that which is with it contained in its shell or covering And, as the little chicken grows legs, wings and down before it pecks through the shell, the little seed develops roots, shoots and the material for the making of leaves

"So soon as the tiny roots begin to drink up nourishment from the soil, the nourishment so taken fills up the little cells closest to the roots and expands them so that they keep pushing up and feeding the cells above them, and thus the plant is forced up and into the light of day to grow and live out its life.

"Once peeping above ground the plant can no longer afford to be idle and live upon prepared food. It must work for itself, just as the little chicken must learn early to scratch for itself. So far it has been taking in food of the same kind as you and I, that is, food which has once been alive Think over what people eat and drink and you will find almost all of it has been alive, meat, vegetables, bread, milk; all these are made from living matter And, though you do take in such things as water and salt, and even iron and phosphorus, you could not live on such alone. The human body requires to be fed with food which can be worked up into living matter. But the plant, as soon as it has roots and leaves, begins to make living matter out of matter that has never been alive

"Hour after hour and day after day our plant goes on pumping up water and food from the earth from its roots to its leaves, drinking in carbonic acid from the air, and using the sun-waves to work them all up into food to be sent to all parts of its body In this way the leaves act as the stomach of the plant, and digest its food

"Sometimes more water is drawn up into the leaves than can be used, and then the leaf opens thousands of little mouths in the skin of its under surface which let the drops out just as drops of perspiration ooze through the pores of our skin when we are overheated. When the air is damp and the plant has too much water these lie open and let it out, but when the air is dry, and the plant wants to keep as much water as it can they are closely shut. There are as many as a hundred thousand of these mouths under one apple-leaf, so you may imagine how small they often are

"The plants which live only one year take in just enough food to supply, their daily wants and to make seed After the water is no longer carried up such plants wither and die but the seed makes its bed wherever it may fall into earth, and, if it lights upon good ground and is properly covered up by leaves and foliage, becomes a new plant next year.

"Of course, you know seeds are formed in flowers, and that the seeds are necessary to grow into new plants. Most carefully does the flower protect its seeds, as carefully in its own way as the best of mothers protect their children.

"To their aid flowers call the busy little bees and like insects, holding out to them their tempting drops of honey And as the bees fly from flower to flower they take with them a ripening sort of seed-food, called pollen, which carried from one to the other helps the seed grow strong and able to grow flowers when they shall have become plants.

"The bee is guided to the flowers by their bright colors and their sweet scents The brighter colored and showiest flowers as a rule are not the most fragrant, while many of the rarest scented are most modest of appearance. You will be surprised if you once begin to count them up, how many white and dull or dark colored flowers are sweet-scented, while guady flowers, such as the tulip, fox glove and hollyhock, have little or no scent. And then, just as in the world we find some people who have everything to attract others to them, beauty and gentleness, cleverness, kindliness and loving sympathy, so we find some flowers, like the beautiful lilly, the lovely rose, and the delicate hyacinth, which have color and scent and graceful shapes all combined.

"Have you ever noticed how different flowers open and close at different times? The daisy receives its name DAY'S EYE, because it opens at sunrise and closes at sunset, while the evening primrose and others spread out their blooms just as the daisy is going to bed. And there is a very good reason for all this.

"The daisy opens by day, because it is visited by day insects, but those particular moths which carry the pollen of the honeysuckle and other evening-opening flowers, fly only by night, and if such flowers opened by day other insects might steal their honey, while they would not be of right size or shape to touch the pollen bags and carry the dust.

"Again, some flowers close whenever rain is coming, some to prevent their pollen dust from being washed away, and others to protect their drops of honey. Cup-shaped flowers often droop their heads to protect the honey-glands within them, for if the cup became full of rain or dew the honey would be useless, and the insects would cease to visit them.

"But it is not only necessary that the flowers should keep their honey for insects, they also have to guard it carefully against the wrong kind of insects Ants love honey as well as bees and butterflies. Against the robber insects flowers protect themselves by hairy, or gummy, stems and also thorns and bristles.

"A thorough botanist has little need of either a watch or a barometer while among plants and flowers. From the flowers which are opening and closing he can very fairly approximate the hour of the day, and in many instances a pretty shrewd calculation may be made in regard to future weather conditions.

"The shapes, colors and scents of flowers are adapted to lure their particular insects best suited to carrying pollen from kind to kind The lower petal of the violet provides an ideal rest for the bee after its flight, and a comfortable support to the insect while engaged upon securing its drop of honey in trade for the pollen it brings.

"And after frost has come and all the tender flowers are withered and dead, after the leaves of bushes and trees have fallen as a soft cover over earth, the little seeds of summer time lie sound asleep throughout the long night of winter, until the warm breath of spring shall kiss them into life again on just such a bright, glorious morning as this."

"What time is it, Uncle Joe?" asked Lucy.

"Time for you children to run along to Sunday school," replied Uncle Joe, after glancing at his watch

"I'd almost as soon stay here," said Dick.

AGITATION FOR EXCLUSION OF JAPANESE REACHING CRITICAL STAGE

Yellow Peril on Coast

FEELING AGAINST MIKADO'S SUBJECTS MORE BITTER THAN AGAINST CHINESE

Special Correspondence The Sunday Gazette.

By Ira E. Bennett.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26

AGITATION against the Japanese is becoming more general and intense on this coast It has its center in San Francisco, where the Japanese congregate and where the labor unions are strongest. Public opinion here seems to be united in the conviction that the Japanese must be excluded perhaps as rigorously as the Chinese if a race war is to be averted The leaders of the movement to exclude the Japanese are the labor unionists but the feeling against the orientals is by no means confined to those who feel the effects of their competition

The chief point of friction thus far developed between the whites and the Japs is in the use of the public schools. Unlike the Chinese the Japs are quick to seize upon every opportunity [illegible] this coast but they are not numerous

Gangs of them are employed in Washington, Oregon Idaho, Utah, and Nevada, but the Jap who comes to California is a different sort He is a dapper, acute, oily chap, who knows exactly what he wants and how to get it quickly He joins a gospel society and by the artifice of trying to study the white man's God and doing the white man's chores he manages to obtain an English education without cost The white people who rejoice when a heathen soul is redeemed are only too glad to aid one of these young fellows They feed him on sacred literature and patiently assist him in his studies [illegible] The less said of the Japanese women who infest San Francisco the better

Japanese immigration did not become a serious matter until about the time of the Spanish war. Japanese laborers were imported into Hawaii, but they did not come to this coast in large numbers. At first the Hawaiian sugar planters were delighted with the little brown men They thought they were ideal laborers until the camps became little hells on earth with continual squabbles As the Japs increased in number they became insolent and made life unbearable for the Portuguese and other laborers. Now the Hawaiians are anxious to get rid of the Japs who are pouring in and making themselves exceedingly offensive. Since the Russo-Japanese war the little men are very conceited. It is no uncommon thing in Hawaii and even in California to hear a Jap boast that the Americans dare not exclude him. He is sure his country could whip the United States or any other country. This is [illegible] conducive to peace on earth

Some of the Japanese newspapers have commented in bellicose terms upon the dislike of Japanese in Hawaii and have advocated the sending of a [illegible] to Hawaii to bring the [illegible]

[illegible] landing in Hawaii than ever before. The difference in the situation is that whereas formerly the Japs remained in the islands to work in the canebrakes they now stay at [illegible] awaiting the next steamer that will carry them to San Francisco [illegible] having been examined at the port [illegible] United States [illegible] the sugar plantations. They tried Porto Ricans but the islanders [illegible] from Fayal for Honolulu Japanese labor is being displaced as quickly as possible

The immigration reports show that over 11,000 Japanese entered the United States in 1905 and the number arriving in 1906 will greatly exceed that figure. More than half of the Japs came under the flag at Hawaii. As no account is kept of passengers arriving from Hawaii, it is impossible to tell what proportion of the 6,000 Japanese arriving at Hawaii last year continued their journey to California The number was very large. This year the Japanese arrivals by way of Hawaii have been larger than ever before. Every steamer from the islands brings its contingent of the brown men, sometimes several hundred at a time

The time has not arrived when hostile demonstrations are made against the Japanese but it is sure to come in the opinion of people on this coast if the immigration is not lessened Mutterings against the Japs resemble those which preceded the outbreak against the Chinese years ago The greatest resentment is expressed by laboring men and those representing them. These people pay no attention to international comity and treaty obligations If they think a foreigner and particularly an oriental is working for less wages than themselves they are likely to try to remedy the situation by the most convincing [illegible] among the leading business men and politicians of Japan The industry of assisting emigrants [illegible] profitable

The keystone of the [illegible] theory of perpetual allegiance to the sovereign. Loyalty to the fatherland was manifested to a remarkable degree by the Japanese during the recent war. They rarely, if ever, renounce their allegiance to the emperor. Like the Chinese the Japanese come to the United States for the purpose of acquiring money and returning home as soon as possible Unlike the Chinese, the Japanese does his best to learn American methods in order to apply them at home

With the assurance that every emigrant leaving Japan will return the emigration companies are enabled to execute their system of assistance They work in co-operation with the steamship companies and with the emigrant himself Commissions are paid to active agents throughout Japan who hunt out would-be emigrants The emigrant company charges the emigrant [illegible] and he enters into a contract to pay the bill out of his wages The company then procures a passport for him, gives surety to the government that he shall be returned to Japan in case of need and advances enough money to pay his passage to the promised land Contracts are made for the labor of these emigrants, and while it is difficult to prove that the contract-labor laws of the United States are violated the success of the system points convincingly to such a [illegible] Labor contracts [illegible] countries where the [illegible] prohibit them and, sometimes the immigration of Japanese [illegible] countries is quite heavy [illegible] that the contracts made [illegible] British Columbia also apply in the United States

Hotel keepers, ticket brokers railroad agents in Japan and others who would [illegible] Japanese emigration, are [illegible] active assistants in promoting the success of the assisted [illegible] system

The emigration companies have an immense body of material to draw [illegible] The population of Japan is 29 [illegible] taking the country Yet only a small portion [illegible] population is huddled [illegible] The poverty of the [illegible] pitifully small There is every inducement to the Japanese coolie to emigrate and if the contract labor laws [illegible] the United States were not in force the influx of assisted immigrants would [illegible] enormous

Many of the leading citizens of this [illegible] believe that the time has nearly [illegible] arrived when the Japanese must be excluded and for the same reason. They believe the Japanese are evading the contract-labor laws in many cases. And even if the contract laws are strictly enforced, they believe the Japanese will continue to come, under the system of assistance The Jap, like the Chinaman, will work for wages upon which a white man would starve. It is true that the Japs already here have demanded good wages, nearly as high as those paid to the whites for similar work, but under the competition of their own countrymen they would reduce their demands.

In a report to the commissioner general of immigration, a special commissioner dispatched to Japan to investigate the immigration, explained why the Japanese prefer to come to the United States rather than to go to the new countries nearer home

"The Japanese lives in the present, he is not, and never will be, an independent pioneer, he wants immediate profits, or wages hence he desires to emigrate to civilized countries where he can earn good wages and as he expresses it, 'learn English' and how to farm and do other things as the more favored nations do and after he has achieved these results and made money place himself in a position to return to his native land in from three to five years hence it is an easy matter for the agents of the emigration companies to persuade large numbers to come to the west

"They are lured by the [illegible] of high wages and immediate employment The Pacific coast is a favored locality with them not only on account of the wages paid but because of the climate which is very similar to that of the [illegible] of Nagasaki, Kobe and Yoko[illegible] [illegible] Mexico, Peru and Brazil

The commissioner throws this further light upon the situation

I was informed by Mr that Mr a leading member of parliament from the province of Kyushu told him that his province (Kyushu) was annually producing a thousand more laborers than they could find employment for at home. At the time this conversation occurred this Japanese member of parliament was on his way to one of the southern islands to see if arrangements could not be made to take laborers there. This member of parliament, in his conversation with Mr , spoke of the situation as one which gave them great concern

"The question naturally occurs, how do they raise sufficent money to emigrate As I intimated in my report of the 24th ultimo, the emigration companies in certain instances furnish them money, sending a Banto along with the emigrants to look after their interest I found, by inquiring among the people, that it requires from five to ten years for a Japanese farmer to save 200 yen. Some undoubtedly do this, but the majority secure money by selling their holdings and by borrowing from the emigration companies —friends and relatives, upon whom they are more or less dependent going their security The laws are very strict in Japan concerning the collection of debts There are no exemptions, and hence in view of the fact that every emigrant to the United States is able to send money home this is a safe business. Besides the pickings of the emigration companies enable them to get back a large part of the funds loaned the emigrant before he [illegible] I [illegible] of course prove this statement [illegible] facts but all the circumstances [illegible] supporting this view

The agitation for the exclusion of the Japanese is led by the Japanese and Korean Exclusion league which is composed largely of union labor representatives Memorials have been [illegible] congress and the California [illegible] in congress [illegible] toward discussion of the Japanese [illegible] question The [illegible] people perceive that the east is not ready at this time to consider Japanese exclusion but they are convinced that the time is rapidly approaching when something must be done to protect this coast from the demoralizing influence of the Japanese. If exclusion is impossible they will demand restriction at least [illegible] rising against the Japanese.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

WANTED MALE HELP.

THAT YOU MAY KNOW
A student of another business college visited our school Nov. 1st. After seeing a two-months class take dictation faster than is usually attained in 8 months at other schools, he enrolled with us. He is one of many who have been convinced thro' impartial investigation. The Miller Practical Shorthand College, DeGraff Bldg. State right to teach Byrne Shorthand.

QUARTZ miners, New Mexico, $4, bridge carpenters and laborers, $2 to $2.75 R R laborers for Kansas, $3 and pass; ranch men, $30, house men, $25, kitchen men, $20, laborers in and near city, $2 and $2.50, 10 boys and men for beet topping National Employment, 30 S Tejon

WE recently secured a position in the Mining Exchange Bldg for a 3-months (night school) graduate. Why not call and see what kind of work she does? The Miller Practical Shorthand College, DeGraff Bldg.

REPRESENTATIVE wanted in this city for leading automobile school. Liberal terms to right man No "has been" or fakir need apply. References required. Correspondence School of Automobile Engineering, 40 West 8th street, New York City.

LARGE wholesale house, paying its salesmen $1,500.00 per year and expenses to sell staple line to general trade desires two more men for 1907 to commence work at once, if possible. Address John S. Allam, Detroit, Mich.

HUSTLERS wanted everywhere, $25 to $30 made weekly, distributing circulars, packages, overseeing outdoor advertising Experience not needed New plan No canvassing Address, Merchants Outdoor Advertising Co, 79 Dearborn St, Chicago

IN SIX weeks we educate you in salesmanship, secure you position as traveling salesman with responsible firm. Address, The Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Experienced in any line to sell general trade in Colorado. An unexcelled specialty proposition Commissions with $35.00 weekly for expenses. The Continental Jewelry Co., Cleveland, Ohio

WANTED—Carpenters, apprentice carpenters and laborers to exchange work for lots. Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Realty and ... Co., 22 N. Tejon St.

GOOD PAY—To men everywhere, To tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc. No canvassing. Universal Adv. Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper. Good penman and accurate at figures. For brokerage office. Give references C-348, Gazette

WANTED—Men with teams to exchange work for lots Part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Co, 22 N. Tejon,

GOOD solicitor; must be A1. Steady local employment to right party. Address E 111, care Gazette.

WANTED—Live agents at good salary, ... man can make ... Call 9 a. m., Room 36, ...

WANTED—Good solicitor; must be good rustler and acquainted with city, Apply 305 DeGraff Building.

WANTED—Two or more young men to room and board Also nice housekeeping rooms, cheap. 803 E Kiowa

WANTED—You to call on me at my new quarters Daniel Hewitt Real Estate office, 122½ E Pike's Peak Ave.

20 TEAMS and 40 laborers at the Golden Cycle mill Apply on works to Lynn S Atkinson, Contractor

BOOKKEEPING and stenography taught quickest method at Land Business College, Hagerman Building

WANTED—Boy to do chores on ranch The Sanitary Dairy Co

WANTED—Tailor or tailoress 3 West Huerfano

THE BYRNE SHORTHAND IS THE BEST

WANTED Painters to exchange work for M... 21½ East Pike's Peak avenue

WANTED—Boys to set pins good wages Brunswick Bowling Alleys

BOY for messenger Apply at Telephone Office

WANTED—A solicitor, Colo City Manufacturing Co Box 181, 417 Colo Ave.

WANTED—Boy with wheel at Musick's Pharmacy, 119 E. Fontanero.

WANTED—Strong boy at ... N Tejon

WANTED—Men with bathtub to saw ... 111 E. Bijou? ...

WANTED MALE HELP.

WANTED men, everywhere, good pay, to distribute circulars, advertising matter, tack signs, etc; no canvassing. Address National Distributing Bureau, 100 Oakland Bank Bldg, Chicago, Ill

WANTED—Good man in each county to represent and advertise hardware department, put out samples, etc Salary $21.00 weekly. Expense money advanced. Dept. A-4, the Columbia House, Chicago

MEN and women wanted for fine government positions. Our free book C-181 tells how to secure one. Write for it today Address Washington Civil Service School, Washington, D. C.

WANTED — Traveler for established house, $12.00 per week Expenses advanced References Address, with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Colorado Springs, Colo

WANTED 500 men and boys to buy unredeemed overcoats from $1.50 to $15.00 at M. K. Myers licensed loan office. 26 E. Huerfano St. Phone 1562 Black.

MEN, everywhere, $4.00 daily, pass circulars, tack signs no canvassing, steady. Continental Distributing Co., Chicago.

POSITIONS secured or tuition refunded at Henager's Business College. Attend the best. Phone 231 Black

TELEGRAPHY taught at Henager's Business College. Day and evening sessions

WANTED SITUATIONS.

YOUNG man good penman, rapid and correct at figures, wants position in office; can furnish good reference. Address C-31, Gazette.

POSITION as lady's companion, by competent young lady; best references C-188, Gazette.

EXPERIENCED girl wants position as cook in private family. 626 North Tejon

WANTED—Work by day or plain sewing, washing or ironing at home. 320 N. Spruce St.

SITUATION wanted by first-class cook in private family. References C 757, Gazette.

WOMAN wants to do washing ironing or sweeping by hour. 817 S. Tejon.

SEWING in families by first-class dressmaker, $2.50 per day. C 79, Gazette.

SEAMSTRESS wants work in private family or at home, 230 Pueblo Ave.

COMPETENT cook; German; wants position in private family. C-357, Gazette.

WANTED—By seamstress, sewing in families, $4 per week 318 E Platte Ave.

COMPETENT German girl wants cooking and general work by day Z-Gazette

WANTED—Work as supply cook, or day work. Phone Blue 31.

HOUSE work by young colored lady. 421 East Cucharas

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

CUT rate on household goods to all eastern points; also all Pacific coast points. The Wandell and Lowe Transfer and Storage Co.

TO BORROW $750 or $800 Real estate Private parties Address A B H, Gazette.

I WANT someone to take part of a car to Seattle Answer quick Jacoby, 130 East Huerfano St.

ANTIQUE furniture upholstering, cabinet making, done in finest and artistic manner 510 N Tejon, formerly N Y

WANTED—To buy chicken house about 20 ft long 8 ft wide and 6 ft high. C-353, Gazette

CASH paid for men's clothing. Write or call 13½ E Huerfano St.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

I MUST leave this altitude, therefore, I will sell a new and secondhand furniture store doing annual business of $15,000 for $3,000 cash to quick buyer Established 1890 Address C-319 Gazette

BIG FURNITURE SALE—Iron beds mattresses springs bedding, gas range, rockers etc at 309 E. Bijou St, tomorrow 10 o'clock a m

PARLOR dining room bedroom, kitchen furniture steel range cook stove, heating stove, gas heater 121 E Kiowa St.,

FOR SALE at a sacrifice, furniture of 15-rooms, most centrally located Address B Gazette

ALL kinds second hand furniture at ... at No. 8 S. Weber? ...

WANTED FEMALE HELP.

WE recently secured a position in the Mining Exchange Bldg. for a 3 months' (night school) graduate. Why not call and see what kind of work she does? The Miller Practical Shorthand College, DeGraff Bldg.

WANTED—You to know that Henager's Business College has been in business sixteen years and that all graduates have secured good positions,

LADIES, to make sanitary belts. Material all cut ready to sew; $1.20 per dozen, particulars stamped envelope. Lenox Co, Dept. 550, Chicago.

LADIES to work piecework, $3 per dozen; materials furnished No canvassing; steady work. Stamped envelope. Best Mfg. Co. Champlain Bldg., Chicago.

FIRST-CLASS woman cook, $50 per month; bring references; waitress, second girls, laundress, nurses. Mrs. Rhiod, DeGraff Bldg.

HOOTEN'S big music sale now on. Regular 25c sheet music, 9c per copy See window display, with Bird Piano Co., 11 N. Tejon

GOOD sewing machines for rent by week or month. J F Hooten Music Co, 11 N. Tejon St. Phone Main ...

YOU to learn bookkeeping and shorthand, Graham system, at Land Business College, Hagerman Building.

WANTED—An experienced girl for second work and waiting table. Apply 1414 North Nevada avenue

LEARN Telegraphy at Henager's Business College. Call and see ... in session.

WOMAN cooks, $30 to $35; general girls, waitresses. National Employment, 30 S Tejon.

... 115 N. Tejon Mrs. J. W. ...

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 801 North Weber

WANT girl; general housework; family of two; at 217 N. Sixteenth.

WANTED—Girl; general housework; family ... 1201 N. Nevada Ave.

WANTED Competent girl for general work. 315 West Del Norte St.

... tic help of all kinds 305 North Tejon.

WILL give lady board for plain sewing 618 West St. Vrain

WANTED AGENTS.

AGENTS Something extraordinary; self-generating gas burners fitting kerosene lamps; brilliant white gas light; liberal inducements; exclusive territory, positive monopoly; description free; established, reliable. Eastern Gas Light Co, 280 Broadway, New York.

WANTED TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED HOUSES TO RENT.
WE ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we can rent it for you quick Try us,

YATES & McCLAIN.
The Hustling Real Estate ...
15, 16, 17, 18, 19, El Paso Bldg
Phone Main 270

WANTED—A modern six-room unfurnished house, close in Address C 160, Gazette

STORAGE AND TRANSFER.

MOVING furniture and pianos our specialty Phone us when you expect to send goods by freight We can send your goods with other lots and save you money Smith Storage and Transfer Co Phone 100

WANTED REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—For cash 250 to 1,000 acres good irrigated land, close in, particulars, P O Box 61

FOR RENT OFFICES.

FOR RENT—Furnished desk room 4 P O Building

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—To sell on commission, home-made holiday novelties Woman's Exchange Under auspices of Garfield Kindergarten association Orders taken for dinner party cards For particulars call 215 E. Cache la Poudre Phone Black 772.

HIGH price paid gent's left off clothes and shoes Phone ... 3 W Huerfano

... at 27 East ...

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS

LARGE, pleasant, steam-heated rooms with hot and cold water in each, bath rooms and all conveniences twelve to twenty dollars month The El Paso Apartments, 211½ N. Tejon St.

THE HALCYON—Refined apartments, beautifully furnished, steam heat, hot and cold water in rooms, free baths, close in; winter rates. 330 N Tejon

LARGE, sunny front room in private home; electric light furnace heat, Kitchen privileges if desired Fine boarding house in block 2017 N Tejon

NICE warm rooms; plenty hot water, reasonable; transients 222½ E. Pike's Peak.

3 OR 4 rooms, furnished for housekeeping; modern except heat; first floor, 14 S. Wahsatch.

WOODBINE, 15 N. Nevada, half block north of P O.; newly furnished, comfortable rooms, $2 per week

SOUTHEAST ...; fireplace, hot water heat; good ... next door. 222 Willamette

SUNNY ... for lodging or housekeeping; cheap rent. 319 N. El Paso.

ATTRACTIVE front room, private house; northeast, reasonable right party. Address C-347, Gazette.

HOUSEKEEPING suite, front room and sleeping porch, large single room; modern; winter rates. 24 E Dale St

For rent, an elegant upstairs front room, furnished, southwestern exposure, hot water heat 1516 N. Tejon.

TO RENT—Small room, steam heat, modern, lady preferred, cheap. 111 West Boulder.

MODERN furnace-heated rooms; reasonable; kitchen privilege if desired. 414 S Cascade.

For rent—Newly furnished room, private family, no children. Reasonable. 514 S. Nevada

FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, single or en suite. 540 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

FOUR furnished ... strictly ... center city; furnace. C 14, Gazette.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, furnished for housekeeping. 524 North Weber.

SOUTH front room light, bath private entrance, $8. 328 E. Cucharras.

CLEAN, comfortable housekeeping rooms at $8 a month. 305 S. Cascade

PLEASANT south room, lady, only $2.00 30 Boulder Court.

TWO or 3 housekeeping rooms, cheap. 944 South Cascade.

FRONT room; private entrance; suitable for two men. 523 S. Nevada

PLEASANT rooms, housekeeping; telephone, small room, cheap 529 N. Nevada.

MODERN rooms for light housekeeping 425 East St. Vrain street.

A SUITE of rooms on first floor., 430 N Weber St.

TWO furnished rooms in modern house, reasonable rates 330 E. Kiowa.

FURNISHED rooms or light housekeeping rooms 327 N Cascade Ave

FIRST floor, modern housekeeping rooms and 3-room cottage 436 E. Platte

FOUR housekeeping rooms, furnished, modern 834 E. Platte

THE LACLEDE—Rooms, modern, $2.50 per week and up. 222½ E Pike's Peak

THREE or four furnished rooms for housekeeping, 724 North Nevada Ave.

A COTTAGE and housekeeping rooms, one block west of Washington school

ROOMS for light housekeeping 115½ S Tejon street

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms, rear, 18 S Weber

MODERN furnished rooms Also two for light housekeeping 23 S Weber St

ROOMS modern with heat electric light bath $1.50 week up 211 N Cascade

MODERN steam-heated room with or without board, at 15 Boulder Crescent

FOR RENT—3-room apartment furnished or unfurnished 17 E Vermijo St.

NICE large room, reasonable rates. 34 W Bijou

TWO or three connecting rooms for housekeeping 37 West Bijou.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

TWO nice housekeeping rooms light bath, gas range, also small bedroom cheap 440 E Pike's Peak Ave

BEAUTIFULLY furnished rooms, single or en suite, steam heated 735 North Tejon

2 OR 3 nice housekeeping rooms, bath, private, Cor St Vrain and North Royer

ROOMS AND BOARD.

NEW ELK HOTEL. Low rates for winter, with or without board.

FOR RENT—One very large, elegant room suitable for 2; room and board, $7.00 each ... 321 E. Bijou.

MRS. J. W. BRAUER has reopened the May boarding house at 321 E. Bijou. Cheap rates for the winter

WANTED Roomers and table boarders. Table boarders especially 118 West Platte. Mrs. E. E. Baty.

McGREGOR Inn 25 W. Bijou. Rooms with or without board.

LARGE sunny sleeping porch with connecting room. 220 N Cascade

BOARD and room by day or week; newly furnished. 416 N Nevada

ROOMS AND BOARD—... Walter A. ... 117 N. Nevada

ROOM and board; reasonable rates for winter. 312 E Kiowa.

TO RENT UNFUR. ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms; water in kitchen; cheap. 319 E. Platte ...

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
THEN SEE US
THE STAR LOAN CO.
For, if you have permanent employment we have it for you just on your note,
NO MORTGAGES necessary
NO PUBLICITY for you.
EASY terms EASY payments, LIBERAL DISCOUNT if paid before due.
MONEY ON CHATTELS
Room 35, First Nat'l Bank Bldg
Phone ... 578.

MONEY TO LOAN
In amounts to suit you, on chattels or any good security.
H. A SCURR,
30 S. Tejon.

MONEY to loan on real estate, lowest rates.

NO DELAY
Insurance written in companies of undisputed financial standing.
W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Tel. 476. 27 N. Tejon St.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5 AND 6 PER CENT.
MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E Kiowa St

WANTED TO LOAN $7,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates, will loan $1,000 if desired Call mornings, 9 o'clock
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Block

CHATTEL AND SALARY LOANS AT LOW RATES AND EASY PAYMENTS ... COLO. BLDG. PHONE 471-B.

$25 TO $500 on furniture, pianos, horses, cattle, lowest rates 55 Bank Bldg

LOST.

SCOTCH Collie, last Saturday night Return 1511 Washington West Colo Spgs Liberal reward

A ROUND black onyx breastpin Return to 6 Pike's Peak Ave and receive reward Valued as keepsake of mother's

LOST—Electric solder iron in Colo City Telephone 1234 Main Reward

FOUND.

FOUND—Man's b... Prove property and pay for advertising. J. P. Work 1020 N Wahsatch

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING—Ladies and gents' coats altered and relined reasonable 610 E Boulder

FOR SALE RANCHES.

LAND that is cheaper than ... growing should be worth ... $2.75 per acre, 1-10 down. ...
... PACIFIC LAND AGENCY, ... Tilden? ...

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES

Three-room cottage north end $11.00
7-room residences, one on Washington Ave and one on Colorado Ave, each $40.00
5-room cottage on Washington Ave, well furnished, no children or invalids 35.00
7-room modern residence on Grant Ave, close in 35.00
4-room cottage on Philadelphia St, partly furnished 7.50

WARNER & MILLER,
1012 Colorado Ave Phone West 45.

FOR RENT—4-room furnished house, 324 Monroe Ave, with coal house and store room, nice, large lawn Price $15 per month Address the Owner, E Hibbard Witherill, Suite 22 & 23, Exchange Nat Bank, Colorado Springs, Colo.

FURNISHED.
Two 3-room cottages, No. 88 and No. 90 Main St., Colo. City.
WARNER & MILLER,
1012 Colorado Ave Phone West 45.

NINE-ROOM modern boarding house on West side; party has 8 boarders at present; rent $40. Warner & Miller, 1012 Colorado Ave, Phone West 45.

FIVE-ROOM modern; completely furnished to accommodate 2 or 6 people. Price no object to the right parties; 2 blocks from P. O. Come, See. Inquire 25 S. Wahsatch.

2-room cottage, south, only $10
5-room cottage 12
4-room modern except heat 15
H. A. SCURR, 30 S. Tejon.

FOR QUICK ACTION LIST YOUR HOUSES FOR RENT OR SALE WITH DANIEL HEWITT, 122½ PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

A THOROUGHLY modern, well furnished house, ten rooms, in fine location; reasonable to right party. Inquire 1511 N. Tejon St.

7 ROOMS, modern, close in, $30.
MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E. Kiowa

ATTRACTIVE, clean, ... furnished, 4-room house. Call at 832 N. Corona before 10:30 a. m.

ONE nice, new papered and painted furnished 4-room house for rent. 824 N. Prospect St.

SUNNY modern room for lodging or housekeeping, cheap. Lent, 319 N. El Paso.

TO RENT—Furnished five-room house; to adults, water inside; electric lights. 432 E Platte.

FURNISHED four-room cottage for rent, Inquire 432 E Pike's Peak.

FOR RENT—Five room furnished cottage; electric lights, water, etc 306 S. Weber.

SUNNY flat, fully modern, 1st floor. 326 E. Yampa. Phone Main 1611.

CORNER house seven rooms with sleeping porch, fully modern, 801 N. Nevada.

FURNISHED three-room cottage, 725 S. Tejon, cheap for the winter.

FURNISHED cottage, 4 rooms and flat. 633 N Royer St

4-ROOM house, modern, 530 N. Institute. Key at 534.

LARGE one-room cottage Call 221 East Dale St

2 LARGE sunny rooms, furnished for housekeeping $15. 1324 N Tejon

4-ROOM modern furnished flat, balcony; gas range, $30, $25. 2016 N Tejon.

SIX-ROOM house, good location, north end 4 P O Building

STRICTLY modern house for rent either furnished or unfurnished 720 N Weber

NEARLY new neat 3-room houses $12, right parties 623½ North Wahsatch

FOUR or 5 furnished rooms, modern and reasonable 502 East Dale

3-ROOM house partly furnished, on car line Call at 423 W Bijou

SUNNY flat, fully modern first floor heat, bath porch 326 E Yampa

FOR RENT—Three large roomed cottage 406 E Columbia St

TO RENT A large 3 room cottage furnished and clean 1011 N Wahsatch

4 ROOM cottage partly furnished; lawn 27 St Elmo, Ivywild

A DESIRABLE cottage; modern except heat. 131 N. Weber.

FOUR rooms, modern, furnished for housekeeping piano 323 E. Cucharas

THREE-ROOM furnished, with bath. 548 ... See owner there.

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES

FOR RENT—Four-room cottage, gas range, elec. light. 509 West Platte.

FOR RENT UNFUR. HOUSES.

7-room modern residence on Colorado Ave $25.00
4-room cottage on N. 13th St, modern except heat 15.00
4-room cottage on S 7th 10.00
5-room house on Hayes Ave.; good condition 12.50
5-room cottage on Hayes Ave 15.00
5-room cottage on Colorado Ave, 12.50
6-room, fully modern residence on Lincoln Ave 22.50
7-room modern residence on E. Cucharas 13.00
3-room cottage on Washington Ave., to small family 10.00
6-room fully modern residence on N. 7th St. 17.50
5-room ... on E. 11th St.; almost new ...

WARNER & MILLER.
1012 Colo. Ave. Phone West 45.

4 rooms ... $10.00 per month
4 ... modern $12.00 per month
5 rooms, modern $16.00 per month
5 rooms, ... 00 per month
C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak avenue.

6 ROOMS, modern, north end, $25. 8 rooms, modern, ... end $35
MATTHEW KENNEDY,
113 E. Kiowa St.

FOR RENT 6 room unfurnished house, 317 S. Nevada, $16 month Inquire T. P. Shearer, care Holbrook & Perkins.

FOR RENT—Five-room, cottage, modern except heat; also four-room cottage; electric light 908 S Cascade.

WANTED—You to list your houses for rent with me. Have calls every day. Daniel Hewitt, 122½ E. Pike's Peak Ave.

FOR RENT or ..., 10-room, unfurnished house. Tent, barn; bath. 1424 N Nevada Ave

4-ROOM cottage; cellar, water in kitchen, $12. H. A. Scurr, 30 S. Tejon

8-ROOM modern, barn, full lot, near school, 326 E. Yampa.

FOR RENT—7-r... house, close to Short Line shops. Call Room 7, P. O. Bldg.

4-ROOM ... close in. Inquire at 230 E. Kiowa St.

House, furnished and unfurnished rooms with or without board, 202 N. Tejon.

HOUSE seven rooms, modern, car line. 1517 N. Weber, key next door

FIVE-ROOM and ... apartment, Colchester; heated. Owner, 73 Bank Building.

TWO-ROOMED cottage with gas, ... West ...

TO TRADE.

EXCHANGE for Colorado Springs property, 640 acres, 14 miles south of Greeley, on edge of Box Elder valley; no improvements, on line ditch, good reservoir site; clear Price $4,000.00.
A number of other good things on our lists in ranches and city properties, DANIEL HEWITT, 122½ Pike's Peak Ave.

WHAT have you to trade for 160 acres good farm land in center of oil belt, Kansas, also 31 acres patented ground near Independence mine, Cripple Creek. Write owner at Box C-344, Gazette.

HAVE two houses on car line, in Colo. City which will sell right or exchange for well located Colo. Spgs. property six or seven-room house preferred not too far from High school Address Owner, 912 Colo Ave Colo. City

FOR EXCHANGE—Will pay $1,000 cash and a ¼ section of land in western Kansas for a 7-room modern house between 700 and 1200 block, north Address care of P. O Box 674

BUILDING CONTRACT TO LET
Will exchange some beautiful building lots for building work on six cottages or any of same Martin & Co Pike's Peak Ave

TO TRADE—Real estate for furniture or piano Tele Red 178

HORSE for good cow P O Box 53 or call 532 N Limite St

TO TRADE—Bicycle railroad attachment for rifle or shotgun. Address R. R.

WANTED—To trade an organ for carpenter work Address R Gazette

WILL TRADE $150 clear lot for suits made to order. Box 1092, city.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Postoffice ... Shop, 126 E. Pike's Peak. T. F. ...

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

$150 DOWN, $18 PER MONTH

Will purchase the bungalow illustrated above. This cottage has six rooms, bath and cellar. Has best open nickel and porcelain plumbing, polished floors, tinted walls, [illegible] china closet with leaded glass door, [illegible] dining cabinet with bevel plate mirror and bath and kitchen has enamel tile wainscot. The lot is 50x150, has [illegible] small barn and rear of lot is fenced.

$50 DOWN, $9 PER MONTH

Buys a new cottage of four rooms, finished with waxed mission stain and natural pine; has polished floors, tinted walls, leaded art glass windows, etc.

Select any one of our beautiful residence lots and we will build a house to your order and if you wish will sell you house and lot on small monthly payments.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY & BUILDING CO.

22 N. TEJON ST.

J. L. SCHAEFER

Real Estate, Investments, Rents, Loans, and Insurance. Rooms 11 and 12, No. 113 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

$10, [illegible] — STRICTLY MODERN 12-ROOM NEW HOUSE, HOT WATER HEAT, LOT [illegible], CLOSE IN.

$2,500.00 Six-room neat cottage, bath, lights, lot [illegible], on car line; this property must be sold.

$2,400.00—Seven-room furnished house, furnace, bath, lights, lot 50x120, on car line. Here is a bargain in nearly new house. $1,000 down.

$1,800.00—Four-room cottage, lot 50x190, fine shade, barn with three 2-room furnished cottages, good income property.

$1,600.00 Four-room cottage, lot 120x140; one block from car line.

$[illegible] Vacant lot, in the north end.

$[illegible] Lot 50x190, in the north end.

$[illegible] [illegible] cottage, furnished, lot, 50x125.

$[illegible] Three room cottage, barn, lot 50x120.

Money to loan on chattels and real estate at low rates.

AN IDEAL HOME

The above is a cut of a six-room strictly modern house, located on North Nevada avenue. Was built this summer, [illegible], open nickel plumbing, [illegible] mantel, and everything pertaining to a first class property. The rooms are large and sunny and especially well arranged. It is ideal and the price, $4,000, is cheap. If you want a really nice, attractive house let me show you this. We have a large list of other good properties all over the city. We have also good exchanges. [illegible]

O. W. LORAN REALTY CO.

Phone Main 1711. 113½ Pike's Peak.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

$2,500 will buy a 5-room cottage and a good store building on Colorado Ave. We can sell you this property for $1,000 cash, balance on time. The vacant lot alone is worth $2,500. If you are looking for a bargain let us show you this property.

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colorado Ave.

SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE

On Lincoln Ave. for $1,900. Owner wants to leave and is willing to sell at this remarkably low figure to effect quick cash sale.

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colo. Ave.

ON GRANT AVENUE

$2,500 for a nice five-room cottage, rented for $1,500, and a 3-room cottage, rented for $10. This property belongs to an estate and has got to be sold. This is a bargain for someone.

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colorado Ave

FOR SALE 5-apartment house, 131 N. Weber, will be sold at a great bargain and on easy terms on account of owner's health. It is always rented; large per cent of value. A reasonable offer will not be refused. Address C-283, Gazette office.

WHY BUY LANDLORD RECEIPTS?

When you can buy a home of your own by making a small payment of from $100 to $500 down, and balance on easy payments. We have three decided bargains on Colorado Avenue. Come in and let us show them to you.

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colorado Ave

BARGAIN—$1,[illegible]

Eight room house, west side, modern except heat, range. Can be used by two small families, good rental property, lawn, fence, barn. 2[illegible] N. 7th St.

FOR homesteads and real bargains in western Colorado lands see R. A. Nason, 610 East Boulder, or P. O. Box 1[illegible].

ON COLORADO AVENUE

$[illegible] for [illegible] modern residence but heat, suitable for two families. Owner can live in one part and rent the other for $20 per month. We can sell you this property for $1,000 [illegible] and good time [illegible] the balance. [illegible]

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colorado Ave.

A BARGAIN [illegible] modern [illegible] [illegible] lawn [illegible] furnished [illegible] $10 per month [illegible] [illegible]

FOR SALE [illegible] good shape [illegible] chicken yards [illegible] bargain [illegible] N. Spruce.

FOR homesteads and real [illegible] western Colorado lands see R. A. N[ason], 610 East Boulder, or P. O. Box 1[illegible].

FOR RENT House cheap [illegible] C-3, Gazette.

SIX-ROOM house and furniture [illegible] 5[illegible] South Cascade.

[illegible] at a bargain, property at [illegible] Ave. [illegible] N. Royer.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3,300.00

A good six-room, water and sewer, large east front lot, south of the college. The lot alone is worth the price asked for it.

$4,000.00

Here is one more south of the college grounds, 8 rooms, modern, good [illegible] lawn, fence and cement walks. The above places are two of the biggest snaps ever offered in the city. They both belong to non-residents and they must sell.

$1,700.00

A new modern cottage in [illegible] room large lot, terms. One [illegible] room modern large lot for $2,000.00. Terms to suit buyer. This is your chance to get a new modern home with large [illegible] on your own terms.

$65.00

A good little house and [illegible] lot, not fitted out; $5 down and $15.00 per month takes it.

$1,000.00

Buys one of the coziest little cottages in the north end, 5 rooms, modern, corner lot. This snap will not last, so see it soon.

We have some of the best small stock and agricultural ranches for sale in the county. A few large stock ranches and irrigated farms. Also some cheap land, all good wheat land, 400 acres for $2.50, or will trade.

We write fire insurance.

We rent houses and make loans. If you have anything to trade come in and tell us what you have.

J. J. FRANKLIN & CO.

Tel. 157. 116 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

THE PLACE TO BUY SNAPS IN HOMES.

FOR SALE

We have just placed on our list a beautiful modern 7-room cottage in the 1600 block, north, on a corner lot. This property cost the owner between $4,000 and $5,000. Any reasonable offer takes it now. It is a beautiful home.

$2,500 will take a fully modern cottage within 3 blocks of [illegible]; 6 rooms, lot 190 feet long and nearly full width. We want an offer on this. It is a snap.

4,000—A large corner lot, 8 blocks from business, one 8-room fully modern dwelling with two additional finished rooms in basement, also a small cottage on rear of lot, beautiful location, desirable in every way. Owner is going away. This price is made for a quick sale.

900—A little but good home of 4 rooms, with good sized lot, south front, and very desirable for a small family—a good little stable and chicken house. $100 down and $12 per month.

1,550—A 5-room cottage, electric lights, cement walks, large lot, large barn, close in west, close to car line. Will sell on small payments or would take a small payment in trade.

C. E. TYLER & CO.

17 N. Tejon. Phone 485.

SNAPS THAT CAN'T BE DUPLICATED

5-room cottage close in, modern except furnace, lot 60x85, choice location, west side. This home is cheap at $2,700, but owner will accept $2,350.

It is a snap. See about it at once. Rented for $[illegible] per mo.

7-room cottage, south [illegible], lot 50x100. The house and grounds are in fine condition. $2,350 would be cheap for it; $1,750 will buy it.

3-room cottage, lot 25x75; good location, always rented. Price $650.

A choice vacant corner, one of the nicest corners in Colo. Springs, for a home. An offer that is in reason will secure this. Any of the above properties can be had at 25 per cent less than they are actually worth. If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything, come and see me. I have the bargains.

R. A. PARTON, Room 7, P. O. Bldg.

BARGAIN

SIX-ROOM HOUSE, SOUTH NEVADA AVE.; FULL LOT AND PLENTY OF SHADE TREES, LOCATION GOOD.

THIS PROPERTY MUST BE SOLD. COME IN AND LOOK AT IT AND MAKE AN OFFER.

MATTHEW KENNEDY, 113 E. Kiowa St.

ON COLORADO AVENUE

$5,500—Nine rooms, strictly modern corner residence close in. This residence is well adapted for rooming or boarding house. Owner would take a 5 or 6-room cottage north, close to car line, as part payment.

WARNER & MILLER, 1012 Colorado Ave

LANDS! LANDS!

10 sections of land in Cheyenne C[ounty] for $1 an acre. 9 sections in Kiowa [illegible] for $4 an acre.

Section of land south [illegible] will come under irrigation soon. Price $150 an acre.

Quarter section of land east of here, some improvements. Price $[illegible] quarter section east, all fenced, for $[illegible]. Best improved quarter section of land in El Paso county, 14 miles east, with farming implements, stock, etc. $[illegible]. [illegible] quarter sections improved [illegible] to k[illegible] all farming machinery [illegible] for $7,[illegible]. [illegible] small tracts [illegible] acre. If you want land [illegible] see us. We do the business.

THE MORATH INVESTMENT [CO.] [illegible]

[illegible]

A BARGAIN

$[illegible] on Washington A[ve.] [illegible] light [illegible]

WARNER & MILLER

[illegible] Ave.

FOR SALE

A GREAT BIG SNAP

[illegible] room modern [illegible] dining room [illegible] floor and [illegible] floor bath [illegible] lights, range, hot and cold water, full lot 50x190 [illegible], two blocks from the college campus. Come quick if you want to see this.

THE SUN REALTY CO.

21½ N. Tejon St.

Frank Cotten, Pres. N. W. Terrill, Treas. J. F. Thomas, V. P. R. J. Garlick, Sec.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN IN LANDS?

IF YOU DO, COME AND SEE ME. YOU HAVEN'T GOT TO GO TO TEXAS OR ANY OTHER STATE TO GET LANDS THAT WILL DOUBLE IN VALUE IN A VERY SHORT TIME.

I have a [illegible] acre tract at $5 per acre close to Denver.

I have something over 20 sections of land in [illegible] county, Colorado, that I can sell you as a whole, at $2.50 per acre, or you can have them in three section [illegible] assigned from the U. P. Railroad Co., that will give you [illegible] at $1.25 per acre, long time to pay in at a low rate of interest.

I have been all over the State of Texas and [illegible] the nine counties in the Pan Handle of Texas and you can not buy any better land in Texas from $1 [illegible] acre than I can sell you in Colorado and New Mexico, right adjoining railroad, all conditions being the same, [illegible] water nearer the surface, soil just as good, for less than one half what you can buy land for in Texas.

I have 40,000 acres of agricultural lands in New Mexico, plenty of rains, subirrigation (no irrigation required), close to railroad, running water, plenty of timber, [illegible] to $2.50 per acre.

A 2,000 acre farm within 25 miles of Colorado Springs; $10,000 worth of improvements and personal property, bottom lands adjoining railroad, close to good town. This property is worth $20 per acre any man's money. Can sell it to you for about $[illegible]. It is the biggest bargain in the State of Colorado.

I have plenty of cigars, good easy chairs, "come in and talk it over," and if you ever go to look at these propositions you will surely buy.

E. HIBBARD WITHERELL,

SUITE 22 AND 23 EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

100 BY 200 FEET IN IVYWILD

$1,600

FOUR ROOM HOUSE, LOT FENCED, ONLY ONE BLOCK FROM THE CAR LINE, WITHIN FIVE-CENT CAR FARE LIMIT. THE HOUSE IS NOT NEW, BUT IT IS A BARGAIN AT THE PRICE.

THE STATE REALTY CO.

25 E. PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

FOR SALE

55 acres of improved irrigated land on which is a large orchard in full bearing, good water and plenty of it. This land is a perfect garden spot. It lies 28 miles from Pueblo and joins the town of Beulah. An electric railway is being built, and when completed this tract of land will sell at $300 to $400 per acre. We can sell the entire tract for $8,000.

65 acres joining Colorado Springs. We are making a special price on part or all of this tract, and for a few days can sell at a figure away below the price of other land joining the city.

17 N. TEJON ST. C. E. TYLER & CO. PHONE 485.

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

WELL! WELL! WELL!

$20,000 buys an 1,800-acre ranch in a body, all fenced and cross fenced, with a good five-room house, large barns, abundance of sheds, granary, potato cellar, creamery, fine well, water and water piped to the barn, reservoir, improvements cost $[illegible]; also 1,300 bushels of oats, spring and fall wheat, 70 acres of oats in stack, 78 acres of corn, barn full of good hay, [illegible] horses, 3 colts, about [illegible] head of cattle, about [illegible] acres of fall wheat up and looking fine, all for the above price. If you are looking for a genuine bargain, here it is for a few days only. For further particulars see

THE SUN REALTY CO.

21½ N. Tejon St.

Frank Cotten, Pres. N. W. Terrill, Treas. J. F. Thomas, V. P. R. J. Garlick, Sec.

INVESTMENTS.

HAVE [illegible] from $500 to $1,000 [illegible] I am [illegible] extra good securities [illegible] paying regular [illegible]. They are extra good and will bear the most searching investigation. Ask for C[illegible] [illegible] Gazette.

WANTED ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED at once, room and board by young lady, private family preferred, near [illegible], north end. C-3[illegible], Gazette.

GENTLEMAN would like single room and board in private family; references. Address C-355, Gazette.

SIX-ROOM modern house. Apply at 1[illegible] East [illegible] Ave.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

FOR SALE Belgian hares and pen Part[ridge] [illegible] chickens. Address C-[illegible], Gazette.

FOR SALE Hens, fries and broilers dressed. [illegible] N. Corona.

FOR SALE Few dozen hens and modern henhouse. Call 1[illegible] Wood.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

HANDSOME [illegible] rugs [illegible] old Brussels and ingrain [illegible] carpets [illegible] also [illegible] [illegible] Kiowa. Phone [illegible]

"Property-Poverty"

Gazette Want Advertising [illegible] property p[illegible] make times [illegible] may make their property [illegible] comes for them.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED 5,000 good-hearted people to buy at half the value the unredeemed diamond rings, pins, earrings or any kind of watches or anything of value for Christmas presents to their good friends at M. K. Myers licensed loan office, 21 East Huerfano.

WELL established business in one of the best locations in city. Will sell at invoice or trade for real estate here or elsewhere. Value about $2,000. Address owner, P. O. Box 112, City.

FOR SALE—Furniture and miscellaneous household articles, porch chairs, curtain poles, draperies, cooking utensils, plants, flower stands, lady's saddle, bridles, fur lap robes. Call afternoons at 230 N. Weber.

FOR SALE—Baby upright piano. Just right for beginners in music. 203 North Nevada.

SPORTING and pet dogs, cattle, sheep, swine, pigeons, ferrets and rabbits. Ten cents fifty-six page illustrated catalogue. C. G. Lloyd, Sayre, Pa.

FOR SALE—Two Savage 303 rifles in good condition, one a carbine, the other 26-inch barrel. See E. H. Morse, Novelty shop, 111 East Huerfano.

WANTED TO SELL—Figures, all kinds; prices reasonable. Mrs. F. H. Martin, 713 E. Cimarron.

$175 BUYS a [illegible] piano, mahogany case, slightly used. Cash or easy payments. Bird & [illegible] Company, 11 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE—Coal wagon box, in excellent condition; cheap. 19 West Huerfano.

FOR SALE—Eighty head young Hereford cows. Charles Eichel, Fountain, Colo., or call 426 E. Bijou St.

FRESH Manitou Mineral Water delivered daily, 24 quarts $1. L. M. Hunt. Orders taken at Robinson's Drug Store. Phone 4.

ONE large canvas telescope, cheap. Nice black coat, cheap. Small coal heater, a bargain. 7 North Weber, any time.

FOR SALE—Nice young bull calf, six weeks old, or will trade for good hay. 1418 N. Royer.

FOR SALE—70 young laying hens and pullets and White Wyandotte cockerels. 737 N. Spruce St.

FOR SALE—Fruit, confectionery and cigar store at a bargain if taken at once. 112½ E. Huerfano.

100 THOROUGHBRED Brown Leghorn pullets and cockerels, cheap. 711 E. Huerfano.

TWENTY Barred Plymouth Rock pullets, thoroughbreds, 80c each. Come today. 1116 E. Monument St. Black 863.

VIOLIN case and bow, cheap, at once. Come today. 1116 E. Monument St.

FOR SALE—Secondhand wheel. [illegible]

COW [illegible] West Ver[illegible] mijo.

FOR SALE A [illegible] bargain. In[quire] 2[illegible] S. Wahsatch.

[illegible]

PERSONAL

MAGNETIC [illegible] ladies and gentlemen. 1[illegible] Colorado A[ve.]

TO TRADE.

EXCHANGES! EXCHANGES!

Everywhere! Anywhere! No matter what you want or what you have to exchange, we can match it.

An equity which cost $1,800 spot cash in a business property in splendid Pennsylvania town to trade for city or farm property, west or south. Fine income.

80 acres mountain land, near by, clear.

40 acres fine valley, Utah, for anything.

4 clear lots, best town in Colorado.

[illegible] clear lots Colo. Springs west.

[illegible]-acre farm Rocky Ford under ditch.

Fine large north end house for smaller anywhere.

$1,500 equity modern cottage here for land.

120 acre Minnesota farm for Colo. Spgs.

Fine clear Denver lot for Colo. Spgs.

Paying Colo. Spgs. grocery for land.

$[illegible] first mortgage [illegible] for small house.

Mt. Pleasant [illegible] for Colo. Spgs.

Income property Colo. Ave. for Colo. Springs.

East side $[illegible] clear house for land.

$[illegible] down town restaurant for property.

$1,100 sheep ranch with stock. Trade.

Block of high grade mining stock. Trade.

THE MORATH INVESTMENT CO., 26 and 27 Exchange Bank Block. Established nearly a quarter of a century.

FOR RENT OFFICES.

FOR RENT Furnished desk room. 4 P. O. Bldg.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

A BARGAIN. A fine 5-room cottage, bath, toilet, sewer, cellar, range, hot and cold water, price $1,400.00. Terms, $100 cash and balance on small monthly payments.

A 7-room cottage with a two-room cottage on rear, corner lot, close to car barns, price low at $1,800.00. Terms, $100 cash and balance on small monthly payments. Property now rented at $14.00 per month.

A very nice two-room cottage with large basement under whole house and used for kitchen and dining room, fine lot, nice lawn, good barn for horse and buggy, fenced, price very low at $[illegible]. Terms, $10 straight monthly payments.

A three-room cottage on east side, lot 50x100, price $650, straight payments of $10.00 per month.

A large two-story house with three large rooms below finished, and upper floor not finished. A bargain at $1,150. Terms $100 cash and balance $1[illegible].50 per month.

A fine 5-room cottage close in, full lot, sheds and chicken corral, house has bath, range, hot and cold water, south front and fine location. Price $1,800. $200 cash and balance on small monthly payments.

ARE YOU INSURED AGAINST FIRE? We write fire insurance. Call and see us.

A. P. MARTIN & CO.

Phone 294. 126 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

GOOD EQUITY, ELBERT COUNTY ranch. Trade for city property, farming implements, horses, improved. Don't fail to see it.

O. W. LOVAN REALTY CO. 113½ E. Pike's Peak Ave. Phone 1711.

FOR SALE or exchange for Colorado Springs real estate, two 40-acre (each adjoining) Newcastle, Calif., fruit farms in full bearing, fine house and improvements, good income property. Address F. H. Metz, Newcastle, Calif.

FOR SALE OR TRADE for smaller property, balance monthly payments, five-room cottage, modern except heat, four-room cottage, electric light. 509 [illegible] Cascade.

FOR SALE or trade for resident property, 160 acres of land, good running water, quarter mile from railroad station. Call 307 S. Tejon.

FOR TRADE—Two lots in Colo. City for team, harness and wagon. E. F. Wallace, 330 Jefferson, Colo. City.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

CARRIAGES and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Car[illegible] [illegible]

FOR SALE—Small family horse, harness, easy phaeton, cheap. Party leaving town. Also small flock chickens, nice century plant. Call mornings 1232 N. Prospect St. Phone Red 682.

MUST sell good cheap horse, harness and buggy, $40. Will sell separate. Call today. 902 Colo. Ave., Colo. City.

HIGH grade vehicles and harness, carriage painting and trimming, scientific horseshoeing. D. McPherson, 1412 South Nevada. Phone Black 861.

HORSE suitable for delivery wagon, or will trade for heavier horse. 16 West Vermijo St.

FOR SALE—Nice driving and saddle pony, gentle. Apply Colo. Spg. Transfer Co. or 626 E. Boulder.

HORSE, harness and wagon, also [illegible] for sale, cheap. [illegible]

FOR SALE—Family driving horse, runabout and harness, cheap. 510 E. Willamette Ave.

FOR SALE 1,200-lb. and 1,400-lb. teams, [illegible] Larga [illegible]

[illegible]

I HAVE team wagon you can work for board. No. 6 Willamette Ave.

AUCTION AND AUCTIONEERS.

[illegible] SALE

[illegible]

OSTEOPATHY

[illegible]

CLEANING AND DYEING

[illegible] cleaned and pressed every [illegible] sponged [illegible] overcoat each week [illegible] off and attend [illegible] can not afford to [illegible] there is no place in the world [illegible] The Pantatorium, 17 [illegible] Phone [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WHOLESALE and retail business that is a money maker. Can be bought at invoice, about $1,800.

Retail confectionery, cigar and fruit stand at a bargain.

Large rooming house, located within [illegible] of business. Good little grocery store in a splendid location for $700, or will sell with building for $1,800. Splendid corner grocery and market. Established trade and a money maker. At invoice, about $2,500. Down town bakery clearing over $3,000 a year, can be bought for $2,800. Established bicycle business at invoice, $1,250. Book and stationery business. Drug store for $8,000. Another $6,000. Business openings in all lines.

THE MORATH INVESTMENT CO., 26 and 27 Exchange Bank Block. Established nearly a quarter of a century.

LIGHT, PLEASANT BUSINESS. Confection, cigars, etc.; very low rent, well located; will clear $100 per month. Owner leaving city. Only $350.

NORTON INVESTMENT CO., Suite 26-27 Midland Blk.

$300.00 YEARLY income from $10.00. Stock worth $100.00. No scheme, conservative business proposition. Card will bring full particulars. West Farm Co., 56 Street, Elkhart, Ind.

SECONDHAND store, $250, good location, cheap rent; good business for little money. S. E. Wahsatch.

NICE clean cash outside grocery business. Will sell right. Owner, C-3[illegible], Gazette.

WELL located outside grocery; cash business; owner wishes to leave city. C-213, Gazette.

FOR SALE—Fruit, cigar and tobacco stand, cheap, at once. Corner Wahsatch and Pike's Peak.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. SAMPSON, Psychic readings; daily meetings, Thursday and Sunday evenings. 113½ E. Pike's Peak, Barnes building, upstairs.

SPIRITUAL meeting tonight, 113½ East Pike's Peak, Barnes Bldg., upstairs.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 9. 26 S. Nevada.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE CROWN POINT MINING COMPANY.

Colorado Springs, Colo. Oct. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the action of the Board of Directors of The Crown Point Mining Company, a special meeting of the stockholders of the said Company is called to be held at the office of the Company, Room 40, Mining Exchange Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Friday, the 16th day of November, 1906, at 11:00 o'clock a. m.; to consider and act upon a proposition then and there to be presented, to sell and transfer all the assets of the said Company to a corporation to be organised for the purpose of acquiring all the assets of the said Company and also all the assets of The North Gold Coin Mining Company.

FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, President.

A. M. HOLDEN, Secretary.

[illegible]

AN ACT

TO SUBMIT TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE STATE OF COLORADO AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 8 OF ARTICLE 7 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO, CONCERNING ELECTIONS AND VOTING MACHINES.

Be it Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

Section 1. That there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State of [Colorado] at the next General Election for [illegible] of the General Assembly, for their approval or rejection, the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Colorado, which when ratified by a majority of [illegible] [illegible] that is to say:

Section 8 of Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and in case paper ballots are required to be used, every ballot [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] reserved by the election officers on the list of voters opposite the name of the voter who presents the ballot. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed not to inquire or disclose how any elector shall have voted. In all cases of contested election in which paper ballots are required to be used, the ballots cast may be counted and compared with the list of voters, and examined under such safeguards and regulations as may be provided by law. Nothing in this section, however, shall be construed to prevent the use of any machine or mechanical contrivance for the purpose of receiving and registering the votes cast at any election, provided that secrecy in voting be preserved.

When the governing body of any city, city and county or town, including the City and County of Denver, and any city, city and county or town which may be governed by the provisions of special charter, shall adopt and purchase a voting machine, or voting machines, such governing body may provide for the payment therefor by the issue of interest-bearing bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations which shall be a charge upon such city, city and county, or town; such bonds, certificates or other obligations may be made payable at such time or times, not exceeding ten years from the date of issue, as may be determined, but shall not be issued or sold at less than par.

Sec. 2. Each elector desiring to vote on such amendment shall deposit in the ballot box a ticket whereon shall be printed the words "For the Amendment to Section 8 of Article 7, permitting voting machines" and "Against the Amendment to Section 8 of Article 7, permitting voting machines" and shall indicate his approval or rejection of the same by placing a cross opposite one or the other of said groups of words.

Sec. 3. The votes cast for the adoption or rejection of said amendments or either of them shall be canvassed and the result determined in the manner provided by the laws of the State for the canvass of votes for representatives in Congress.

Approved April 26, 1905.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Colorado, at the City of Denver, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1906.

JAMES COWIE, Secretary of State.

PROSPERITY IN NEW ZEALAND

The general prosperity of New Zealand is remarkable. Out of a population of a little less than 1,000,000 one-third have money in the savings banks. The wealth a head is nearly $1,500, which is the largest of any country in the world. Statistics show for New Zealand the highest health and the lowest [death] rate of any country.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

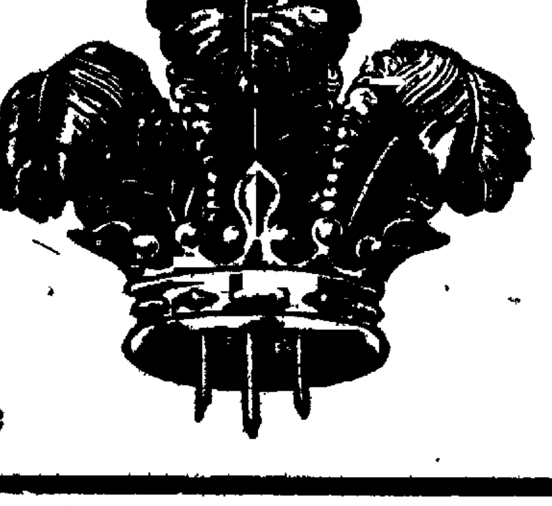
NewspaperARCHIVE®

LOUIS STOCK

Steam Dye and Chemical Dry Cleaning Works
13 E. Kiowa St., Phone 542 Main

Where There Are Children

the money saved in renovating, cleaning or dyeing their cleanable clothes is a big item in the y(e)ar's expense account. To reduce it to a minimum and get a maximum of satisfaction with least possible work and worry, p(atronize) this establishment.



We clean, curl and dye ostrich feathers beautifully. Any shade

EMPIRE

Laura Howe and her Dresden Dolls

Green Doll......Junia Philbrick
Blue Doll....Florence Armitage
Lavender Doll.....Flossie Hall

Four Other Excellent Acts

Matinee 3 p. m. Evening 7:30 to 10 o'clock

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital..................$50,000 Surplus and Undivided Profits....$17,000
General Banking Business Interest Paid on Savings Account.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—E J. EATON, Pres., S. D. M'CRACKEN, Vice Pres.; F. P. EVANS, Cashier, W. S. NICHOLS, O. H. SHOUP, JOHN CUSR, F. F. CASTELLO, B. F. LOWELL, WM. STRACHAN.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital $110,112.00
...AM $450,120.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
A. G. SHARP, Pr[illegible] J. R. Wa[illegible] Vice Pres.; J. F. LILLY, Vice Pres.; S. J. OH[illegible] Cashier; C. G. GRAHAM, Assistant Cashier; WILLIAM L[illegible], W. S. NICHOLS, D. H. RICE, E. W. GIDDINGS, FRANK F. C[illegible], A. S. HOLBROOK, VERNER Z. REED

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital $200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $1,0,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS—William S Jackson Pres; C. C. Hemming Vice Pres; C. L. Helmwing, Cashier; Genl. William J Palmer Asa T. Jones E. P. Shove Frank C. Smith, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E J. Eaton, Thos J Fisher S. P. Mansfield O. B. Ja[illegible], Jr., B. Bistuh, Henry Tamm, Cecile Jacobelt Colorado Springs, Colo.; B. F. [illegible], W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St Louis Mo.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $800,000.00
Travelers' checks and letters of credit. Safety deposit vault

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
J. A. Hayes, President; Irving Howbert, Vice President; A. Sutton, Cashier; A. H. Hunt, Asst. Cashier; Wm. J. Otis, John G. Shields, Chas. M. MacNeill, Frank G. [illegible], Spencer Penrose

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL $300,000 SURPLUS, $82,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—President, J. Arthur Connell; Vice Presidents, H. G. Lunt, E. P. Shove, L. E. Curtis; Secretary, F. M. McMahon; Assistant Treasurer, George E. Nolte, Assistant Secretary, Wm. R. Watelton; Auditor, Samuel C. Moore, J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, I. W. Bonbright, R. P. Davie, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, M. J. Ullrica, C. P. Dodge and F. W. Stehr

PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS AND TRUST ACCOUNTS

THE REED INVESTMENT CO.
Investment Bankers. Bonds, Mortgages and Colorado Securities.
REED BLOCK COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

J. A. McCUAIG
Phone 3. 427 to 429 Hagerman Bldg.
Member of Colorado Springs Stock Association
Western Bonds a Specialty.
6 and 7 per cent. Money to Loan.

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS & BROKERS
Telephone No. 14. Cable Address: "[illegible]"
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to offices: R[illegible]

Read Gazette Wants

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Real estate transfers for the week ending Thursday, November 1, 1906, as reported for the Gazette by Henry Lee Willis & Co.

Katherine F. Hill to Sarah E. Carl, L. 4, B. 6, [illegible] — 2,300
John H. [illegible] to [illegible] Broadfield, W. [illegible] B. 618, North End add — 10
J. L. N[illegible] to [illegible] A. Morath, N. 50 ft. [illegible] B. Spruce add — 1
Andrew E. Ferguson to O. Wingfield, [illegible] W. 25 ft. L. [illegible] West Bluff add — 1
Colorado Springs Co. to Katherine R. [illegible] B. 1 add — 1
Andrew E. Ferguson to Bessie O. Zeiger, W. [illegible] L. B. 1, West Bluff add — 4
O. Wingfield to Bessie O. Zeiger, [illegible] of W. [illegible] ft. L. B. 1, West Bluff add — 1
Hattie [illegible] to Minnie Wadsworth, L. B. Lowell add — 1
S[illegible] Wilson et al. to David N[illegible] L. 17 B. 10 North End add — 4
C. F. Clarke to Western B. & [illegible], [illegible] Marshall's [illegible] — 1
Oscar W. [illegible] to Jacob Rooke, W. [illegible] North [illegible] — 1
W. H. [illegible] to M. J. Pierce, L. 2, B. 4, [illegible] — 1,050
H. H. Dawson to J. N. Eklund, L. 1-2-3-4-27 to 30, B. 6, Roswell City add — 1
J. N. Eklund to Patrick Byron, L. 1 to 4, B. 6, Roswell City add — 1
Kate F. Waldron to Chas. F. Wadsworth et al., N. 40 ft. L. 5, B. 7, Cahn's add — 1
Minnie Wadsworth to Kate F. Waldron, L. 5, B. 1, Lowell add — 1
H. E. Hutchinson to Johannah C. Hutchinson, B. 7, Caramillo add — 1
Howard E. Rice to Mary M. Rice, E. 18 ft. L. 2, Lawton's 2nd sub B. 239-240 — 1
Albert Oskison to Daniel Hewitt, L. 1, B. 7, Dorchester — 14,000
H. C. Kinsman to O. C. Black, L. 9, B. 1, Creston Heights — 1
J. H. Gilfillan to Harriet Patterson, N. 45 ft. L. 11-12, B. 1, Portland Heights — 1
Chas. T. Fertig to Frank F. Wolff, S. 100 ft. L. 22-23-24, B. 1, Boulder Heights, add 1 — 1
Lizzie Zeiser to Augusta Minzman, S. 50 ft. L. 9-10, B. 61, West Colorado Springs — 1
Eva J. McKillip to Hattie M. Mann, L. 4, B. 1, Loomis add — 1
Chicago Portable House Co. to Wm. H. Wise, L. 17-18, Blk. 5, Parish's add — 1
Custis S. Warren to Jens C. Peterson, E. 28 ft. L. 4, W. 20 ft. L. 3, Block 1, Walnut add — 1
J. W. Hupp to M. K. Myers, L. 10, Blk. 2, Young's sub Blks. 230-232 — 1
Julius Oppenheim to Hallive Reibscheid, S. 50 ft. of N. 100 ft. of E. 100 ft. L. 4, Blk. 24, Colorado Springs — 1
Jennie Warren to La Vena K. Brown, Lot 7, Blk. 1, Roby's add — 1
Samuel Agard et al. to Jennie Warren, W. 100 ft. L. 20, Kensington's sub Blk. 235 — 1

KIPLING AS A PREACHER.

In addition to being a writer of international fame and a politician of some note Rudyard Kipling is a bit of a preacher. During one of his voyages a quartermaster of the ship died. Next day the native board bore the brief intimation. "Sermon by a layman at 9 p. m." The curious crowd which gathered discovered Kipling standing on an improvised platform, from which he preached a fifteen minute sermon. The best testimonial to his eloquence lay in the result. From a congregation numbering less than 200 the sum of over $170 was raised.

FRENCH ARTILLERY THE BEST.

After an elaborate review of the work of the French artillery during the recent army maneuvers, the military correspondent of the London Times reaches the conclusion. Everything taken together there can be no doubt that the French field artillery is the best in the world and that it is so thoroughly prepared for war by the practical science of its officers the skill of its men and the excellence of its material that it must long retain the position of preeminence to which it is justly entitled.

Don't buy a heating stove until you see the new hot blast stove at Lowell-Harvey Hardware Co.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

Colorado Springs Colo., Oct. 29th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the San Luis Valley Irrigation, Land and Power Company will be held at the office of the Company, Suite 401, Mining Exchange Building, Colorado Springs, Colo., on Tuesday, November 27th, 1906, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock will close on Saturday, November 24th, 1906, and reopen on Wednesday, November 28th, 1906.

S. S. BERNARD, President.
E. D. MARR, Secretary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek District Railway Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting for action, will be held on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of November, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the principal office of the Company, in the city of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, the third day of November, 1906, and will be reopened at the expiration of three days after the final adjournment of the annual meeting.

FRANK TRUMBULL,
JAS. STEWART MACKIE, President.
Secretary.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE NORTH GOLD COIN MINING CO.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Oct. 15, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the action of the Board of Directors of The North Gold Coin Mining Company, a special meeting of the stockholders of the said Company is called to be held at the office of the Company, Room 407, Mining Exchange Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Friday, the 16th day of November, 1906, at 1:00 o'clock a. m., to consider and act upon a proposition then and there to be presented to sell and transfer all the assets of the said Company to a corporation to be organized for the purpose of acquiring all the assets of the said Company and also all the assets of The Crown Point Mining Company.

F. M. WOODS, WARREN WOODS,
Secretary. President.

HUNT FOR VAST FORTUNE

PROBABLY SUNK IN A MOUNTAIN LAKE OF COLUMBIA.

Cast Into the Waters by Natives in Spanish Conquest Days—Trying to Effect Recovery

From the London E[illegible]

It a small city off [illegible] dorwall news is a[illegible] wait [illegible] a man who is sitting [illegible] mountain lake in [illegible] [illegible] waiting for rat[illegible]

Heavy rain may m[illegible] and for those in th[illegible] it off [illegible] the recovery of treasure w[illegible] exp[illegible] say at least £100,000 [illegible] vigil is H. Knowles [illegible] Bogota of Contractor[illegible] of the company is [illegible] ing romance of the [illegible] tory.

The lake of Guatavita [illegible] in the basin formed by the cone of an extinct volcano. It stands [illegible] 10,000 feet above the sea level and [illegible] few miles from the thriving [illegible] Bogota. Many centuries ago it was the sacred lake of the Chibchas, a race which at the time of the Spanish conquest numbered over 1,000,000 individuals.

The Chibchas worshiped the "gilded man" and devoutly believed that their deity made his home at the bottom of the lake of Guatavita. Periodically they are declared to have made pilgrimages to the lake where they cast every imaginable kind of treasure, gold, silver and jewels, into the waters with the object of propitiating the "gilded man," who through his army of priests threatened all kinds of pains and penalties unless the treasures were offered in sufficient quantities.

The story of the Chibchas has many times been investigated by travelers and all agree in believing that the lake contains untold treasure. Humboldt the famous traveler and historian was one of those who estimated its value at £100,000,000.

Vain Effort of a Spaniard.

Quesada, the Spanish conqueror of the Chibchas, was told the story of the treasure and succeeded in reducing the water of the lake, then 214 feet deep, to about fifteen feet. Then the sides fell in and his labor was wasted. Further attempts were abandoned and the lake regained to a very large extent its former depth.

Where the great Spanish administrator failed, however, Contractors, Limited, a prosaic English syndicate formed over six years ago, has determined to succeed.

The syndicate was formed for the purpose of exploiting a concession obtained from the Colombian government to drain the lake and recover for their own use the treasure believed to be hidden by its waters. Among its directors are R. J. Price, member of parliament for the eastern division of Norfolk, chairman, and C. J. Muriett. Its capital was originally £30,000, and was increased to £35,000 in 1905.

After six years of hard work, however, some of those connected with the company are beginning to believe that the "gilded man" is still at the bottom of the lake guarding his treasure. Encouraging finds of isolated gold and silver gods and jeweled goddesses have from time to time supported the tradition of the treasure, but so far the dreams of untold wealth have not materialized.

First the lake was drained. It was not an easy task for it is some nine miles in length and unforeseen difficulties were continually confronting the workers. The most harassing of these was the constant rain, which winter and summer hardly ever ceased.

Water Gone, Mud Remains

At last, however, toward the end of 1905, the welcome news reached London that Mr. Knowles and his staff of engineers had succeeded in cutting through the basin of the lake and the water had been drained off successfully. There was great jubilation and preparations were made for the large consignments of gold, silver and jewels which might be expected to arrive by the next boats.

Unfortunately, however, the water is not the only barrier on which the "gilded man" has to rely for the safe keeping of his treasures. The jubilation in London-wall was summarily ended by a cablegram stating that twenty-five feet of solid mud, or some 20,000,000 cubic feet in all, still lay between the treasure seekers and their quest.

INVENTOR OF BASKET-BALL

Y. M. C. A. Director in Springfield, Years, Gets the Credit.

From Everybody's Magazine

Training young men to become powerful influences in the lives of others is the work of another institution in Springfield, Mass., the Y. M. C. A. International Training school.

The school is situated on a pretty little lake with generous athletic fields in connection with it, for emphasis is placed on physical training in this institution. In fact the work of the school has two objects: Training young men to become Y. M. C. A. secretaries and to become Y. M. C. A. physical directors. It was in the gymnasium of the Springfield Training school that basketball originated. James Naismith was its inventor and the idea came to him when he was trying to devise an indoor game that should be exciting and at the same time should not be rough or dangerous.

Mr. Naismith, now physical director of the State University of Kansas, not only solved a problem for the school in which he was then instructor, but furnished a clean, snappy game for sportsmen everywhere. From the physical department athletic muscular young men are sent not only into association work but also into colleges from which there has come a demand for men of Christian character, education and technical ability to guide the students in their sports and in their gymnasium work.

THE ATLANTIC UNION

Prof. Muirhead of Harvard is taking an active interest in this country in the furtherance of Lord Monkswell's Atlantic union, formed to promote friendly and social relations between American and British statesmen, artists, authors and educators. Among the council of this union are "Ian Maclaren," Conan Doyle, [illegible] Coleridge, the Earl of Aberdeen, H. A. Jones, Anthony Hope, the Earl of Elgin and many other British notables. Sir Wal[illegible] [illegible] the 22th.

SPECIAL TRAIN

Colorado College Tigers

VS.

State University

At Boulder, Tuesday, November 6th

$3.00 ROUND TRIP $3.00

VIA

Colorado & Southern Railway

Good only on Special Train leaving Colorado Springs at 9 a. m., election day.

Get tickets at City Office, No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

G. H. LOGAN, Commercial Agent.

Rock Island

Eastern Excursions

$18.15

Kansas City and Return

NOVEMBER 18 to 21

Low rates to Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul and many other points in Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Minnesota, North and South Dakota and Michigan, November 13 and 27.

$32.50 Indianapolis and Return

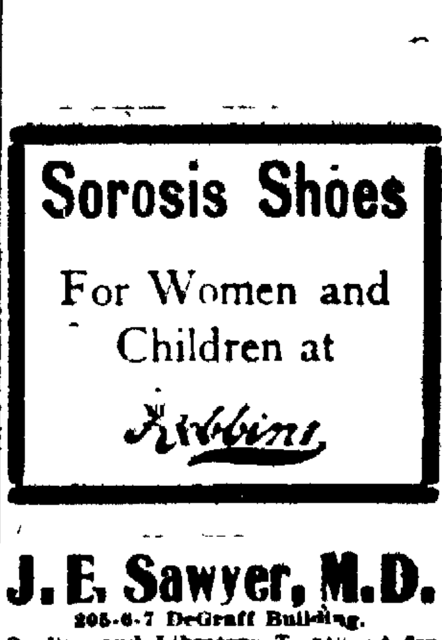
NOVEMBER 11, 12, 13

Get full details at City Ticket Office, No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue.
W. W. WOOD, C. P. A., 2 Pike's Peak Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colo.
G. W. MARTIN, General Agent, Denver, Colo.

OTIS & HOUGH, Bankers and Brokers.
[illegible] Pike's Peak Avenue
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, COTTON.
[illegible]
[illegible] New York Stock Exchange, Chicago [illegible] New York Cotton Exchange.

William P. Bonbright & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Colorado Springs, Colorado. MEMBERS
24 Broad Street, New York. New York Stock Exchange.
15 George Street, [illegible] Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange.
London, E. C.

THE GAEBEL-CLARK ENGRAVING CO.



Sorosis Shoes
For Women and Children at
Robbins

J. E. Sawyer, M.D.
205-6-7 DeGraff Building.
Oxyline and Vibratory Treatment for Tuberculosis, Asthma, Chronic Rheumatism and All Blood Diseases. Only Roger's Lamp Treatment in city.

STRAYED
[illegible] a red sow, wild white face and white on tip of tail, brand mark on left side near shoulder [illegible]

Any Friend of the Burlington

will be glad to tell you how good the service is, how modern and comfortable are the cars, how courteous and obliging are the employés, what unusually excellent dining car meals are provided and about the regularity with which trains run on time, but if you have never been a guest of the Burlington you can not KNOW how much different and how much better it is than the ordinary railroad.

Be the Burlington's guest next time you go East—and after that you'll be the Burlington's friend.

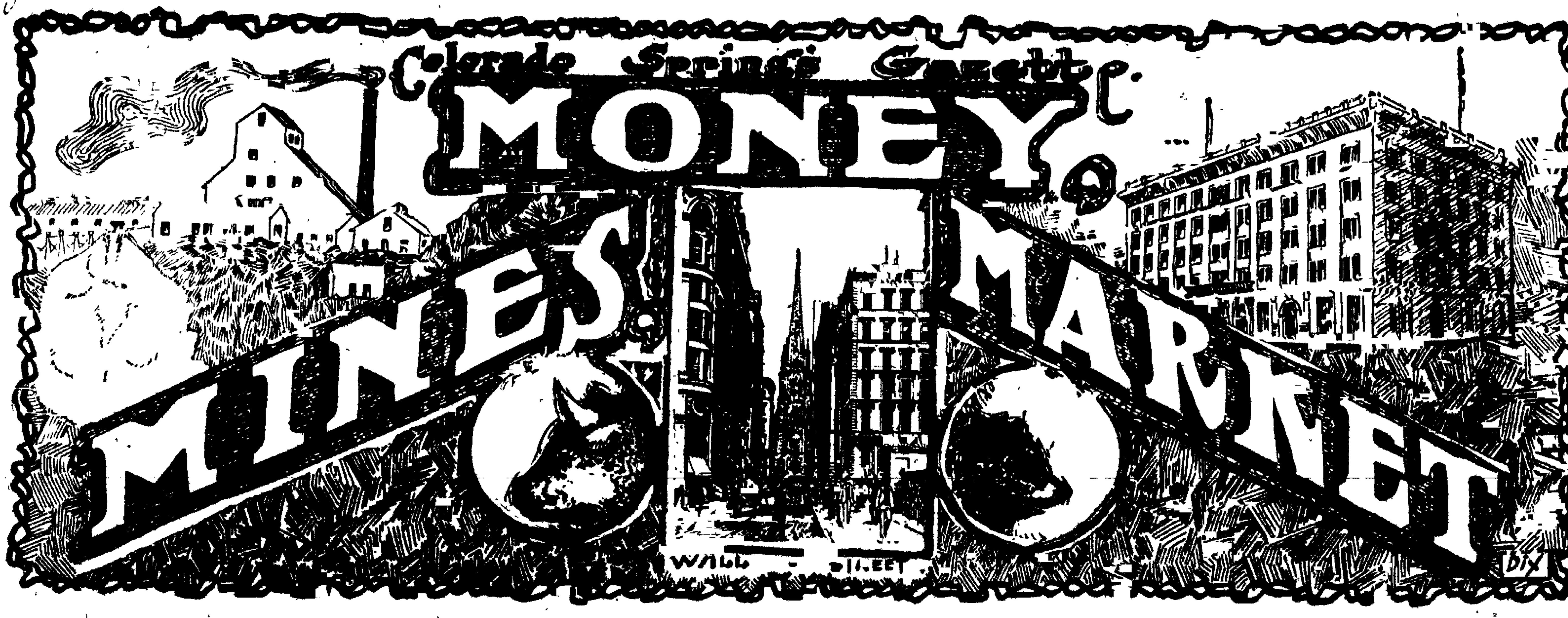
To Lincoln, Omaha, Council Bluffs and Chicago: 4:35 p. m. and 10 p. m.
To St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis: 2:15 p. m. and 10 p. m.
To Deadwood, Sheridan, Billings and the Northwest: 8.30 p. m.

Burlington Route

J. F. VALLEY, General Agent,
C., B. & Q. Ry.
1039 Seventeenth Street, Denver

Piles NO PAY TILL CURED
FREE BOOK
J. F. BOWERS, M. D., BARTH BLOCK, DENVER, COLO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



GOLDFIELD HAS BOOM

LACK OF BUILDINGS WORKS INCONVENIENCE.

News Heralded Every Day of New Mineral Discoveries—Much Money Expended.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., Nov. 3.—With new buildings going up on every hand, with every train bringing in cars of lumber and carpenters to work it into something useful, something habitable, the cry is still for more lumber and more carpenters.

People are pinning their faith on the coming of the Clark road, when they say that lumber and mechanics will be more plentiful and more than that, there will be more hotels by that time. One of the best hostelries in the camp is already building a large addition with all modern improvements, which will be ready for occupancy soon and no less than three new hotels have been projected.

The Nevada Goldfield Mining company has spent over $5,000 in developing its property to date. It started out a year ago and now has a shaft down to 400 feet, the deepest working south of Tonopah. There is also about three thousand feet of surface work in the way of trenching and prospect shafts proving up five ledges. This has opened up a large tonnage of low and medium grade ore, all suitable for milling purposes. Drifts have been run from the different levels of the double compartment shaft and the one from the 460-foot station is in a four foot vein which averages better than $40 clear across and absolutely free milling, something rather unusual at that depth. It indicates that the property has true fissure vein, according to the theory of the superintendent of the company, and demonstrates the possibilities of all the other properties in the Gold mountain district.

As the railroad now passes this property, the outlook for cheaper mining operations in the future is good and already the owners are considering the advisability to erecting reduction works to take care of their ores. Plans are being made for at least two other ore dressing plants to be erected during the winter.

The Nevada Goldfield Mining company is now working twenty-five men and has at least $2,000,000 worth of ore blocked out which will run from $1 to $40 to the ton.

Eager to Deal in Nevada Mines

L. L. Patrick of the brokerage firm of Patrick, Elliott & Camp has returned from the east where he has spent some time in New York, Philadelphia and Chicago. He says that the only mining sections which seem to interest the eastern investors at present are Mexico and Nevada. While the stories of the rich discoveries in southern Nevada were at first doubted these people are beyond the questioning stage now and ascribe the fact that the state has lain minerally dormant for so many years is that intelligent prospecting by modern methods has brought to light that which was hidden to the early day prospector.

The National Bank one of the properties, controlled by this firm has broken into ore running from $200 to $250 to the ton and with the railroad within reach it is expected [illegible] chinery will be placed [illegible] this winter which will greatly [illegible] its output of ore.

The Hamburg G[illegible] M[illegible] has been turned [illegible] at Silver Peak [illegible] claim [illegible] and one half [illegible] the Plat [illegible] railroad [illegible] with [illegible] But [illegible] clai[illegible] leased [illegible] ground [illegible] taxed [illegible]

The ore average [illegible] surface [illegible] similar [illegible] to that of the Drinkwater [illegible] and Blair mines.

WOOL MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, N[illegible] Wool steady; territory and western mediums, 21@27, fine medium, 18@22, fine, 14@17.

FOUR MEN MAKE BIG MONEY

Get Out $4,000 Worth of Ore in One Month From Surface Lease on the Saratoga.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo. Nov. 3.—Griffith & Co. working the Saratoga surface workings between Nos. 1 and 2 shafts, at a depth of 140 feet have opened up a large ore body. During the past month, with a force of four men, they took out ores which netted them $4,000, the surface ores carrying values of between eight and eleven ounces gold per ton, besides silver values of twelve ounces per ton.

J. H. Bawden, of this city, and W. H. Fuller, of Idaho Springs, have sold a seven-tenths interest in the Fuller & Knowles lodes in Leavenworth gulch to a syndicate of Idaho Springs business men for $2,000, and they have associated as a pool in working these properties and the Quartz Mill mine, owned by the First National bank, under an option for three years in the sum of $10,000. The pool is installing a plant of machinery and erecting a new shaft building. The shaft on the Quartz Mill will be sunk 400 feet, or down to the 500-foot point. Ores were taken out of this property during the early days.

The Sleepy Hollow mine at Black Hawk has reached a depth of 1,000 feet and the company is sinking another lift of the compartment shaft. A large addition has just been built and arrangements made for carrying on a heavy amount of development work this winter. Several leasers are at work and the property is almost in shape for a regular production. Denver people are interested and the mine has produced of the high-grade of free gold stuff.

F. Grabmaier & Co., leasing in the 490-foot level of the East Notaway mine from the Town Topics Gold Mining company, made a shipment of smelting ores to the sampling works which ran five ounces gold and eight ounces silver, or a net value of nearly $100 per ton.

TAKE RICH ORE FROM WINZE

Operators of Franklin Mine Net Nearly $3,000.

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo. Nov. 3.—In sinking a winze on the Franklin mine below the level of the Silver Age tunnel a distance of thirty-two feet the leasers took out ore to the value of $2,806, or at the rate of $87.50 per foot. The last shipment was settled for at the samplers and consisted of 16.30 pounds of ore, the control assay being for 4.65 ounces of gold and 172 ounces of silver. The [illegible] also carried 23 per cent lead, 4 per cent copper and 2 per cent zinc, making the total net value per ton less treatment charges $194.8[illegible]. The shipment of this eight-ton lot after deducting for moisture, zinc, freight and sampling yielded $1,740.10.

IS TURNED OVER TO GRANITE

Dillon Acquired at a Cost of About $127,000

CRIPPLE CREEK, N[illegible] The Dillon mine on Battle mountain embracing some of the richest mining ground in that section of the camp has been formally turned over to the Granite Gold Mining company which some time ago purchased the Victor mines of the Gold[illegible] company. The price paid [illegible] Dillon [illegible] $12[illegible]

KANSAS CITY GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. [illegible] [illegible]

COTTON MARKET

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Nov	9.81	9.86	9.81	9.86
Dec	9.90	9.90	9.70	9.[illegible]
Jan	9.86	9.95	[illegible]	[illegible]
March	10.0[illegible]	10.10	10.00	[illegible]
May	10.13	10.21	10.10	10.17
July	10.2[illegible]	10.27	10.20	10.26

FIND RICH SILVER ORE

RICHEST SHOOT EVER UNCOVERED IN COLORADO.

Rainbow Property, Located up Gibson Gulch, Is Scene of Remarkable Strike.

GEORGETOWN, Colo., Nov. 3.—What is unquestionably the richest silver ore ever found in Colorado is being taken from the Rainbow property, located up Gibson gulch, eight miles from Webster, in Park county. Theodore King, who, in conjunction with Charles Schraga and Edward Grau, own the property, has just returned from the seat of operations, bringing with him one piece of solid glance weighing nine pounds, and which gives returns of 19,699 ounces in silver to the ton.

This strike was made some weeks ago, since which time systematic development has been in progress. The ground has been opened up for a distance of thirty feet, and without any stoping whatever, a production in excess of $14,000 has resulted. At the present time there are about two tons of rich ore sacked and the same will be brought to Denver the latter part of this week. The greatest difficulty is being experienced in mixing the stuff so as to keep the values down. In the last shipment a considerable amount of quartz was mixed in, but later it was found that the silver values in this material ran in excess of 5,000 ounces to the ton.

The Rainbow has been opened by running a crosscut for a distance of 200 feet, from which point a drift has been driven a similar distance. It has now been decided to continue work on the drift for the purpose of determining the full length of the ore body. The streak of silver glance measures all the way from two inches to four inches in thickness, while occasional bunches are found which more than double the above in size.

Only a short time ago the owners of this property refused a cash offer of $40,000, but inasmuch as there is in the neighborhood of $75,000 now exposed in the workings, the proposition was flatly turned down.

HOW BROWN SAW THE GAME

From the Kansas City Star.

Baseball is a mania with Brown. In the summer he can't talk about any other subject intelligibly. He knows the names of all players in the big leagues and most of them in the small leagues, and he keeps a "dope" book in which are maintained batting, pitching and fielding records of anybody who is anybody in the baseball world.

Now Brown is particularly interested in the fortunes of the Chicago team of the National league because one time the star catcher of the Chicago team was introduced to him and actually shook hands with him. Each morning Brown, with the score of the previous game in front of him, would discuss scientifically the accomplishments of the different players and the others in the office would listen, because Brown was chief clerk.

One day Brown decided that he would take a trip to Chicago to see the great team play. New York was there for a series and he would leave on Saturday night, see Sunday's game and return in time to go to work Monday morning. [illegible] hundred miles is a pretty long way to go to see a ball game, but Brown felt that this one was worth it.

On the train he met one of his friends, a traveling man. The friend introduced him to several other good fellows, and after dinner there was a real jolly party in the rear end of the observation car. They had a lot of things to drink and then someone suggested poker. Along about midnight the game began to drag a little and [illegible] liven things up a bit it was [illegible] that every time anybody held [illegible] of a kind or better he should [illegible] buy drinks for the crowd.

The game lasted until an hour before the train got to Chicago. For some [illegible] of the party had been able [illegible] about the spots on the [illegible] and arguments, a round [illegible] corks had been purchased with [illegible] hard.

[illegible] Brown never did know how he got to the [illegible] park in Chicago. When he [illegible] he was sitting in one of the front row boxes and the crowd was leaving the grandstand. He had lost his hat and his collar had been partly torn from the shirt band. He looked across the field to the score board, and after long, careful study made out the figures—New York, 7, Chicago [illegible].

COLORADO SPRINGS MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

LISTED

	Bid.	Ask.
Acacia	13	13¾
Black B	03⅞	
C C Con.	07	07¼
Dante	06⅜	06¼
Doctor	08¼	08½
Elkton	51¾	52¾
El Paso	52	52½
Fannie R.	03¾	04
Findley	56⅝	57
Gold Dollar	07⅞	08⅛
Gold Sovereign	06⅝	06⅞
Index	0[illegible]	07
Isabella	21⅞	22
Jack Pot	05½	06
Last Dollar	06	
Lexington	03½	04
Mary McKinney	68⅝	71
Mollie G	06⅝	06¾
Moon A	03½	03¾
Old Gold	03	03¼
Pharmacist	06¼	06½
Portland	130	134
Prince A	01¾	02
Vindicator	93½	97
Work	22¼	22¾

UNLISTED.

	Bid.	Ask
Golden Cycle	65	..
Jennie S.	09	09¾
Jerry J	04	
United G. M.	11	12

PROSPECTS.

	Bid	Ask
Agnes	02	
Alamo	02	
Amer Con.	01¼	01½
Anchor	01⅝	01½
Aola	01	01½
Banner	02⅝	02⅝
Blue B.	04¼	06
Bob Lee	005	01¼
Buckhorn	0085	01¼
Camilla	006	
C C & M	01⅜	02
Coriolanus	01¾	
Crasde	02⅛	02½
Des Moines	0085	
Gold Bond	03¾	03⅞
Gould	02⅝	02[illegible]
Ida May	03¾	05
Jolly Jane	01¼	02
Keystone	01⅜	01⅝
Little Bessie	01¼	
Little Nell	02	02¼
Little Puck	02	02⅛
Magnet Rock	0[illegible]	02½
Mary N	03¼	03⅝
Midway	02½	02¾
Missouri	009	01¼
Mt Bis	08	08½
Mt Rosa	03	
Nellie V	006	
New Haven	02	02½
O K	006	008
Olive Branch		01½
Orione	006	
Pilgrim	01⅝	02
Princess	01⅛	
Prodigal	007	
Rattler	0085	
Raven	01	
Republic	007	
Requa S	02	03¼
Robt B	01	02
Rose M	03¼	04
Rose N	0[illegible]	[illegible]
St Thomas	01½	
Teutonic	02¾	03

MISCELLANEOUS

	Bid	Ask
Black W	0045	
Planche	0075	
C C Bullion		02
Champion		005
Colo G [illegible]	[illegible]	008
Easter F	[illegible]	[illegible]
Favorite	0[illegible]	004
Flower of W[illegible]	0[illegible]	005
Golden Age		[illegible]
G Terry		02
Goldfield	002	
Gold Hill	005	
Goldstone		[illegible]
Grace	0[illegible]	[illegible]
Greater G F	005	008
Hayden	004	
Hummer		008
Key W[illegible]		002
Kitty	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lucrati	[illegible]	[illegible]
Magi		[illegible]
Marion		[illegible]
Mat[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mary S[illegible]	0[illegible]	[illegible]
McKin[illegible]	0[illegible]	[illegible]
M J T	003	
Montre[illegible]		
National	01¼	[illegible]
Pennsylvania	[illegible]	
Pythias	004	[illegible]
Red Spr[illegible]	[illegible]	
Sunset	[illegible]	[illegible]
Uncle Sam	0[illegible]	
Vo[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wild Awak[illegible]		[illegible]

INDUSTRIALS

	Bid	Ask
Colorado Telephone	72	[illegible]
Denver Union Water 5s 1914	1.00	1.02
C C S L 1st mortg bonds	1.01	1.02
C C S L 1st cons bonds	93½	96
C C S L 2nd mortg bonds	96	
U S Sugar & Lands pfd	75	85
U S Sugar & Lands com.	37½	45

SEPARATE SALES.

MINES—C C Con., 1,000 at 7½, 1,000 at 7; Doctor 2,000 at 8⅛, 500 at 8. Elkton 2,750 at 52. El Paso 1,200 at 52. Findley 1,000 at [illegible] Gold Dollar Con., 1,000 at [illegible] Gold Sovereign 1,000 at 6⅝. Index 2,000 at 5, Isabella 1,000 at 22, Moon A 2,000 at 3⅝, Old Gold, 1,000 at 3⅛, 2,000 at 3⅛, 1,000 at 3; Pharmacist, 3,000 at 6⅝; Portland, 900 at 132, 200 at 130, Work, 3,000 at 22¼.

UNLISTED—Jennie S., 10,000 at 9.

PROSPECTS—Banner, 2,000 at 2½. Gold Bond 1,000 at 3¾, Keystone, 5,000 at 1½, Little Bessie, 1,000 at 1⅝; Midway, 1,000 at 2½, Missouri, 1,000 at 1, Mt. Beauty, 2,000 at 8, Pilgrim 1,000 at 1⅝.

MISCELLANEOUS—Champion, 10,000 at 001, New Haven, 2,000 at 2⅛.

LONDON MINING MARKET.

The following quotations are furnished by William P. Bonbright & Co., of New York, London and Colorado Springs.

London, Nov. 3

	£	s	d
Camp Bird	2	9	6
Esperanza	2	9	0
El Oro	1	7	6
Tomboy	1	10	0
Stratton's Independence	0	2	9

BANK CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $3,049,775 more than the legal reserve requirements. This is a decrease of $2,623,900 as compared with last week. The statement follows:

Loans, $1,052,790,900, decrease, $9,542,300. Deposits, $1,015,824,100; decrease, $18,874,000. Circulation, $49,024,700; increase, $2,300,100. Legal tenders, $80,252,600; decrease, $845,000. Specie, $187,652,200; decrease, $6,697,400. Reserve, $257,005,800; decrease, $7,342,400. Reserve required, $253,956,025; decrease $4,718,500. Surplus, $3,049,775; decrease $2,623,900. Ex-U. S. deposits, $7,705,250, decrease, $3,819,075.

THE "BEST DRESSED" NATION

From the New York Globe.

Ever since that British tailor was brought over to furbish up the clothes of our regular army, the cockney clothes makers have been bragging about how they lead the world in the tailoring art. "No Englishman orders his clothes from America," says a west end tailor in the London Mail. "Few Americans who can afford it, and who prize style, quality, and fit, order their clothes anywhere else but in London. . . . Indeed, the very existence of some of our most famous firms in West London depends upon this American custom."

This remarkable statement coming to the ears of our department of commerce and labor, some of its officials took the trouble to hunt up some statistics on the subject, with the following result: Of all descriptions of wearing apparel exported from Great Britain in 1905 the total value was $23,224,300, and of this grand total just $275,000 worth came to the United States. This is the sum which supports "many of our leading west end tailors."

Suppose for the sake of argument, that 20 per cent was clear profit. There was thus divided between the London tailors $55,500 of American money. Of course, living is cheaper there than here, but even so, there couldn't be many establishments supported on this sum. It may be replied that probably a considerable part of the American trade does not appear in the export trade at all, because the clothes are smuggled into America under the personal apparel clause. This is doubtless to some extent true, but even including this the total trade is entirely insignificant.

In the matter of what used to be called "slops" by the British customs—that is cheap, ready-made clothing—England's trade is chiefly with South Africa, Australia, Canada and India. Only about one-tenth of all the exports of clothing consists of high grade goods which rely for their market on appreciation of style, fit and general superiority. It is apparent, therefore, that the United States tailor has no cause to feel slighted. He supplies the vast majority of Americans both of high and low purse with their clothes.

His cockney brother across the water is doubtless a good cutter and fitter, but the Yankee clothes-horse is little beholden to him for the drapery he sports. It is undesirable anyway to raise the question as to which is the better dressed people, the English or Americans, as has the London press. There are enough sources of international [illegible] already on the [illegible]

WOMEN HARVESTERS

Mrs. Smith Arial and two daughters, who work a farm on Bear mountain, in Connecticut, this season have harvested thirty tons of hay, raised seventy-five bushels of corn, forty of potatoes, twenty of winter turnips, a ton of Hubbard squashes and a barrel of shell beans, besides picking and canning 100 quarts of fruit, putting down a barrel of pickles, raising 100 chickens and caring for fourteen head of stock.

WHEAT CLOSES STEADY

TRANSACTIONS IN PIT ARE NOT LARGE.

Business Confined Chiefly to Pit Traders. Corn Market Dull. Oats in Active Demand.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Transactions in the wheat pit were not large and the business was confined chiefly to pit traders. Sentiment early in the day was somewhat bullish, but toward the end of the session, the feeling became easier. The market was influenced by the continued small movement of spring wheat, and by a report of an English crop statistician who claimed that the United States will be able to ship for export this year about 180,000,000 bushels and only a small portion of that amount as yet has been sent out. The steady tone of the market at Liverpool, notwithstanding the weakness of local market yesterday, was another encouragement to the bulls. The market closed steady. December opened ⅛ higher at 74⅝, sold between 74¾@⅛ and 74⅞ and closed at 74½.

Dullness of the most pronounced type prevailed today in the corn pit. Local receipts were considerably below the estimates and because of this, prices held steady. December opened unchanged at 43¼, sold up to 43⅜ and closed at 43¼@⅜.

Oats were in active demand by commission houses, and the volume of trading was large. There was an excellent shipping demand. The market closed strong. December opened unchanged at 33⅞@¾, sold between 33¾ and 34@⅛ and closed at 34⅛.

Provisions opened firm, but subsequently eased off on selling by local holders. The market for live hogs opened steady, but a decline of 5 cents which came later was the chief weakening influence of the day. At the close, January pork was unchanged at $14.00. Lard was 5 lower at $8.47½. Ribs were down 2½ at $7.60.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open	High.	Low.	Clo
Wheat—				
Dec	74⅝	74⅞	74⅜	74½
May	79	79¼	79	79
July	77⅜	77⅝	77⅛	77⅜
Corn—				
Dec	43¼	43⅜	43⅛	43¼
May	44	44⅛	44	44⅛
July	44⅛	44⅜	44⅛	44⅜
Oats—				
Dec	33¾	34⅛	33⅝	34⅛
May	35⅛	35½	35⅛	35⅜
July	33⅛	33⅜	33½	33⅜
Pork—				
Jan	14.10	14.10	13.95	14.00
May	14.17	14.20	14.07	14.1[illegible]

EASTERN LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Cattle—Receipts estimated, 500. Market best steady. Cows and heifers, $1.50@5.25, calves $5.00@7.75, stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts, estimated 11,000. Market steady. Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.42½, good heavy, $6.30@6.45, rough heavy, $5.85@6.05, light, $5.85@6.40, pigs $5.40@6.25, bulk, $6.05@6.35.

Sheep—Receipts estimated 1,000. Market steady. Sheep, 3.25@5.65, yearlings, $5.50@5.50, lambs, $4.50@7.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo. Nov. 3.—Cattle—Receipts 1,500, including 300 southerns. Market steady. Native steers $4.00@6.75, southern steers, $2.75@4.[illegible], southern cows $2.00@3.25, native cows and heifers $2.00@4.[illegible], stockers and feeders $2.60@4.60, bulls $2.10@3.30, calves $2.75@6.50, western steers $[illegible]@4.60, western cows $2.25@3.7[illegible].

Hogs—Receipts 4,[illegible], market steady to five lower. Bulk $6.20@6.2[illegible], heavy $6.17½@6.27½, packers $6.1[illegible]@6.27½, pigs and light $[illegible]@6.2[illegible].

Sheep—Receipts [illegible], market nominally steady. Muttons $4.50@5.6[illegible], lambs $6.00@7.60, range wethers $4.50@[illegible], fed ewes $4.[illegible]@[illegible].

RETAIL PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES—New beets per lb 2[illegible], carrots per lb 2½c, new cabbage per lb 2[illegible], new potatoes (Colorado) per cwt. $[illegible], new dry onions per lb [illegible], cauliflower per lb 6c, Colorado celery [illegible], cucumbers per doz. [illegible], head lettuce per bunch [illegible], eggplant each 10c, [illegible] sweet [illegible], Colorado tomatoes [illegible] basket [illegible], sweet corn (selected) per doz. 20c, parsley and mint per bunch [illegible].

RETAIL GRAIN MARKET.

Oats $1.30@1.35 cwt., corn $1.10@1.15 cwt., Corn chop $1.10@1.20 cwt., bran, $1.20@1.25 cwt., wheat $1.36 cwt., hay $13.00@17.00 ton, [illegible] to 95c cwt., alfalfa, $12.00 ton, 70c to 75c cwt.

STOCKS CLOSE FIRM

READING ABSORBS CONSIDERABLE ATTENTION.

Only Stock on Market to Move With Any Vigor. Weakness Evident During First Hour.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The stock market was weak for an hour and then strong for an hour today and closed firm at the recovery. Reading absorbed a large share of the attention of the market and was the only stock to move either way with any vigor. The early selling of this stock was plainly due to a large extent to the taking of profits in yesterday's business. The whole market was affected in sympathy. There was some professional selling also caused by fears of a weak bank statement, owing to the week's large indicated outgo of cash and the probability that credit accounts had also been extended during the week. The bank statement verified the most liberal estimates of the loss of cash during the week, the decrease in that item rising to $7,342,000. But whatever increase of credits may have been made in New York during the week, it was again kept out of the bank statement, which showed a loan decrease of $9,542,300. The assumption that credits were expended is based upon the known needs of the November money settlements, and the process of transferring loans from the London market to the New York market, which has been going on during the week.

There is nothing to show what was the source of the relief for the banks from the increased loan requirements. It is assumed that the trust companies and private banking houses took their share of the burden. In addition to this, it is known that French loan bills have been negotiated in this market during the week. Cables from Paris report a good deal of dissatisfaction there with this department, and discrimination by the bank of France against American finance bills in an effort to check it. But with the money rate in Paris but slightly above 3 per cent, the attraction of the profitable rate for time loans here apparently proves stronger than the obstacles offered by the central banking institutions have been able to oppose. It is this condition which has given rise to rumors of an intended advance in the Bank of France discount rate.

Total sales of bonds par value $1,161,000.

Furnished by Otis & Hough, bankers and brokers.

	Open.	High.	Low	Close
Am. Sugar	134¼	134½	133⅞	133⅞
Am. Locomotive	74	74½	74	74⅜
Am. Smelter	155¼	155¼	154½	155
Am. Car Fdry.	44⅛	44⅜	43¾	44
Atchison	101⅞	101⅞	101⅛	101⅜
Anaconda	271½	[illegible]	270¼	272⅜
Am Copper	111¼	111⅜	110⅞	111⅛
B R Transit	80⅞	80⅞	79⅞	80⅜
Bal. & Ohio	119⅝	120⅛	119	119
C., M. & St. P.	172	172⅜	171½	172¼
C., R. I. & Pa.	28½	28½	28⅛	28⅛
Ches. & Ohio	54⅝	55	54⅜	55
Canadian Pac.	175¾	176	175¼	176
Colo Southern	38⅛	38½	37⅞	38¼
C F & I	52	52¾	52	52¼
C. & G. W.	17⅛	17⅛	17	17
Erie	44⅜	44½	44	44⅜
G Con Copper	26¼	26¼	25	25
L & N	144⅝	144¼	143½	144¼
Nor Pacific	216⅛	216½	216¼	216¼
Mex Central	27⅞	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞
Mo Pac	94⅛	94⅛	94¼	94⅜
National Lead	76¼	76¼	75⅜	75⅜
*N Y Central	128⅜	129⅞	128½	129⅞
N. Y., O. & W.	45½	45⅝	45½	45¼
People's Gas	88½	88½	88½	88½
Pennsylvania	144⅛	146	144⅛	144⅛
Reading	146	147⅛	144	[illegible]
R I & Steel	38⅜	38⅜	38⅛	[illegible]
Southern Ry.	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	[illegible]
Southern Pac.	92⅛	92½	91[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Pacific	182⅞	183	182⅛	182¾
U S R. Co.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
U S Steel	47⅜	47½	[illegible]	47⅜
U S Steel pfd	106⅞	107	106⅜	[illegible]
Va-Car Chem	37	37		[illegible]
Distillers	69⅞	69¾	68¾	69¾
*Rights	05⅜	05½	[illegible]	[illegible]

Total sales, 397,300.

NEW YORK MONEY

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans dull and firm; 60 and 90 days 6½@7 per cent; six months 6 per cent.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Close—Prime mercantile paper 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 485.80@485.90 for demand and at 480.50@480.60 for 60 day bills. Posted rates 481½@486½. Commercial bills, 480¼@480½.

Bar silver, 70⅝. Mexican dollars 54⅝. Government bonds steady, railroad bonds steady.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®